Find Northwestern on the Internet

You'll find Northwestern's World Wide Web site at www.nwu.edu. From the home page there are links to this and other catalogs and bulletins as well as additional useful information about the University and the community. For assistance or questions concerning the Northwestern Web site, phone 847/467-ITSS.

Here's a partial list of what's at www.nwu.edu

_Academics_
Academic calendar
Course registration
Libraries
Personal academic information

_Administrative offices_

_Applying to Northwestern_

_News and events_
Calendars
Northwestern news

_Services and resources_
For students
For faculty and staff
For alumni
For visitors
This catalog for the two academic years beginning September 1, 1999, contains University regulations and information about the programs and courses offered by the Judd A. and Marjorie Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences, School of Education and Social Policy, Robert R. McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science, Medill School of Journalism, School of Music, School of Speech, and other undergraduate programs. Northwestern University reserves the right to change without notice any statement in this catalog concerning, but not limited to, rules, policies, tuition, fees, curricula, and courses.

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# Academic Calendar

## Academic Year 1999-2000

### Fall Quarter

**September 1999**
- 1 Wednesday  Tuition due
- 13 Monday    New Student Week begins
- 16 Thursday  Registration for fall quarter begins
- 17 Friday    Registration for fall quarter ends
- 21 Tuesday   Classes for fall quarter begin 8 a.m.
- 27 Monday    Last day for late registration, adding any course, or changing a section (no refund or bill reduction made on any change of registration after this date)

**October 1999**
- 29 Friday    Last day for dropping any course (no tuition adjustment after Monday, September 27)
- 30 Friday    Last day to withdraw without academic review
- 1 Monday     Advance registration for winter quarter begins
- 24 Wednesday Thanksgiving vacation begins 6 p.m.
- 25 Thursday  Thanksgiving Day
- 29 Monday    Classes resume 8 a.m.

**November 1999**
- 15 Monday    Advance registration for winter quarter begins
- 24 Wednesday Thanksgiving vacation begins 6 p.m.
- 25 Thursday  Thanksgiving Day
- 29 Monday    Classes resume 8 a.m.

**December 1999**
- 1 Wednesday  Last day for current students to file an undergraduate financial aid application for winter quarter
- 4 Saturday   Last day of classes for fall quarter
- 6 Monday     Fall quarter examinations begin
- 10 Friday    Examinations end; vacation begins 6 p.m.

### Winter Quarter

**January 2000**
- 3 Monday     Tuition due
- 5 Wednesday  Registration for winter quarter
  Classes for winter quarter begin 8 a.m.
- 12 Wednesday Last day for late registration, adding any course, or changing a section (no refund or bill reduction made on any change of registration after this date)
- 17 Monday    Classes suspended from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. for observances of Martin Luther King Jr. Day

**February 2000**
- 11 Friday    Last day for dropping any course (no tuition adjustment after Wednesday, January 12)
- 11 Friday    Last day to withdraw without academic review
- 17 Monday    Advance registration for spring quarter begins

**March 2000**
- 1 Wednesday  Last day for current students to file an undergraduate financial aid application for spring quarter
- 11 Saturday  Last day of classes for winter quarter
- 13 Monday    Winter quarter examinations begin
- 17 Friday    Examinations end; vacation begins 6 p.m.

### Spring Quarter

**March 2000**
- 27 Monday    Registration for spring quarter
  Classes for spring quarter begin 8 a.m.

**April 2000**
- 3 Monday     Tuition due
  Last day for late registration, adding any course, or changing a section (no refund or bill reduction made on any change of registration after this date)

---

NOTE: Before the end of spring quarter, students planning to graduate in June or August 2001 must file an application for a degree in arts and sciences, education and social policy, journalism, music, or speech at the Registrar's
Office. Others must file at the appropriate school office. Students completing requirements in December or March should file an application for a degree one year in advance.

**May 2000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Last day for current students to file undergraduate financial aid applications for Summer Session and for academic year 2000–01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Last day for dropping any course (no tuition adjustment after Monday, April 3) Last day to withdraw without academic review No refund on tuition for students withdrawing from the University after today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>Advance registration for fall quarter 2000–01 begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Memorial Day — legal holiday; no classes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**June 2000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td>Advance registration for Summer Session begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>Last day of classes for spring quarter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Spring quarter examinations begin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Examinations end 6 p.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Baccalaureate 142nd annual Commencement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Summer Session**

**June 2000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Tuition due Registration for Summer Session begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>Classes for Summer Session begin 8 a.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Last day for late registration, adding any course, or changing a section (no refund or bill reduction made on any change of registration after this date)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**July 2000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>Independence Day — legal holiday; no classes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Six-week Summer Session examinations begin 8 a.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>Six-week Summer Session ends 6 p.m.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**August 2000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Eight-week Summer Session examinations begin 8 a.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>Eight-week Summer Session ends 6 p.m.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Academic Year 2000-01**

**Fall Quarter**

**September 2000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Tuition due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>New Student Week begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td>Registration for fall quarter begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Registration for fall quarter ends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Classes for fall quarter begin 8 a.m. Last day for late registration, adding any course, or changing a section (no refund or bill reduction made on any change of registration after this date)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Last day for dropping any course (no tuition adjustment after Friday, September 22) Last day to withdraw without academic review No refund on tuition for students withdrawing from the University after today</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**October 2000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Last day for dropping any course (no tuition adjustment after Friday, September 22) Last day to withdraw without academic review No refund on tuition for students withdrawing from the University after today</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**November 2000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Advance registration for winter quarter begins</td>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>Thanksgiving vacation begins 6 p.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td>Thanksgiving Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Classes resume 8 a.m.</td>
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</table>

**December 2000**

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<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Last day for current students to file an undergraduate financial aid application for winter quarter</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>Last day of classes for fall quarter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>Fall quarter examinations begin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Examinations end; vacation begins 6 p.m.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Winter Quarter**

**January 2001**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>Tuition due Registration for winter quarter Classes for winter quarter begin 8 a.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>Last day for late registration, adding any course, or changing a section (no refund or bill reduction made on any change of registration after this date)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Event</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February</td>
<td>Last day for dropping any course</td>
<td>(no tuition adjustment after Wednesday, January 10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 September</td>
<td>Classes suspended from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. for observances of Martin Luther King Jr. Day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 Monday</td>
<td>Last day for dropping any course</td>
<td>(no tuition adjustment after Wednesday, January 10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23 September</td>
<td>Advance registration for spring quarter begins</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 October</td>
<td>Last day for current students to file an undergraduate financial aid application for spring quarter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 September</td>
<td>Last day of classes for winter quarter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 September</td>
<td>Winter quarter examinations begin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 September</td>
<td>Examinations end; vacation begins</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April</td>
<td>Last day for late registration, adding any course, or changing a section (no refund or bill reduction made on any change of registration after this date)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Monday</td>
<td>Tuition due</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
<td>Registration for spring quarter Classes for spring quarter begin</td>
<td>8 a.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19 Tuesday</td>
<td>Last day for current students to file undergraduate financial aid applications for Summer Session and for academic year 2001-02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 October</td>
<td>Last day for dropping any course</td>
<td>(no tuition adjustment after Monday, April 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>23 October</td>
<td>Advance registration for fall quarter 2001-02 begins</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 October</td>
<td>Last day for current students to file undergraduate financial aid applications for Summer Session and for academic year 2001-02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>Last day for current students to file undergraduate financial aid applications for Summer Session and for academic year 2001-02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 Tuesday</td>
<td>Advance registration for spring quarter begins</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>Last day of classes for spring quarter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Tuesday</td>
<td>Tuition due</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Monday</td>
<td>Spring quarter examinations begin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 Friday</td>
<td>Examinations end 6 p.m.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 Friday</td>
<td>Baccalaureate</td>
<td>143rd annual Commencement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>Tuition due</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26 Monday</td>
<td>Registration for spring quarter Classes for spring quarter begin</td>
<td>8 a.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>Tuition due</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 Monday</td>
<td>Registration for Summer Session</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19 Tuesday</td>
<td>Classes for Summer Session begin 8 a.m.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22 Friday</td>
<td>Last day for late registration, adding any course, or changing a section (no refund or bill reduction made on any change of registration after this date)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>Independence Day — legal holiday; no classes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Wednesday</td>
<td>Independence Day — legal holiday; no classes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27 Friday</td>
<td>Six-week Summer Session examinations begin 8 a.m.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 Saturday</td>
<td>Six-week Summer Session ends 6 p.m.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August</td>
<td>Eight-week Summer Session examinations begin 8 a.m.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Friday</td>
<td>Eight-week Summer Session ends 6 p.m.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 Saturday</td>
<td>Eight-week Summer Session ends 6 p.m.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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The University reserves the right to make changes in this calendar. A detailed current calendar will appear in each quarterly Class Schedule.
The University

The Mission of Northwestern University

The mission of Northwestern University is to establish and enhance excellence in its academic and professional programs. This includes superior undergraduate education for a highly selective student body in a comprehensive range of academic and professional fields. At the graduate level, Northwestern’s role encompasses offerings in the major academic and professional fields, closely related to research, creative activities, and clinical services. The research program at Northwestern is a major component of University efforts, assuring institutional leadership in scientific discovery, intellectual inquiry, and creative performance. The character of this research shapes all areas of University endeavor, especially graduate and undergraduate education.

In its effort to fulfill its unique potential for combining the best features of world-class research institutions with the advantages of smaller, teaching-oriented schools, Northwestern seeks to maintain the highest standards of teaching excellence in all divisions of the University. Teaching is given significant weight in faculty personnel decisions, and special programs have been instituted to strengthen and reward the teaching skills of faculty members.

Through teaching and research, the University also serves society. Northwestern continues its commitment to diversity in its student body. Further, it is the role of the University to participate vigorously in discussions of important public policy issues and to engage in selective, cooperative ventures with government and private organizations external to the University.

The Goals of Undergraduate Education

Consistent with its dedication to excellence, Northwestern provides both an educational and an extracurricular environment that enables its undergraduate students to become accomplished individuals and informed and responsible citizens. To the students in all its undergraduate schools, Northwestern offers liberal learning and professional education to help them gain the depth of knowledge that will empower them to become leaders in their professions and their communities. Furthermore, Northwestern fosters in its students a broad understanding of the world in which we live as well as excellence in the competencies that transcend any particular field of study: writing and oral communication, analytical and creative thinking and expression, quantitative and qualitative methods of inquiry. Northwestern expects its graduates, by their experiences in the classroom and in their lives on campus, to have developed the attributes of an educated person: responsibility, both personal and social; critical ability; scientific, technological, and aesthetic awareness; reflectiveness; creativity; and commitment to learning as a lifelong process.

Undergraduate education at Northwestern strongly reflects the University’s commitment to excellence in teaching and scholarship and its conviction that at a great university students also will learn from each other, both within the classroom and beyond it. The goal each year is to enroll a class of talented young men and women who not only will take full advantage of the University’s resources and location but also will challenge the faculty and each other to keep the enterprise of learning a rich and vital activity. The hallmarks of education throughout Northwestern’s undergraduate schools are its dedication to liberal learning and its insistence that students have the opportunity to work with teachers who are active and distinguished scholars. Although the University shares with other institutions an investment in the traditional components of undergraduate education — particularly the intellectual range of general education requirements and the advanced work of departmental majors — it also prides itself on making unusual academic opportunities available. At Northwestern, students regularly study with senior faculty members, whose scholarship often crosses the boundaries of a single discipline. Students also are encouraged to pursue independent study, internships, and research within their fields of specialization. Through its commitment to a variety of innovative and often
interdisciplinary programs and a renewed emphasis on international studies, Northwestern provides its students with the knowledge and skills that allow them to become leaders in their chosen careers as well as thoughtful and sensitive global citizens with a commitment to learning as a lifetime experience.

To attain these goals, Northwestern recruits students of demonstrated academic achievement from diverse social, ethnic, and economic backgrounds. Northwestern is committed to a classroom and living environment in which students learn to understand and respect the rights and beliefs of others. Northwestern also ensures that students will actively participate in molding their own undergraduate experience. One of Northwestern's strongest traditions is the energetic involvement of its undergraduates in campus life, a tradition that often leads them beyond the campus itself as they explore the rich cultural, political, and intellectual life of Chicago. In both its academic and extracurricular programs, Northwestern encourages its students to develop a sense of responsibility, to obtain a broad understanding of the world in which they live, and to cultivate those abilities — of critical inquiry, creativity, and reflectiveness — that characterize an educated person. The University places particular value on the ability of its undergraduates to communicate effectively, to interpret the developments in science and technology that shape our changing world, and to use the techniques of quantitative analysis that are necessary to effective professional and social life. Northwestern believes that knowledge — of ourselves as well as others — provides the foundation of personal as well as professional growth. Armed with the knowledge and habits of mind they acquire at Northwestern, graduates are prepared to formulate ambitious goals and make intelligent choices for themselves and their society.

An Overview of Northwestern

Northwestern University was established in 1851 by nine farsighted men: a physician, three attorneys, two businessmen, and three Methodist clergymen. The founders’ goal was to create an institution of “the highest order of excellence” to serve the people of the original Northwest Territory (Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, and part of Minnesota).

In 1853, as a site for the new University, the founders purchased a 379-acre tract of farmland along Lake Michigan 12 miles north of Chicago — then a thriving frontier city. The town that grew up around Northwestern was named Evanston to honor one of the University’s most prominent founders, John Evans. A well-known physician and researcher, he served as chairman of the board from the founding of the University until his death in 1897.

Having completed its first building in the fall of 1855, Northwestern’s College of Liberal Arts opened its doors with two faculty members and 10 male students. A pioneer in the education of women, Northwestern first enrolled female students in 1869. With the 1873 merger of Northwestern and the Evanston College for Ladies, Frances E. Willard became the first dean of women. By 1900, Northwestern was composed of not only a liberal arts college but also six undergraduate and graduate professional schools, including the schools of law, medicine, and dentistry, with 2,700 students, 680 acres in Evanston plus properties in Chicago, and an annual budget of more than $200,000. Thus, by the year of Evans’s death, Northwestern had made considerable progress toward the founders’ initial goal of creating a genuine “university.”

With the establishment of the Graduate School in 1910, Northwestern, like Johns Hopkins and other major institutions, adopted the German university model of providing graduate as well as undergraduate instruction and stressing research along with teaching.

Today, Northwestern is a major private research university with 12 academic divisions located on two lakefront campuses in Evanston and Chicago: 2,161 full-time faculty and 13,611 full-time students (of whom 7,576 are undergraduates on the Evanston campus); and an annual budget exceeding $958 million.

Education at Northwestern since its founding has been based on the liberal arts as administered through the University’s oldest school, now called the Judd A. and Marjorie Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences. Besides completing the requirements for a major field of specialization, all undergraduates must participate in a program of general education. The main academic linkages between the divisions of the University are the basic departments in Weinberg College and the research centers, which foster interdisciplinary study across department and school lines.

While the liberal arts are its foundation, Northwestern is known also for its strong professional programs. Its undergraduate schools offer excellent programs in the visual and performing arts, journalism, engineering, and education. In addition,
Schools and Divisions

interdisciplinary and cross-school programs such as the American Studies, Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences, Integrated Science, Integrated Arts, Music Theatre, and Undergraduate Leadership Programs provide unique opportunities for undergraduates to enjoy a broad and rich educational experience. Other significant opportunities offered by the University include the five-year cooperative engineering education program and the seven-year Honors Program in Medical Education.

Northwestern is a member of the Association of American Universities — the 29 private and 31 public universities that constitute the nation’s most distinguished educational institutions as defined by the quality and scope of their research and graduate programs. Recent assessments of the quality of faculty research and doctoral programs include the comprehensive rankings of basic disciplines conducted by the National Research Council (1993). According to this assessment, Northwestern has one program in the top 5 and one in the top 10 nationally, plus one doctoral program in the top 5, five more in the top 10, four more in the top 15, two more in the top 20, and seven more in the top 25 nationally. Over the past decade Northwestern’s Kellogg Graduate School of Management has been consistently ranked among the nation’s top six graduate business schools in surveys conducted by Business Week and by U.S. News & World Report.

In American universities, faculty prominence is based primarily on research, which is highly integrated with graduate education because graduate training is, to a large degree, apprenticeship in research. However, a factor that distinguishes Northwestern from other major research universities is that all faculty members not only perform research but also teach, the majority at the undergraduate as well as the graduate level. Even full professors, the most senior faculty, teach undergraduate courses, with approximately 90 percent doing so each year. No university of comparable size has a research faculty that provides such a range of academic programs and such direct access through instruction.

In support of the faculty’s commitment to innovative instruction, the University installed a fiber-optic network that connects all academic and administrative buildings and residence halls. From their own room or a microcomputer lab, all students may enhance their learning by participating in campus-based electronic discussion groups and by exploring the array of electronic resources available through the Internet. These innovative approaches to learning are energized by the presence at the University of a leading center on the cognitive sciences, with a primary goal of enhancing the quality of education by applying theories of learning to the design of educational software.

Northwestern strives to offer high-quality education while adhering to a program of careful financial management. U.S. News & World Report recently ranked Northwestern 10th among national universities in overall quality. The fiscal health of the University is reflected in the major building and renovation projects undertaken in the past 10 years and the transformation of the Evanston campus on the shores of Lake Michigan into one of the most attractive university campuses in the nation.

In recent years, the cumulative rate of freshmen graduating from Northwestern has increased:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Freshmen entering</th>
<th>1992</th>
<th>1991</th>
<th>1990</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percent graduating in 4 years</td>
<td>81.2</td>
<td>82.2</td>
<td>81.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent graduating in 5 years</td>
<td>90.0</td>
<td>89.9</td>
<td>90.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent graduating in 6 years</td>
<td>90.5</td>
<td>90.3</td>
<td>91.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total entering freshmen</td>
<td>1,889</td>
<td>1,946</td>
<td>1,775</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The five-year totals include students in programs designed to be completed in five years, such as cooperative engineering education, combined bachelor’s/master’s programs, and dual bachelor’s programs. Students in the seven-year Honors Program in Medical Education are counted as graduated when they begin the Medical School portion of their program after three years enrolled in an undergraduate school on the Evanston campus.

Schools and Divisions

The undergraduate schools offer the programs and courses of instruction described in the respective sections of this catalog. Undergraduate study may lead to the bachelor’s degree as a final academic goal or to advanced work toward a graduate or professional degree.

Evanston Campus

The schools and other institutional divisions, in order of establishment, are as follows:

- The Judd A. and Marjorie Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences (1851) offers the degree of bachelor of arts. Through University College, Weinberg College also offers the degrees of bachelor of
philosophy and bachelor of science in general studies and two certificates in arts and sciences.

- The School of Speech (1878), with departments of communication sciences and disorders, communication studies, performance studies, radio/television/film, and theater, offers the bachelor of science in speech degree. Through University College, the School of Speech offers the bachelor of philosophy in communication. The school also offers the degree of master of science in communication.

- The School of Music (1895) offers students the degrees of bachelor of music and bachelor of arts in music. In its graduate division, the School of Music offers the degrees of doctor of music and master of music and a certificate in performance.

- The Kellogg Graduate School of Management (1908) offers the master of management degree. It provides students with the opportunity to study business, health services, manufacturing, public and nonprofit, real estate, and transportation management. In addition to the full-time program, Kellogg also offers a part-time evening degree program (Managers’ Program) on Northwestern’s Chicago campus and the weekend Executive Master’s Program on the Evanston campus, as well as several global alliances through Kellogg’s international executive MBA program.

- The Robert R. McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science (1909) offers the bachelor of science degree in applied mathematics, biomedical engineering, chemical engineering, civil engineering, computer engineering, computer science, electrical engineering, engineering science, environmental engineering, industrial engineering, manufacturing engineering, materials science and engineering, mechanical engineering, and medical engineering (for students enrolled in the Honors Program in Medical Education). All departments offer advanced study for graduate students. The McCormick School also offers master’s degrees in engineering management, manufacturing engineering, and project management and, jointly with the Kellogg School, the master of management in manufacturing.

- The Graduate School (1910) controls all advanced programs leading to the degrees of doctor of philosophy, master of arts, master of fine arts, and master of science. The Graduate School bulletin, describing master’s and doctoral programs in all schools and departments, is available on request.

- Summer Session (1920) provides summer programs for undergraduate, graduate, and visiting students.

- The Medill School of Journalism (1921) offers the degree of bachelor of science in journalism as well as master of science degrees in journalism and integrated marketing communications.

- The School of Education and Social Policy (1926) offers the degrees of bachelor of science in education and social policy, master of science in education and social policy, master of arts in learning sciences, and master of science in marital and family therapy.

Chicago Campus

Schools and institutional divisions on the Chicago campus, in order of establishment, are as follows:

- The Medical School (1859) offers the degrees of doctor of medicine, bachelor of science in medicine, master of public health, and master of physical therapy. High school graduates accepted for the Honors Program in Medical Education can receive the MD degree from the Medical School seven years after they enter Weinberg College, the McCormick School, or the School of Speech as freshmen. The Medical School and McCormick School cooperate in biomedical engineering programs, and joint degree programs with the Graduate School and Kellogg School offer an MD degree as well as a PhD or master of management degree.

- The School of Law (1859) offers the degrees of juris doctor, master of laws, and doctor of juridical science. The School of Law and the Kellogg School offer a joint degree program through which students can earn both juris doctor and master of management degrees in four years and another joint program through which students can earn a master of laws and a certificate of management in one year. The School of Law also participates in a program by which students can earn a JD and a PhD in one of the social sciences in five years.

- The Dental School (1891) offers the degree of doctor of dental surgery. It is not accepting new students and will close in May 2001.

- University College (1933) is the continuing education division of the University, providing an opportunity for adults to return to school in the evenings or on Saturdays on a part-time or full-time basis to earn a degree or to take courses for personal enrichment or professional mobility. Classes are offered on both the Chicago and the Evanston campuses. Through University College, Weinberg
College offers the degrees of bachelor of philosophy and bachelor of science in general studies; the School of Speech offers the bachelor of philosophy in communication; and the Graduate School offers the master of arts in liberal studies and the master of arts in English. University College also offers several certificate programs, including business programs in accounting and administrative techniques and a postbaccalaureate premedicine program.

**University Centers**

University-wide and specialized research centers facilitate new scholarly approaches to problems by enabling faculty to collaborate across the boundaries of traditional disciplines. These interdisciplinary centers have profound implications for undergraduates, because such research often alters theory and practice within a given academic discipline and results in the development of new curricular programs.

Students also are involved directly with the centers through lectures or other special events and, in some cases, through research projects. The University's centers and programs include the following:

- Program of African Studies
- Center for Biotechnology
- Center for Catalysis and Surface Science
- Center for Circadian Biology and Medicine
- Institute for Health Services Research and Policy Studies
- Institute for the Learning Sciences
- Materials Research Center
- Materials Research Institute
- Center for Mathematical Studies in Economics and Management Science
- Institute for Neuroscience
- Institute for Policy Research
- Center for Reproductive Science
- Science and Technology Center for Superconductivity
- Traffic Institute
- Transportation Center

For detailed information about these centers, see www.nwu.edu/research/counties-facilities.html.

**Libraries**

Undergraduates at Northwestern have access to a wealth of library resources and services. With more than 3.9 million volumes in the University Library system, the Galter Health Sciences Library, and the Pritzker Legal Research Center, Northwestern offers its students the 10th largest library collection among private universities in the United States. Undergraduates are encouraged to explore the full range of resources available to them and to develop their skills as information seekers.

Northwestern undergraduates have full access to interlibrary loan services and to materials from libraries worldwide. Through the Infopass program, students can gain admittance to other collections in the Chicago area, including those of the Newberry Library, the Field Museum of Natural History Library, the Art Institute of Chicago Library, and other academic and private libraries.

**University Library**

University Library consists of the main library, which houses the University's major collections in the humanities and social sciences, as well as several specialized research collections; the adjoining Charles Deering Library, which houses fine arts and other specialized collections; the Seeley G. Mudd Library for Science and Engineering; the Geology Library; the Mathematics Library; and the Joseph Schaffner Library, which supports the research needs of students on the Chicago campus.

University Library offers many electronic research and textual resources, both within the library and on the campus network. NUcat, the online catalog of the Northwestern University Library, provides bibliographic, location, and circulation status information for materials from these libraries. NUcat and many other resources and services are available on the Web at www.library.nwu.edu.

**Main Library (Evanston Campus)**

The main library building houses collections in three research towers: north for the social sciences, east for history and Africana, and south for the humanities.

The main library's General Information Center and Reference Department, both located on level 1, offer students research assistance and support. The General Information Center, which serves as a gateway to the library, has staff to answer questions and state-of-the-art workstations to access information electronically. The Reference Department offers in-depth research assistance and consultation and instructional services. A 60,000-volume reference collection and many research databases make the Reference Department an important resource.
Also located on level 1 are the Circulation Department, the Periodical/Newspaper-Microtext Reading Room, the New Book Alcove, the Interlibrary Loan Department, and the Government Publications and Maps Department, featuring an extensive collection of federal, state, and international documents. The Government Publications and Maps Department is a depository for documents of the United States, the United Nations, the state of Illinois, and the European Union, as well as selected publications of other international agencies and state and local governments.

The Periodical/Newspaper-Microtext Reading Room contains current periodicals, extensive collections of newspapers and periodicals, and primary research materials in microform. On the lower level of the library is the Transportation Library, one of the major collections of its kind in the United States. It specializes in transportation socioeconomics, law enforcement, and environmental impact statements.

The Marjorie Iglow Mitchell Multimedia Center, Forum Room and Video Theater (for special programs and video presentations), Core Collection, Reserve Book Room, a microcomputer lab, and a student lounge occupy level 2. The Multimedia Center features a videotape collection of classic films, documentaries, and performing arts titles as well as a multimedia development lab with high-end Macintosh and Pentium workstations. The noncirculating Core Collection holds 50,000 books in all disciplines, ensuring easy access and permanent availability of works essential to undergraduates.

Two special units are located on level 5. The Curriculum Collection houses elementary and secondary teaching materials, courses of study, and children's literature. The Melville J. Herskovits Library of African Studies (popularly called Africana) is known internationally for its comprehensive collection of materials on every aspect of Africa.

**Charles Deering Library (Evanston Campus)**
The Charles Deering Library, attached to the main library, houses the Art Collection, University Archives, Charles Deering McCormick Library of Special Collections, and Music Library and Listening Center. The holdings of Special Collections include 20th-Century Collections, underground press publications, women’s movement literature, and numerous rare books, manuscripts, limited editions, and fine bindings. The Music Library meets the curriculum, research, and performance needs of students and faculty at Northwestern’s School of Music. This library contains 160,000 scores, journals, books, manuscripts, and nearly 63,000 sound recordings, which can be heard in the Listening Center.

**Seeley G. Mudd Library for Science and Engineering, Geology Library, and Mathematics Library (Evanston Campus)**
The Seeley G. Mudd Library for Science and Engineering houses books and journals in applied mathematics, astronomy, biological sciences, chemistry, computer science, engineering, and physics. Two smaller departmental libraries, the Geology Library in Locy Hall and the Mathematics Library in the Lunt Building, also serve the Evanston campus.

**Joseph Schaffner Library (Chicago Campus)**
The largely electronic Joseph Schaffner Library in Wieboldt Hall serves University College (the University’s continuing education division), the evening Managers’ Program of the Kellogg Graduate School of Management, and the Medill School of Journalism graduate programs.

**Other Libraries**
The Galter Health Sciences Library, which serves the Medical and Dental Schools, and the Pritzker Legal Research Center, which serves the School of Law, are located on the Chicago campus and are open to all Northwestern students. The collections of these libraries are listed in NUcat, the library’s online catalog. Materials can be checked out directly or can be sent to Evanston through interlibrary loan.

Also open to all Northwestern students are the outstanding collections on religion held in the United Library of Garrett-Evangelical and Seabury Western Theological Seminaries, located on the Evanston campus. The United Library's holdings are listed in NUcat.

**Computing**

**Computer Study**
Students interested in majoring in computing are referred to the Computing and Information Systems Program in Weinberg College and the Departments of Computer Science and of Electrical and Computer Engineering in the McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science.
Information Technology
At Northwestern, computers are used in a wide variety of applications designed to enhance the education of students both inside and outside the classroom. The need to understand computer applications cuts across disciplines. Students in the arts, humanities, journalism, and law have as much to gain from computer use as do those in the physical and social sciences, engineering, medicine, and business.

Information Technology (IT) is the principal campus unit charged with planning and managing computing facilities and services for students, faculty, and staff.

Buildings on the Evanston and Chicago campuses are connected through high-speed networks to the Internet, allowing access to a wealth of information at other universities and organizations worldwide. All sleeping rooms in University residence halls are connected to the University's network, giving students with network services accounts convenient access to electronic mail; the World Wide Web, including the Northwestern University home page (www.nwu.edu); and NUcat, the University's online library catalog.

Through IT's Academic Technologies area, students can access a variety of resources in a networked environment, including computer lab/classrooms with Windows and Macintosh units and a UNIX workstation lab/classroom. In addition, students may use specialized computer labs available in the six undergraduate schools.

At the beginning of each academic year, IT's Technology Support Services area welcomes new students to Northwestern. IT has developed a CD-ROM based tutorial to acclimate students to the University's electronic environment. The CD-ROMs include Northwestern Internet software installers for Windows95, WindowsNT, or Macintosh computers. To accommodate students with little computer experience, IT schedules classes on computer basics during New Student Week.

The Information Center in Kresge Centennial Hall, 1859 Sheridan Road on the Evanston campus, is Northwestern's primary information resource for computing and networking. The center provides walk-in and phone consulting on University-supported hardware, software, operating systems, and computing facilities. Hours are 8 a.m. to midnight Monday through Thursday, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Friday, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday, and noon to midnight Sunday.

On the Chicago campus, a walk-in help desk is located in suite 600 of Abbott Hall, 710 North Lake Shore Drive. Its hours are 8:30 a.m. to 8 p.m. Monday through Thursday and 8:30 a.m. to 6 p.m. Friday.

Call 847/467-ITSS to speak to a consultant for either campus.

Student Services

Student Affairs
The Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs is responsible for many programs and services available to Northwestern students. Students are encouraged to take advantage of these opportunities and services, which are designed to help them establish and meet personal, academic, and career goals; assist them in acquiring skills to confront problems and issues in their lives; and provide them with essential services as part of a residential community.

In recognition of students as members of the Northwestern University community, the University has adopted a statement on student rights and responsibilities (see the Student Handbook for the complete statement).

African American Student Affairs
The services and activities of African American Student Affairs include advice, support, and referral on personal, academic, and career issues; curricular group advising; tutoring in math, the sciences, economics, and writing; New Student Week activities, lectures, and receptions; coordination of publicity for Black History Month events; and cosponsorship of a major musical program.

The African American Student Affairs building is home to a number of student organizations and provides office and meeting space for students as well as staff. The programs of this office are designed to promote academic achievement, provide cultural and social outlets, and give voice to the needs and concerns of the African American student community.

Counseling and Psychological Services Center
The Counseling and Psychological Services Center (CAPS) is the University's primary counseling resource. The CAPS counselors, social workers, psychologists, and psychiatrists offer students a variety of academic and personal services, including individual and group counseling. When students have problems, talking with an experienced counselor often can
provide great relief. Students may talk with a counselor confidentially about specific problems such as managing stress and difficult relationships or about nonspecific feelings of anxiety or loneliness.

CAPS offers group counseling on eating behavior, self-esteem, sexual identity, shyness, grief, stress management, self-exploration, and relationship enhancement. Groups and topics can be added in response to student interests or needs.

While there is a limit of 12 individual CAPS counseling sessions, this office can refer students who will benefit from additional help to other appropriate and affordable counseling facilities. Students who participate in group counseling are still eligible for 12 individual sessions.

Counseling is available to full-time students (those registered for at least three courses). Crisis intervention and consultation, assessment, and referral resources are available to part-time students.

Health Service
All students are required to have hospitalization insurance coverage. For information about the program offered through the University, consult the Health Service insurance office.

The University maintains a comprehensive health service, including a pharmacy, laboratory, radiology suite, health education program, and six-bed infirmary for students at Searle Hall. Students registered for at least three courses are entitled to full privileges of this service. Students registered for fewer than three courses may have the same privileges by purchasing an optional program within one week after registration. The Health Service has forms for the optional program; the fee may be paid by check.

Full-time students must comply with state of Illinois and Northwestern University health, immunization, and insurance requirements, which are described in Health Service and insurance office letters sent to them after they are accepted to the University. They must return the completed medical and insurance forms sent with the letters at least six weeks before registration. If they fail to comply, they will be subject to late fees and their registration will be withheld until they meet these requirements.

Former Northwestern students who have been absent from the campus for two or more years must meet the same requirements as new students. Students continuing into a new program must notify the Health Service to reactivate and update their medical records. See the Health Service brochure for more information.

Hispanic/Latino and African American Student Outreach
The coordinators of Hispanic/Latino and African American Student Outreach provide support to individual Hispanic/Latino and African American students and student groups on campus. They are also responsible for developing activities to support the University’s Greater Chicago Initiative, which includes implementing outreach programs aimed at secondary school students and assisting in recruiting Hispanic/Latino and African American students.

Norris University Center
Norris University Center is the community center of the University. It provides programs and services that enhance the quality of campus life for students, faculty, parents, staff, alumni, and guests. The Norris Center Program Board sponsors a variety of activities that promote social, cultural, and educational interaction outside the classroom. Norris Center works to develop a campus environment that enables students to become accomplished and informed individuals, sensitive to the needs of a pluralistic society.

Additionally, Norris Center provides amenities and conveniences that enrich the quality of daily campus life for the University community. These include the campus bookstore, a food court, an ice cream parlor, a coffeehouse, meeting rooms, personal banking machines, a box office, a convenience store, WildCARD office, Pulse Copy Center, and more than 25 student organization offices. Special services include a game room, outdoor recreation equipment rental, sound and sight equipment rental, a leisure library, and an interactive information kiosk.

Through the Dittmar Memorial Art Gallery and the craft studio, Norris demonstrates the importance of the visual arts to the campus environment.

Organizations and Activities
The Campus Activities Office at Norris Center provides leadership development and advice to student groups, many of which are headquartered at Norris. Students brought together by common interests, projects, or cultural heritage may petition for recognition as a student organization to the University chaplain, University departments, the Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs, or the Associated Student
Government, which also is liaison for students, student organizations, and the University administration. Other representative organizations include the Interfraternity Council; Panhellenic Association; Residence Halls Association; For Members Only; Black Greek Council; Asian American Advisory Board; Bisexual, Gay, and Lesbian Alliance; Casa Hispana; and Women’s Coalition.

Programs and services to the campus are provided by such groups as the Activities and Organizations Board, Arts Alliance, Dance Marathon, Northwestern Volunteer Network, Legal Aid, Student Blood Services, and Wildcat Council. Other organizations, particularly in the areas of cultural/ethnic affiliation and performing arts, complement academic interests and are open to all students. Music, dance, and theater groups as well as a daily newspaper, yearbook, radio station, and literary magazines provide outlets for a variety of talents. The Campus Activities Office also offers minicourses for fun and leisure learning.

Information Desk
The information desk at Norris Center provides the University with a central location for inquiries regarding general campus and event information. Visitors are welcome to call or drop by when on campus to ask about University services and special events.

Residence Halls and Food Services
Students at Northwestern have a wide variety of living facilities available to them. Smaller residences accommodate as few as 27 students; larger units house more than 600. Most rooms are doubles, but residences also contain single, triple, quadruple, and suite arrangements. A student may select a residential college, a coeducational residence hall, or a facility where all members are of the same sex. Some of the houses are older, ivy-covered residences; others are modern, recently built halls. Each building has its own character and spirit and its own distinct advantages.

Approximately 4,100 undergraduate students live in the University’s residence halls; another 1,000 students have chosen to live in fraternity and sorority houses. The remaining approximately 2,500 undergraduates commute from home or live off campus.

The residence halls bring together individual students with diverse backgrounds and various interests. Each residence hall is free to set its own norms of behavior within the general guidelines of the law and University policy. Students adopt constitutions and elect their own hall officers. Living in a residence hall makes a student a member of its government, with the rights, privileges, and responsibilities of membership.

Residence hall activities are planned by the officers and developed by the residents to provide social, academic, and cultural experiences. These programs are financially supported through voluntary social fees determined by the residents.

Students take their meals at any of the six dining facilities located in the larger residence halls. Twenty meals are available each week: breakfast, lunch, and dinner, Monday to Saturday, and brunch and dinner on Sunday. Both traditional and flex meal plans are available. The traditional plans offer a fixed number of meals per week and may be used only in the residence halls food services. The flex meal plans provide a fixed number of meals per quarter and a greater allocation of Bonus Bucks than the traditional meal plans. These plans include a quarterly allocation of Bonus Bucks, which may be used for guest meal purchases and at the retail food services on campus.

Residents must sign a contract for a minimum of 13 traditional meals per week, selecting whichever 13 meals meet their individual needs and schedules. They also have the option to contract for 16 or 19 traditional meals per week for an additional charge.

Complete information about Northwestern’s residences, including rental rates, is mailed to applicants after they have been admitted to the University and paid the required tuition deposit.

Student Affairs Office
The Office of Student Affairs in Scott Hall is a general source of information and referral for students with personal and academic problems or concerns. This office also coordinates orientation programs for new students, plans student programs, and produces publications for parents of undergraduates.

In addition, the Office of Student Affairs implements educational programs on the prevention of sexual harassment and assault. Students who believe they have been victims of sexual harassment may file a complaint with the assistant vice president for student affairs, who also oversees the University Hearing and Appeals System.
University Career Services
University Career Services comprises the following three offices, all located in Scott Hall:

Career Development Center
The Career Development Center offers counseling, advising, and testing to help students choose a career, plan graduate or professional study, and enhance study skills. The center also maintains and processes recommendation and credential files to assist students with graduate school and employment applications. The center’s career resource library has books and other printed materials as well as video- and audiotapes and other media on careers, financial aid for graduate education, and study skills. The collection also includes self-assessment inventories, college catalogs on microfiche, and graduate and professional school directories.

Individual and group career counseling is available to help students discuss career possibilities, declare a major, explore options for graduate school, and improve their ability to make decisions. Through use of assessment inventories and software applications, counselors assist students in identifying factors to consider as they search for a career.

Advising, workshops, and printed materials are available to students seeking to enhance their study skills or time management techniques.

Northwestern is a national test center for the GRE, GMAT, LSAT, and MCAT. The Career Development Center has information about the dates and locations, calendars, bulletins, and registration forms for these tests.

Northwestern University Student Employment Program
The Northwestern University Student Employment Program (NUSEP) offers information to assist students in finding part-time jobs, full-time summer employment, and academic-year internships.

Placement Center
The Placement Center offers a broad array of services, programs, and resources to assist students in developing and implementing career plans. It works closely with the Career Development Center and NUSEP to provide students with comprehensive career planning and employment services.

The Placement Center, which is located in Scott Hall, provides the following services exclusively to enrolled Northwestern students. Some services also are available to alumni.

• Candidate referral: All students registered at the Placement Center have their electronic resumes listed in the Placement Center’s candidate database. Candidate referral electronically links qualified individuals with bona fide employers with immediate professional openings. Candidate referral is appropriate for all graduating students seeking full-time employment; it serves employers in all fields nationwide.

• Campus interviews: Each year hundreds of organizations from business, industry, and government send representatives to campus to interview graduating students for postgraduation employment. Campus interviews attract large employers with recurring employment needs. The interviews normally begin in October and continue through April of each academic year.

• Job listings: The Placement Center annually receives and posts thousands of job openings. Job vacancies are entered into the center’s database, which students may review.

• Career information: The Placement Center hasemployer files, literature, and videotapes; occupational and salary information; and general reference materials on careers and employment. State-of-the-art computer programs also assist students in researching occupations, employers, and career options.

• Workshops and presentations: Workshops on developing a resume, finding a job, and interviewing are offered regularly throughout the year. Dozens of employers schedule preinterview presentations in the fall and winter to give students information about their employment opportunities. In addition, the Placement Center provides special topic programs and several special events each year, including Career Expo, a campuswide job fair held each January.

• Individual consultation: Students may schedule individual appointments with a placement consultant who is assigned to an academic major. Individual consultation is provided on planning a career, preparing a resume, interviewing, and job search strategies.

To meet the needs of individuals seeking careers in journalism or music, specific school-based placement services also are available. The Medill School of Journalism Placement Office seeks job opportunities in journalism and invites recruiters to campus from the
media, advertising, and publishing to interview graduating seniors and alumni. The School of Music placement services are available for graduating music students and alumni. The office assists job seekers registered there in preparing and maintaining a credential file and notifies them of vacancies for music teachers and performers.

**University Chaplain**

The Office of the University Chaplain is available to meet the religious concerns and needs of members of the University community. Several religious groups, including major Protestant denominations, the Roman Catholic church, and the Jewish community, sponsor ministries to the University's students and faculty. Although these campus ministries are independent of Northwestern University, the Chaplain's Office serves as the University's liaison with all religious groups represented there, and it facilitates and coordinates their activities. Information about campus religious organizations is published in “Religious Life at Northwestern University,” available from the Chaplain's Office. The Chaplain's Office also recognizes student religious organizations on behalf of the University.

The Alice S. Millar Chapel and Religious Center, which includes Parkes Hall and the Jeanne Vail Meditation Chapel, has facilities for religious programs and services such as lectures, study groups, discussions on faith and life, weddings, baptisms, and other special events. The facilities are available to religious groups of all faiths and to other University and community groups by arrangement through the Chaplain's Office. The university chaplain and other campus religious counselors can meet with individuals and groups as counselors, teachers, or resource persons.

**Services for Students with Disabilities**

The Office of Services for Students with Disabilities provides services and referrals for Northwestern students with disabilities. Students with disabilities should contact the office for assistance and guidance in meeting their academic obligations.

It is Northwestern University policy to ensure that no qualified student with a disability is denied the benefits of, excluded from participation in, or otherwise subjected to discrimination in any University program or activity. In response to a request made by a qualified student with a documented disability, the University will arrange, at no cost to the student, for the provision of educational auxiliary aids and reasonable academic accommodations that the University determines necessary to afford such student the opportunity for full participation in University programs.

Northwestern University's programs and activities are accessible for full participation to all its students, including those with mobility problems and with difficulties such as learning disabilities or auditory, visual, or other special problems.

A brochure, “Services for Students with Disabilities,” describing various support services for students with disabilities, is available in University admission offices and in the Office of Services for Students with Disabilities. The brochure includes maps of the Evanston and Chicago campuses indicating building access and parking locations.

**International Office**

Foreign students, visiting scholars, faculty, and staff will find assistance for themselves and their families at the International Office. The main focus of the office is immigration and visa-related matters. The office provides specific instruction on the rights and responsibilities of each visa category, including the proper forms for arrival, travel, sending for families, and work permission. In addition, it serves as an information center to help visitors locate the services and activities available both on campus and in the larger community.

A volunteer organization, the Community Council for International Students, works with the office to provide international visitors such services as a resale shop, English tutoring, the International-American Women's Group, and a play group for children. All international visitors are encouraged to ask for information at the International Office.

**Women's Center**

The Women's Center is an advocacy program serving the Northwestern community. The center is also a gathering place for women staff, faculty, and students who seek support in their academic, professional, and personal lives. The center's staff includes community activists, counselors, and educators. The primary mission of the center is to address issues of sexual harassment and sexual assault. The center also offers a variety of services, including advocacy; individual, group, and couples counseling for sexual violence, childhood sexual abuse, and relationship violence;
educational programming related to other women’s issues (e.g., body image, self-esteem, women and anger); and referral and resource information.

**Fitness and Recreation**

All students at Northwestern are strongly encouraged to participate in recreational and fitness activities, including intramural, club, informal, and instructional sport and fitness programs.

Intramural competition is conducted in a variety of individual and team sports. League play and tournaments are provided for men and women, both separately and co-recreationally. Competition is organized for individuals and teams, by independent groups, living units, fraternities, sororities, and University departments and organizations.

Sport clubs offer competitive and noncompetitive sports experiences. Extramural competition, with outside institutions and sports groups, is available in baseball, basketball, crew, cycling, equestrian events, fencing, ice hockey, lacrosse, rugby, running, sailing, ski racing, soccer, synchronized swimming, tennis, Ultimate Frisbee, volleyball, and water polo. Non-competitive, special interest clubs include aikido, karate, tae kwon do, jujitsu, and wado kai. Clubs are student directed.

Drop-in recreation periods are scheduled throughout the day and evening at Blomquist Recreation Center, Patten Gymnasium, and the Henry Crown Sports Pavilion and Norris Aquatics Center. Included are facilities for aerobics, badminton, basketball, fitness activities, floor hockey, jogging, racquetball, squash, swimming, tennis, volleyball, and weight training.

Noncredit instructional sports classes are offered in more than 30 areas. Students can register for sports and fitness classes by visiting the fitness and recreation registration office in the sports pavilion and paying a nominal fee. Courses for each quarter are listed in the Programs and Services guide.

The Sailing Center offers instructional and informal sailing programs for beginning and novice sailors. The fleet consists of 420 class and laser sailboats as well as Windsurfers.

The Vandy Christie Tennis Center also offers instructional and informal tennis programs on 15 outdoor courts.

**University Police**

The University Police Department is responsible for crime prevention, law enforcement, parking control, special events, and emergency management on both the Evanston and Chicago campuses. University police officers are on duty 24 hours a day, seven days a week. They are graduates of a police academy with full police authority; most have bachelor’s degrees.

The police division on the Evanston campus provides a number of services, including a crime prevention program, speaking engagements, unlocking of vehicles, residence hall security checks, sale of bicycle locks (at cost), and loan of battery jumper cables. Emergency phones on campus, marked by blue lights, operate when an individual lifts the receiver or pushes the button.

Additional information about campus crime and crime prevention programs is available by requesting a copy of “Campus Safety: A Shared Responsibility” from the University Police Department, 1819 Hinman Avenue, Evanston, Illinois 60208-1320.

**Motor Vehicles**

Regulations governing the possession, operation, and parking of motor vehicles on the Evanston campus are described in the parking regulations handout available at the Parking Office, 1819 Hinman Avenue. Under most circumstances, freshmen and sophomores may not have motor vehicles while living on campus. A lottery distributes a limited number of parking permits for juniors living on campus. Exceptions to these rules may be granted only by the Parking Committee.

Parking permits are required in campus lots from 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday (official holidays excluded), except in lots that are designated in the regulations as 24-hour enforced. Students who live off campus in the area bounded by Lake and Central Streets, Ridge Avenue, and Lake Michigan may not purchase parking permits.

**Personal Losses**

The University is not responsible for the loss of or damage to personal property belonging to students in any building owned by the University, whether the loss or damage occurs by theft, fire, or an unknown cause.
Admission

General Requirements for Admission
Northwestern University historically has sought a student body of high ability and diversity representing a cross section of American society.

It is the policy of Northwestern University not to discriminate against any individual on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, age, disability, or veteran status in matters of admissions, employment, housing, or services or in the educational programs or activities it operates, in accordance with civil rights legislation and University commitment.

Any alleged violations of this policy or questions regarding the law with respect to nondiscrimination should be directed to Director of Equal Employment Opportunity, Affirmative Action, and Disability Services, 720 University Place, Evanston, Illinois 60208-1147, phone 847/491-7458; Office of the Provost, Rebecca Crown Center, Evanston, Illinois 60208-1101.

Candidates for admission should demonstrate a level of performance in curricular and extracurricular areas that indicates they will be able to compete successfully in a competitive academic environment. In the selection of students, careful attention is given to the ability of each candidate as evidenced by academic record and the results of entrance tests as well as by character and personality. The University attempts to select students who are committed to scholarship and who have shown a willingness to become involved in their expressed interest areas. In determining whether to accept a candidate, the University considers:

- Secondary school record
- College record (required for transfer candidates)
- Recommendations from school officials and other persons who have information pertinent to the candidate's probable success at Northwestern
- Results of required or recommended tests (the Scholastic Assessment Test [SAT] I of the College Entrance Examination Board or American College Test [ACT], required of all candidates; three SAT IIs, required of candidates for certain special programs and of all home-schooled applicants [see table on page 15] and recommended for other candidates)
- Music audition (required for School of Music candidates)
- The candidate's statements on the application and other evidence of special skills, such as writing, art, music, mathematics, and science, or of special accomplishments in extracurricular areas of interest
- Any other information received by the University that bears on the candidate's readiness for study at Northwestern

SAT IIs

Recommended for Regular Programs
- Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences, School of Education and Social Policy, Medill School of Journalism, School of Music, and School of Speech: Writing and two others of student's choice
- McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science: Writing, Mathematics I IIC, and Chemistry or Physics

Required for Special Programs and Home-Schooled Applicants
- Honors Program in Medical Education: Writing, Mathematics IIC, and Chemistry
- Integrated Science Program: Mathematics IIC, Chemistry or Physics, and another science unless Writing is required for another application
- Home-schooled applicants: Writing, Mathematics IIC, and a third test of their choice

Required Subjects
A broad subject experience in high school is the best preparation for admission to Northwestern. Whatever fields of study students follow, the best foundation consists of reading, writing, and mathematics. The value of thorough training in fundamental subjects cannot be overemphasized.
In considering the academic record of a candidate for admission to Northwestern, the Office of Undergraduate Admission notes the subjects studied and the grades received. The student's record should include a minimum of 16 units. (A unit represents a course studied for one year.)

The subject recommendations in the following list represent the minimum requirements for entrance to the University. Allowances are made to permit students to pursue special areas of academic interest. Most applicants present more academic subjects than the minimum.

**Required Units**
Weinberg College, the Medill School of Journalism, and the Schools of Education and Social Policy, Music, and Speech require 16 units drawn from the following academic areas. The required academic areas with recommended units are:
- English: 4 units
- Foreign language: 2 to 4 units
- Mathematics: 3 to 4 units
- Laboratory science: 2 to 3 units
- History, social studies: 2 to 4 units
- Electives: 1 to 3 units in the academic areas listed above

Students preparing for college are strongly recommended to take four years of work in English with as much emphasis on composition as the curriculum allows. Two units of the same foreign language should be taken. Three or four years of the same language are strongly recommended.

The McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science requires a sound secondary school education as described above, with strong preparation in mathematics and science. Specifically recommended are:
- Mathematics: 3 1/2 to 4 units (the minimum requirements for mathematics include algebra [2 units], plane geometry [1 unit], and trigonometry [1/2 unit]). Many entering McCormick freshmen will have taken calculus [1 unit].
- Science: 2 units (credit in both chemistry and physics is recommended).

Credit in other subjects should bring the total to 16 units or more, which include 4 units of English and work in social studies and foreign languages.

**Admission Notification**
Northwestern offers freshman candidates a choice of two notification plans, Early Decision and Regular Decision. Early Decision is a binding admission commitment. Candidates accepted to Northwestern under Early Decision must withdraw all other university applications. Unlike other selective schools, Northwestern does not normally defer Early Decision applicants into its Regular Decision pool.

The accompanying table outlines these plans, the notification plans for transfer students, and the financial aid application procedure, including deadlines and the forms available through the College Scholarship Service.

**Admission Procedure**
To be considered for admission to Northwestern, candidates must complete the following three steps:
- File a completed application form. This may be obtained from the Office of Undergraduate Admission, Northwestern University, 1801 Hinman Avenue, P.O. Box 3060, Evanston, Illinois 60204-3060. The application may also be downloaded from the Web at www.ugadm.nwu.edu. Applications for admission may be submitted before candidates take the standardized tests required for college admission.
- Arrange with the officials of their high school to complete and forward the Secondary School Report to the Office of Undergraduate Admission. All candidates should have their records through the sixth semester sent to Northwestern as early in the senior year as possible. Regular Decision candidates should have seventh-semester grades sent as soon as they are available.
- Take standardized tests. The official results of the SAT I or the ACT are required for all students applying for admission to Northwestern as freshmen. In addition, all the special programs require each matriculant to present three SAT IIs as specified in the accompanying table. Home-schooled applicants are also required to submit three SAT II results. SAT IIs are recommended for all candidates.
Application and Testing Deadlines: Notification Plans

Regular Programs for Fall Quarter Matriculation
Freshman candidates for other quarters should request information from the Office of Undergraduate Admission.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Early Decision</th>
<th>Regular Decision</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apply by</td>
<td>November 1</td>
<td>January 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Take tests by (SAT I or ACT required; 3 SAT IIs recommended)</td>
<td>October test</td>
<td>December test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To apply for financial aid, file FAFSA and CSS Profile by</td>
<td>November 1</td>
<td>February 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northwestern mails decision letter by</td>
<td>December 15</td>
<td>April 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reply by</td>
<td>February 1</td>
<td>May 1</td>
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Honors Program in Medical Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Regular Decision</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HPME preapplication deadline</td>
<td>December 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HPME application deadline</td>
<td>January 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freshman application to Northwestern by</td>
<td>January 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Take tests by (SAT I or ACT required; 3 SAT IIs required; see page 13)</td>
<td>December test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To apply for financial aid, file FAFSA and CSS Profile by</td>
<td>February 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northwestern mails decision letter by</td>
<td>April 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reply by</td>
<td>May 1</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Transfer Students for Any Quarter of Matriculation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Winter</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apply by (Because space is limited in some programs, transfer candidates should apply well before these dates)</td>
<td>June 1*</td>
<td>November 1</td>
<td>February 1</td>
<td>May 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Take tests by (SAT I or ACT; scores from previous academic years are acceptable)</td>
<td>June 1</td>
<td>November 1</td>
<td>February 1</td>
<td>May 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apply for financial aid by (Consult with Office of Undergraduate Admission)</td>
<td>May 1</td>
<td>October 1</td>
<td>January 1</td>
<td>April 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Northwestern mails decision letter as soon as possible after the application deadline; reply within three weeks.

*Foreign transfer students for fall quarter should apply by May 1.
Admission Procedure
To be considered for admission, transfer students must complete the following steps:
- File a completed application form available from the Office of Undergraduate Admission, Northwestern University, 1801 Hinman Avenue, P.O. Box 3060, Evanston, Illinois 60204-3060. Download the application from the Web at www.ugadm.nwu.edu.
- Arrange with the officials of the high school to forward the complete high school report to the Office of Undergraduate Admission.
- Submit the results of the Scholastic Assessment Test (SAT I) or the American College Test (ACT).
- Arrange with the registrar of each college previously attended to forward transcripts of record to the Office of Undergraduate Admission.
- Request a statement of good academic and social standing from the dean of students at the college from which the student is transferring.
- Present a music audition (in person or a taped recording) if applying for admission to the School of Music (audition guidelines will be furnished on request).
- Submit application for admission before the deadline of June 1 (for admission in the fall quarter), November 1 (winter), February 1 (spring), or May 1 (summer).

Evaluation of Credits
Before matriculation, transfer candidates who are accepted by Northwestern will receive a preliminary evaluation of the credits they have earned to date, assuming all pertinent transcripts have been received. An official evaluation of credits earned will be made by the Registrar’s Office when the admitted student matriculates.

Advanced Placement
In nearly all areas, Northwestern awards credit for Advanced Placement Examination scores of 4 and 5; in some cases, credit is also awarded for scores of 3. Specific questions concerning Northwestern’s advanced placement policies should be addressed to Weinberg College Office of Studies. In some fields, primarily in mathematics, the sciences, and foreign languages, advanced placement and/or credit can be earned through appropriate performance on examinations administered by Northwestern departments.

Northwestern awards credit for distinguished performance on the British General Certificate of Education (A-Level) Examinations, the higher-level examinations of the International Baccalaureate, and certain other foreign university entrance examinations.

Northwestern also recognizes college credits earned by students before entering the University as freshmen. To qualify for such recognition, the courses must be similar to courses offered at Northwestern, must have been taken at a college or university whose accreditation is recognized by Northwestern, must not have been submitted in partial fulfillment of the normal secondary school graduation requirement, and must have been given on the campus of a college or university and taken primarily by bona fide college students (i.e., high school graduates pursuing a college degree). If candidates have taken college courses that do not qualify for credit under these conditions, they should take Advanced Placement Examinations in the appropriate subjects.

Transfer Candidates
Students may be considered for admission as a transfer from another college or university provided they have completed one full year of university studies by the application deadline, are in good standing at their postsecondary institution, and have maintained at least a B average in rigorous academic courses. If students have been enrolled full-time at any institution except Northwestern, they cannot be considered for freshman admission and must meet the stated criteria to apply as a transfer candidate. Some undergraduate schools at Northwestern enroll transfer students in the fall quarter only. Transfer students must complete at least the last 23 quarter-courses and six full-time quarters in residence at Northwestern to be eligible for a bachelor’s degree.

Foreign Students
In addition to meeting all regular admission requirements, foreign students are required to present evidence of their ability to speak, read, and write the English language and to meet the financial obligations associated with their study at Northwestern University. Students for whom English is a second language must present the results of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL). Foreign students must have achieved outstanding school records to be considered for admission. Foreign transfer candidates may apply for fall quarter admission only and must submit their completed application by May 1.
Returning Adult Students
Adults who interrupt their education following high school or during college and, after several years, decide to complete their undergraduate education are considered by the Office of Undergraduate Admission as “returning adult students.” Ordinarily, returning adult students have been out of high school for seven years or more. Depending on the amount of college credit previously earned, returning adult students apply as freshman or transfer candidates.

When admitted to Northwestern, returning adult students may begin studies on a full-time or half-time basis. A full-time program includes three or four academic courses per quarter; a half-time program includes no fewer than two courses per quarter. See also Returning Students in the Financial Regulations section.

Evening Students
University College, Northwestern’s continuing education division, offers courses in the evenings and on Saturdays for adult students who want personal enrichment or professional mobility, preparation for graduate study, or pursuit of a degree or certificate. Semester-long courses are offered on the Chicago and the Evanston campus.

University College allows adults with a college degree, or some college credit and good standing, or a high school diploma but no prior college work, to enroll in courses as students at large. Students who wish to earn a degree or certificate should speak with an academic adviser about admission.

Special Students
Properly qualified persons who demonstrate a need for certain courses required for their academic or professional advancement may apply to the University as special nondegree-seeking students. Applicants must present official transcripts of previous study and show evidence of successful academic achievement. Persons who do not meet these requirements should not apply.

Enrollment as a special student does not constitute admission to any degree program at the University, and credits earned as a special student may not be counted toward a degree at Northwestern. (Exception: Special students who subsequently become eligible to matriculate in University College may apply these credits toward a degree.) Special students are granted academic credit for course work satisfactorily completed, and these credits may be transferred to another institution.

Special students are admitted with the understanding that they may register only after students working toward Northwestern degrees have registered. Some classes will be closed, and some schools or departments may not accept nondegree students. However, these restrictions do not apply to Summer Session.

Special students are not permitted to enroll in 399 or 599 Independent Study courses.

All tuition and fees for special students are charged at the undergraduate rate. Complete instructions and application forms may be obtained from the Office of Special Students, 162 Walter Annenberg Hall, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois 60208-2650.

Auditors
Auditors, who are charged a special tuition rate, are persons who enroll in a course to observe or listen only. They are not permitted to engage in class discussion, submit written or oral assignments, or take examinations, and they do not receive academic credit.

Only students who qualify as special students or are taking University College classes are permitted to formally audit classes. Special students must consult with the Office of Special Students; University College students must consult an adviser or the University College bulletin. Formal auditor status and registration are not normally available to regularly enrolled Northwestern students in daytime courses.

Financial Aid
The University awards financial aid on the basis of need as determined by the financial circumstances of the family. Aid may be a loan, part-time employment, a grant, or a combination of these. Recipients may accept all or any part of the aid offered. The amount of an award is confidential between the University and the family of the student. For entering freshmen, financial aid is generally renewable for up to 12 quarters of enrollment, even if they are not offered financial aid for those quarters. For transfer students, the maximum number of quarters of assistance depends on the number of quarters of transfer credit accepted, as determined by the Registrar’s Office (i.e., a student who transfers with 3 quarters of acceptable credit is eligible for 9 quarters of assistance). The amount of financial aid may change based upon the family’s financial circumstances. Students
must reapply each year and maintain the requirements established by the Financial Aid Committee of the University.

During the 1998–99 academic year, undergraduate students at Northwestern received more than $46.5 million in grant assistance: $37.4 million from Northwestern, $6.8 million from federal and state governments, and $3.5 million from outside sources. The average Northwestern grant for the 3,450 students receiving aid was $10,835. In addition, $14 million in loan assistance and 3,000 campus jobs were available.

Assistance that is not need-based is provided by the Reserve Officers Training Corps (see Military Studies) and from other sources discussed in the Northwestern publication “Invest in Your Future: Affording a Northwestern Education,” distributed by the Office of Undergraduate Admission (see For More Information).

Who Should Apply
Any undergraduate students who believe they cannot afford the full cost of a Northwestern education may apply for financial aid.

Students graduating from community colleges and transfer students from four-year colleges may apply for financial assistance. However, since funding is limited, full funding may not be available for the first year of study. Transfer students must obtain transfer financial aid application materials and financial aid transcript requests from the Office of Undergraduate Admission.

Application Procedure
Applicants request consideration for financial aid when submitting an application for admission. The Financial Aid Committee cannot make a decision until the University has admitted the applicant. Candidates should do the following:

- Complete and submit the application for admission, which provides a place to request financial aid.
- File the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and the Financial Aid Profile of the College Scholarship Service (CSS) and request that copies of both reports be sent to Northwestern (the forms are available at local high schools).
- File the applications as soon as the need for assistance is realized by the family but not later than the dates indicated in the table titled Application and Testing Deadlines: Notification Plans (page 15).

Satisfactory Academic Progress
To comply with federal regulations, students at Northwestern are considered to be maintaining “satisfactory academic progress” for the disbursement of federal student assistance funds if they complete an average of nine units of academic credit per year and complete their educational programs within 18 quarters of enrollment (22 quarters for specific five-year programs). Federal law specifies that by the end of the second academic year (measured as a period of time), students must have a C average or its equivalent, or "an academic standing consistent with the requirement for graduation from the program." Students must fulfill this requirement if federal aid is to continue. These policies are also supplemented by the qualitative requirements established by the undergraduate schools (see each school's section in this catalog).

If students fail to maintain satisfactory academic progress as defined above, they may be awarded assistance for one additional payment period to reestablish "satisfactory" standing. Students who successfully complete a minimum full-time course load during this period will be considered again to be making satisfactory academic progress. Students who fail to successfully complete a minimum full-time course load during this period will remain ineligible for any additional assistance during subsequent quarters, unless they, while ineligible, successfully complete a minimum full-time course load for one payment period at Northwestern. Students may also submit within two weeks of their notification of ineligibility a written appeal to the Office of Financial Aid presenting evidence of unusual circumstances. The appeal is then reviewed to determine if an exception to this policy is justified.

The above procedure will be followed except when students (1) are academically dismissed from the University according to the academic policies of their particular school and program or (2) have been in attendance at Northwestern for 12 quarters or the equivalent (unless the course of study normally requires more than 12 quarters of enrollment). As to the first case, students will be eligible for federal financial assistance during the first quarter of full-time study on returning to Northwestern in order to reestablish satisfactory academic progress. On successful completion of a minimum full-time course load with a 2.0 grade point average, they will again be considered to be making satisfactory academic progress and will be eligible for federal and institutional
Financial assistance in subsequent quarters. As to the second case, students are ineligible for financial assistance from University funds beyond the 12th quarter, even if they are maintaining satisfactory academic progress. However, students admitted to the five-year BA/BMus, BS/BAMus, and BS/BMus programs will be eligible for University funds for up to 15 quarters of enrollment. The Committee on Financial Aid to Students may decide to continue aid when unusual circumstances exist and students demonstrate academic promise.

Financial Regulations

University Enrollment Requirement

The University Enrollment Requirement applies only to undergraduates in bachelor's degree programs. It does not apply to graduate students or nondegree students. This requirement must be satisfied in addition to the degree requirements established by the various school faculties.

Students are normally expected to enroll for 12 full-time academic year quarters. This is referred to as the University Enrollment Requirement (UER). This requirement may be reduced by approved credit from the sources listed below. Regardless of the amount of credit earned outside the University, all students entering as freshmen must enroll for a minimum of nine full-time quarters.

The approved sources of credit are

• Advanced Placement credit through the College Board or credit from the International Baccalaureate
• Placement credit awarded by Northwestern
• Approved study abroad courses

The following credit may also be applied, subject to the nine full-time quarter restriction stated above:

• Approved credit from another college or university: Students entering as freshmen are limited to a maximum of four courses from another institution. These courses may be taken before or after matriculation but must be completed before the achievement of senior standing.

Tuition is billed on a term pricing basis. The normal full-time course load is three or four courses per quarter. However, students may, with approval of their school offices, take more than four courses per quarter without additional charge. These excess courses may be applied toward fulfillment of degree requirements of the various schools so long as they are not used to accelerate graduation. However, for students who desire to use the excess courses to accelerate graduation, there will be an excess course charge for each course of 25 percent of the full-time quarter's tuition in effect at the time of graduation. Students wishing to apply excess courses must indicate their desire to do so when applying for the degree. Any excess course charges will appear on the bill for the last quarter of enrollment. Financial aid recipients will not receive additional grant assistance to cover excess course charges. They may apply for additional loan assistance.

For additional information about the University Enrollment Requirement, contact the Registrar's Office, 633 Clark Street, Evanston, Illinois 60208-1118, 847/491-5234.

Returning Students

Students who withdraw from the University and wish to return must submit a Returning Student Application Form to the Registrar's Office six weeks before the desired date of reentry. Students who want credit for course work taken at another institution must submit an official transcript to the Registrar's Office. The Registrar's Office will determine the extent to which credit earned away from Northwestern may reduce the four-year UER. Students who wish to apply more than four courses taken at another institution toward the UER must petition the University Enrollment Appeals Committee.

Transfer Students

Students who transfer to Northwestern from another institution will be informed of the extent to which their previous work reduces the 12-quarter University Enrollment Requirement. All transfer students have a six-quarter minimum UER. Those entering as transfer students from another institution may not apply any additional work taken outside the University toward the UER. Such courses beyond the maximum may be useful in meeting academic requirements but may not be used toward the UER.

All Students

All students must fulfill the Residence Requirement in addition to the University Enrollment Requirement.
Supplemental Enrollment Benefit
Students who are unable to complete the bachelor’s degree requirements in 12 quarters, due to circumstances beyond their control, and who have paid full-time tuition to Northwestern for 12 quarters, may petition to the University Enrollment Committee to enroll in their final quarter at no additional tuition charge. Transfer students who have paid full-time tuition to Northwestern for 9 quarters are also eligible.

A final quarter at no tuition charge is not available for students who choose a program that may take more than 12 quarters to complete or for students who have graduated. A final quarter at no charge is also not available for students who choose an optional program, such as study abroad, a double degree, double major, minor, or extra course work beyond that normally required for the degree. For further information about this process, contact the Registrar’s Office.

Tuition and Fees
The cost of education at Northwestern is only partly covered by tuition charges. The balance is met by the income from invested funds and by the gifts of alumni and other supporters of the University.

Tuition and fees for 1999–2000 are listed below. Rates are subject to change without notice, and increases should be expected in subsequent years. For tuition purposes, the term course refers to course credit. Some course offerings carry more than one course credit.

Undergraduate Tuition
All undergraduate students in degree programs must conform to the University Enrollment Requirement (see the previous page).

Tuition: each quarter
- Enrollment prior to fall 1998 $7,080
- Enrollment fall 1998 and later $7,832

Undergraduate Tuition: Exceptions
These rates apply only to special students, part-time students, and other students not subject to the University Enrollment Requirement.

Full time: each quarter
- Enrollment prior to fall 1998 $7,080
- Enrollment fall 1998 and later $7,832

Social Policy, Medill, Music, and Speech is three or four courses; in McCormick, it is three to five courses.

Excess courses: each course
- Enrollment prior to fall 1998 $2,520
- Enrollment fall 1998 and later $2,788

Excess courses in McCormick means more than five courses; in all other schools, more than four courses.

Part-time: each course, each quarter
- Enrollment prior to fall 1998 $2,520
- Enrollment fall 1998 and later $2,788

Auditor’s fee:
- Each course audited, each quarter
  - Prior to fall 1998 $1,956
  - After fall 1998 $2,163

Performance study:
- Private instruction, each quarter $100

Service Fees
Student Hospitalization Plan $564
Required for all students unless they have equivalent hospitalization coverage.

Study abroad administrative fee (not refundable)
- Non-Northwestern summer study abroad $500
- Term fee (semester or quarter) $1,500
- Annual fee (academic or calendar year) $2,500

Tuition deposit fee $200
- Required for each new undergraduate student; applied on the first tuition bill and not refundable.

Application fee (not refundable) $55
Returned check service fee $35
Replacement WildCARD fee $20
Transcript fee $3
Makeup laboratory time, breakage fee varies

Other Fees
Late registration fee $25
If fee is billed $30
- For registering at other than the scheduled times.
Retroactive registration fee $225
- For registering for a term after the last day of classes for that term.
Housing deposit fee $200
Late payment penalty fee $100
- For late payment of bills.
Associated Student Government Activity fee, each quarter. $22
Dependent Hospitalization Plan For each dependent. $1,744
Field trip fee For courses in which field trips are required to earn credit.
Field trip fee varies
Bills and Payments
The Office of Student Accounts issues student bills. A due date is shown on each University bill, and payment must be received by that date. Due dates cannot be extended because bills are not received.
Installment Payment Plan
The University provides a tuition and fee installment payment plan, 9PAY, which offers the benefit of dividing the educational costs for the academic year into nine monthly payments. For information, contact the Office of Student Accounts, Northwestern University, 619 Clark Street, Evanston, Illinois 60208-1132, phone 847/491-5224, fax 847/467-2451.
Withdrawal from the University: Refunds
Students who withdraw from the University must immediately file a withdrawal form, available at the Registrar's Office, Rebecca Crown Center. The completed form, bearing the required signatures, must be filed at the Registrar's Office.
The Office of Student Accounts considers the date the completed form is received at the Registrar’s Office as the effective date in making financial adjustments.
Tuition deposits are not refundable under any circumstances. Tuition is refunded in full if the student withdraws on or before the seventh day of classes. After that the following policy applies:
• Between the eighth day of classes and the third Friday after classes begin, three-fourths of the tuition is refunded.
• Between the third Friday and the sixth Friday after classes begin, one-half of the tuition is refunded.
• After the sixth Friday of classes, no refunds are given.
Residence and meal contracts are signed for the full school year. Students who leave a residence before the end of the year are liable for the entire year's rent or for charges to the date another student takes the vacated space in University housing. Meal charges are assessed until the end of the week in which withdrawal is in effect. Adjustments may be made at the discretion of the Housing Office for students who for financial reasons must make other room and board arrangements than those for which they first contracted.
First-time attendees of the University who receive Title IV assistance are subject to pro rata refunds. If a first-time attendee withdraws from the University within the 60 percent point in the quarter, the refund (of tuition, refundable fees, and other institutional charges) will be calculated based on a percentage derived from the number of weeks remaining in the quarter divided by the number of weeks in the quarter, rounded down to the nearest 10 percent, less any unpaid charges. No refunds will be offered after the 60 percent point in the quarter. Students may request samples of the applications of these refund policies from the Office of Student Accounts or the Office of Financial Aid.
Change of Registration
No refund or bill reduction is made on any course dropped after the fifth day of classes in the quarter.
Financial Obligations
Students whose University bills are overdue may not be given an academic transcript until all financial obligations are paid in full. Students whose accounts are overdue must pay a late payment penalty fee of $100. The director of student accounts may cancel or prevent the registration of a student whose bills are past due.
Each student is liable for any costs associated with the collection of his or her past-due account, including but not limited to collection agency costs, court costs, and legal fees.
Academic Regulations
Registration for All Students
• Instructions for registration are contained in the Class Schedule issued each quarter. Failure to read the Class Schedule does not excuse students from compliance with the information and regulations stated therein.
• The dates of registration for each quarter are announced in advance, and students not registered at the time specified are subject to a fee for late registration. This fee is not intended as a penalty
but is assessed to cover in part the cost of registration at other than the scheduled time. Inconvenience, illness, and other personal reasons for registering late are not accepted as reasons for waiving the fee. Late registration is permitted only through the fifth full day (Saturday is not a full day) of classes in any quarter during the regular academic year and through the fourth full day in Summer Session.

- Credit is not given for work in a course in which a student is not properly registered.
- Any course duplicated for credit increases the required number of credits to graduate by an equal amount. Both the original and the duplicated course entries remain on the student's permanent record and are used to calculate the cumulative grade point average.
- Credit is not given for a course that is a prerequisite for a more advanced course if that prerequisite is taken after the more advanced course has been completed. Waiver of prerequisites for admission to courses may be obtained from the instructor concerned or the chair of the department in which the course is offered.
- Undergraduate students may not enroll in fewer than three quarter-courses except by permission of the dean of their school. Permission is given only in extraordinary circumstances.
- In Weinberg College and the Medill School of Journalism, undergraduate students may not enroll for more than four quarter-courses except by permission of the dean’s office. This regulation applies to total credit for courses taken in other institutions in addition to credit obtained in residence at Northwestern. Additional tuition may be charged for excess registration (see University Enrollment Requirement under Financial Regulations).

Changes of Registration
Changes in registration in fall, winter, and spring quarters are subject to the following provisions:

- In no case may a course be added after the fifth day of classes. No course may be dropped after the sixth Friday of classes.
- Undergraduate students may change registrations from grade to the pass/no credit (P/N) option or vice versa through the third Friday of the quarter. Check regulations of the individual schools for specific information on the P/N option.
- To make any change of registration, students must pick up a Change of Registration form at the Registrar’s Office and obtain the signature of the adviser if required by their school.
- To add a course, students must obtain a signature from the instructor or department representative for each course added. The completed form must be returned to the location indicated in the Class Schedule.
- To drop a course in the first seven days of class, students must obtain a signature from the instructor or department representative for each course dropped. After the seventh day of class, students do not need an instructor’s or department representative’s signature, but they are required to complete a drop form at all times. The completed form must be returned to the location indicated in the Class Schedule.
- Changes in ungraded sections (laboratory or discussion) are made in the departments and do not require notification of the registrar.
- Students who receive permission to drop a course after the first five days of class must return a properly signed Change of Registration form to the Registrar’s Office.
- If students drop a course by the sixth Friday of a quarter, the course does not appear on the permanent academic record and no grade is recorded provided a Change of Registration form has been properly filed. Failure to file this form within the time allowed is regarded as a course dropped without permission. A course dropped without permission is regarded as a failure and is recorded with a grade of F.

See also Withdrawal from the University: Refunds and Change of Registration under Financial Regulations.

Identification Cards
The University identification card (WildCARD) identifies registered students and should be carried at all times. The WildCARD is the property of the University and is not transferable; its privileges may be canceled at any time the card is misused. Students are required to surrender their WildCARD to University officials upon request.

The student’s ID number is encoded on the card and indicates whether the student is currently registered and if the card is valid. The card identifies the holder for admission to the library during hours of limited access and is needed at all times to borrow books. If a student has a meal plan, the WildCARD admits the student to residence hall dining facilities.
It also identifies the holder at the Health Service, Norris University Center, student functions and elections, and University athletic events.

Lost or stolen cards should be reported to the WildCARD office, where replacement cards are issued. For the cost of replacing an ID card, see Service Fees under Tuition and Fees earlier in this section of the catalog.

**Registration in University College**

University College, on both the Chicago and the Evanston campuses, operates on the semester system. Students enrolled in an undergraduate school may take courses in University College only with the approval of the office of the dean of their school and only when the courses are not given on the quarter system during the day or when there are clear cases of conflict. Such work is counted as a regular part of a student's registration.

Students enrolled in undergraduate schools are not guaranteed a place in University College courses.

To register for University College courses, students must
- Pick up a Dual Registration form from the Registrar's Office in Evanston
- Secure approval from the office of the dean of their school
- Turn in the form at the Registrar's Office in Evanston before the first meeting of the class

Fall semester courses are included as part of fall quarter registration; spring semester courses are included as part of spring quarter registration.

To drop a University College course, students must pick up a Dual Registration form from the Registrar's Office, secure approval from the office of their dean, and return the form to the Registrar's Office.

**Interschool Transfers**

Undergraduate students who wish to transfer from one school or college of the University to another within the University must have an interschool transfer approved by the dean's office of each school. A return to the original school must be approved in the same way. Approval of an interschool transfer is usually contingent on satisfactory performance in the original school. Consult the Class Schedule for appropriate dates to process an application for interschool transfer.

**Cancellation of Registration**

Students who complete advance registration for a quarter and later decide not to attend classes that quarter must notify the Registrar's Office in writing before the first day of classes of the quarter to avoid being charged the applicable tuition and fees.

**Withdrawal from the University**

Students who wish to withdraw from the University after registering for classes in any quarter must file a withdrawal form available at the Registrar's Office. The withdrawal takes effect the day the completed form, bearing the required signatures, is received at the Registrar's Office. Students who have taken the final exam may not withdraw and must take the grade they earned. See also Withdrawal from the University: Refunds under Financial Regulations.

**Readmission to the University**

Undergraduate and graduate students who have not registered for one or more quarters of an academic year must file at the Registrar's Office an application to reenter no later than six weeks before the first day of registration of the quarter in which they plan to return.

Students are not required to file the application to reenter under the following circumstances:
- If they have registered during the spring quarter and intend to return in the fall
- If they have registered in the spring quarter and intend to return during Summer Session of the same year
- If they are students in the Graduate School who have attended the preceding Summer Session and intend to register during the next Summer Session and have not registered during the academic year

Students must obtain advance approval from the dean of their school if they wish to transfer credit for work taken elsewhere during an absence from Northwestern. An official, signed, and sealed transcript of that work must be furnished to the Registrar's Office before the end of the next quarter in residence at Northwestern University, or credit for such work is not allowed.

If students interrupt a program of study for an extended period of time and if degree requirements are changed during this period, the new requirements normally must be met. Any modification of the requirements is made by the appropriate administrative officers of the school in which the student is registered.
**Residence Requirement**
The last 23 quarter-courses of the total required for the bachelor's degree must be taken while students are enrolled in residence at Northwestern University. The last three quarters must be completed while students are enrolled in the school or college of the University that is to grant the degree. (Degree requirements are listed by school in this catalog.) This residence requirement is in addition to the University Enrollment Requirement.

Students desiring to study abroad should, in making such plans, consult with their deans and the Study Abroad Office to ascertain the applicability of the proposed study abroad to the residence requirement.

**Work at Other Institutions**
After enrolling at Northwestern, students who want to study at other accredited institutions and transfer credit for that work to Northwestern must obtain advance approval of their proposed study. Forms for obtaining such approval are available in the Registrar's Office. The McCormick School Records Office has forms available for engineering students, and the Medill Office of Student Records and Services has forms available for journalism students. Students in Weinberg College should secure the appropriate Weinberg College forms (and a copy of the regulations governing study away from Northwestern) in the Weinberg College Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising. Students also should check the regulations for the University Enrollment Requirement.

If students take course work elsewhere during an absence from Northwestern (or during the summer), an official transcript of that work must be on file in the Registrar's Office before the end of the next quarter in residence at Northwestern, or credit for such work is not allowed.

Students may not register concurrently at Northwestern and at another institution and receive transfer credit for work taken at the other institution unless permission is granted in advance by the office of the dean of their school. This applies to evening courses as well as to regular courses in residence.

**Application for a Degree**
Undergraduates must file a degree application one calendar year before anticipated graduation. Students in Weinberg College, the Medill School of Journalism, and the Schools of Education and Social Policy, Music, and Speech must file their applications with the Registrar's Office. McCormick School students must file with that school's Records Office.

**Classification of Students**
Students are classified as follows:
- Senior: has completed at least 33 quarter-courses
- Junior: has completed at least 22 but fewer than 33 quarter-courses (engineering co-op students are considered preseniors when they have completed 32 quarter-courses and seniors when they have completed 40 quarter-courses)
- Sophomore: has completed at least 11 but fewer than 22 quarter-courses
- Freshman: has completed fewer than 11 quarter-courses
- Graduate student: has a bachelor's degree or equivalent and has been admitted to a graduate program
- Special student: is not working toward a degree at Northwestern but is working for credit
- Auditor: attends classes and listens to lectures but is not eligible to participate in class discussions or exercises and does not receive credit (must have approval of the school and instructor concerned)

All the above except auditors may be either full-time or part-time:
- Full-time: enrolled in at least three quarter-courses or the equivalent
- Part-time: enrolled in fewer than three quarter-courses or the equivalent

**Grading Policies**
The following grading system is used in computing the grade point average:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Grade Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A–</td>
<td>3.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>3.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B–</td>
<td>2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>2.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C–</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0 Failed to earn credit: missed final examination
0 Failed to earn credit: work incomplete
The following notations are ignored in computing the grade point average:
P  Pass with credit
N  No grade, no credit
K  In progress
S  Satisfactory: noncredit course
U  Unsatisfactory: noncredit course
W  Dropped course with permission
V  Auditor

At the end of a quarter a grade of X or Y will be given only if the instructor believes the student has a reasonable chance of passing the course by taking an examination or turning in the required work, or both. Some undergraduate schools prohibit the posting of X or Y grades without the approval of the dean's office. Students should contact their school for its regulations concerning X and Y grades.

If a grade of X or Y is to be changed and credit established, the deficiencies must be made up before the end of the next quarter in which the student is in residence in any school of Northwestern, or credit is forfeited. A notation of K must be resolved before graduation. An unresolved K will be changed to Y and the grade point average recomputed.

Class Attendance and Absence
Students are expected to attend all sessions of the courses for which they are registered. Excessive absence is cause for failure in the course. Some courses require attendance at the first class meeting; students may be dropped for nonattendance (see the Class Schedule).

Grade Reports
At the end of each quarter, a copy of each undergraduate student's grades is sent to the parent or guardian at the home address, except as noted below. Notices of deficiencies in scholarship may be reported to a student before the end of a quarter, but the University does not assume the responsibility of issuing such warnings.

The University will supply grade reports to parents of undergraduates unless the registrar receives written instructions from the parents indicating that the student is not a dependent and was not claimed as an exemption on the previous year's income tax return.

Transcripts
Students who have satisfied all financial obligations to the University are entitled to an official transcript of their academic record, which they may order from the Registrar's Office. A fee is charged for all transcripts (see Service Fees under Tuition and Fees).

Except for internal educational uses, Northwestern University issues official transcripts only upon written authorization of the student concerned. Because of the confidential nature of a student's record, telephone requests for transcripts will not be accepted. Written requests should be submitted to the Registrar's Office.

Requests for transcripts initiated by persons or agencies other than the student or appropriate educational agencies will not be filled until written authorization has been secured from the student. When these requests can be anticipated, students can avoid delay by providing such authorization in advance.

Allow one week for a transcript to be issued at any time except between quarters, when three weeks is necessary.

Access to Student Records
Under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), all students have certain rights with regard to their educational records. A copy of Northwestern University's student records policy is available on the Web at www.nwu.edu/registrar/ferpa.

FERPA grants students the right to:
• Inspect and review their educational records at Northwestern University.
• Request an amendment of their records to ensure that the records are not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of privacy or other rights.
• Consent to disclosure of personally identifiable information contained in their educational records.
• File a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by Northwestern University to comply with FERPA requirements.

Academic Integrity
Academic integrity at Northwestern is based on a respect for individual achievement that lies at the heart of academic culture. Every faculty member and student, both graduate and undergraduate, belongs to a community of scholars where academic integrity is a fundamental commitment.

Students enrolled at Northwestern are expected to adhere to the University's standards of academic
integrity. Questions about the acceptability of specific behavior should be addressed to the appropriate faculty member or school dean. The following is a nonexhaustive list of types of behavior that violate the standards of academic integrity:

- **Cheating**: using unauthorized notes, study aids, or information on an examination; altering a graded work after it has been returned, then submitting the work for regrading; allowing another person to do one’s work and submitting that work under one’s own name; submitting identical or similar papers for credit in more than one course without prior permission from the course instructors

- **Plagiarism**: submitting material that in part or whole is not entirely one’s own work without attributing those same portions to their correct source (material discussing the use and acknowledgment of sources is available in the Office of the Provost)

- **Fabrication**: falsifying or inventing any information, data, or citation; presenting data that were not gathered in accordance with standard guidelines defining the appropriate methods for collecting or generating data and failing to include an accurate account of the method by which the data were gathered or collected

- **Obtaining an unfair advantage**: stealing, reproducing, circulating, or otherwise gaining access to examination materials prior to the time authorized by the instructor; stealing, destroying, defacing, or concealing library materials with the purpose of depriving others of their use; unauthorized collaborating on an academic assignment; retaining, possessing, using, or circulating previously given examination materials, where those materials clearly indicate that they are to be returned to the instructor at the conclusion of the examination; intentionally obstructing or interfering with another student’s academic work; otherwise undertaking activity with the purpose of creating or obtaining an unfair academic advantage over other students’ academic work

- **Aiding and abetting dishonesty**: providing material, information, or other assistance to another person with knowledge that such aid could be used in any of the violations stated above; providing false information in connection with any inquiry regarding academic integrity

- **Falsification of records and official documents**: altering documents affecting academic records; forging signatures of authorization or falsifying information on an official academic document, grade report, letter of permission, petition, drop/add form, ID card, or any other official University document

- **Unauthorized access to computerized academic or administrative records or systems**: viewing or altering computer records; modifying computer programs or systems; releasing or dispensing information gained via unauthorized access; interfering with the use or availability of computer systems or information

It is the responsibility of every member of the academic community to be familiar with the specific policies of his or her own school. Students who violate these policies are subject to penalties, including course failure and exclusion from the University. Students charged with academic dishonesty may not change their registration in a course in which the charge is pending or in which a finding of academic dishonesty has been made. Information on procedures that will be followed in cases of alleged dishonesty can be obtained from the dean’s office of each school. A complete statement of the University’s principles regarding academic integrity may be obtained from the Office of the Provost.

The student-faculty Undergraduate Academic Conduct Committee works to maintain a high level of academic integrity at Northwestern; on the request of the provost, that committee also hears appeals from students regarding school decisions concerning academic dishonesty. Such appeals must be in writing and include a detailed statement setting forth the grounds for the appeal. Appeals to the provost are limited to alleged errors in procedures, interpretation of regulations, or the question of whether a finding or sanction appears manifestly contrary to the evidence. The provost will receive appeals only after a sanction has been specified for the alleged violation; an appeal to the provost may concern the finding and/or the proposed sanction.

**Regular Examinations**

Regular course examinations are held during the last week of each quarter. Summer Session examinations are held at the times indicated in the quarterly *Class Schedule*. Students are responsible for determining the time and location of each examination. Early examinations are not permitted. Permission to be absent from the final examination is given by the instructor and the dean only for cause beyond the student’s control.
Normally such permission must be secured in advance of the date of the examination. Any deficiency must be made up before the end of the next quarter in which the student is in residence in any school of Northwestern University, or credit is forfeited. In no case may such a grade be made up after a lapse of one year.

**Makeup Examinations**
All undergraduate students in residence in any school of Northwestern University must make up grades of X (absent) and Y (incomplete) before the end of the next quarter, or credit is forfeited. Students not in residence may apply for a makeup examination. All such grades, however, must be made up within one year after the course was taken, or credit is forfeited. Permission to take a makeup examination to remove a grade of X must have the written approval of the instructor and the dean. Makeup examinations are conducted by the departments concerned early in each quarter. An application for a makeup examination must be filed several weeks in advance at the office of the school in which the course is offered. See the Class Schedule for exact dates the applications are due.

**Academic Standing**
The decision concerning the academic standing of a student is the responsibility of the faculty of the school in which the student is registered.

Academic probation constitutes notice of unsatisfactory academic performance; it is a warning that minimum standards for graduation are not being met. Unless a student demonstrates significant scholastic improvement during the period of probation and thereby indicates ability to fulfill degree requirements within a reasonable period of time, the student may be dismissed from the University. A student will be notified in writing no later than the middle of a term that, because of unsatisfactory work in a previous term or terms, he or she will be excluded in the event of unsatisfactory work during the term for which the notice is issued.

**Academic Probation**
The following are ordinarily placed on academic probation:
- Students who, in any quarter or Summer Session, have received final grades below C in two or more courses
- Sophomores, juniors, or seniors who have a cumulative academic record below a C average on all work attempted at Northwestern University
- Students who in each of two consecutive quarters have failed to complete at least three quarter-courses or the equivalent or who after six quarters of residence have failed, on account of dropped courses, failure, or uncompleted courses, to earn credit for an average of three quarter-courses for each quarter of residence
- Students who have failed to maintain a C average in the major or a professional field of study
  The faculty of each school may impose such additional conditions of academic probation as they may deem appropriate.

**Removal from Academic Probation**
Students on academic probation are ordinarily removed from probation if the deficiencies that resulted in probation have been remedied during the next succeeding quarter in residence. Students are rarely removed from probation on the basis of a program consisting of fewer than four courses graded on a basis other than the pass/no credit option.

If students on probation who receive grades of X or Y are not dismissed, probation continues until they have completed all courses or until the end of the next quarter in residence, when the students’ records are again subject to scrutiny.

In no case are students removed from probation at the end of a quarter in which they have failed any course.

**Academic Dismissal**
The following is a partial list of categories of students who may be dismissed for academic deficiencies (in every case the decision is determined in part by the student’s cumulative academic record):
- Students on academic probation whose academic records have not improved significantly during the period of probation (which will not normally exceed two consecutive quarters)
- Students not on academic probation who fail in half the work in any quarter or Summer Session
- Students who demonstrate flagrant neglect of academic work at any time
- Students who do not make satisfactory progress toward completion of degree requirements
As a matter of general policy, the probation period for a freshman may be extended to the third quarter of residence if such extension appears to be in the best interests of the student and the University. Such consideration is not granted to a freshman whose record clearly discloses lack of aptitude or flagrant neglect of work.

Disciplinary Dismissal
Students suspended from Northwestern by the University Hearing and Appeals Board may not receive credit for academic work at any other institution during the period of suspension.

Academic Advising
Academic advising is an essential component of an undergraduate education. All freshmen are assigned an academic adviser through their school. Upperclass students may obtain academic advice through their major department, from the dean’s office of their school, and — for issues that transcend school boundaries — through the University-wide Academic Advising Center, opening in fall 1999. For specialized academic advice — such as study abroad or preparation for medical or law school — consult the appropriate sources listed in the index.

Honors and Prizes

Honors and Prizes

Academic Honors
Degrees with honors are awarded to the top 16 percent of the graduating class of each undergraduate school, as determined by grades in all work at Northwestern University. Students in the highest 3 percent of the class are awarded degrees summa cum laude; those in the next 5 percent, magna cum laude; and those in the next 8 percent, cum laude.

Departmental honors may be granted to graduating seniors who have done outstanding work in a department in connection with a research project or an integrative type of work. Students are nominated for these honors by their departments. The faculty of the school concerned makes the final awards.

Prizes
Prizes established through gifts and endowments are awarded to undergraduate students at Northwestern. Some are all-University prizes, and others are available only to students registered in the school, department, or program that administers the awards.

Honorary Organizations
Students who qualify by reason of superior scholarship or outstanding achievement are eligible for membership in certain honorary societies. New members of the following organizations are announced in the annual Commencement program:

- Arts and Sciences: Phi Beta Kappa
- Engineering: Eta Kappa Nu, Kappa Theta Epsilon, Omega Chi Epsilon, Tau Beta Pi
- Journalism: Kappa Tau Alpha
- Music: Pi Kappa Lambda

Other honorary organizations in various fields include Alpha Kappa Delta, Alpha Lambda Delta, Den, Mortar Board, Norleggama, Orchesis, Phi Delta Kappa, Phi Eta Sigma, Pi Mu Epsilon, Sextant, and Shi-Ai. Additional professional and technical societies represented at Northwestern are identified in the Student Handbook.

Academic Options
For more detailed information about the following programs, see other sections of this catalog.

Accelerated Degree Programs

Honors Program in Medical Education
The Honors Program in Medical Education (HPME) provides an opportunity for highly talented high school seniors to be admitted simultaneously to an undergraduate program and to the Medical School and to complete their formal premedical and medical studies in seven years. Applicants should be able to qualify for advanced placement in chemistry, mathematics, and one of the humanities on the basis of superior achievement in high school. Each year about 60 freshmen are admitted to the program and to Weinberg College, the McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science, or the School of Speech. Only candidates applying directly from high school are considered.

The first three years of the program are spent on the Evanston campus in Weinberg College, the McCormick School, or the School of Speech, and the last four years at the Medical School on the Chicago campus. HPME students must complete 36 courses that meet the requirements for HPME students in one of the three undergraduate schools mentioned. They also are responsible for a University Enrollment Requirement of nine full-time quarters. Only courses...
taken at Northwestern or approved study abroad may be used to satisfy this enrollment policy.

During the first two years in Weinberg College, students take required courses in chemistry, physics, and the biological sciences. In addition, they take elective courses in the humanities, social sciences, and arts. The third year is usually devoted to advanced course work in the student’s area of concentration or major. This may be done as a senior concentration in a department or program, by studying abroad in a Northwestern-affiliated program, or by completing the requirements for a BA degree in Weinberg College. Students may also take an additional undergraduate year at Northwestern or elsewhere.

Students in the McCormick School spend three years pursuing an in-depth education in mathematics, the sciences, and engineering while taking core courses in biomedical engineering. To supplement their technical courses, students also take courses in humanities and the social sciences.

Speech students spend three years in the Department of Communication Sciences and Disorders, studying the anatomy and physiology of hearing, speech, and the central nervous system as it relates to cognition and memory. They have opportunities to learn how people of all ages hear, speak, and learn — both normally and in the presence of disabling conditions. The students also take courses in chemistry, physics, the biological sciences, the social sciences, and the humanities.

After completing the first three years, HPME students move to the Chicago campus as members of the Medical School first-year class, which includes students who have completed the traditional four years of premedical education. After successfully completing their first year at the Medical School, Weinberg College students who have not received a BA degree qualify for a bachelor of science in medicine and School of Speech students qualify for a bachelor of science in speech. After the second year of medical school, McCormick students qualify for a bachelor of science in medical engineering. At the end of seven years, all HPME students qualify for the doctor of medicine degree from the Medical School.

Before December 1, students who wish to be considered candidates for the HPME must return the card enclosed in the undergraduate application that reports their test scores and requests an HPME application. If the request is approved, the student is sent and must complete the special HPME application in addition to the regular application for admission to the Weinberg College, the McCormick School, or the School of Speech by the appropriate deadlines (see the Application and Testing Deadlines table on page 15).

**Integrated Science Program**

Northwestern University offers a highly selective undergraduate program of integrated science studies within Weinberg College. The Integrated Science Program (ISP) is designed for students with superior high school records and strong motivation in science and mathematics. Its special curriculum provides a thorough and rigorous background in the major scientific disciplines and mathematics. ISP can lead to a bachelor’s degree in three years or, after a fourth year at Northwestern, to a double major or an advanced degree.

Enrollment in ISP is limited to assure small class sizes. Selection is made on the basis of scholastic record, test scores, and recommendations. Background requirements are a year of calculus, a year of chemistry, and a year of physics. Students who wish to be considered for ISP should request the special ISP application and brochure in addition to the regular application from the Office of Undergraduate Admission. See Integrated Science Program in the Weinberg College section of this catalog.

**Four-Year Master’s Programs**

Combined bachelor’s/master’s degree programs enable exceptional undergraduates in Weinberg College, the School of Speech, and the McCormick School to receive both degrees in less than the usual time. The programs are highly demanding intellectually and require early commitment to a discipline and careful planning.

Except in the McCormick School, students receive a double count of nine credits that are applied toward both the bachelor’s and the master’s degrees.

The following departments and programs in Weinberg College and the School of Speech have combined degree programs approved by the Graduate School:

- Anthropology
- Chemistry
- Classics
- Economics
- French
30 Academic Options

• Geological sciences
• Linguistics
• Political science
• Sociology
• Statistics

The approved departmental programs vary, but they share a common goal: the selection and training of exceptional students. The programs also share several underlying premises. First, each department invites students to participate in the program. Students do not select themselves, though they may, of course, inquire about their eligibility. Second, selection by a department is a recommendation to the Graduate School for admission. Students are officially admitted to the Graduate School only after their credentials have been thoroughly reviewed and approved by the dean of the Graduate School.

For these reasons, students should be aware of guidelines used by the dean of the Graduate School and other guidelines affecting the operation of the program:
• No particular grade point average, however high, automatically entitles a student to participate in a combined degree program.
• Only one academic year — three quarters or two semesters or less — of transfer credit from another institution may be applied as credit toward the bachelor's portion of the combined degree, including credit for a junior year abroad. Any participating department may, if it desires, impose a more restrictive standard.
• A combined degree program requires a minimum of 12 full quarters of work. The master's portion must be completed during the final three contiguous quarters of registration, beginning with the fall quarter. In schools or departments of the University that operate on a four-quarter system, that is, that offer a full program during Summer Session staffed by the regular faculty, one Summer Session only may be counted toward fulfillment of the 12-quarter requirement. In schools of the University that do not operate on a four-quarter system, cases of one summer of credit will be considered on an ad hoc basis by petitioning the dean of the Graduate School.
• All requirements, both undergraduate and graduate, must be met by the conclusion of the fourth academic year. The bachelor's and master's degrees are awarded simultaneously.

• Both degrees will appear on a single transcript, as will the results of all work completed for both degrees.
• Continuation of graduate work at Northwestern by those who complete a combined degree program must receive separate approval by the department and the dean of the Graduate School.

Accelerated Master's Program in Journalism
Students who exhibit exceptional ability in undergraduate work in the Medill School of Journalism may apply to that school's graduate division for early admission to the graduate editorial program. This program allows students to qualify for bachelor of science in journalism and master of science in journalism degrees in 12 to 14 quarters of full-time study. Students apply for this program during their junior year; however, interested students are encouraged to begin planning for this option early in their undergraduate career. Information and admissions materials are available from the Medill Office of Graduate Admissions and Financial Aid. See Accelerated Master's Program in the Medill School section of this catalog.

Combined Bachelor's Programs

Combined Liberal Arts and Engineering Program
Qualified students may undertake a program to earn both a bachelor of arts in a liberal arts discipline from Weinberg College and a bachelor of science in an engineering field from the McCormick School. Students in this BA/BS program, which takes four or five years, must complete all requirements of both schools. To do the necessary planning, interested students should consult with the Weinberg College Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising and the Undergraduate Engineering Office at the McCormick School as soon as possible after enrolling at Northwestern. See Five-Year BA/BS in the McCormick School section of this catalog.

Combined Liberal Arts and Music Program
Students accepted into the combined Weinberg College–School of Music program may simultaneously earn a bachelor of arts degree from Weinberg College and a bachelor of music degree from the School of Music. They must complete all Weinberg College degree requirements, including at least 30 Weinberg College courses, as well as all School of Music bachelor of music degree requirements, including at least 30 music courses. Fulfilling both music and
Weinberg College requirements usually takes five years of full-time study, and a University Enrollment Requirement of 15 quarters is obligatory (see Financial Regulations).

Participants in this combined program must be accepted by both the School of Music and Weinberg College. Interested students should consult with the associate dean for undergraduate studies in Weinberg College and the director of admissions in the School of Music.

**Combined Music and Engineering Program**

Students accepted into the combined McCormick School–School of Music program may simultaneously earn a bachelor of science degree from the McCormick School and a bachelor of music or bachelor of arts in music degree from the School of Music. They must complete all McCormick School degree requirements, including at least 36 McCormick courses, as well as all School of Music degree requirements, including at least 32 music courses. Fulfilling both music and engineering requirements usually takes five years of full-time study, and a University Enrollment Requirement of 15 quarters is obligatory (see Financial Regulations).

Participants in this combined program must be accepted by both the School of Music and the McCormick School. Interested students should consult with the Undergraduate Engineering Office in the McCormick School and the director of admissions in the School of Music.

**Interdisciplinary Study**

**Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences Program**

The Program in Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences (MMSS) in Weinberg College enables students to combine the study of social sciences with training in formal analytical methods. The program is intended for students with high mathematical aptitude and strong interest in social problems and issues, including policy and research implications.

Admission to the MMSS is very selective; it is limited to entering freshmen and students beginning their sophomore year who have earned superior academic records and demonstrated strong aptitude in mathematics. Prerequisite for admission consideration is a full-year course in calculus. See Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences in the Weinberg College section of this catalog.

**Integrated Science Program**

See Accelerated Degree Programs.

**Interschool Programs**

Students in any undergraduate school may enroll in the Undergraduate Leadership Program. All undergraduates may enroll in the International Studies Program as an adjunct major. Students in Weinberg College and the Schools of Music and Speech also are eligible for the Integrated Arts Program. The Music Theatre Program is open to School of Music voice majors and School of Speech theater majors. (See Other Undergraduate Programs.)

Undergraduates in other schools may enroll in Weinberg College minor programs. (See Minors under Special Opportunities in the Weinberg College section of this catalog.)

**Center for the Writing Arts**

Northwestern's Center for the Writing Arts sponsors a number of programs as well as a series of courses designed to highlight the University's commitment to excellence in writing. Many of the courses are taught by visiting professional writers. (See Other Undergraduate Programs.)

**McCormick School Honors Programs**

**Honors Program in Undergraduate Research**

The Honors Program in Undergraduate Research in the McCormick School provides an unusual opportunity for prospective freshmen with superior motivation and scholastic credentials to be admitted to work with an engineering faculty mentor/adviser in a challenging research project, beginning in the first year and continuing throughout the undergraduate years.

Students may request the names and current research interests of participating faculty, enabling them to apply to a project of their choice. With the participation of a faculty sponsor, students will be selected for the program based on their high school records; SAT I or ACT, SAT II, and Advanced Placement test scores; and, usually, an interview. Interested students may request an application and additional information from the McCormick School Undergraduate Engineering Office. (See Honors Program in Undergraduate Research in the McCormick School section of this catalog.)
Honors Program in Engineering and Education
The Honors Program in Engineering and Education is designed for students who have a strong interest in education and training as well as in science, mathematics, and engineering. Students join the program in the belief that a more technical background will give them an advantage in the research and development of educational software or in the understanding and enhancement of human learning in the classroom or workplace.

The program provides undergraduate engineering students possessing strong academic credentials and some advanced placement the opportunity to complete in five years an MA in learning sciences and a BS in engineering. Students also gain industrial and/or research experience related to their area of specialty.

High school students may apply to this program when they apply to the University. McCormick students may apply to the program during their junior year. All applications are reviewed by a committee of faculty and co-op engineering employers, who provide the industrial experience for participants.

Honors Program in Engineering and Journalism
The Honors Program in Engineering and Journalism is intended to prepare exceptional students for communications careers emphasizing engineering, science, and technology. This joint program with the Medill School of Journalism involves completing a BS in engineering and an MS in journalism. Although the program normally requires five years of study, unusually capable students may be able to shorten the time through use of advanced placement credits and accelerated scheduling. To be considered for the program, applicants to Northwestern complete a special questionnaire that is evaluated by a Medill faculty panel. (See Honors program in Engineering and Journalism in the McCormick section of this catalog.)

Honors Program in Engineering and Law
The Honors Program in Engineering and Law combines a Northwestern engineering degree, on-the-job work through the McCormick School co-op program, and provisional admission to Northwestern University School of Law. Among the careers for which the program is unusually valuable are those in technology-intensive businesses and intellectual property, including patents. The undergraduate portion of the program is four years, including five academic quarters of co-op work. Students must maintain a 3.25 undergraduate GPA. They take the LSAT at the beginning of their junior year and are expected to score at or above the median of the previous year's entering law class. Their admission to the law school is reviewed late in the junior year.

Honors Program in Engineering and Management
Honors students are eligible to participate in a joint program of the McCormick School and the Kellogg Graduate School of Management. High school students with superior scholastic credentials and strong motivation for study beyond the bachelor's degree may be admitted to an undergraduate engineering program at the McCormick School and also granted deferred admission to the Kellogg School.

Interested students should request an application and additional information from the McCormick School Undergraduate Engineering Office. (See Honors Program in Engineering and Management in the McCormick School section of this catalog.)

Weinberg College Honors Programs
The Honors Program in Medical Education, the Integrated Science Program, and the Program in Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences are described above. Several Weinberg College majors, e.g., American studies and the Honors in English program, are special-admission majors; see the Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences section of this catalog.

Weinberg College Scholars Program
Students who demonstrate exceptional promise for independent work in any field, discipline, or area represented in Weinberg College may be asked to participate in the Weinberg College Scholars Program. Participation is by invitation of the faculty board of the program at the time of admission to Weinberg College or at the end of the freshman year and normally continues throughout the student's undergraduate career. Upon acceptance to the college, potential Weinberg College Scholars are invited to visit the campus and discuss with the director and potential faculty mentors the possibilities available to them.

In addition to completing the requirements for a degree in Weinberg College, participants also are assigned a special faculty mentor (or succession of mentors) to help them in shaping an individualized
Academic Options

Each scholar has access to a research fund to support this course of study and associated summer or travel expenses; the seminars, lectures, and other activities of such facilities as the Kaplan Center for the Humanities and the International Studies Program; and additional advising and other assistance from the director of the program.

Mentors in the Weinberg College Scholars Program are chosen from the faculty on the basis of outstanding scholarship in a field appropriate to a scholar’s interest and demonstrated aptitude for working with bright, highly motivated undergraduates.

Formal Options

**Pass/No Credit (P/N)**
The P (pass) or N (no credit) option allows students to explore fields beyond the areas of their specialization without concern about grade point average. Many undergraduate courses are open to the P/N option. For information about a particular school’s P/N policy, see that school’s section in this catalog.

**Student Organized Seminars (SOS)**
Students who wish to pursue studies not included in the catalog may plan and initiate their own courses under the supervision of sponsoring faculty members. SOS credit courses may be developed in all undergraduate schools except the Medill School of Journalism.

**Residential College Tutorials**
With the sponsorship and participation of a faculty member, students in a Residential College may organize a course on a topic of special interest. Proposals must be approved by the dean’s office of the appropriate school, and enrollment is normally limited to up to 10 members of the Residential College.

**Independent Study (399)**
Many departments offer undergraduate seminars and independent studies for qualified students. A 399 course in any department enables a student to engage in individual special study and research, which may involve work in a laboratory or library, fieldwork outside the University, or the creation of a work of art. The maximum credit a student may receive for 399 (or equivalent independent study) during any one quarter is two units.

**Double Major**
A double major is available to all students who complete a full major program in two departments.

**Self-Designed Major**
A self-designed major permits all students, with the permission of the school’s curriculum committee or dean, to concentrate advanced study in an area other than one of those recognized through a departmental or interdisciplinary major. This option is identified as an ad hoc major in Weinberg College, the interdepartmental studies major in the School of Speech, and the Combined Studies Program in the McCormick School.

**Departmental Honors Programs**
Departmental honors programs are available to students through most departments of Weinberg College, most departments in the School of Speech, and all departments of the McCormick School and the School of Education and Social Policy. They involve advanced study through special undergraduate seminars or graduate courses and/or independent work under faculty supervision.

**Teacher Certification**
Weinberg College students also may complete the requirements of the secondary teaching program and qualify for Illinois state certification. See Teacher Certification at Northwestern in the School of Education and Social Policy section.

**Off-Campus Programs**

**Field Study**
Many off-campus field studies, internships, and research opportunities sponsored by various schools and departments are available to Northwestern students. The programs vary greatly: Some carry academic credit; some are undertaken in conjunction with a class or seminar; some make provision for a stipend; some entail living away from campus.

Following is a representative list of field studies programs with their sponsoring school, department, or program:

- Chicago Field Studies Internship (arts and sciences)
- Communication Studies Field Studies Program (communication studies)
- Education and Social Policy Practicum (education and social policy)
programs during the academic year remain registered at Northwestern. Students in affiliated programs are eligible to receive financial aid through Northwestern. Students in approved or ad hoc programs are eligible for partial financial aid.

Qualified students may also participate in non-affiliated foreign study programs that have been preapproved by Northwestern. Students may also request permission to transfer credit from ad hoc programs.

Since foreign study often requires special language or other preparation, students interested in study abroad are urged to consult with the Study Abroad Office early in their Northwestern careers. The office sponsors special workshops each quarter.

- Internships in the Arts (art history)
- Internships in Business Institutions (business institutions)
- Internships in Environmental Sciences (environmental sciences)
- Internships in the Humanities (Alice Berline Kaplan Center for the Humanities)
- Internships in Media Production (radio/television/film)
- Internship in Women's Services (women's studies)
- Northwestern Archaeological Field School (anthropology)
- Performance Studies Field Studies (performance studies)
- Political Campaigning (political science)
- Professional Apprenticeship in Music Education (music)
- Teaching Magazine Program (journalism)
- Teaching Newspaper Program (journalism)
- Teaching Practicum (education and social policy)
- Teaching Television Program (journalism)
- Theatre Field Studies (theater)
- Walter P. Murphy Cooperative Engineering Education Program (engineering)

**Study Abroad**

Northwestern encourages qualified students to pursue study abroad when such study promises to enrich their academic program. The Study Abroad Office provides information and advising services to students who wish to transfer credit earned through foreign study. Students must receive the permission of the University Study Abroad Committee and the Study Abroad Office prior to embarking on a foreign study program. Students also are required to review their plans with the dean's office of the school in which they are registered. In most cases, a study abroad administrative fee is charged for the transfer of credit earned through study abroad.

Most Northwestern students studying abroad do so in one of the University’s affiliated or approved foreign study programs. Affiliated or approved programs are currently available in the following countries: Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Chile, China, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Egypt, England, France, Germany, Ghana, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Nepal, Nicaragua, Russia, Scotland, South Africa, Spain, Tanzania, Tibet, and Vietnam. Students participating in affiliated, approved, or ad hoc study abroad
Undergraduate Schools and Courses

Key to Course Numbers

Changes
Because the University’s course numbering system is changing in fall 1999, this catalog contains both new and old numbers. The new numbers are used in all places. In the course listings, the old numbers also appear in parentheses.

Although the course numbers in this catalog are as complete and exact as is possible at the time of printing, some changes may occur later, and courses may be dropped or added. The official Class Schedule issued for each quarter contains a complete and updated listing of courses for that quarter. The University reserves the right to cancel courses for which registration is not sufficient.

Course Credits and Quarters
Daytime work in all the schools on the Evanston campus is on the quarter system. A quarter-course, the unit of instruction, is the work done in a class meeting at least three hours per week and carries the value of one unit of credit. Exceptions are courses meeting fewer than three hours per week, which may carry less than one unit, and 15-week courses, which carry 1.5 units. A quarter-course is the equivalent of 2²/₃ semester hours. (For transfer to other institutions or for certification stated in credit hours, undergraduates may consider a quarter-course equivalent to four quarter hours of credit.)

Summer Session combines the course offerings of University College, which is on the semester system, and the schools on the Evanston campus, which are on the quarter system. (For transfer credit, courses taken during Summer Session are the equivalent of four quarter hours or three semester hours.)

Numbering System
Three sets of characters denote all courses in the new numbering system:

- The first set is the subject code indicating the area of study. (Letters replace the numeric code previously used to designate school or department and subject area.)
- The second set is a three-digit course number: 100-level courses (previously A-level) are primarily for freshmen and sophomores, usually without college prerequisite. 200-level courses (previously B-level) are primarily for freshmen, sophomores, and juniors, sometimes with the prerequisite of a 100-level course in the same or a related department. 300-level courses (previously C-level) are primarily for upperclass students, with the prerequisite of junior standing or a 100- or 200-level course in the same or a related department. 400-level courses or seminars (previously D-level), in which the major part of the work is not research, are primarily for graduate students; they may be open to advanced undergraduate students with permission. 500-level courses or seminars (previously E-level) are graduate courses in which the work is primarily research.
- The third set (one, two, or more numbers) usually indicates whether the course is part of a sequence. -0 = one-quarter course -1,2 = two-quarter sequence -1,2,3 = three-quarter sequence Special characters may identify certain groups of courses. See departmental listings for details.

If a course carries less or more than one unit of credit, the number of units follows the course title in parentheses — e.g., (1.5) = 1.5 units of credit.
Judd A. and Marjorie Weinberg
College of Arts and Sciences

The Judd A. and Marjorie Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences — oldest of Northwestern's 12 schools — has been at the center of the University's academic and intellectual life since 1851. Weinberg College offers a liberal arts education that combines broad exposure to the insights and methods of the principal academic disciplines with focused study in one or more areas. The college faculty of more than 400 women and men is dedicated to superior teaching informed by advanced research. Nearly all members of the faculty, including the most senior, regularly teach undergraduates in a curriculum consisting of more than 2,000 courses as well as tutorials, laboratory rotations, internships, and other individualized forms of instruction. The 3,600 undergraduates and 1,200 graduate students in arts and sciences enjoy a great deal of choice, with access to 25 departments and more than a dozen interdisciplinary programs offering majors and minors.

A liberal arts education in Weinberg College emphasizes the ability to reason clearly, to extract the essential significance of large bodies of information, to apply general principles in new contexts, to communicate effectively, and to be sensitive to human creativity and morality. Required course work in several disciplines provides an overview of the complexity of the world and different ways of apprehending and solving problems. These foundational courses examine how scholars from many backgrounds confront fundamental issues and how social conditions shape their inquiries. Proficiency in composition and competence in a foreign language build communication skills and expand the capability to study another culture, while intensive course work in a required major or optional minor develops an understanding of advanced concepts and lays the groundwork for original research. Many areas of the curriculum encourage interdisciplinary study that integrates the approaches of different fields and enhances the ability to address questions that cross traditional academic boundaries. A period of study abroad is also encouraged to develop firsthand knowledge of other cultures and greater intellectual and personal independence.

Weinberg College promotes participatory learning that begins in the first year of study in required freshman seminars and continues in junior tutorials, senior linkage and honors seminars, laboratory experiences, internships, and other small-group or individualized instruction. Students can experience the excitement of discovery in the sciences, humanities, and social sciences not only through lectures by faculty working at the forefront of their fields but also through special projects developed under faculty guidance or by assisting faculty in their research. Northwestern's strong undergraduate preprofessional schools offer liberal arts students unusual opportunities to extend their interdisciplinary studies and to pursue applied work in several areas, in some cases leading to a special concentration or certification. The University's outstanding libraries, research centers, and graduate professional schools further support and enrich the educational pursuits of liberal arts undergraduates.

Academic Policies

Program of Study for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts

Weinberg College offers courses of study in the arts and sciences leading to the degree of bachelor of arts. Students have extensive flexibility in structuring their academic programs within the framework of general education and major requirements specified in the following section. Guidance in planning a coherent personal curriculum is available in several places. General advising is centered in the college's Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising, where faculty advisers are available throughout the year to assist students in all aspects of academic and career planning. Each freshman is assigned a freshman adviser who, whenever possible, is the student's instructor in a fall quarter freshman seminar and is in the student's area of general academic interest. Each Weinberg department and program has a corps of faculty advisers.
who counsel all undergraduates about course selection, majors and minors, and career opportunities in their particular area.

Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts
Candidates for the bachelor of arts degree must complete 45 quarter-courses and fulfill the residence and grade requirements described below. First-year students must take two freshman seminars. Before graduation, all students must demonstrate proficiency in writing and competence in a classical or modern foreign language. They must satisfy distribution requirements by taking at least two approved courses in each of six major areas of intellectual inquiry and complete the requirements of a major in one of the departments or programs of Weinberg College.

Freshman Seminar Requirement
Freshman seminars, offered by nearly all departments in Weinberg College, are small, discussion-oriented courses designed to develop basic intellectual skills: how to read critically, think logically, and communicate effectively, typically through the investigation of a specific theme or issue. Freshman seminars are limited to 15 students to encourage discussion, and each seminar requires considerable expository writing — usually a minimum of 15–20 typed pages per quarter. These seminars ordinarily supplement rather than replace standard introductory courses and usually do not provide the preparation necessary for advanced work in a departmental program.

Every Weinberg freshman is required to complete two freshman seminars. To ensure that class sizes are limited and that registrations are equally distributed, the college specifies the two quarters in which each student will take the seminars. P/N registration is not allowed in freshman seminars (see Pass/No Credit Option in this section of the catalog).

Writing Proficiency Requirement
The writing proficiency requirement has two parts: passing a writing proficiency examination (or having the examination waived on the basis of test scores) and writing satisfactorily in courses taken at Northwestern. Freshman seminar instructors make the initial evaluation of writing in courses. Students who do not write well on the exam, in their freshman seminars, or in other courses may be asked to take ENGLISH 105 Expository Writing. Courses in expository writing and intermediate composition are available for all students who wish to increase their skill and confidence in writing.

Foreign Language Requirement
Before graduation students must demonstrate proficiency in a classical or modern foreign language equivalent to the work covered in a second-year, college-level course. Language proficiency may be demonstrated by achieving a score designated by the Weinberg College Council on Language Instruction on a College Entrance Examination Board Advanced Placement Examination, by passing a proficiency examination administered at Northwestern during New Student Week and periodically thereafter through the school year (language departments may impose a limit on the number of times a proficiency examination may be taken), or by successfully completing course work designated by the Council on Language Instruction.

Students who believe they are proficient in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and the culture of a language not regularly taught at Northwestern may petition the Council on Language Instruction for a proficiency examination in that language. Petitions are available in the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising and must be filed during a student's first quarter. In certain extraordinary cases of certified learning disability directly related to foreign language acquisition, the Council on Language Instruction may authorize a substitute for the proficiency requirement. The council will not, however, simply excuse a student from the foreign language requirement.

Distribution Requirements
To ensure breadth of education, Weinberg College students must take two quarter-courses in each of the six distribution areas listed below. The list of courses that satisfy the distribution requirements is established by a Weinberg College faculty committee. The list changes from year to year; a course must appear on the list for the year in which it was taken in order to satisfy these requirements. A current list is available in the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising.

- I. Natural Sciences
  Courses in this area introduce methods of inquiry and fundamental concepts in the natural sciences.

- II. Formal Studies
  Courses in this area introduce concepts, methods, and use of formal rules of inference in mathematics, statistics, computer science, logic, linguistics, and cognate areas by showing how objects of thought
and experience and their relationships can be analyzed in formal terms.

• III. Social and Behavioral Sciences
  Courses in this area introduce the theories, methods, and findings of empirical research on human behavior and its relation to social, cultural, economic, and political groups and institutions.

• IV. Historical Studies
  Courses in this area introduce the chronological development and historical relationships in cultural, social, political, economic, and military affairs in a broad temporal perspective.

• V. Values
  Courses in this area introduce the analysis of moral, social, and religious values and how they have developed.

• VI. Literature and Fine Arts
  Courses in this area foster understanding of how the attitudes, ideas, and values of individuals, groups, societies, or cultures are represented in their literature, arts, and creative activities.

  As many as six of these distribution requirements may be satisfied by achieving sufficient scores on College Entrance Examination Board Advanced Placement or higher level International Baccalaureate examinations. A list of qualifying scores and tests as well as detailed information concerning the distribution requirements are available from the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising.

Major Study Requirement
All students must fulfill the requirements of a major, which must be declared by the end of the sophomore year. Majors are declared by meeting with the designated adviser in the department or program offering the major; at that meeting a course plan is developed and a Declaration of Major form is completed.

Students may pursue two or more majors by completing each department’s major requirements. With limited exceptions in certain formal dual-major programs, the same course may not be applied to the major requirements of two departments. However, a course used as a major course in one department may also fulfill a related course requirement for another major program.

A student may elect a major from among the following options:

• Departmental Major
  Each department offers one or more programs of specialization, which are described in detail immediately preceding the departmental course offerings in this catalog.

• Area or Interdisciplinary Major
  The college offers 13 interdisciplinary majors that apply the approaches of several departments to certain scientific, cultural, and political areas. These programs, described in the corresponding entries, are American studies, Asian studies, cognitive science, comparative literary studies, computing and information systems, drama, environmental sciences, geography, integrated science, international studies, mathematical methods in the social sciences, urban studies, and women’s studies. American studies, integrated science, and mathematical methods in the social sciences are limited-admission majors that require a special application, as does the writing major in the English department. Geography, international studies, mathematical methods in the social sciences, urban studies, and women’s studies are available only as adjunct majors (that is, in conjunction with a second major).

• Ad Hoc Major
  Occasionally students with well-defined interests are led to programs of study that do not fit neatly into the mold of a traditional major. They may develop an ad hoc major by bringing together courses from various departments. Ad hoc majors must be approved by the faculty’s Curricular Review Committee. Ad hoc majors approved in recent years include the history of medicine, ethnomusicology, and American social dynamics; there is an established curriculum for the ad hoc major in neuroscience. For more information, see the assistant dean for curriculum in the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising.

Residence and Grade Requirements
Of the required 45 quarter-courses, the last 23 must be taken while students are enrolled as undergraduates at Northwestern. During the last three quarters preceding the granting of the BA degree, students must be enrolled in Weinberg College and in course work offered by faculty of the University.
Pass/No Credit Option

Full-time students in Weinberg College are permitted to enroll in a limited number of courses with the understanding that they will receive in place of a regular letter grade the notation P (pass) or N (no credit), neither of which counts in the student’s grade point average. No more than one course per quarter and six courses in all may be taken under this P/N option. No more than one-fifth of the total courses taken at Northwestern and offered for graduation may have grades of P or D. Courses used to satisfy the distribution, foreign language, and freshman seminar requirements cannot be taken P/N.

While some other undergraduate schools of the University offer a Target Grade–P/N registration option, such registration is not available for courses offered by Weinberg College. Special rules govern registrations by Weinberg College students in courses of the undergraduate schools where this plan is available as well as by non–Weinberg College students who transfer into the college. Questions concerning this policy should be addressed to the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising.

Students must achieve a grade point average of C (2.0) or higher in courses offered to meet degree requirements. No work passed with a grade of D or P counts toward a major or minor (including any course prerequisite to a course required in the departmental unit or any related course), and a grade of C− or higher must be earned in the last course in a sequence taken to fulfill the foreign language requirement. Transfer students must complete the equivalent of at least four one-quarter upperclass (300-level) courses at Northwestern in the department of their major.

In addition to and independent of the requirements set by Weinberg College, all students must satisfy the University Enrollment Requirement (see Financial Regulations).

Registration in Courses in Other Undergraduate Schools of the University and at Other Universities

Weinberg College students may take advantage of Northwestern’s undergraduate preprofessional schools to take as many as 11 of their required quarter-courses; of those 11, up to 3 may be instruction in applied music. Dual registration in University College is included in this restriction. A student desiring to take more than 2 courses outside Weinberg College in a given quarter must obtain the advance consent of the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising.

Courses taken in University College can be counted toward the BA degree only if they are similar to those offered in the regular curricula of the Evanston undergraduate schools. This determination is made by the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising.

No credit is given for shop work, individual instruction in speech, correspondence courses, or course work in music education or physical education.

No more than 4 of the required 45 quarter-courses may come from the offerings of the programs of Aerospace Studies, Military Science, or Naval Science. With the prior approval of the University Study Abroad Committee or the faculty, qualified students may study abroad or undertake work at another institution in the summer. Students should consult with the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising concerning limitations on the amount of non-Northwestern credit that may be used toward the BA degree and with the Registrar’s Office concerning limitations on the amount of such credit that may be used towards the University Enrollment Requirement.

Special Opportunities

Junior Year Tutorials

These tutorial classes for juniors, always with fewer than eight students, emphasize intense intellectual exchange and detailed mastery of texts and concepts. They develop critical skills, including research design if appropriate, through mutual criticism and practice in written and oral communication. Recent tutorials have included British Science Fiction (English), Masculinity and the Politics of Abortion (sociology), Philosophy of Language: The Question of Origins and Ends (philosophy), and The Life and Work of W. E. B. DuBois (history).

Senior Linkage Seminars

In their senior year, undergraduates may take specially designed linkage seminars that approach social and work-related concerns through the eyes of an accomplished nonacademic professional with an affinity for the liberal arts and a gift for intellectual inquiry. These seminars link liberal education to professional issues, illustrating how theory and practice affect and enrich one another. In this way, they focus on the transition from the academic to the nonacademic
world. Topics have included philosophy in the practice of medicine, the role of nonprofit organizations in American society, public policy in science and technology, and women and sexual violence. Linkage seminars are announced to Weinberg College seniors before registration each quarter.

**Undergraduate Seminars and Independent Study**

By departmental invitation, seniors may take 398 Undergraduate Seminar in one or more quarters, up to a maximum of four quarter-courses.

Seniors, as well as juniors with excellent records, may register for 399 Independent Study under the supervision of a faculty member. During the quarter before enrolling in 399, students must submit to the department for approval a detailed description of the work they will undertake and the basis for its evaluation. At the completion of the course, they also must submit an abstract of the completed work to the department, where the description and the abstract are filed.

Students may not register for more than two credits of 399 in a quarter. No more than nine quarters of 398 and 399 can be presented as credit for graduation. Certain independent study courses offered by some departments with course numbers different from 398 and 399 are also subject to these restrictions.

**Honors**

Each major in Weinberg College offers an honors program leading to the award, at graduation, of departmental honors to seniors with outstanding achievement in connection with a research project or other integrative type of work. Although the detailed criteria vary somewhat by major (and may be consulted under the listings of individual departments and programs), all share certain features.

Students recommended for departmental honors must have completed with distinction both such regular courses as may be required of them by their major and at least two quarters of 398 or 399 or their equivalent or 400-level courses or some combination thereof. The honors project must result in a research report, thesis, or other tangible record; course work alone, such as completion of 400-level courses, is not sufficient. Simple data collection, computer programming, analysis of data with canned programs, and summaries of primary or secondary sources are not alone bases for the award of departmental honors.

Each major has an undergraduate honors committee responsible for administering its honors program and for preparing the final recommendations for honors that are submitted in May to the Weinberg College Committee on Superior Students and Honors. Students are proposed for honors by the faculty adviser, who writes a letter describing and evaluating the student project. Additional evaluative letters giving independent and substantive judgments of the project must be submitted by faculty members unconnected with the student's project. The departmental honors committee reviews all nominations for departmental honors in a given year during spring quarter and takes a separate recorded vote on each candidate. Approved nominations are then forwarded to the Committee on Superior Students and Honors for final review.

**Minors**

Students may choose to pursue one of 40 minors or minor concentrations currently offered in Weinberg College as well as the interschool Integrated Arts minor (see Other Undergraduate Programs). Specific minor requirements are given under the appropriate headings in this catalog. Completion of a minor is optional and not a degree requirement, and no more than one minor or minor concentration may be pursued and listed on a student's transcript. Except as explicitly stated and in the case of related courses, courses used to fulfill requirements for the student's major(s) may not be used to fulfill the requirements for the minor.

**Concentrations in the School of Music and the School of Speech for Weinberg College Students**

Students in Weinberg College may elect to pursue a special concentration in music studies offered by the School of Music or one of four special concentrations offered by the School of Speech. These special curriculum concentrations, consisting of five to six courses, have limited enrollment and are available only to Weinberg College students. More information is available at the Weinberg College Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising.

**Preprofessional Study**

Weinberg College offers its students excellent preparation for subsequent training in professions such as law, medicine, and management. Each year many graduates pursue professional study in these areas. Other students enter the work force directly.
All majors can furnish suitable preparation for professional schools, provided appropriate courses are included in the student’s course of study. However, no major is intended solely as preprofessional training. The college advisers in the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising help students design academic programs that combine the breadth of a liberal arts education with adequate preparation for further professional study. The Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising has prepared pamphlets describing in detail the admission requirements of graduate professional schools and the ways in which those requirements can be met at Northwestern.

**Academic Options**

**Combined Bachelor’s and Master’s Degree Programs**

Exceptional undergraduates may be able to earn both a bachelor’s degree and a master’s degree in four years of study in the following departments: anthropology, chemistry, classics, economics, French, geological sciences, linguistics, political science, sociology, and statistics. Students are admitted to these programs only by invitation of the department and with the approval of the Graduate School. (See Academic Options in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.)

**Combined Weinberg College–Medical School Program**

The Honors Program in Medical Education (HPME) is designed for unusually gifted high school students who seek a career in medicine or medical science. It provides a plan whereby students entering Northwestern are admitted simultaneously to Weinberg College and to the Medical School. HPME students then participate in a challenging program, with the first three years in undergraduate study and the last four years in the Medical School, thus reducing the period of formal training by at least one year.

Students in HPME must successfully complete 36 quarter-courses while in Weinberg College and complete a University Enrollment Requirement of nine quarters. The course requirement includes 11 prescribed science courses. Selection of the remaining 25 courses depends on the curriculum chosen by the student. Options include completion of a BA degree, a senior concentration, or study abroad in a Northwestern-affiliated, ad hoc, or other program approved by the University Study Abroad Committee. Further information can be obtained from the premedical adviser in the Office of Undergraduate Studies and Advising.

**Combined Weinberg College–School of Music Program**

Students accepted into the combined Weinberg College–School of Music program may simultaneously earn a BA degree from the college and a BMus degree from the School of Music. They must complete all Weinberg College degree requirements, including at least 30 Weinberg College courses, as well as all requirements for the bachelor of music degree in the School of Music, including at least 30 music courses. Fulfilling both Weinberg College and School of Music requirements usually takes five years of full-time study, and a University Enrollment Requirement of 15 quarters is obligatory.

Participants in this combined program must be accepted by both the School of Music and Weinberg College. Interested students should consult with the associate dean for undergraduate studies in Weinberg College and the director of admissions in the School of Music for current information.

**Teaching Certification**

Students enrolled in a number of departments of Weinberg College may simultaneously pursue secondary teaching certification through the School of Education and Social Policy. Areas of certification are art, biological sciences, chemistry, economics with history, English, French, German, history, Latin, mathematics, physics, political science with history, sociology with history, and Spanish.

Majors in the certification areas who wish to be considered for teaching certification must apply, be admitted to, and complete all requirements of the Secondary Teaching Program as described in the School of Education and Social Policy section of this catalog. Application should be made with the Office of Student Affairs in the School of Education and Social Policy.

**Other Undergraduate Programs**

Weinberg College students may enroll in courses offered by the interschool Undergraduate Leadership Program as well as those offered by several other interschool programs administered by the college, including the Center for the Writing Arts, the Integrated Arts minor, and the International Studies.
adjunct major (see the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog).

Study Abroad
Weinberg College students may study abroad, both in programs that are affiliated with Northwestern and those that are not. Prior approval is required in order to receive credit for any study abroad other than the summer programs in Mexico and Quebec operated by the Committee on Institutional Cooperation (consisting of the 11 Big Ten universities and the University of Chicago).

The philosophy of the college is that the best foreign study experiences combine strong academic programs with a significant opportunity for immersion in the culture of the host country. For that reason, the college encourages students who study abroad to do so for a full academic year. Complete study abroad information is available from the Study Abroad Office.

General Studies
These interdivisional courses are open to all qualified students.

GEN LA 280-7 (401-B80-7) Residential College Tutorial
A seminar for members of a residential college on a theme of common interest, meeting in the residential college and often directed by one of its faculty associates. Enrollment is normally limited to nine students. Proposals for tutorials must be approved by the associate dean for undergraduate studies of Weinberg College.

GEN LA 298-0 (401-B98-0) Student Organized Seminars
Students who desire to study topics in arts and sciences that are not covered in the college's course offerings may initiate their own courses under the supervision of sponsoring faculty members. Enrollment in these seminar courses is limited to 20 students. The student organizer or organizers must, in consultation with the faculty sponsor, prepare a plan for the seminar and submit it to the associate dean for undergraduate studies before the middle of the quarter preceding the quarter in which the seminar is held. The plan must include a topic description, a reading list, specification of the work that will be graded (such as term papers and written examinations), prerequisites, and the meeting schedule. The associate dean for undergraduate studies forwards proposals to the Curricular Review Committee of the college, which must review and approve all seminars to be offered. Students may enroll in only one Student Organized Seminar per quarter, and enrollment must be on the P/N basis. Weinberg College students interested in organizing a seminar should consult the associate dean for undergraduate studies for further details.

GEN LA 393-0 (401-C93-0) Chicago Field Studies
Internship (4 units) Full-time participant-observer experience in Chicago-area political, planning, and policy organizations; service, civic, and community institutions; groups committed to social change. Placement of students in responsible volunteer positions; “real world” mode of inquiry complementing conventional campus-based and outside-observer approaches to understanding urban processes. Number of credits applicable toward the major, if any, determined by student's department. Prerequisite: consent of program director.

African American Studies
The study of the African American experience has a very long and distinguished history in the United States. The field has developed exciting insights as well as firm intellectual and empirical foundations for the systematic study of the African American experience and, through such study, for a greater understanding of the larger American experience. From its beginnings, the field has been strongly interdisciplinary, bringing the perspectives of different disciplines to bear on understanding black life. The Department of African American Studies exemplifies these traditions and strengths, and through its courses provides students the opportunity to explore the richness and diversity of the African American experience in a meaningful and coherent way.

The primary focus of courses in the department is on blacks in the United States. At the same time, because of the scope and importance of the African diaspora throughout the New World, serious attention is also given to peoples of African descent in the Caribbean and in Latin America. Many courses in the department compare the black experience in one part of the New World with that in another as well as with that of other racial minorities in the New World. This broad study of the African American experience is one of the key features of the department, one that distinguishes it from similar departments in other institutions. Other major themes in the department’s curriculum include the nature of colonization and its impact on the colonizer and on the colonized; racism and its effects on society as well as on scholarship; the importance of oral language, history, and tradition in the African American experience; the roots and development of African American music, literature, and religious styles; and analysis of key institutions such as the family.
African American studies provides good preparation for graduate work in the social sciences, the humanities, and the professions as well as for jobs and careers in a variety of fields. Education, law, journalism, urban planning, health-care delivery and administration, business, social work, and politics are only a few of the fields for which African American studies provides an excellent background. In addition, since considerable attention is being paid by scholars and political leaders to the Caribbean and Latin America as well as to blacks and other minorities in the United States, students of African American studies will enter a field that touches on issues of far-reaching national and international significance.

The major and minor in African American studies are currently undergoing revision; please consult the department for the most up-to-date information.

Major in African American Studies

Departmental courses

Core courses: 210-1,2; 225; 236-1,2

Concentration: in addition to the core sequence, five courses selected from one of the following areas:
- Social and behavioral studies: 320 and four other courses, one of which includes data handling and analysis
- Historical and comparative studies: 245, 332, and three other courses
- Expressive culture and intellectual history: 349 and four other courses

Depending on the topic, 380 may, with the consent of the director of undergraduate studies, be counted in any of these areas.

Senior sequence: two-quarter sequence taken in the senior year: 390 and either 396 or 399

Related courses: subject to approval of the department adviser, majors must take five courses offered by other departments at the 200 or 300 level, at least three of which are at the 300 level. Students are expected to choose related courses that develop the methodological skills and substantive focus appropriate to their areas of concentration.

Minor in African American Studies

The minor in African American studies provides a thorough exposure to contemporary scholarship concerning the African American experience.

Minor course requirements (8 units)
- Two foundation courses chosen from 210-1,2; 225; 236-1,2; and 240
- Six additional courses in the department or approved by the department, four at the 300 level and one a history course chosen from 214-1,2; 326; 332; and HISTORY 301-1,2 or another approved history course

Core Courses

AF AM ST 210-1,2 (404-B10-1,2) Survey of African American Literature Two-quarter sequence on the literature of blacks from slavery to freedom. Works of major writers and significant but unsung bards of the past.

AF AM ST 225-0 (404-B25-0) African American Culture Principal facets of African American culture, slavery to the present. Interconnections between African American culture and the sociopolitical context in which it developed. Role of African American culture in the larger American culture.

AF AM ST 236-1,2 (404-B36-1,2) Introduction to African American Studies 1. Method, historical overview (Africa, slavery, rural, urban), social class, racism. 2. Institutional development of politics, church, education, culture, women/family; historical and contemporary liberation struggle.

Social and Behavioral Studies

AF AM ST 230-0 (404-B30-0) The Civil Rights Movement Interdisciplinary analysis of the civil rights movement, focusing on the period between the end of World War II and 1966. Opposition to the movement, competition among movement organizations, radicalization, and the movement as a problem in historiography.

AF AM ST 315-0 (404-C15-0) Urban Education Problems of urban education; special attention to prospects for reforming urban school systems.

AF AM ST 320-0 (404-C20-0) The Social Meaning of Race Race as a social concept and recurrent cause of differentiation in multiracial societies. Impact of race on social, cultural, economic, and political institutions. Discussion of prejudice, racism, and discrimination.

AF AM ST 321-0 (404-C21-0) Researching Black Communities Introduction to the methodology and findings of qualitative research on black communities in the United States. Topics include black migration, urban geography, black culture, class and gender stratification, racial identity.

AF AM ST 332-0 (404-C32-0) Black Feminist Theories In-depth survey of major constituents of black feminist theory, utilizing interdisciplinary approach with readings from history, sociology, literature, popular culture, and religious studies.

AF AM ST 334-0 (404-C34-0) Gender and Black Masculinity Perceptions and constructions of black masculinity within African American and "American" cultures in the United States; readings in gender studies, feminist theory, African American studies, cultural studies.
Historical and Comparative Studies

AF AM ST 214-1,2 (404-B14-1,2) History of Racial Minorities in North America
Problems and experiences of racial minorities: blacks, Native Americans, Asian Americans, and Hispanic Americans. Comparative exploration of their relationships to each other and to the majority society. 

AF AM ST 220-0 (404-B20-0) The Civil Rights Movement and Beyond
Various struggles for racial equality in the United States from World War II to the present; the movement’s transformation of the South and the nation; the persistence of racial injustice.

AF AM ST 245-0 (404-B45-0) Black Communities in Diaspora

AF AM ST 329-0 (404-C29-0) Sports and the African American Experience
Exploration of African American history through sports and the experiences of professional athletes; consideration of racial ideologies and mythologies constructed and contested in the world of sports.

AF AM ST 330-0 (404-C30-0) Black Women in 20th-Century United States
Experiences and leadership of African American women in major events in recent history, including antilynching, women’s suffrage, and civil rights movements and World War II.

AF AM ST 345-0 (404-C45-0) Politics of Afro-Latin America
Introduction to the racial politics of African American communities outside the United States; exploration of relationships between racial and social inequality, racial difference, and political development in selected Latin American nations.

Expressive Culture and Intellectual History

AF AM ST 240-1,2,3 (404-B40-1,2,3) Survey of African American Music

AF AM ST 259-0 (404-B59-0) Introduction to African American Drama
Thematic and historical survey of African American drama. Sociopolitical context, the aesthetic reflected in the work, impact on African American and general theater audiences.

AF AM ST 331-0 (404-C31-0) The African American Novel
Readings in classic black American fiction. The author as creator and participant. Works of Wright, Ellison, Baldwin, and others. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

AF AM ST 349-0 (404-C49-0) Black Families in Literature
Much of the most significant literature written by black American authors has had at its center a deep concern for the problems of family life, particularly living under the duress of racism.

AF AM ST 360-0 (404-C60-0) The Art of Toni Morrison
Investigates novels by Toni Morrison: The Bluest Eye, Sula, Song of Solomon, Tar Baby, and Beloved. The mythical powers of Morrison’s art, her ability to haunt the reader’s imagination with some of the most memorable characters in modern literature, and her evocative way of storytelling.

AF AM ST 378-0 (404-C78-0) The Harlem Renaissance
African American political and social movements and cultural production in theater, music, visual arts, and literature from 1915 to 1930. Prerequisites: consent of instructor and 210-1,2 or another African American literature course.

AF AM ST 379-0 (404-C79-0) African American Women Playwrights
Texts written from approximately 1916 to the present. Recuperation of biographical information, theatrical representations of the “folk” and of black feminism, antilynch and other propaganda plays, and development of analytical tools. Prerequisites: consent of instructor and 259-0 and/or other African American literature courses.

Courses for Advanced and Senior Students

AF AM ST 380-0 (404-C80-0) Topics in African American Studies
Advanced work on social, cultural, or historical topics: for example, images of black women in the diaspora, urban revolts of the 1960s, black feminist theory. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Depending on the topic, 380 may, with consent of the director of undergraduate studies, be counted in any of the areas listed above.

AF AM ST 390-0 (404-C90-0) Research Seminar in African American Studies
Methods of researching the African American experience. Identification of research problems; location, selection, and critique of relevant literature; data gathering and analysis; report writing. Topics vary.

AF AM ST 396-0 (404-C96-0) Internship in African American Studies
Direct participation in the regular activities of a community organization in Evanston or Chicago. Analysis of social and cultural institutions through field study and participant observation.

AF AM ST 399-0 (404-C99-0) Independent Study
Open to advanced students with consent of department.

Related Courses in Other Departments

Social and behavioral studies:
ECON 354 Issues in Urban and Regional Economics
POLI SCI 327 Black American Politics in the United States
SOC POL 312 Development of African American Children and Families: Theory and Research (see the School of Education and Social Policy section of this catalog)

Historical and comparative studies
ECON 321 African American Economic History
HISTORY 301-1,2 Survey of African American History
HISTORY 391 Special Lectures (when appropriate, e.g., History of Black Chicago)
Expressive culture and intellectual history
ENGLISH 366 Studies in African American Literature
PHIL 368 Problems in Social and Political Philosophy
(when appropriate, e.g., Race and Racism)
GEN MUS 330 Black Sacred Music: History
(see the School of Music section of this catalog)
GEN MUS 340-1,2,3 Performance Ensemble: Styles and Techniques of Black Sacred Music
(see the School of Music section of this catalog)
COMM ST 326 Afro-American Rhetoric
(see the School of Speech section of this catalog)
PERF ST 216 Performance and Culture
(see the School of Speech section of this catalog)
PERF ST 309-1,2,3 Performance of Black Literature
(see the School of Speech section of this catalog)

African and Asian Languages Program
The Program of African and Asian Languages (PAAL) offers an opportunity to explore through language study some of the fascinating cultures that are most vital for Americans to understand: those of Africa, China, India, Japan, Korea, and the Middle East. Students who combine study of one of PAAL’s African or Asian languages with a major or strong background in such departments as history, economics, political science, or sociology will be well prepared for graduate and professional programs and a future career in international business, journalism, trade, law, or diplomacy. Even in the natural sciences there are now exchange programs in which knowledge of one of the non-Western languages is useful.

PAAL offers courses in Arabic, Chinese, Hebrew, Hindi, Japanese, Korean, and Swahili. Other African languages can be made available. Any PAAL language can be taken to fulfill the Weinberg College requirement of two years of foreign language study.

For programs in African and Asian studies of which the language offerings of PAAL are an integral part, see African studies, Asian studies, international studies, and Jewish studies. A wide variety of study abroad opportunities are available at Northwestern. Interested students are strongly encouraged to consult with an adviser in the Study Abroad Office as early as possible in their Northwestern careers.

Undergraduates may take advanced language study through 399 registration. Work in the language laboratory is an integral part of some of the following courses.

African Language Courses
AAL 105-1,2,3 (433-A05-1,2,3) Elementary Arabic
Three-course introduction to modern standard Arabic. Speaking, reading, and listening comprehension skills developed.
AAL 106-1,2,3 (433-A06-1,2,3) Intermediate Arabic
Grammar, reading of Arabic texts, oral communication in Arabic. Prerequisite: 105-3 or equivalent.
AAL 207-1,2,3 (433-B07-1,2,3) High Intermediate Arabic
Reading and discussion of Arabic writings relevant to students’ interests and needs. Emphasis on writing skills. Prerequisite: 106-3 or equivalent.
AAL 121-1,2,3 (433-A21-1,2,3) Swahili I Basic literacy and interactive proficiency, in cultural and historical context.
AAL 122-1,2,3 (433-A22-1,2,3) Swahili II Development of literacy and interactive proficiency skills; introduction to verbal arts. In Swahili. Prerequisite: 121-3 or equivalent.
AAL 223-1,2,3 (433-B23-1,2,3) Introduction to Swahili Literature Overview of Swahili oral verbal arts, classical literature, modern writing. In Swahili. Need not be taken in sequence. Prerequisite: 122-3 or equivalent.
AAL 399-0 (433-C99-0) Independent Study For undergraduates of students of any of the above languages who have advanced beyond the regular course offerings.

Asian Language Courses
AAL 111-1,2,3 (433-A11-1,2,3) Elementary Chinese
Speaking, aural comprehension, reading, writing of basic vernacular Chinese. Both standard and simplified characters involving about 1,500 compounds. Accelerated section available for students with some oral proficiency but no literacy.
AAL 112-1,2,3 (433-A12-1,2,3) Intermediate Chinese
Conversation, aural comprehension, writing based on reading Chinese stories, poems, stories of ballets, historical and cultural texts. Accelerated section available for students with some oral proficiency but no literacy. Prerequisite: 111-3 or equivalent.
AAL 213-1,2,3 (433-B13-1,2,3) Advanced Chinese
Readings from the works of contemporary Chinese writers. Discussion and writing based on the reading materials. Prerequisite: 112-3 or equivalent.
AAL 101-1,2,3 (433-A01-1,2,3) Elementary Hebrew
Understanding, speaking, reading, writing of mainly conversational Hebrew. Hebrew used as language of instruction. Drill in language laboratory.
AAL 102-1,2,3 (433-A02-1,2,3) Intermediate Hebrew
From language to literature: review of grammar; reading and discussing Hebrew literary works (prose and poetry) and newspaper articles. Compositions and oral presentations. Prerequisite: 101-3 or equivalent.
AAL 203-1,2 (433-B03-1,2) Advanced Hebrew
Reading Hebrew literature, some Biblical but mostly modern prose. Compositions and oral presentations. Prerequisite: 102-3 or equivalent.
AAL 115-1,2,3 (433-A15-1,2,3) Japanese I Conversation, grammar, reading, writing for beginners. Issues of United States–Japan cross-cultural communication. Five class meetings a week plus language laboratory.
AAL 116-1,2,3 (433-A16-1,2,3) Japanese II A comprehensive approach to conversation, grammar, reading, writing. Four class meetings a week. Prerequisite: 115-3 or equivalent.

AAL 217-1,2,3 (433-B17-1,2,3) Intermediate Japanese Advanced readings in modern colloquial Japanese; prose essay, literary, and newspaper styles. Prerequisite: 116-3 or equivalent.

AAL 318-1,2,3 (433-C18-1,2,3) Advanced Japanese 1. Advanced reading skills: comprehension, vocabulary acquisition, speed. Oral and written translation. 2. Newspaper reading and developing oral/aural skills. 3. Advanced writing skills, further reading, and oral/aural skill development. Prerequisite: 217-3 or equivalent.

AAL 125-1,2,3 (433-A25-1,2,3) Korean I Three-course introduction to basic literacy and oral proficiency.

AAL 126-1,2,3 (433-A26-1,2,3) Korean II Development of literacy and interactive proficiency skills. Prerequisite: 125-3 or equivalent.

AAL 128-1,2,3 (433-A28-1,2,3) Hindi I Three-course introduction to basic literacy and oral proficiency.

AAL 129-1,2,3 (433-A29-1,2,3) Hindi II Three-course sequence developing literacy and interactive oral proficiency skills. Prerequisite: 128-3 or equivalent.

AAL 399-0 (433-C99-0) Independent Study For undergraduate students of any of the above languages who have advanced beyond the regular course offerings.

African Studies Program

In 1948, the distinguished scholar Melville J. Herskovits organized the Program of African Studies at Northwestern; a half-century later, the program remains a model at the forefront of Africanist study and research. Through sponsorship of multidisciplinary courses with African content, language training, and promotion of Africa-based study, the program supports and enlivens the undergraduate study of Africa while serving as the University’s “headquarters” for formal and informal interaction among interested students, faculty, and visitors. Every year the program brings undergraduates studying Africa together with faculty and other experts in many areas of inquiry — across disciplinary boundaries and regional specializations — for lectures, seminars, workshops, conferences, and research programs. Northwestern’s Melville J. Herskovits Library of African Studies, an unparalleled resource for Africanist study, attracts students and scholars from all over the world. Over the years, the program has remained in active contact with its counterparts in Africa and elsewhere, while expanding its role in the University and off-campus communities.

Minor in African Studies

The minor in African studies approaches the study of African societies, cultures, histories, and arts across the disciplines — in the humanities, social sciences, and the professions. Students earning a bachelor’s degree in Weinberg College or another undergraduate school may complete a minor in African studies by merging a core of courses with African content with their major program of study. Undergraduates in all disciplines are welcome to participate formally or informally in the program’s activities, which advance the training of Africa specialists at Northwestern and promote awareness of Africa in a wider context.

Minor course requirements (6 units)

- Six courses with African content from at least two departments. At least two of the six courses must be from the three-quarter sequence of HISTORY 253-1,2,3. Students are encouraged to develop a full-length research paper on an African topic, supervised by faculty with African interests. They may write this paper as part of a regularly offered class, an independent study course, or a senior honors program.
- Demonstrated competence in any African language or a European language other than English that is used in Africa (French or Portuguese) by completing the second year of language study or being certified by the appropriate language department. Professional school students whose curricula preclude meeting this requirement as well as students with proficiency in another Weinberg College language may petition the program to count additional courses with African content toward the minor in lieu of fulfilling the language requirement as stipulated.
- Minimum of an overall B average in these courses.

Courses taken for P/N are not counted toward the minor. Students applying for the minor in African studies, conferred at the end of each spring quarter, must present records showing a minimum of five courses not double-counted in their major. Program staff encourage students to meet with them to initiate and monitor progress toward meeting the requirements.

American Studies Program

The American Studies Program is an integrated interdisciplinary major involving faculty members from several departments. By drawing on a broad range of knowledge from the humanities and social sciences, the program examines the components of American culture and ways of integrating them. Students are allowed a wide-ranging yet disciplined exploration of problems that cross the boundaries of traditional academic fields. Freshmen and sophomores apply for admission to the major in the spring quarter. Because this selective program has more applicants than available space, admission depends in part on academic distinction and on demonstrated interest in American cultural studies.

Major in American Studies

Program courses: all sophomore and junior majors must complete 301-1,2,3. Seniors must complete 390-1,2,3.
Related courses: 10 quarters at the 200 or 300 level in those courses throughout the college comprising the general curriculum in American studies. These courses will be apportioned in a way that satisfies the interdisciplinary purpose of a major in American studies and expresses each student's explicit intellectual goals, but every major is normally expected to take HISTORY 210-1,2 or an approved equivalent as early as possible in his or her academic career.

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

AMER ST 210-0 (418-B10-0) Topics in American Culture
Topics of interest to the American cultural analyst and historian: for example, early American symbols of heroism, the meaning of the frontier. Aimed at large general undergraduate enrollment. May be repeated for credit with consent of program director.

AMER ST 215-1,2 (418-B15-1,2) Humanistic Dimensions of Technological Change
Technological change in America, 1830–1920, and imaginative responses to this change. 1. General survey. 2. A significant aspect of American life (e.g., work) in relation to technological change. Prerequisite: for 215-2: 215-1 or consent of instructor.

Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors

AMER ST 301-1,2,3 (418-C01-1,2,3) Seminar for Majors
Yearlong sequences sharing a broad theme, integrating methods and materials from different disciplines. Change of instructor each quarter; change of theme every year. Limited to 20 students — majors only.

AMER ST 310-0 (418-C10-0) Studies in American Culture
Readings and discussions of topics in American cultural life: for example, law in 19th-century America; manners and morals in antebellum society. Limited enrollment with emphasis on student participation. Prerequisites vary (check with program director or in program office). May be repeated for credit with consent of program director.

AMER ST 390-1,2,3 (418-C90-1,2,3) Senior Project
Thesis or field study. Required for honors.

AMER ST 399-0 (418-C99-0) Independent Study
Readings and conferences on special subjects for students pursuing their area of interest within the major.

Anthropology

Anthropology studies humankind from a broad comparative and historical perspective: the biological evolution of the human species and aspects of the biology of living human populations, the comparative study of living primates, the origins of languages and cultures, the long-term development of human cultures over many millennia, and the social life of humans in groups — families, communities, and nations. Anthropologists attempt to describe specific cultural traditions, forms of social structures, languages, and specific transitions in human evolution and cultural history. They compare cultures and societies to assess what cultures are similar or different and why. Anthropology is at once a biological science, a social science, and one of the humanities.

Anthropology's breadth and its emphasis on biological and cultural change and cross-cultural comparison make it an ideal major for anyone seeking a solid liberal education as well as for those seeking careers in academic or applied anthropology or archaeology. It serves as an excellent background for students who plan to pursue specialized training in law, medicine, nursing, social work, education, conservation, international relations, or commerce. The world is an ever-smaller and more culturally mixed global community. Knowledge of the developmental processes that explain biological and cultural differences is relevant to a variety of careers. For example, prelaw students would profit from the cross-cultural study of conflict and conflict resolution; premedical students from courses in human evolution and population genetics as well as the cross-cultural study of health and disease.

The department has many strengths: (1) the application of evolutionary and other biological perspectives to the development of humankind; (2) North American, South American, Middle Eastern, and European prehistoric archaeology; (3) the study of African societies; (4) the anthropology of complex societies; (5) political economy; and (6) gender. The department is strong in basic theory and refinements of qualitative and quantitative (mathematical) analysis of anthropological data as well as ethnography. Two field schools, in archaeology and in cultural anthropology, provide practical proving grounds for classroom theorizing. All majors receive training and supervision in field research from our faculty.

Major in Anthropology

Students are expected to complete a 16-course program (12 courses in anthropology and 4 in related fields) for a major in anthropology. The department's four required 200-level courses provide background in the four major subfields of anthropology. 370 examines the philosophical and historical roots of the discipline. 362-1 and 388 introduce students to research design issues. Four additional 300-level courses develop the student's intellectual maturity in the discipline. All seniors are required to take 398 and to prepare a senior thesis. This requirement provides students with an opportunity to conduct original research and, in the process, gain valuable analytic, critical thinking, and writing skills.

Departmental courses

• 211, 213, 214, and 215. Students with previous background in anthropology may petition to substitute a 300-level course for a 200-level requirement.

• 362 and 388. In the case of archaeology and cultural/linguistic students, an additional course in subfield methods is required (see 300-level requirements below).

• 370

• Four additional 300-level courses. These courses should be selected in consultation with an adviser. Normally, these courses are chosen from one of the three subfields.
The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.

listed below, but students may, after consultation with and consent of their adviser, develop a focus that bridges the subfields of anthropology (e.g., culture and technology, medica anthropology, the institutionalization of power)

Archaeology: 322 or 325 and three courses chosen from 301, 302, 311, 321 (offered in summer), 329, 381, 384, 385, 390, 396 (offered in summer)

Biological anthropology: four courses chosen from 306, 310, 312, 313, 317, 390

Cultural/linguistic anthropology: 389 and three courses chosen from 310, 311, 320, 330, 332, 341, 347, 350, 354, 360, 376, 377, 383, 390, 392, 395

* 398 (senior year)

Related courses: subject to the approval of the department adviser, four courses — including at least two 300-level courses — from other departments and programs. These courses should relate to the student's independent research work and strengthen the focus that guided the selection of 300-level courses in anthropology.

Minor in Anthropology

The minor in anthropology provides students in other fields with a framework to pursue a particular focus within the discipline. Such a focus might be within one of the subfields of anthropology (i.e., biological anthropology, archaeology, cultural anthropology, linguistic anthropology), in area studies (e.g., Africa, the Middle East, the United States), or in a specific topic (e.g., ethnicity, gender, the origins of the state, urban studies). To fulfill this goal, the minor in anthropology combines two of the four 300-level courses required of majors in anthropology, one in the area of ethnography (211 or 215) and one in the area of origins (213 or 214), with five 300-level courses that constitute a coherent focus. The 200-level courses provide a foundation for pursuit of specialized topics.

Students pursuing the minor in anthropology must consult with the department's director of undergraduate studies to establish a program and be assigned a departmental adviser.

Minor course requirements (7 units)

* 211 or 215
* 213 or 214
* A coherent combination of five 300-level courses in anthropology with a specific focus. Depending on the focus selected, a methods course may be required as one of the five 300-level courses.

Sample programs: Students majoring in biological sciences but with an interest in ecology and behavior would build a coherent minor in biological anthropology by taking 211 or 215, 213, and a focused course selection such as 306, 310, 312, 313, and 383. Students majoring in history with an interest in pre- and early history would build a coherent minor in archaeology by taking 211 or 215, 214, and a focused course selection such as 301, 302, 322, 329, and 381. Students majoring in political science with an interest in noninstitutional or nongovernmental political processes would build a coherent minor in cultural anthropology by taking 211, 213 or 214, and a focused course selection such as 311, 320, 332, 341, and 347. Other programs for the minor in anthropology can be designed to meet a student's particular needs or interests.

Note: Students who are following the previous department curriculum should consult with the director of undergraduate studies.

Four-Year BA/MA

The department offers a four-year BA/MA program in anthropology for outstanding undergraduate majors. Interested students should contact their adviser or the director of undergraduate studies and should see Four-Year Master's Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

Honors in Anthropology

Students wishing to be considered for departmental honors should make inquiries no later than spring quarter of the junior year. In order to be eligible for honors, students must have a grade point average of 3.5 or above in anthropology courses. Enrollment is required in one quarter of 399 Independent Study or an appropriate graduate-level course in addition to 398 (required for all majors). 399 should be taken before enrolling in 398. Students who meet these requirements and prepare an outstanding senior thesis will be awarded honors in anthropology. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

ANTHRO 105-0 (403-A05-0) Fundamentals of Anthropology Introduction to anthropology; the biological evolution of humankind; the evolution of culture; and the comparative study of existing or historically recorded societies.

ANTHRO 112-0 (403-A12-0) New Directions in Archaeology New frontiers in archaeological perspectives of historical events, public policy, historic preservation, and prehistoric interpretation.

ANTHRO 211-0 (403-B11-0) Culture and Society Introduction to the comparative study of culture, exploring different types of social organization, their evolutionary significance, and their economic and political correlates.

ANTHRO 213-0 (403-B13-0) Human Origins Emergence of human species through the process of organic evolution, emphasizing genetics, the fossil record, comparison with our nearest living relatives.
ANTHRO 214-0 (403-B14-0) Culture Origins The evolution of culture from its earliest beginnings through the development of urbanism and the state. Principles of archaeological research.

ANTHRO 215-0 (403-B15-0) The Study of Culture through Language The scope of linguistic anthropology, from the study of language as an end in itself to the investigation of cultures through the medium of human languages.

ANTHRO 220-0 (403-B20-0) Evolution of Moral Systems Critical examination of evolutionary theories of the origin and development of the human propensity to make moral judgments. Prerequisite: 105.

ANTHRO 225-0 (403-B25-0) Evolution of Human Society Theories of the long-term evolution of human social organizations; comparative analysis of different scales of organization; population, environment, technology, subsistence, political economy, social stratification.

ANTHRO 232-0 (403-B32-0) Myth and Symbolism Introduction to different approaches to the interpretation of myth and symbolism, e.g., Freudian, functionalist, and structuralist.

Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors

For 300-level courses in anthropology, the prerequisite is sophomore standing or one 100- or 200-level course unless a specific prerequisite is included in the description below. A student without the prerequisite occasionally may be admitted to a course with the consent of the instructor.

ANTHRO 301-0 (403-C01-0) Hunter-Gatherer Archaeology Evolution and cultural history during the Pleistocene epoch. Interrelationship of biology, environment, and culture from earliest hominids through appearance of Homo sapiens. Prerequisite: 214 or equivalent.

ANTHRO 302-0 (403-C02-0) Origins of Civilization Comparative survey of prehistoric civilizations and systematic examination of the formative factors in their evolution. Prerequisite: 214 or equivalent.

ANTHRO 306-0 (403-C06-0) Evolution of Life Histories Strategies evolved by species for allocating metabolic resources between growth and reproduction, including gestation length, litter size, age at first reproduction, longevity.

ANTHRO 309-0 (403-C09-0) Primate Biology Zoogeography, systematics, ecology, adaptations, population organization, and social behavior of living primates. Prerequisite: 213 or equivalent.

ANTHRO 310-0 (403-C10-0) Evolution and Culture Introduction to the application of theory from evolutionary biology to cultural anthropology; principles of evolutionary biology; application of principles to human social behavior and culture. Prerequisite: 213 or equivalent.

ANTHRO 311-0 (403-C11-0) The Indians of North America Aboriginal cultures of northern Mexico, continental United States, Alaska, and Canada. Languages, art, and social, economic, and religious life.

ANTHRO 312-0 (403-C12-0) Human Genetics Introduction to quantitative approaches. Chromosomal variation, segregation analysis, genetics of disease, population genetics, and polygenic inheritance with applications to morphology, behavior, and disease. Prerequisites: 213; BIOL SCI 210-I.

ANTHRO 313-0 (403-C13-0) Anthropological Population Genetics Principles of population genetics applied to primates. Mathematical models, analyses of small populations, and interaction of social and genetic processes. Prerequisites: MATH 113 or equivalent, 312, or consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 317-0 (403-C17-0) Human Evolution Fossil record and reconstruction of phylogeny, morphological and behavioral adaptation of early hominids and forebears.

ANTHRO 320-0 (403-C20-0) Peoples of Africa A survey of the cultures of Africa and the significant similarities and differences among the indigenous societies of the continent. Prerequisite: 211.

ANTHRO 321-0 (403-C21-0) Archaeological Field Methods Practical training in basic methods and techniques at an excavation site; given with Summer Archaeology Field School.

ANTHRO 322-0 (403-C22-0) Introductory Archaeological Methods Quantitative and numerical approaches to the description and analysis of patterns in archaeological data, including typology, sequence ordering, and attribute analysis. Prerequisite: 301 or 302 or equivalent.

ANTHRO 325-0 (403-C25-0) Archaeological Methods Laboratory Analysis of archaeological methods (faunal, botanical, artifact, or soil analysis) with various techniques. May be repeated for credit.

ANTHRO 329-0 (403-C29-0) Near Eastern Prehistory The Levant and Mesopotamia, 9000–2400 B.C., from first domestication of plants and animals to earliest village communities and urban civilization in Mesopotamia. Prerequisite: 214 or equivalent.

ANTHRO 330-0 (403-C30-0) Peoples of the World Comparative ethnography of a regionally or historically associated group of cultures or a type of community defined in ecological, ideological, or other terms. May be repeated for credit.

ANTHRO 332-0 (403-C32-0) Strategies of Marriage and Reproduction Marriage and reproduction throughout the world, particularly the developing world and Africa. Conjugal strategies, fertility, contraception.

ANTHRO 339-0 (403-C39-0) Material Culture Relationship between material objects and social life; review of theoretical approaches to gifts and commodities; ethnographic collecting in colonial and postcolonial settings; relationship between culture and aesthetics. Prerequisite: 211 or consent of instructor.
ANTHRO 341-0 (403-C41-0) Economic Anthropology
Economic organization in small-scale, nonindustrialized communities. Traditional structures of primitive and peasant economies.

ANTHRO 347-0 (403-C47-0) Political Anthropology
Cross-cultural study of political organization in stateless and state societies. The state, its origin, and changing role in developing countries.

ANTHRO 350-0 (403-C50-0) Anthropology of Religion
The human relationship with the supernatural and action patterns accompanying beliefs. Comparison of nonliterate religions and historical religions.

ANTHRO 354-0 (403-C54-0) Gender and Anthropology
Cross-cultural survey of women's roles from three perspectives: biosocial, sociocultural, politicoeconomic. Theory of gender inequality; emphasis on the third world.

ANTHRO 360-0 (403-C60-0) Language and Culture
Relationship between language and culture; language as the vehicle of culture and as the manifestation of thought.

ANTHRO 362-0 (403-C62-0) Quantitative Methods of Analysis
A broad range of classical statistical methods, univariate and multivariate, currently being applied to anthropological data. Prerequisite: graduate standing or consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 370-0 (403-C70-0) Anthropology in Historical Perspective
Major schools of thought in social, archaeological, and biological anthropology over the last century. Prerequisite: 200-level course in anthropology or consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 376-0 (403-C76-0) Socialization
Cross-cultural study of the intergenerational transmission of culture; processes by which social groups pass on social tradition and behavior to succeeding generations. Prerequisite: 211, introductory psychology, or consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 377-0 (403-C77-0) Psychological Anthropology
Contemporary approaches to cross-cultural behavior: ecological aspects of behavior development through maturational and socialization in human and nonhuman primates. Prerequisite: introductory survey courses in psychology or anthropology or consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 378-0 (403-C78-0) Law and Culture
Introduction to the anthropology of law; institutional knowledge as seen in material culture and legal documents; colonial and post-colonial settings; theoretical approaches to the relationships between law and culture, colonialism, evidence, and globalizaton. Prerequisite: 200-level course in anthropology or consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 381-0 (403-C81-0) North American Prehistory
Intensive study of cultural history of one or more areas of the continent from archaeological evidence.

ANTHRO 383-0 (403-C83-0) Ecological Anthropology
Theory of interactions between organisms and their environments, with application to human populations.

ANTHRO 384-0 (403-C84-0) Introduction to Zooarchaeology
Introduction to the study of animal bones from archaeological sites. Identification, sampling, quantification, hunting economies, domestication, and herding systems in complex societies. Prerequisites: 214, 301 or 302, or consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 385-0 (403-C85-0) The Archaeology of State Societies
Origins and organization of prehistoric state societies. Comparison of political systems, elites, and regional economic organization in Old and New World. Prerequisite: 302 or equivalent.

ANTHRO 388-0 (403-C88-0) Research Design
Introduction to fundamentals of research design; overview of major types of designs, data collection, and analysis strategies; managing and analyzing data from multiple sources. Prerequisite: 362 or consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 389-0 (403-C89-0) Ethnographic Methods and Analysis
Descriptive, naturalistic study of the culture of human social groups. Data gathering through observation and interview. Data analysis for ethnographic reporting. Prerequisites: 211 and 213.

ANTHRO 390-0 (403-C90-0) Topics in Anthropology
Advanced work in areas of developing interest and special significance. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

ANTHRO 392-0 (403-C92-0) Urban Anthropology
Social and cultural context of urbanism. Contemporary problems of urban subcultures and rural-urban migration. Prerequisite: a basic social science course or consent of instructor.

GEN LA 393-0 (401-C93-0) Chicago Field Studies Internship
See General Studies.

ANTHRO 395-0 (403-C95-0) Field Study in Anthropology
Ethnographic field experience in the United States (e.g., the Southwest) or abroad. Offered in conjunction with summer field schools for exceptional students. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

ANTHRO 396-0 (403-C96-0) Advanced Archaeological Field Methods
Complex excavation and survey procedures, topographic map-making, excavation drawing, soil description; offered in conjunction with the summer Archaeology Field School.

ANTHRO 396-7 (403-C96-7) Junior Tutorial
Intensive work on a topic not normally offered.

ANTHRO 398-0 (403-C98-0) Senior Seminar
Supervised group discussion of research in preparation of senior thesis. Required of all majors. Prerequisite: 388.

ANTHRO 399-0 (403-C99-0) Independent Study
Open with consent of department to juniors and seniors who have completed with distinction at least two quarter-courses or equivalent in anthropology. Under direction of individual members of department.
Art History

Art history is committed to exploring the historical meaning of art, architecture, and design. It addresses artworks from all places and times and attends to their form, technique, iconography, and historical function. Art history may also be concerned with philosophical aesthetics, artists' lives, art institutions, traditions, and audiences.

Art history offers opportunities to explore and understand the richness and diversity of visual arts from the past and present. It enables students to develop acute visual sensibilities and finely honed skills of critical looking, thinking, speaking, and writing. Art history thus offers students a solid basis for a lifelong appreciation and understanding of art as well as a foundation for further research in other academic and professional disciplines, including history, literature, philosophy, music, politics, and law.

Undergraduate degrees in art history may be antecedent to careers in the arts, education, or business. Art historians with a BA degree may teach in elementary, junior, and high schools. They may find jobs in libraries, art galleries, and auction houses or in journalism, book publishing, public relations, marketing, or advertising. They may elect to pursue professional degrees in architecture, art conservation, law, and medicine or attain MA or PhD degrees in art history itself or other fields of humanistic study.

Careers in museums generally require at least an MA degree. College and university teaching and research careers require the PhD. For additional information about careers in art history, contact the department undergraduate adviser at 847/491-3230 or e-mail art-history@nwu.edu.

The art history curriculum is developmental and critical. Students are expected to acquire a broad knowledge of world artistic traditions and expertise about particular areas, forms, and practices. They begin in a large class and quickly proceed into smaller classes, seminars, and tutorials. During their first and second years, art history majors are highly dependent upon ideas and information contained in secondary sources; as juniors and seniors, they begin to conduct primary research and acquire the skills to think, criticize, and research on their own.

100-level freshman seminars treat a wide variety of art historical topics from the ancient to modern periods and from Africa to North America. The specific courses vary from year to year and are intended to introduce students to the discipline of art history and help them develop or improve their basic writing and research skills. These courses are not required for art history majors.

200-level courses offer broad introductions to African, American, Latin American, Asian, and European Art. They expose students to the richness and variety of visual art throughout history and across the globe. 200-level courses are taught in rotation, with at least three of the six subject areas offered annually. The courses consist of three lectures and a single discussion class each week and provide students with the factual and methodological foundation prerequisite for more advanced courses. Any student wishing to enroll in a 300-level class must have completed at least one course at the 200 level.

300-level courses are the backbone of the curriculum. They provide detailed interrogations of important fields and issues in art history, including Gothic art and architecture, the Renaissance, Impressionism, and African American art. There are always a large number of 300-level courses from which to choose, and class enrollments are limited in order to facilitate discussion. In these classes, students discover the special expertise of their professor and are introduced to advanced research in art history.

Seminars (390) are available to art history majors only, except with special consent of the faculty. Seminars are limited to 10 students and meet once a week for instruction, discussion, and debate. In these classes, majors hone their seeing, speaking, and writing skills and have the opportunity to work both cooperatively and individually. Seminar topics generally reflect the advanced research interests of the professor. Field trips to museums, private collections, and architectural monuments are often integrated into the class. Majors are required to take at least one seminar prior to graduation and may take as many as three.

A senior comprehensive paper is required of all graduating seniors. The paper — an original work requiring both primary and secondary research — is the culmination of art historical education at Northwestern. In order to accomplish the work, students register for an independent study (399) in the winter quarter of their senior year. During this period, students meet regularly with their faculty adviser, develop bibliographies and research strategies, and test ideas and approaches. The final paper must be submitted by the fifth week of the spring quarter. Students who achieve a grade of A− or better and who have maintained 3.3 GPA in art history may be nominated for honors.

Independent study (399) outside the academic curriculum can be arranged in exceptional circumstances. In these cases, students must get the consent of their academic adviser prior to the term in which they intend to pursue their independent research.

Internships (396) at museums, galleries, or other suitable institutions can often be arranged. Students wishing to
take an internship are strongly encouraged first to consult with the undergraduate adviser.

Scholarly resources at Northwestern include the University art collection, housed at the Mary and Leigh Block Museum of Art, and the fine arts collection in Deering Library, both on the Evanston campus. The slide collection in the art history department includes approximately 250,000 slides. Resources in the community include the Art Institute of Chicago, the Terra Museum of American Art, the Chicago Historical Society, the Field Museum of Natural History, the Museum of Contemporary Art, the David and Alfred Smart Museum and Oriental Institute at the University of Chicago, the Evanston Art Center, and other institutions. Research libraries that students may use with permission include the Ryerson Library at the Art Institute, the Newberry Library in Chicago, and the Regenstein at the University of Chicago.

The undergraduate adviser is the key liaison between students and the rest of the faculty, college, and university. Students are encouraged to consult early and often with the adviser, especially prior to each period of registration.

**Major in Art History**

**Departmental courses**
- At least three 200-level courses
- Eight courses at the 300 level, with at least one each in (1) ancient-medieval; (2) Renaissance-Baroque; (3) modern; and (4) non-Western. The remaining four courses are to be distributed at the student's discretion in consultation with the undergraduate adviser but must include at least one seminar (390) and one independent study (399).
- One art theory and practice course

**Related courses:** At least four additional courses from one or more of the following departments or programs with the consent of the undergraduate adviser: anthropology, art theory and practice, classics, comparative literary studies, English, European thought, French and Italian, German, Hispanic studies, history, music history, philosophy, radio/television/film, religion, Slavic languages and literatures, and women's studies.

**Minor in Art History**

**Minor course requirements (8 units):** Eight courses, no more than two at the 200 level. Of the remaining courses, at least two must be in a non-European area.

**Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores**

**ART HIST 220-0 (405-B20-0) Introduction to African Art**
Thematic and historical survey of the major periods of art making in Africa; analysis of a few exemplary works.

**ART HIST 224-0 (405-B24-0) Introduction to Prehistoric and Archaic Art**
A survey of prehistoric (paleolithic, neolithic, megalithic) and ancient (Egyptian, Near Eastern, Mediterranean, Greco-Roman) arts, stressing relations between artifacts and sites and problems of archaeological and anthropological interpretation.

**ART HIST 228-0 (405-B28-0) Introduction to Pre-Columbian Art**
An introduction to Pre-Columbian and Native American art and architecture, from tribal societies such as the Iroquois, Mandan, and Kwakiutl to complex states like the Aztec, Maya, and Inca.

**ART HIST 230-0 (405-B30-0) Introduction to American Art and Architecture**
The urbanism, architecture, and related arts of the Americas from European conquest to the present.

**ART HIST 240-0 (405-B40-0) Introduction to Asian Art**
Primarily art of India, China, and Japan; selected major themes from early devotional imagery in India and the transfer of Indic religions to East Asia to European colonialism and its relationship to the study of Asia.

**ART HIST 250-0 (405-B50-0) Introduction to European Art**
Leading centers and artists of Europe from ancient Greece to the 20th century. Architecture, sculpture, painting, and graphic arts in relation to their social and cultural settings.

**Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors**

**ART HIST 310-1,2 (405-C10-1,2) Ancient Art**
Painting, sculpture, and allied arts in the ancient world. 1. Ancient Egypt and the ancient Near East. 2. Greek art and architecture beginning with Minoan art and ending with art in the 5th century B.C.

**ART HIST 320-1,2 (405-C20-1,2) Medieval Art**
Art and architecture in Europe during the Middle Ages. 1. Early Christian and Byzantine. 2. Carolingian and Romanesque.

**ART HIST 330-1,2,3 (405-C30-1,2,3) Renaissance Art**
Painting, sculpture, and allied arts in Europe from the late Middle Ages through the 16th century. 1. Italian art from c.1300 to the sack of Rome (1527). 2. Italian art from Mannerism to the High Baroque in Rome. 3. France, Germany, and the Netherlands from the 14th through the 16th centuries.

**ART HIST 340-1,2 (405-C40-1,2) Baroque Art**
Painting, sculpture, and allied arts in Europe from the late 17th through the 18th centuries. 1. Art and science in early modern Europe. 2. Art in the age of Rembrandt. Prerequisites: 250 or consent of instructor.

**ART HIST 350-1,2 (405-C50-1,2) 19th-Century Art**
A survey of European painting and sculpture. 1. The late 18th century to 1848. 2. 1848–1900.

**ART HIST 360-1,2 (405-C60-1,2) 20th-Century European Art**
The artist and the environment: a survey of European painting, sculpture, architecture, and design from the 1890s to the 1960s. 1. Symbolism to constructivism. 2. Berlin dada to the situationist international.

**ART HIST 365-1,2 (405-C65-1,2) American Art**
A survey of the arts and other visual phenomena in the United...
States, encompassing architecture, painting, sculpture, photography, prints, film, and popular culture. 1. Colonial times to 1900. 2. The 20th century.

**ART HIST 366-0 (405-C66-0)** Postmodern Art
A survey of art in the United States since 1945 seen from a global perspective. Prerequisites: 360-1 or -2, 365-1 or -2, or consent of instructor.

**ART HIST 370-0 (405-C70-0)** Modern Architecture
Development of architecture from 1800 to the present.

**ART HIST 378-0 (405-C78-0)** Architecture and Urbanism of the World City in the 20th Century
Critical examination of the modern city as a socioeconomic system and the intersection of Western and non-Western urban patterns.

**ART HIST 382-1,2 (405-C82-1,2)** Chinese Painting

**ART HIST 384-0 (405-C84-0)** African American Art
Art of the African-descended cultures of North and South America and the Caribbean.

**ART HIST 386-0 (405-C86-0)** Art of Africa
Thematic and historical survey of the arts and architecture of Africa from the ancient period (Nubian Egypt) to the present.

**Special Topics Courses**

**ART HIST 319-0 (405-C19-0)** Special Topics in Ancient Art
Content varies: for example, prehistoric art of Europe, including cave painting and megalithic construction; structuralist and other approaches to anthropological arts; text and image in the ancient world.

**ART HIST 329-0 (405-C29-0)** Special Topics in Medieval Art
Content varies: for example, history of illuminated manuscripts.

**ART HIST 339-0 (405-C39-0)** Special Topics in Renaissance Art
Content varies: for example, the art of Bosch and Brueghel; the history of collecting; the encounter of Old and New World cultures.

**ART HIST 349-0 (405-C49-0)** Special Topics in Baroque Art
Content varies: for example, French art of the 16th and 17th centuries; prints, maps, and books of the Dutch republic.

**ART HIST 359-0 (405-C59-0)** Special Topics in 19th-Century Art
Content varies: for example, the art of Seurat; the spaces of 19th century art; French painting in the south of France.

**ART HIST 367-0 (405-C67-0)** Special Topics in American Art
Content varies: for example, nationalism and internationalism in American art; the myth of America; the artist in American society; elite and popular visual traditions.

**ART HIST 368-0 (405-C68-0)** Special Topics in Modern Art and Performance
Study of the interrelated histories of visual and performance arts in the 20th century. Content varies: for example, American painting and dance; postmodern art and performance from the Judson Church to Pina Bausch.

**ART HIST 369-0 (405-C69-0)** Special Topics in 20th-Century Art
Content varies: for example, American art with a French accent; totalitarian art.

**ART HIST 379-0 (405-C79-0)** Special Topics in Modern Architecture
Content varies: for example, Chicago architecture, including the work of Sullivan and Wright; Beaux-Arts architecture in Europe and America; modernism in architecture; American architecture from Thomas Jefferson to Frank Lloyd Wright.

**ART HIST 389-0 (405-C89-0)** Special Topics in Non-Western Art
Content varies: for example, art and architecture of the ancient Maya; African architecture.

**Courses Primarily for Majors**

**ART HIST 390-0 (405-C90-0)** Undergraduate Seminar: Theories and Problems of Art History
Content varies: for example, the methods of art history; Impressionism; art at the court of Charlemagne.

**ART HIST 395-0 (405-C95-0)** Museums
Museum studies seminars. The history of museums, their ethical basis, community responsibilities, educational prerogatives, and future directions.

**ART HIST 396-0 (405-C96-0)** Internship in the Arts
Direct participation in the regular activities of an established arts organization in Evanston and elsewhere in the Chicago area, under the supervision of a faculty member. By petition, on a limited basis; may be taken only once.

**ART HIST 399-0 (405-C99-0)** Independent Study
Special projects in art history, involving reading and conferences and culminating in a senior thesis. Required for all majors in art history.

**Art Theory and Practice**

The study of art involves the development of skills and techniques plus the stimulation of critical awareness, understanding, and appreciation of the visual arts. Philosophical questions raised in both theory and studio courses help students integrate and enrich their lives and perceptions. Nonmajors and majors share the unique experience offered by this diverse range of courses. Suggested introduction: survey course 270 or 272.

**Major in Art Theory and Practice**

The major in art theory and practice plans a program of study in consultation with and subject to the approval of a department adviser. Areas of concentration are painting, printmaking, and the teaching of art. Specific requirements in each area are listed below. Qualified students may petition a department committee for exemption from one or more prerequisites.
Practice of Art — Painting Concentration

Departmental courses

Introductory courses (6): 120; 124; 125; 270 or 272; any two courses chosen from ART HIST 220, 230, 240, 250

Major courses (8): 222 or 320; 225; 240 or 250-1 or -2; 322-1; 322-2; 325-1 or -2; 331 or 332 or 333; plus one course chosen from those listed below under Art Criticism and the Tradition of Art

Related courses: five quarter-courses at the 200 or 300 level chosen from one or more of the following departments with the approval of the adviser: anthropology, art history, classics, comparative literary studies, English, French and Italian, German, Hispanic studies, history, music, philosophy, Slavic languages and literatures

Practice of Art — Printmaking Concentration

Departmental courses

Introductory courses (6): 120; 124; 125; 270 or 272; any two courses chosen from ART HIST 220, 230, 240, 250

Major courses (8): 222 or 320; 225; 325-1 or -2; 331; 332; 333; plus one course chosen from those listed below under Art Criticism and the Tradition of Art and one 200- or 300-level art history elective

Related courses: same as for Practice of Art — Painting

Teaching of Art Concentration

Weinberg College students pursuing a major in art who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Honors in Art Theory and Practice

Outstanding students may qualify for departmental honors in their senior year by enrolling in two consecutive or interrelated 399 or 499 courses in which they complete an approved studio project and related essay under the supervision of department faculty. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates

An asterisk (*) preceding the course number indicates a lecture course open to all upperclass students and requiring no art skills or background unless otherwise noted.

Painting and Drawing

ART 120-0 (406-A20-0) Basic Painting and Composition
Introduction to watercolor, oil, or acrylic painting techniques. Includes surface preparation, color mixing, composition. Emphasis on still life.

ART 124-0 (406-A24-0) Essentials of Design
Principles of visual composition. Color theory; fundamentals of line, shape, texture, and value. Pictorial illusion; symbolic and narrative form. No previous studio experience necessary.

ART 125-0 (406-A25-0) Basic Drawing
Problems in line, tonal value, and space. Drawing techniques and application to perception and invention. Relation of drawing to experience. No previous studio experience necessary.

ART 222-0 (406-B22-0) Intermediate Painting
Still-life and figure painting. Problems in composition and content. Exploration of techniques with oil or acrylic paint. Prerequisite: 120 or acceptable substitute.

ART 225-0 (406-B25-0) Intermediate Drawing
Modes of describing form; survey of traditional methods. Various techniques include charcoal, crayon, and ink. Prerequisite: 120, 125, or acceptable substitute.

ART 320-0 (406-C20-0) Media and Process in Art
Use of various media to show the relation between content and process in art. Workshop demonstrations include visiting artists.

ART 322-1,2 (406-C22-1,2) Advanced Painting
Problems in form and meaning. Painting concepts and objectives with emphasis on originality and development of skills and perception. Oil or acrylic. Prerequisites: junior or senior standing, 222 or equivalent.

ART 325-1,2 (406-C25-1,2) Advanced Drawing
Studies in light and space in drawing with emphasis on development of drawing disciplines in relation to figure drawing from life. Problems in form and style in drawing. Prerequisite: 225 or equivalent.

Printmaking

ART 331-0 (406-C31-0) Relief Printmaking
The design and production of prints from wood, linoleum, and plastic surfaces; also collograph and monoprint techniques.

ART 332-0 (406-C32-0) Intaglio
Printmaking with etching, engraving, aquatint, mezzotint, and drypoint.

ART 333-0 (406-C33-0) Lithography
Design and production of prints in basic lithographic processes.

Sculpture

ART 240-0 (406-B40-0) Sculpture in Traditional Materials
Form-making with water clay modeling and plaster casting. Figurative and abstract work.

ART 340-0 (406-C40-0) Sculpture in Metal and Plastic
Contemporary methods of metal fabrication with stock materials. Welding, brazing, and instruction in the use of power tools.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
ART 342-0 (406-C42-0) Process Sculpture and Environmental Art New sculptural activities, including earth art, conceptual sculpture, and environmental work. Variety of materials and approaches; collective and individual projects.

Photography
ART 250-1,2 (406-B50-1,2) Basic Photography 1. Extensive darkroom instruction focusing on high-quality processing of black-and-white film prints. Aesthetic problems; mastering techniques; some history. 2. Further exploration of techniques: zone system, different papers, developers, and archival processing. Historical trends through slide lectures.


Art Criticism and the Tradition of Art
*ART 270-0 (*406-B70-0) Introduction to the Understanding of Art Nonchronological examination of Western art from all periods, emphasizing critical perception of artistic intent and cultural context. Lecture and discussion. Visits to exhibitions.

*ART 272-0 (*406-B72-0) Introduction to the Understanding of 20th-Century Art Intuitive and artist-oriented approach to some major examples of modernist and postmodernist art; visual analysis and critical methods. Lecture and discussion.

*ART 372-0 (*406-C72-0) Contemporary Criticism Theoretical and visual background for the major ideas influencing present art criticism, focus on writing about current exhibitions and interviewing practicing artists.

Other Courses
ART 390-0 (406-C90-0) Special Topics in Art Topics vary: for example, preparation of an art project under the guidance of visiting artists. May be repeated for credit with consent of department. Prerequisite: consent of department.

ART 399-0 (406-C99-0) Independent Study Special projects in the practice of art. Open to qualified seniors.

Asian Studies Program

Major in Asian Studies
On the recommendation of the Asian studies adviser, students who complete the following plan of study may apply for a major in Asian studies. Students must take 18 quarter-courses selected, in consultation with the adviser, from an approved list of Asian-related courses. The major should include an appropriate geographic or other focus and normally also at least six quarter-courses selected from each of three departmental clusters:

- anthropology, economics, and political science
- history
- literature, philosophy, and religion

With the adviser's consent, students may substitute up to six quarter-courses of language study in Arabic, Chinese, Hebrew, Hindi, Japanese, or Korean. (Native-speaker proficiency does not count for course credit.) See the Program of African and Asian Languages for specific language offerings.

Minor in Asian Studies
Students wishing to do some concentrated course work in Asian studies but not wishing a major in this field should consider the minor.

Minor course requirements (8 units)
Students may qualify for this minor by satisfactorily completing eight quarter-courses selected from an approved list of Asian-related courses, including at least two quarter-courses from each of three departmental clusters:

- anthropology, economics, and political science
- history
- literature, philosophy, and religion

Six such courses — including two from each cluster — will suffice for students who also complete satisfactorily two years of language study in Arabic, Chinese, Hebrew, Japanese, or Korean. (Native-speaker proficiency does not count for course credit.) Independent study courses and nonrepetitive special topic courses, such as ANTHRO 390 and HISTORY 392, will normally count for credit toward the minor if they deal substantially with Asia. Students applying for a minor must present records showing a minimum of five courses not double-counted in their major.

Within the framework of the above requirements, students will normally be expected to organize their programs with emphasis on one main region or country of Asia. Students are encouraged to take courses on more than one country in Asia. Students are also encouraged to complete at least one quarter of research in their area of interest in the form of independent study. The Asian studies adviser will help students plan a program to meet their individual needs and interests.

Astronomy
See Physics and Astronomy.

Biochemistry, Molecular Biology, and Cell Biology
The Department of Biochemistry, Molecular Biology, and Cell Biology does not offer an undergraduate degree. See Biological Sciences, Undergraduate Program in, for a description of the major in biological sciences.
Biological Sciences, Undergraduate Program in

The science of biology is the study of living organisms at all levels of complexity and in all their diversity. The Undergraduate Program in Biological Sciences draws particularly on two departments: biochemistry, molecular biology, and cell biology (BMBCB) and neurobiology and physiology (NBP). Additional opportunities in life sciences are available for students in a variety of departments: anthropology, biomedical engineering, chemistry, engineering sciences, and applied mathematics, geological sciences, psychology, and communication sciences and disorders. The curriculum is intended to maximize students’ access to offerings from these departments. The baccalaureate degree offered by Weinberg College through the Undergraduate Program in Biological Sciences is the bachelor of arts with a major in biological sciences. No minor in biological sciences is offered.

The Study of Biological Sciences

The goal of a baccalaureate degree program in biological sciences at a research university is to develop and enhance the intellectual and creative potential of life sciences students. To this end, the program includes the following components:

- a foundation in mathematics, chemistry, and physics
- a core curriculum offering an introduction to fundamental areas of biological science
- areas of concentration that subsequently focus students’ interests
- opportunities to participate in research through the independent study program

Major in Biological Sciences

Because biology is grounded in the principles of chemistry, mathematics, and physics, all majors must complete the courses listed under related courses below. During the freshman year, students usually complete 100-level chemistry and most or all of the mathematics requirements. In the sophomore year, students start CHEM 210-1 in the fall quarter concurrent with BIOL SCI 210-1. Physics courses should be completed by the end of the junior year.

Program courses

Core Curriculum: To set the stage for study in biological sciences at the advanced level, each major must complete BIOL SCI 210-1,2,3. These three courses taken in sequence address the central topics in contemporary biology with the goal of preparing students for further study in either the biological sciences or professional school. In this sequence, students are presented with a series of questions: What is the hypothesis? the concept? the principle? Finally, and very important: How do we test the hypothesis experimentally? To this end, the 200-level core curriculum is augmented by a complementary laboratory sequence that provides biology students with an appreciation of the discipline as an experimental science.

Areas of Concentration: The continuing expansion of knowledge in biology makes it difficult to master all areas in a four-year curriculum. Thus, the junior and senior years are designed to permit students to explore in depth a focused area in the biological sciences that builds on the principles of the 200-level core curriculum. To provide a variety of coherent pathways, five areas of concentration have been designed. In addition to the five courses specifically required for each concentration, each student must take three 300-level life science elective courses approved by the adviser, at least two of which must be in a different concentration area or areas. The concentration will be noted on the transcript; only one concentration can be noted. Following are the five concentrations and a summary of their requirements.

- Molecular and Cell Biology
  - BIOL SCI 301, 315, 390, plus any one of 319, 333, 355, 392, 393, 395
  - Laboratory requirement: BIOL SCI 353 or 354

- Biochemistry and Biophysics
  - BIOL SCI 301, 321, 322, 361
  - Laboratory requirement: BIOL SCI 353 or 354

- Evolutionary Biology
  - BIOL SCI 342, 343, 345, GEOL SCI 317
  - Laboratory requirement: BIOL SCI 344

- Neurobiology
  - BIOL SCI 301, 302, 306, plus any one of 303, 304, 326, 377
  - Laboratory requirement: BIOL SCI 305 or PSYCH 321

- Physiology
  - BIOL SCI 301, 325, plus two of 306, 356, BME 302
  - Laboratory Requirement: BIOL SCI 392

Related courses

All majors must complete the following foundational courses:

- CHEM 101, 102, and 103 or 171 and 172
- CHEM 210-1,2 or 212-1,2
- MATH 214-1,2 and either 214-3 or STAT 202
- PHYSICS 130-1,2,3 or 135-1,2,3

Advising

Sophomores who declare a major in biological sciences are assigned to a specific faculty adviser. Juniors and seniors involved in independent study (399) also have a specific research adviser.

Research/Independent Study/Honors Program

This program offers students the unique opportunity to work on a research project in a faculty member’s laboratory. It is recommended for all students who may wish to consider a career involving research. Students who have completed at least five quarters of course work and have attained a grade point average of 3.0 or higher in science and mathematics courses are eligible to apply for 399.
A directory of research training faculty is available at the Undergraduate Program in Biological Sciences (UPBS) office. At least two weeks before the registration period for the quarter in which students begin a 399, an application form for independent study should be obtained from the UPBS office. Students visit the faculty members whose research areas are of interest and explore with them the possibility of doing research in their laboratories. By mutual agreement, a plan of study is proposed; the application/proposal is signed by the student and the faculty member. Students bring the completed, signed application to the UPBS office, where they are given a course authorization form to take to registration and a quarterly summary report that must be completed and returned to the UPBS office at the end of each quarter of 399. A biological sciences major’s first two quarters of independent study are graded on the P/N option.

Students engaged in 399 research are encouraged to submit a senior thesis proposal by the beginning of their senior year. A faculty committee evaluates each proposal and either recommends or does not recommend that the student should proceed with the writing of a senior thesis. Students complete the laboratory work, data analysis, and writing of the thesis (literature survey, materials and methods, results, discussion) according to an established timetable.

Satisfactory completion of the thesis allows the faculty committee to recommend students for program honors and makes them eligible to compete for one of three awards given yearly for superior honors research. Completion of a senior thesis in the spring quarter enables students to use the spring quarter 399 as a 300-level elective toward the major. Additionally, prior participation in 399 for two quarters is mandatory for the spring quarter of 399 to count as a 300-level elective. In general, a research project leading to honors cannot be pursued outside 399 in a paid or unpaid job. The only exceptions are cases in which a student’s supervisor is a participant in the UPBS honors program and an appropriate research/study plan has been approved by the honors coordinator. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

**Integrated Science Program**

The Integrated Science Program (ISP) is a highly selective BA program in Weinberg College (see Integrated Science Program). Students majoring in ISP who wish to complete a second major in biological sciences should fulfill the following requirements instead of those listed above. They may not substitute ISP 398 for any biological sciences or chemistry course in the ISP curriculum and must take the following additional courses:

- CHEM 212-2
- An appropriate laboratory course for the chosen concentration. (If the lab course is waived due to 399 or other research experience, another 300-level biological sciences course must be taken in its place.)

- Two additional courses, as specified below for the indicated concentration:
  - Molecular and cell biology: BIOL SCI 315 and 390
  - Biochemistry and biophysics: BIOL SCI 322 and 361
  - Evolutionary biology: BIOL SCI 343 and GEOL SCI 317
  - Neurobiology: BIOL SCI 303 and 306
  - Physiology: BIOL SCI 325 and 356

**Honors Program in Medical Education**

300-level biological sciences course requirements for students also in the HPME Program consist of four core courses appropriate for each of the five department concentrations (not including the lab course, which is waived), plus three 300-level electives.

**Premedical, Predental, and Preveterinary Students Majoring in Other Departments**

Biological sciences requirements for most U.S. schools offering degrees in medicine, dentistry, and veterinary medicine are satisfied by either 110-1,2,3 or 210-1,2,3. Students with these career objectives usually begin such a sequence in their second year.

**The Teaching of Biological Sciences**

Weinberg College students pursuing a major in biological sciences who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

**Courses Primarily for Undergraduates**

**BIOL SCI 103-0 (409-A03-0) Diversity of Life** Comparative survey of organisms, emphasizing adaptation and phylogenetic relationships. No credit while or after taking any part of the 210-1,2,3 sequence.

**BIOL SCI 110-1 (409-A10-1) Biology: Genetics and Evolution** Principles of genetics and evolution and their application. Laboratory. No prerequisite, but CHEM 101 recommended.

**BIOL SCI 110-2 (409-A10-2) Biology: Molecular and Biochemical Biology** How genes direct synthesis of proteins; biochemistry. Laboratory. Prerequisite: 110-1. No credit while or after taking 210-2 or 210-3.

**BIOL SCI 110-3 (409-A10-3) Biology: Physiology and Cell Biology** How cells and tissues function. Laboratory. Prerequisite: 110-2. No credit while or after taking 210-2 or 3.

**BIOL SCI 112-0 (409-A12-0) Biotechnology and Society** Examination of modern biotechnology and its interaction with human society.
Biology

BIOL SCI 124-0 (409-A24-0) Biological Clocks
Daily and annual biological rhythms, their mechanisms, and
their effects on health, performance, and society. Scientific
method emphasized. No credit while or after taking any
part of the 210-1,2,3 sequence.

BIOL SCI 160-0 (409-A60-0) Human Reproduction
Basic biology of reproduction; relation between hormones,
emotions, intelligence, and behavior; related policy issues.
No credit while or after taking any part of the 210-1,2,3
sequence.

BIOL SCI 164-0 (409-A64-0) Genetics and People
Principles of inheritance with emphasis on human character-
istics and the interaction of genetics and society. Credit
not allowed for both 164 and 170. No credit while or after
taking any part of the 210-1,2,3 sequence.

BIOL SCI 170-0 (409-A70-0) Concepts of Biology
Cellular organization, energy conversion, genetics, repro-
duction, evolution. No credit while or after taking any part
of the 210-1,2,3 sequence.

BIOL SCI 191-0 (409-A91-0) Evolution
Major evolutionary principles. No credit while or after taking any part of
the 210-1,2,3 sequence.

BIOL SCI 204-0 (409-B04-0) Environmental Biology
Underlying biological principles necessary to make in-
formed decisions about environmental issues. Laboratory.
Prerequisites: 170 or 210-1; one course in statistics;
concurrent registration in CHEM 204.

BIOL SCI 210-1 (409-B10-1) Genetics and Evolutionary
Biology
Transmission and demic genetics; evolutionary biology. Laboratory. Prerequisites: MATH 214-1,2; CHEM 101, 102, and 103 or 171 and 172.

BIOL SCI 210-2 (409-B10-2) Biochemistry and Molecular
Biology
Biochemical and molecular biology. Laboratory.
Prerequisites: 210-1; CHEM 210-1; concurrent registration in CHEM 210-2.

BIOL SCI 210-3 (409-B10-3) Physiology and Cell Biology
Cell biology and systems physiology. Laboratory. Prereq-
usite: 210-2.

BIOL SCI 212-1 (409-B12-1) ISP Genetics and Molecular
Biology
Transmission genetics, genetic code, transcription,
translation, regulation of gene expression. Prerequisite:
CHEM 212-1.

BIOL SCI 212-2 (409-B12-2) ISP Biochemistry and
Structural Biology
Synthesis and metabolism of organic molecules; structure and function of proteins. Prerequisite:
212-1.

BIOL SCI 301-0 (409-C01-0) Biochemistry
Major areas and principles of biochemical processes at the molecular
level; structure, metabolism, energetics, and control me-
chanisms. Prerequisites: 210-1,2,3; CHEM 210-1.

BIOL SCI 302-0 (409-C02-0) Fundamentals of
Neurobiology
Cellular and biochemical approaches to the
nervous system, focusing on neuron structure and function;
cell-to-cell communication. Prerequisites: 210-3; PHYSICS
130-2.

BIOL SCI 303-0 (409-C03-0) Molecular Neurobiology
Mechanisms of signal transduction and synaptic plasticity;
moreau biochemistry. Prerequisites: 210-3, 302.

BIOL SCI 304-0 (409-C04-0) Developmental
Neurobiology
Cellular aspects of nervous system development; relationship between structure and function during
development. Prerequisites: 210-3, 302.

BIOL SCI 305-0 (409-C05-0) Neurobiology Laboratory
Hands-on experience in the performance of classical exper-
iments in cellular neurophysiology. Laboratory course for
students of neurobiology. 302 strongly recommended.

BIOL SCI 306-0 (409-C06-0) Central Nervous System
Physiology
Integrative approach toward understanding functioning of mammalian central nervous system. Prereq-
usite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 310-0 (409-C10-0) ISP Quantitative
Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
Protein interaction with small molecules, location of genetic markers, X-ray diffraction studies of DNA fibers, protein tertiary structure
determination. Prerequisite: 212.

BIOL SCI 311-0 (409-C11-0) ISP Neurobiology
Detailed
look at membrane properties of single neurons and synaptic
transmission. Mechanisms of basic sensory and motor
processes in the brain.

BIOL SCI 314-0 (409-C14-0) Mind and Brain
Neural transmission; effects of endogenous substances and exoge-
 nous drugs; how neural dysfunction can translate into cog-
nitive abnormality. Prerequisite: 110-3, 170, 190, or 210-3.

BIOL SCI 315-0 (409-C15-0) Cell Biology
Relationship of shape, structural dynamics, and function with the cellular
state and gene expression; chromosomal and cellular structure;
cell-to-cell communication. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 319-0 (409-C19-0) Biology of Animal Viruses
Virus structure, synthesis of viral nucleic acids and proteins, the interaction of the viral and cellular genomes, structural and functional alteration of infected cells. Prerequisite:
210-3.

BIOL SCI 320-0 (409-C20-0) Behavioral Ecology Seminar
Evolutionary study of animal behavior, emphasizing theory but using field data to test or illustrate aspects of theory. Prerequisites: 210-1 and consent of instructor.

BIOL SCI 321-0 (409-C21-0) Physical Biochemistry
Thermodynamic laws, diffusion, chemical equilibria, kinet-
ics, and statistical thermodynamics. Focus on problems of
biological significance. Prerequisites: 210-1,2,3; CHEM 103
or 172; MATH 214-2; PHYSICS 130-1 or 135-1.

BIOL SCI 322-0 (409-C22-0) Biochemistry of
Macromolecular Complexes
Structure and behavior of membranes and complexes that function in association with membranes. Prerequisite: 301.
BIOL SCI 324-0 (409-C24-0) Neurobiology of Biological Clocks Daily and circadian biological clocks: research regarding their causation and adaptive significance. Prerequisites: 110-1,2,3 or 210-1,2,3.

BIOL SCI 325-0 (409-C25-0) Animal Physiology Physiological principles and mechanisms responsible for the ability of animals to regulate variables in the steady state and to survive in the face of alterations in the external environment. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 326-0 (409-C26-0) Neurobiology of Learning and Memory Molecular and neural bases. Conditioning, learning in invertebrates, avian imprinting, mammalian motor learning, spatial learning, spatial memory, human learning pathology. Prerequisite: 302.

BIOL SCI 333-0 (409-C33-0) Microbial Cell and Molecular Biology Structure, growth, metabolism, and genetics of prokaryotes. Computer-based analyses. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 340-0 (409-C40-0) Biological Aspects of Disease Cellular response to injury; inflammation and immunity; genetic basis of human disease; and developmental pathology. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 342-0 (409-C42-0) Evolutionary Processes Seminar Natural selection as a predictive process. Prerequisites: 210-1 and consent of instructor.

BIOL SCI 343-0 (409-C43-0) Phylogenetics Current concepts of evolutionary biology as background for an understanding of systematics and phylogeny reconstruction. Prerequisites: 210-1,2 and consent of program.

BIOL SCI 344-0 (409-C44-0) Evolutionary Morphology of Vertebrates Laboratory Vertebrate phylogeny illustrated via comparative morphology; anatomical/functional consideration of the musculoskeletal and other selected systems. Prerequisites: 210-1,2 and consent of program.

BIOL SCI 345-0 (409-C45-0) Topics in Evolutionary Biology Topics vary, but always deal with phylogenetic techniques and/or the biology of a major group of organisms. Laboratory. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Prerequisites: 210-1,2.

BIOL SCI 353-0 (409-C53-0) Eukaryotic Molecular Biology Laboratory Project-based approach to learning lab skills in eukaryotic molecular biology; small groups design experimental strategies for their projects. Prerequisites: 210-1,2,3.

BIOL SCI 354-0 (409-C54-0) Prokaryotic Molecular Biology Laboratory Laboratory course in molecular and biochemical experimentation, using microorganisms to probe fundamental problems in biology. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 355-0 (409-C55-0) Immunobiology Nature of host resistance: characteristics of antigens, antibodies; basis of immune response; hypersensitivity; specific immunologic paralysis and transplantation. Prerequisite: 210-3.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.

BIOL SCI 356-0 (409-C56-0) Vertebrate Endocrinology Physiology and biochemistry of hormones and glands of internal secretion in vertebrates; interrelationship among endocrine glands. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 360-0 (409-C60-0) Biophysics of Living Organisms Physical principles involved in functions of living organisms. Prerequisites: 210-3; PHYSICS 130-1,2; MATH 214-1,2.

BIOL SCI 361-0 (409-C61-0) Proteins and Nucleic Acids Structure and function of biological macromolecules; methods in molecular biophysics. X-ray crystallography and NMR. Prerequisites: CHEM 210-2; MATH 214-2; PHYSICS 130-3.

BIOL SCI 362-0 (409-C62-0) Biophysics of Macromolecular Systems Seminar Biophysics of macromolecular assemblies, organelles, and cells. Topics include molecular motors and signal transduction assemblies. Prerequisites: CHEM 210-2; MATH 214-2; PHYSICS 130-1,2.

BIOL SCI 377-0 (409-C77-0) Sensory Neurobiology Physiological processes in sensory receptor cells; chemical senses, vision, hearing, and lateral line organs; analysis of specialized sensory systems. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 389-0 (409-C89-0) Biology of Reproduction Seminar Molecular aspects of gametogenesis and fertilization; signal transduction/receptors involved in fertilization. Prerequisites: 210-3 and consent of instructor.

BIOL SCI 390-0 (409-C90-0) Molecular Biology Nucleic acid structure; cell and virus genetics; DNA mutation, repair, recombination, replication, restriction and modification; translation. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 392-0 (409-C92-0) Developmental Biology Laboratory From gametogenesis to the differentiation of specialized cell types; cytodifferentiation, mechanisms of morphogenesis and pattern formation. Prerequisite: 210-3.

BIOL SCI 393-0 (409-C93-0) Molecular Biology of Human Disease Seminar Use of biochemical, cellular, and molecular biology to elucidate contemporary problems in biomedical research. Prerequisites: 210-3, 301, 315, 390.

BIOL SCI 395-0 (409-C95-0) Molecular Genetics How molecular genetics is used to study biological problems. Prerequisites: 315, 390.

BIOL SCI 398-0 (409-C98-0) Undergraduate Research Seminar Advanced work for superior students through supervised reading, research, and discussion. Prerequisites: consent of faculty supervisor and program.

BIOL SCI 399-0 (409-C99-0) Independent Research Supervised individual research open only to juniors and seniors meeting specified requirements. Prerequisite: consent of faculty research supervisor and program.
Business Institutions Program
The Program in Business Institutions approaches the study of business through a thoughtful investigation of the cultural, political, philosophical, literary, and social consequences of business institutions. Therefore, business institutions is not intended to constitute a narrowly conceived preprofessional training or to function as a business concentration within any single departmental major. This program is instead conceived as a means to a broad, multidisciplinary perspective on a significant area of inquiry in late 20th-century society. Students who wish to pursue the minor in business institutions should be open to inquiries grounded in the intellectual approaches of many disciplines.

Minor in Business Institutions
The minor in business institutions requires the successful completion with a grade of C– or above of eight courses: three required core courses and five elective courses. The program director may approve a course offered in a particular year as a substitution for an elective course when the syllabus demonstrates a business institutions emphasis.

Students interested in the minor in business institutions should consult with a program adviser. Information is available in the Weinberg College Office of Studies and the program office, University Hall, room 001. Students applying for the minor in business institutions must present records showing a minimum of five courses not double-counted in their major. Grades of P/N are not accepted.

Minor course requirements (8 units)

Core courses
- ECON 201 and 202 (which together count as one business institutions core requirement) or ECON 310-1
- ECON 334 or POLI SCI 375
- SOCIOL 302

Electives: five courses chosen from
- ANTHRO 341
- BUS INST 392
- ECON 305, 307, 308, 323, 339, 349, 350, 355
- HISTORY 367, 391
- PHIL 260
- POLI SCI 361, 371, 372
- SOCIOL 215, 312, 315, 331, 332, 335

Course
BUS INST 392-0 (493-C92-0) Business Institutions Program Internship Seminar Allows students to relate the scholarship concerning an aspect of corporate culture to experience gained from a previously completed summer internship. Prerequisites: completion of business institutions core courses and consent of instructor.

Chemistry
Chemistry is the study of molecular structure, chemical reactions, and the molecular basis of solids, liquids, and gases. The broad applicability of phenomena and rigorous methodology of chemistry provide a wide range of career options for chemistry majors. Training in chemistry blends descriptive, conceptual, and mathematical elements in both lectures and laboratory work. While developing chemical knowledge is essential, the progressive honing of analytical abilities is equally important.

The chemistry department offers courses carefully designed to provide a rigorous introduction to chemistry for science or nonscience students. Additional courses provide several chemistry program options and serve the needs of Northwestern’s engineering, biological sciences, and medical programs. The chemistry faculty conducts vigorous, original research that includes undergraduates, graduate students, and visiting scholars from around the world. This environment, i.e., modern instrumentation, seminars, colloquia, and informal contacts, invigorates the educational process and provides exciting opportunities for undergraduates.

The department offers programs to meet the needs of students with diverse career objectives, including professional chemistry, medicine, and teaching.

Major in Chemistry
The major is recommended for students planning careers in chemistry. It is suitable preparation for graduate study in chemistry or medical school and for those seeking positions as professional chemists. Only this program qualifies students for certification as a professional chemist by the American Chemical Society.

Departmental courses: 101; 102; 103 or 171; 172; 210-1,2,3 or 212-1,2,3; 215; 329; 333; 335; 342-1,2,3; 345; 361

Related courses: MATH 214-1,2,3 and 215 (the accelerated mathematics courses 290-1,2 or 291-1,2 also satisfy this requirement); PHYSICS 125-1,2,3 or 135-1,2,3

Chemistry Program with Biochemistry Emphasis
This program is designed for students who wish to emphasize the biochemical aspects of chemistry. For example, this program is suitable preparation for medical school or for advanced study in fields that require a strong background in chemistry. Three courses from the regular chemistry program (335, 361, and 215 or 345) are replaced by BIOL SCI 210-1,2 and one of the following: CHEM 397, 414; BIOL SCI 301, 322, 354, 390.

Minor in Chemistry
The minor in chemistry allows majors in other fields to complete a significant portion of the course work required for a chemistry major. It permits the flexible selection of course work from the traditional subdisciplines of organic, inorganic, physical, and analytical chemistry.
Minors must obtain consent from the department to register in 212-1,2,3; 215; and 335. Majors have priority for registration in these courses, which may have limited enrollments, and in 399.

Basic courses: 103 or 172 or equivalent (300-level chemistry courses have additional chemistry, physics, and mathematics prerequisites)

Minor course requirements (6 units): six 200-, 300-level chemistry courses (exclusive of 201, 204, and 399)

Sample programs: Life science majors and premedical students are advised to take 210-1,2,3 or 212-1,2,3; 343; and two additional courses. Physical science majors should take 342-1,2,3; 345; and two additional courses. Students with interests in materials science, geological science, environmental science, or chemical engineering should take 210-1,2; 335; 343 and two additional courses. Other programs for the minor can be designed to suit the needs of individual students.

Four-Year BA/MS
Students who have done outstanding work during their first three years and who have a professional interest in chemistry or biochemistry are eligible to apply for the four-year BA/MS program. Applications should be made during the spring quarter of the junior year. By the end of three years, the applicant should have completed all the 300-level chemistry courses, all or nearly all Weinberg College requirements, and one quarter of independent study. To fulfill the MS requirements, students must take nine graduate courses, including four chemistry courses selected from a list approved by the department and at least 3 units of independent study. None of these nine courses can be used to fulfill any specific undergraduate Weinberg College or major course requirement. See Four-Year Master’s Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog and consult a department adviser.

Integrated Science Program
The Integrated Science Program (ISP) is a highly selective BA program in Weinberg College (see Integrated Science Program). Students majoring in ISP who wish to complete a second major in chemistry must take the courses listed under one of the following options.

Chemistry option: 212-1,2,3; 215; 329; 333; 335; 345; 361

Biochemistry option: 212-1,2,3; 215 or 345; 329; 333

Program in the teaching of chemistry: 212-1,2; 329; 333; three 200- or 300-level chemistry electives

Honors in Chemistry
Seniors who have done outstanding work in the classroom and research laboratory are eligible for graduation with honors in chemistry. A student who is recommended must have completed the sequence of courses required by the department with a grade point average of 3.3 or above in chemistry and at least two quarters of either 398 or 399 during which the student was engaged in original research. A written report of research activities along with a strong recommendation from the student's research adviser is also necessary. For more information consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

The Teaching of Chemistry
Weinberg College students pursuing a major in chemistry who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Advanced Placement
Entering students seeking advanced placement will be advised to register for 171, 210, or 212 according to their score on either the College Board Advanced Placement chemistry examination or the department chemistry placement examination.

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

CHEM 101-0 (411-A01-0) General Chemistry Descriptive chemistry, elements and compounds; basic chemical calculations, mole problems, stoichiometry, and solution concentrations; gas laws; thermodynamics; quantum theory and electronic structure of atoms; periodic properties of the elements; nuclear chemistry; chemical bonding. With laboratory.

CHEM 102-0 (411-A02-0) General Inorganic Chemistry Descriptive chemistry, inorganic reactions; chemical bonding; condensed phases; introduction to chemical equilibria; phase equilibria; solutions and colligative properties; metal complexes. With laboratory. Prerequisite: 101 (C– or better) or consent of department.

CHEM 103-0 (411-A03-0) General Physical Chemistry Chemical equilibria; equilibria in aqueous solution, thermodynamics; chemical kinetics; electrochemistry and oxidation-reduction reactions; solid-state chemistry; industrial chemical processes. With laboratory. A grade of C– or better in 103 required to enroll for any higher-level chemistry course. Prerequisites: 102 (C– or better) or consent of department; MATH 214-1.

CHEM 171-0 (411-A71-0) Accelerated General Inorganic Chemistry Review of mole problems and stoichiometry; descriptive chemistry, elements, compounds, and inorganic reactions; gas laws; phase equilibria and colligative properties; chemical equilibria; aqueous equilibria; topics in chemical bonding and molecular structure. With laboratory. Prerequisite: placement by the department through department placement exam.
CHEM 172-0 (411-A72-0) Accelerated General Physical Chemistry Thermodynamics and equilibrium; chemical kinetics and mechanism; electrochemistry; electronic structure of the atom and quantum theory; advanced topics in chemical bonding; coordination compounds; solid-state chemistry; nuclear chemistry. With laboratory. Prerequisites: 171 (C– or better); MATH 214-1.

CHEM 201-0 (411-B01-0) Chemistry of Nature and Culture Chemistry for the nonscientist. Chemicals commonly encountered in everyday life. With laboratory.

CHEM 204-0 (411-B04-0) Environmental Chemistry The chemistry of the environment. Air, water, and soil; effects of pollution, heating, nuclear emissions, toxicity, and remediation. With laboratory. Primarily for environmental science majors but open to all qualified students. Prerequisites: 101, 102, 103 or 171, 172.

CHEM 210-1,2,3 (411-B10-1,2,3) Organic Chemistry 1. Basic concepts of structure, stereochemistry, and reactivity of organic compounds. The chemistry of hydrocarbons and alcohols. No P/N registration. Prerequisite: 103 or 172 (C– or better). 2. The chemistry of aromatic, carbonyl, and nitrogen compounds; characterization of organic substances by chemical and spectral methods; reaction mechanisms. With laboratory. No P/N registration. Prerequisite: 210-1 (C– or better). 3. The chemistry of multifunctional compounds of biological and medicinal interest. Modern organic synthesis, bioorganic chemistry, and recent developments in organic chemistry. With laboratory. No P/N registration. Prerequisite: 210-2 (C– or better).

CHEM 212-1,2,3 (411-B12-1,2,3) Organic Chemistry Primarily for chemistry majors and students in ISP. Similar to 210-1,2,3 except with laboratory in the first and second quarters. With laboratory. No P/N registration. Prerequisites: 103 or 172 (C– or better) and consent of department, enrollment in ISP, or department placement.

CHEM 215-0 (411-B15-0) Organic Synthesis Laboratory A laboratory course in modern methods of synthesis, separation, and spectroscopic characterization of organic compounds. Included are organization, access, and use of chemical information. Prerequisite: 210-3 or 212-3 (students may take 212-3 concurrently).

Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors

CHEM 329-0 (411-C29-0) Analytical Chemistry with Laboratory Principles and applications of analytical methods with emphasis on chromatography and electrochemistry. With laboratory. No P/N registration. Prerequisites: 342-1, 342-2, or 343 (students may take 343 concurrently).

CHEM 333-0 (411-C33-0) Inorganic Chemistry Descriptive chemistry of some important elements. Current concepts and models of chemical bonding. Prerequisites: 2 units of 200- or 300-level chemistry.

CHEM 335-0 (411-C35-0) Inorganic Synthesis Laboratory Laboratory course in modern methods synthesis, separation, and spectroscopic characterization of inorganic compounds. Introduction to current topics in inorganic chemical research. Prerequisites: 212-3 or 210-3, 333 (students may take 333 concurrently).

CHEM 342-1 (411-C42-1) Thermodynamics Laws of applications of thermodynamics. Thermochemistry, chemical potentials, solution thermodynamics, nonideal gases. Prerequisites: 103 or 172 (C or better); MATH 214-3; PHYSICS 135-1,2 (students may take PHYSICS 135-2 concurrently).

CHEM 342-2 (411-C42-2) Quantum Mechanics and Spectroscopy Quantum mechanics with emphasis on atomic and molecular electronic structure. Electronic, vibrational, rotational, and magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Prerequisites: MATH 214-3 (215 recommended); PHYSICS 135-1,2.

CHEM 342-3 (411-C42-3) Kinetics and Statistical Thermodynamics Chemical kinetics, including experimental techniques and theories of rate processes. Statistical mechanics, including Boltzmann distribution, partition functions, and applications to thermodynamics. Prerequisites: 342-1,2.

CHEM 343-0 (411-C43-0) Kinetics and Spectroscopy Chemical kinetics, including experimental techniques and elementary theory. Ultraviolet, visible, infrared, and magnetic resonance spectroscopy. For nonmajors. Prerequisites: 342-1 or PHYSICS 135-1,2; MATH 214-3.

CHEM 345-0 (411-C45-0) Spectroscopy Laboratory Experiments on modern spectroscopic methods and data analysis. Prerequisite: 342-2 (students may take 342-2 concurrently).

CHEM 348-0 (411-C48-0) Physical Chemistry for ISP Gas laws and properties; kinetic theory; first, second, and third laws; phase equilibria; mixtures, phase diagrams, statistical thermodynamics, kinetics. Prerequisites: ISP enrollment; 172; MATH 291-1,2,3; or consent of department.

CHEM 361-0 (411-C61-0) Advanced Laboratory Advanced laboratory in analytical and physical chemistry. Prerequisites: 329; 342-1,2; 343.

CHEM 380-0 (411-C80-0) Cooperative Chemistry Education Participation in approved industrial work experience away from the campus. No credit; no tuition. Prerequisite: consent of department.

CHEM 397-0 (411-C97-0) Medicinal Chemistry: The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Action Introduction to principles of drug design and mechanisms of drug action from a chemical viewpoint. Historical introduction, drug design and development, receptors, enzymes and enzyme inhibitors, DNA, drug metabolism, and prodrugs. Prerequisites: 210-3, 212-3, or consent of instructor.

CHEM 398-0 (411-C98-0) Undergraduate Seminar Advanced work for superior students through supervised reading, research, and discussion. Prerequisite: consent of department.

CHEM 399-0 (411-C99-0) Independent Study Faculty-directed research. Prerequisite: consent of department.
Classics
Classics is the multidisciplinary study of Greek and Roman civilization. The chief purpose of the undergraduate programs is to elucidate the classical foundations of our culture and to sharpen the abilities that grow from the study of the classical languages, literature, and history. The department also offers MA and PhD programs that prepare scholars for a career in teaching and research.

The classics programs at Northwestern are strong in history and literature. Complemented by resources in the Department of Philosophy, the department also is well qualified to offer undergraduate and graduate programs in Greek philosophy. A major commitment to classical studies is evident in the holdings of the University Library, which provides extensive research opportunities to classics undergraduate and graduate students.

The Department of Classics offers a major in classics and minor concentrations in Latin and in Greek. Additional information about classics programs and courses is on the department's Web site at www2.mmlc.nwu.edu/classics/ or available on request from the department office.

Major in Classics
The major in classics, with emphasis in Latin or Greek, provides extensive contact with classical literature in the original language and a broad knowledge of the classical world and its place in the Western tradition. Requirements for the classics major can be satisfied by 18 or 19 courses, evenly divided between language courses (Greek or Latin) and courses with readings in English (classics). A classics major is a viable option even for students enrolling at Northwestern with little or no language background.

Departmental courses
Basic courses: LATIN 201-1,2,3 or GREEK 201-1,2,3; CLASSICS 210, 211, 212.

Major courses
• Six 300-level Latin or Greek courses in any combination or three 300-level courses in one language and four at any level in the other language
• Three 200-level classics courses in English (With consent of department, related 200-level courses outside the department may be used to fulfill this requirement.)
• Three 300-level classics courses (With consent of department, related 300-level courses outside the department may be used to fulfill this requirement.)

Minor Concentrations in Classics
Classics offers two minor concentrations designed to provide a solid foundation in language, literature, history, and culture and to complement specialization in any other discipline. Each concentration calls for six quarters of Greek or Latin and three approved 300-level classics courses. Students planning to minor in classics should meet with a departmental adviser.

Latin
Prerequisites: LATIN 101-1,2,3 or equivalent

Minor course requirements (6 units)
• LATIN 201-1,2,3
• Three 300-level CLASSICS courses approved by the department

Greek
Prerequisites: GREEK 101-1,2,3 or equivalent

Minor course requirements (6 units)
• GREEK 201-1,2,3
• Three 300-level CLASSICS courses approved by the department

Study Abroad
Qualified majors have the opportunity to attend the Intercollegiate Center for Classical Studies at Rome during their junior or senior year. Students interested in this program or similar opportunities in Greece should consult the department chair or an adviser in the Study Abroad Office.

Four-Year BA/MA
Students with a strong background may apply for a two-degree program that can be completed in four years. This is ideal for students interested in continued graduate studies in any of several fields. It also serves to prepare highly qualified secondary school teachers of classics, for whom there is a renewed demand. See Four-Year Master's Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog and consult a department adviser.

Honors in Classics
Outstanding seniors in classics are encouraged to prepare an honors thesis based on two or more quarters of 399 Independent Study. Successful completion of this project entitles the candidate to nomination for honors in classics. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

The Teaching of Latin
Weinberg College students pursuing a major in classics who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Courses in Latin
LATIN 101-1,2,3 (413-A01-1,2,3) Elementary Latin
Classical Latin vocabulary, grammar, and syntax with graded readings for translation. Four class meetings a week.
LATIN 201-1,2,3 (413-B01-1,2,3) Introduction to Latin Literature Grammar and vocabulary review. Readings in Catullus, Horace, and other selected comedy and prose authors; emphasis on literary analysis. Prerequisite: 101 or department placement.

LATIN 310-0 (413-C10-0) Readings in Latin Literature Authors and topics arranged in a three-year cycle. Authors include Plautus, Terence, Lucretius, Cicero, Virgil, Horace, Ovid, and Tacitus. Prerequisite: 201 or equivalent.

LATIN 399-0 (413-C99-0) Independent Study For advanced students approved by the department, individual programs under the direction of a department member.

Courses in Greek

GREEK 101-1,2,3 (415-A01-1,2,3) Elementary Greek Vocabulary, forms, and syntax of the Homeric dialect of ancient Greek, using Homer's Iliad as the basic text.

GREEK 201-1,2,3 (415-B01-1,2,3) Introduction to Greek Literature Review of basic grammar and vocabulary. Representative selections from Greek authors in their historical and cultural context. 1. Epic. 2. Drama. 3. History, philosophy. Prerequisite: 101 or equivalent.

GREEK 301-0 (415-C01-0) Readings in Greek Literature Authors and topics arranged in a three-year cycle. Authors include Homer, Pindar, Herodotus, Thucydides, and Plato. Prerequisite: 201 or equivalent.

GREEK 399-0 (415-C99-0) Independent Study For advanced students approved by the department, individual programs under the direction of a department member.

Courses with Readings in English

These courses offer an understanding of classical culture and its influence in history, literature, and art. There are no prerequisites in Greek or Latin.

CLASSICS 110-0 (414-A10-0) Scientific Vocabulary through Classical Roots Greek and Latin etymology in the vocabulary of the sciences. Designed primarily for science or medical students. Self-paced independent study.

CLASSICS 210-0 (414-B10-0) Early Western Civilization Comparative study of early Greek and Hebrew cultures against the background of other civilizations of the ancient Near East.

CLASSICS 211-0 (414-B11-0) Classical Greece History, literature, philosophy, and art in ancient Athens.

CLASSICS 212-0 (414-B12-0) Roman Civilization Development and character of the Roman Republic and Empire, emphasizing political and social institutions. Roman origins of Europe's politics, religion, literature, and ideas.

CLASSICS 240-1,2 (414-B40-1,2) The Literary Achievement of Greece and Rome 1. Homer and Hellenism: the Iliad, the Odyssey, and their early influence. 2. Hellenistic and Roman humanism; new values in comedy, Virgil's Aeneid, satire.

CLASSICS 244-0 (414-B44-0) The Ancient Novel Critical approach to the origins of the genre of the novel through works by ancient Greek and Latin authors.

CLASSICS 260-0 (414-B60-0) Classical Mythology Stories of gods and heroes as reflections of the structure and attitudes of Greek and Roman society and as changing models for human behavior.


CLASSICS 330-0 (414-C30-0) Ancient Economy Pre-industrial Mediterranean economies of ancient Greece and Rome. Farming, transportation, settlement patterns, capitalism and trade, slavery; ends with a rustic Roman banquet.

CLASSICS 342-0 (414-C42-0) Early European Medicine Greco-Roman origins of European medical thought from the cult of Asclepius to Galen; emphasis on ethical ideas, strengths, and weaknesses of Greek science.

CLASSICS 345-0 (414-C45-0) Greek Tragedy Readings in the plays of Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides; emphasis on social and institutional contexts of Greek theater and its influence on Western drama.

CLASSICS 348-0 (414-C48-0) Roman Comedy Readings in the plays of Plautus and Terence: focus on dramatic and linguistic style in Roman comedy.


CLASSICS 359-0 (414-C59-0) Topography of Imperial Rome Covers the period of Rome's maximum ancient development, the reign of the Emperor Constantine. Presented alternate years with 358.

CLASSICS 390-0 (414-C90-0) Topics in Greco-Roman Civilization Content varies; may be repeated for credit with different topic. Recent topics include music and the city; the origins of democracy; written voices; Herodotus and the invention of history.

Related Courses in Other Departments

ART HIST 310-2 Ancient Art: Greek Art
COMP LIT 201-1 Western European Literature
PHIL 265 Introduction to the Philosophy of Law
PHIL 320 Studies in Ancient Philosophy
POLI SCI 301 Classical Political Theory
Cognitive Science Program
Cognitive science is the scientific study of the mind with the goal of understanding the nature of thought. Students learn the ways in which converging sources of evidence may be integrated to discover the mechanisms underlying the complex, adaptive properties of human cognition. The major in cognitive science gives a broad foundation in this interdisciplinary field, encompassing cognitive psychology, linguistics, artificial intelligence, neuroscience, and related disciplines. Required introductory courses survey basic phenomena and approaches; basic methodology courses impart the required methods of cognitive science; core courses provide foundations of disciplines within cognitive science; and elective courses allow students to pursue more advanced study in particular disciplines. A junior proseminar focuses on ongoing research in the field by Northwestern faculty. Qualified seniors will be invited to take a senior honors seminar to engage in independent research under the guidance of department faculty and to write a senior thesis.

For additional information about the Program in Cognitive Science, see the program director.

Major in Cognitive Science

Program courses
- **Required introductory courses (3):** COG SCI 207, 210, 211
- **Basic methodology requirements (3):** COMP SCI 110 or 111; PSYCH 201, 205
- **Core course requirements (3):** one course from three of the following five areas
  - Artificial intelligence: COMP SCI 348
  - Cognitive neuroscience: PSYCH 212, 361
  - Cognitive psychology: PSYCH 228
  - Learning sciences: LOC 212 or 301
  - Linguistics: LING 205, 206, 207
- **Advanced proseminar requirement (1):** COG SCI 366 (should be taken in the junior year)
- **Advanced electives (6):** six courses with at least three in one area (major emphasis) and at least two outside that area
  - Anthropology: ANTHRO 360, 389, 390, 395 or 395, 471
  - Artificial intelligence: COMP SCI 325, 332, 337, 344, 432, 437-1, 2
  - Cognitive neuroscience: PSYCH 312-2, 321, 324, 342;
    COMP SCI 303; BIOL SCI 302, 306, 314, 377 (see the Undergraduate Program in Biological Sciences for prerequisites for these courses)
  - Cognitive psychology: PSYCH 311, 333, 334, 335, 360, 362, 460, 461, 466
  - Learning and instruction: COMM SCI 392, 492; LOC 301
    (if not counted as a core course), 401, 423, 429, 439, MUSIC ED 437
  - Music cognition: MUS THRY 351; MUSIC ED 438
  - Philosophy: PHIL 325, 327

Other 300- and 400-level courses may be substituted for advanced electives with consent of the cognitive science adviser. It is strongly recommended that students pursue independent study (399) in cognitive science or in one of the departments listed above. This course may count as an advanced elective. For students pursuing honors, the second quarter of the honors seminar (398-2) may count as an advanced elective.

**Note:** Cognitive science majors who wish to double major must show a minimum of 11 courses not double-counted in any other major(s). Cognitive science majors seeking a minor in another discipline cannot double-count for that minor any courses used to meet the major requirements in cognitive science.

Minor in Cognitive Science

The minor in cognitive science broadens the academic background of students majoring in related fields. The goal is to provide students with the methods and foundations for understanding cognitive issues in an interdisciplinary framework.

**Minor course requirements (8 units)**
- **Introductory courses:** two courses chosen from 207, 210, 211
- **Basic methodology courses:** two courses (at least one from outside a student’s major area) chosen from PSYCH 201, 205; COMP SCI 110, 111
- **Electives (4):** four courses chosen from at least two areas, at least three at the 300 level and at least three outside the major. For available areas, see the advanced electives for the major. At least one course must be chosen from the courses listed below.
  - Artificial intelligence: COMP SCI 348
  - Cognitive neuroscience: PSYCH 212 or 361
  - Cognitive psychology: PSYCH 228
  - Learning sciences: LOC 301
  - Linguistics: LING 205 or 206 or 207

Courses

**COG SCI 207-0 (452-807-0) Introduction to Cognitive Modeling** Introduction to artificial intelligence and cognitive science from a nontechnical perspective. Fundamental questions concerning thinking, beliefs, language understanding, education, and creativity.

**COG SCI 210-0 (452-810-0) Language and the Brain** The study of language and its biological basis from linguistic, psychological, and neuroscientific perspectives.

**COG SCI 211-0 (452-811-0) Learning, Representation, and Reasoning** Interdisciplinary study of the nature of the mind with emphasis on learning, representation, and reasoning.

**COG SCI 366-0 (452-C66-0) Cognitive Science Proseminar** New and ongoing research in the field by Northwestern faculty. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.
Comparative Literary Studies Program

Comparative literary studies is an interdepartmental, interdisciplinary program for the study of literature across national and linguistic lines and within its historical and cultural contexts. Drawing on faculty from the various literature departments and related disciplines (such as art history and philosophy), the program reflects the belief that literature is truly an international activity best understood within the larger context of other literatures and other cultural activities. Whereas specific national literature majors encourage students to trace the development of a single tradition, comparative literature juxtaposes literatures of several cultures in a variety of ways: for example, by period, epoch, cultural milieu, or any of the larger questions raised by the very existence of literature as a way of representing and interpreting the world. Thus, the program enables students not only to read texts critically but also to reflect upon the theories and methods that have guided literary study in the past and in the present.

The Program in Comparative Literary Studies offers an undergraduate major and a graduate program leading to the PhD degree.

Major in Comparative Literary Studies

The major in comparative literary studies includes a core curriculum and electives that make up a concentration. The core curriculum consists of eight courses common to all majors that introduce basic texts, methods, and theoretical models of the discipline. Students consult with an undergraduate adviser to plan an eight-elective concentration.

Each concentration exemplifies an important orientation of comparative literary studies. Concentrations are generally organized according to three broadly defined fields: language and literature (focus on particular literary traditions); world literature (exploration of a broader range of literatures, particularly non-Western); and literature and theory (integration of a study of literature with work in related disciplines).

During the spring quarter of the junior year, comparative literary studies majors submit written proposals to the program adviser explaining in detail the concentration chosen and how the requirements will be fulfilled. Majors in study abroad programs during their junior year should submit their proposal before leaving Northwestern. Majors may preregister each quarter during the week preceding general preregistration. Additional information may be obtained from the program office.

Program courses

Core courses (8)

- 201-1,2, 202; 280
- Two courses at the 200 level or above in a literature other than English in the original language; if literature is not taught at the 200 level in the original language, at least three years of the language and corresponding courses in the literature in translation, which can be concentration electives
- 301, 302, or 303
- 398

Concentration (8): Eight courses organized according to an individual concentration drawn from the following categories:

- 200- or 300-level courses in literature in the original language
- 300-level courses in literature in translation
- 300-level courses in disciplines related to literary studies (for example, art history, film studies, history, philosophy, women's studies)

Students must take at least one course in Western literature before 1750 and at least one course in a non-Western literature. At least five electives must be at the 300 level or higher.

The principle for the construction of a concentration is precisely that it concentrates the student's interests into a coherent and recognizable program of study. Examples of individual concentrations:

- Regionally defined or “national” literatures (African [including anglophone and/or francophone], American, Chinese, English, French, German, Italian, Japanese, Latin American, Spanish [peninsular])
- Epochs of literature (medieval, Renaissance, romanticism, modernism)
- Genres (novel, drama, lyric)
- Literature and another discipline (anthropology, art history, film, history, intellectual history, philosophy, theater)

Double Major

Majors in comparative literary studies must show a minimum of 12 courses not double-counted in any other major(s).

Honors in Comparative Literary Studies

Students may qualify for honors with a grade point average of 3.3 or above in the major. They must take 397, which can also count as one of the eight courses in their concentration. In addition, students must take 1 or 2 units of 399 beyond the regular course requirements of the major, and they must write an honors thesis of 25–30 pages. The paper will be evaluated by the director of the independent study and a second reader appointed by the comparative

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
literary studies director of undergraduate studies. Students who wish to pursue honors must declare their intention to do so by the end of the junior year. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

**Preparation for Graduate Study**

While it is possible to complete the Northwestern BA in comparative literary studies with only two 200-level courses in one language other than English, most PhD programs in comparative literature require significant mastery of at least two languages in addition to English.

**Study Abroad**

The Program in Comparative Literary Studies encourages all majors who qualify to consider a year of study abroad during the junior year.

**Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores**

**COMP LIT 201-1,2** (416-B01-1,2) Western European Literature: Tradition and Transformation A two-quarter sequence interweaving selected classics of the Western European literary tradition from Homer and Genesis forward with modern transformations of traditional themes.

**COMP LIT 202-0** (416-B02-0) Practices of Reading Introduction to fundamental skills and problems of close reading, with special focus on the “conflict of interpretations” between competing practices of reading.

**COMP LIT 203-0** (416-B03-0) Introduction to Comedy Survey of comic drama from Aristophanes to the present day.

**COMP LIT 205-0** (416-B05-0) Introduction to Modern Drama Survey of principal dramatic movements since Ibsen.

**COMP LIT 206-0** (416-B06-0) European Fiction since 1900 Reading in translation of some important works written in continental languages during the present century, by writers such as Dostoevsky, Mann, Kafka, Rilke, Sartre, Camus.

**COMP LIT 210-0** (416-B10-0) The Bible as Literature Selected books of the Hebrew Bible and New Testament studied from a literary perspective; issues of plot, character, genre, narrative strategy, and theories of interpretation.

**COMP LIT 213-0** (416-B13-0) Introduction to Fiction Fictional modes such as the novella, the short story, and the novel. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**COMP LIT 271-1,2,3,4** (416-B71-1,2,3,4) Japanese Literature in Translation A set of four courses surveying Japanese literature from the eighth century to the present.

**COMP LIT 274-1,2,3** (416-B74-1,2,3) Introduction to Chinese Literature Survey of Chinese poetry and fiction from the fifth century B.C. to the present.

**COMP LIT 275-0** (416-B75-0) Arabic Literature in Translation Introduction to Arabic literary background; survey of literary genres from the pre-Islamic period to the present.

**COMP LIT 276-0** (416-B76-0) African Literature in Translation Continental African literature. Content varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**COMP LIT 278-0** (416-B78-0) Modern Hebrew Literature in Translation Introduction to the main works of contemporary Israeli writers.

**COMP LIT 279-0** (416-B79-0) Modern Jewish Literature A study of modern European, American, and Israeli Jewish literature in its historical context.

**COMP LIT 280-0** (416-B80-0) Interpreting Culture Introduction to the theory and practice of interpreting “cultural texts,” the literary and other texts through which human culture imposes structures of meaning on the world.

**Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors**

Comparative literary studies and language majors will read the texts and be tested in their language or area of expertise whenever the course material allows.

**COMP LIT 301-0** (416-C01-0) Writing in Society Studies in relations between literature and society through a series of theoretical readings in the sociology of literature, juxtaposed with literary examples from different societies.

**COMP LIT 302-0** (416-C02-0) Language in the Text Close reading of exemplary literary and theoretical texts with a focus on the relationship between the meaning of texts and the linguistic devices that produce meaning; that is, on the tension between what a text means and how it means.

**COMP LIT 303-0** (416-C03-0) Literature in History Studies in the historicity of literature, with attention to the development of literary kinds over time and to the historical circumstances in which literature is produced.

**COMP LIT 310-0** (416-C10-0) Studies in Literary Genres Selected literary genres, such as epic, pastoral, autobiography, comedy, satire, the essay. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**COMP LIT 312-0** (416-C12-0) Studies in Drama Content varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**COMP LIT 313-0** (416-C13-0) Studies in Fiction Content varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**COMP LIT 362-1,2,3** (416-C62-1,2,3) Modern Drama 1. Major developments from the late 19th century to the end of World War I. 2. 1920s–1950s. 3. From absurdist theater to the present.


**COMP LIT 375-0** (416-C75-0) Literature and the Arts Differences and similarities of literature and the visual arts
and/or music. Content varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**COMP LIT 382-1,2,3 (416-C82-1,2,3) History of Literary Criticism 1.** Changing concepts of mimesis, genre, and style, from Plato to the Renaissance. 2. The emergence of neoclassical theories in France and England and their replacement by romantic theories in England and Germany. 3. Major themes and movements in 20th-century criticism.

**COMP LIT 383-0 (416-C83-0) Special Topics in Theory**
For students with previous study of criticism and literary theory. Content varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**COMP LIT 390-0 (416-C90-0) Topics in Comparative Literature**
Content varies: for example, problems of literary translation, literature and psychoanalysis. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**COMP LIT 397-1,2,3 (416-C97-1,2,3) Literary Studies Colloquium**
Yearlong course carrying 1 unit of credit, organized around a particular problem in the study of literature; presentations by distinguished visitors and Northwestern faculty. Preparation and follow-up for each presentation. Prerequisite: consent of department.

**COMP LIT 398-0 (416-C98-0) Senior Seminar** Variable topics and reading lists to develop work undertaken in earlier courses in a setting that introduces the active give-and-take of current intellectual debates. Required of senior majors in comparative literary studies. Prerequisite: consent of program adviser.

**COMP LIT 399-0 (416-C99-0) Independent Study**
(1–3 units)

**Related Courses in Other Departments**
The following courses in literature in translation are from other department listings, which should be consulted for fuller descriptions.

- CLASSICS 240-1,2 *The Literary Achievement of Greece and Rome*
- GERMAN 210-1,2 *German Literature in Translation*
- GERMAN 212 *Introduction to German Culture and Literature*
- GERMAN 220 *The German Film*
- GERMAN 240 *The Theme of Faust through the Ages*
- GERMAN 261 *Turn-of-the-Century Vienna: In Search of New Values*
- GERMAN 262 *Berlin: The Golden '20s*
- GERMAN 314 *German Contributions to World Literature*
- ITALIAN 275 *Dante’s Divine Comedy*
- ITALIAN 380 *Topics in Italian Cinema*
- SLAVIC 210-1,2,3 *Introduction to Russian Literature*
- SLAVIC 310 *Tolstoy*
- SLAVIC 311 *Dostoevsky*
- SLAVIC 318 *19th-Century Russian Comedy and Satire*
- SPANISH 323 *Cervantes*
- SPANISH 397 *Topics in Hispanic Studies*

**Computing and Information Systems Program**
The Program in Computing and Information Systems offers students in Weinberg College the opportunity to study computer science within the context of the college's focus on liberal arts and sciences, as distinct from the engineering context offered by the Department of Computer Science in the McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science. Faculty and courses for the program are drawn from the McCormick department. Courses and research in the department address the underlying theories, enabling technologies, and applications of modern computer science. There is a strong focus on the design, implementation, and evaluation of software systems, including interactive, distributed multimedia, artificial intelligence, robotics, and database systems. Research in the department is highly interdisciplinary, including important links with the Cognitive Science Program and the Department of Psychology in Weinberg College as well as the Department of Learning Sciences in the School of Education and Social Policy. Undergraduates are encouraged to join ongoing research projects within the department. For more information on the Department of Computer Science and its course offerings, see the McCormick School section of this catalog.

The major in computing and information systems is highly flexible, emphasizing the interdisciplinary study and project work that are critical in a field as rapidly changing as computer science. The specific courses to be taken are largely determined by the goals and interests of individual students. The major includes a two-quarter capstone project that helps integrate the skills and knowledge acquired in course work.

Computing facilities available to students in the program are extensive. The campus, including all dormitories, is completely networked. All students have full Internet access. E-mail, Web sites, and other computer-based communication resources are extensively used within the program to foster a sense of community and facilitate communication among students and faculty beyond the classroom. The program also draws on the facilities and staff of the Institute for the Learning Sciences, an interdisciplinary research and development center dedicated to building innovative, multimedia-intensive educational software.

**Major in Computing and Information Systems**
For requirements in mathematics, see related courses below.

**Program courses**
*Introductory sequences:* COMP SCI 111, 211, and 311.
Students without prior programming experience may wish to take 110 before 111.
Intermediate and advanced courses: eight courses chosen from COMP SCI 230 and 310 through 399 (excluding 317)

Additional advanced technical courses: two courses chosen from the advanced computer science list, the computer science mathematics list, and/or the computer science external technical elective list. See the program director for up-to-date information on suitable courses in this category.

Advanced electives: Two courses chosen with the consent of the student's adviser. Examples of appropriate courses include advanced courses in computer science; social sciences such as psychology, economics, or learning sciences; mathematics; natural sciences such as biological sciences, chemistry, or physics; or other disciplines such as radio/television/film, journalism, or music.

Project courses: Two courses requiring substantial project work (e.g., COMP SCI 394 or 399). The project or projects developed in these courses must be approved by the student's adviser as well as the course instructor in order to fulfill the program requirements.

Related courses: MATH 214-1,2,3, 217, and 330-1 or equivalent

Integrated Science Program

The Integrated Science Program (ISP) is a highly selective program in Weinberg College. Students majoring in ISP may complete a second major in computing and information systems through a curriculum tailored specifically to their needs.

Program courses

Introductory sequence: COMP SCI 111, 211, 311

Intermediate and advanced courses: seven courses chosen from COMP SCI 230 and 310 through 395 (excluding 317)

Project courses: Two quarters of ISP 398 or two quarters of COMP SCI 399. Projects developed in these courses must be approved by the student's adviser as well as the course instructor in order to fulfill the program requirements.

Minor in Computing and Information Systems

The program offers a minor in computing and information systems for students who wish to develop a strong competence in computer science while majoring in another area. Students choosing this minor are expected to have completed MATH 214-1,2,3 and 217, which are prerequisites for most computer science courses.

Minor course requirements (9 units)

• Introductory sequence: COMP SCI 111, 211, and 311. Students without prior programming experience may wish to take 110 before 111.

• Intermediate and advanced courses: six courses chosen from COMP SCI 230 and 310 through 399 (excluding 317)

Drama Program

The Program in Drama offers undergraduates the opportunity to combine the study of dramatic literature in classics, comparative literary studies, English, and modern language courses with performance studies and theater courses in the School of Speech. Recognizing the uniqueness of drama among literary genres as a performing art, it seeks to develop an understanding and appreciation of dramatic literature informed by the study of acting, interpretation, playwriting, or directing. The program is not intended for students interested in professional performance but is directed rather toward those who wish to bring to the study of dramatic history and criticism a developed awareness of the problems and techniques involved in bringing a dramatic text to full life. Major requirements ensure a balance of historical, literary, and theatrical approaches to drama; they are flexible enough to allow for special interests and concentrations, including the study of non-English drama in the original language. All students electing this major must work out a long-range plan of study with the program's director.

Major in Drama

Program courses

Introductory courses: 2 units from each of the following sets of courses, one from Weinberg College and one from the School of Speech:

• Weinberg College: COMP LIT 203; ENGLISH 212; INTG ART 291-1

• Speech: GEN SPCH 103, 210-3; THEATRE 140-1,2, 143

Major courses: 12 courses with a minimum of 9 300-level courses; to maintain a balance between literary and theatrical approaches to the study of drama, no more than 7 courses should be from one school and they must be distributed as follows:

• At least six units in the history and criticism of drama, including three units in drama before 1850 (but not all in Shakespeare) and two units in drama after 1850. Eligible courses include AF AM ST 259; CLASSICS 240-2, 345; COMP LIT 205, 312, 362-1,2,3; ENGLISH 312, 332, 334-1,2,3, 339, 342; FRENCH 272, 330; GERMAN 324; SLAVIC 369; SPANISH 342; THEATRE 244-1,2, 345-1,2, 365, 366, 367, 368

• At least three units in performance practices: FRENCH 390; INTG ART 390-1; PERF ST 224, 309-2, 318, 324-1,2; THEATRE 243-1,2, 340-1,2, 341-1,2,3, 346-1,2

• One unit in an advanced seminar, normally a 400-level course approved by the program director

Related courses: Four units at the 200 or 300 level in subjects related to the study of drama, approved by the program director. Applicable areas include aesthetics, criticism, cultural and intellectual history, humanities, literature, teaching of dramatics.
Honors
Seniors with distinguished records in major courses who wish to be candidates for honors in the program do so by completing an independent project. This project is normally based on work done in the required 400-level seminar and a subsequent unit of 399. Interested students should consult with the program director in the spring quarter of the junior year. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

Course
Drama 399-0 (420-C99-0) Independent Study in Drama
For senior drama majors who have completed the required seminar and wish to undertake a project in candidacy for honors in drama. Prerequisite: approval of program director.

Economics
The program in economics enables students to understand the basic concepts, theories, and techniques of economics as they apply to economic problems and policies. These may focus on macroeconomics, applied microeconomics, quantitative economics, or economic history. Whatever courses students take, they will become familiar with the way economists think about problems and devise solutions to them. Although the program does not offer specialized professional training in economics, it is an excellent preparation for graduate work in economics, the study of law, or a career in business or government. Students should consult a department adviser about elective courses to fit their needs.

Major in Economics
The introductory courses 201 and 202 must be taken first and in that order. STAT 210 and MATH 214-1 should also be taken early in the program; the former is a prerequisite of ECON 281 and the latter of 310-1. 281 and the intermediate theory courses should be completed before 300-level electives are taken. Although only MATH 214-1 is required, some 300-level electives may require MATH 214-2 or -3, both of which majors are strongly urged to take.

Departmental courses
Introductory courses: 201, 202, 281
Intermediate theory courses: 310-1, 311
Elective courses: six additional 300-level courses
Related courses: MATH 214-1, STAT 210, and three additional courses in the social sciences, mathematics, or statistics, no more than one at the 100 level. ECON 260 may be taken in partial fulfillment of this requirement.

Minor in Economics
The minor offers training in economic theory through the intermediate level, instruction in quantitative methods of econometrics, and opportunity for advanced elective work in students’ areas of interest. The introductory and intermediate courses are the same as those in the major, except that only two of the intermediate theory courses are required (310-1 and -2 or 311). As in the major, MATH 214-1 and STAT 210 must be taken early in the program because they are prerequisites for required courses.

Minor course requirements (8 units)
• Introductory courses (3): 201, 202, 281
• Intermediate theory courses (2): 310-1 and -2 or 311
• Elective courses (3): three additional 300-level courses

Four-Year BA/MA
The department offers a four-year BA/MA for outstanding students in economics. Graduate-level courses in economic theory are required. Interested students should consult the director of undergraduate studies in their sophomore year and should see Four-Year Master’s Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

Honors in Economics
By invitation only, superior students in economics may pursue departmental honors by completing, in addition to the regular requirements of the major, one of the following three options: (1) 398-1, 2; (2) two quarters of 399; or (3) two 400-level field courses in economics. Under each option, candidates must submit an honors thesis presenting original research. Interested students should consult with the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

The Teaching of Economics
Weinberg College students pursuing a major in economics who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores
ECON 201-0 (417-B01-0) Introduction to Macroeconomics
Scarcity and choice; elements of demand and supply, determinants of aggregate output, employment, inflation, growth, and balance of payments.

ECON 202-0 (417-B02-0) Introduction to Microeconomics

ECON 213-0 (417-B13-0) Economics of Gender
Analysis of gender differences in employment and earnings. Family, labor market, discrimination, segregation, historical and international conditions, and antidiscrimination legislation.
ECON 281-0 (417-B81-0) Introduction to Applied Econometrics
Estimation and analysis of a variety of empirical econometric models. Descriptive statistics, univariate regression, multiple regression, simultaneous equations, and forecasting. Prerequisite: Statistics 210 or equivalent.

Courses Primarily for Sophomores, Juniors, and Seniors

Prerequisites: 201, 202, and 281 are normally required for 300-level courses, except that 310-1 and 311 may be taken before or concurrently with 281. Additional prerequisites are indicated for specific courses. Prerequisites may vary somewhat, depending on the instructor.

ECON 305-0 (417-C05-0) Comparative Economic Systems
Development of welfare capitalism, market socialism, and centrally planned socialism and the problems confronting them in the contemporary world. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 306-1,2 (417-C06-1,2) International Economics
1. International and interregional trade. Factors influencing trade in goods and services between areas. Reasons for and effects of impediments to trade, such as transport costs, tariffs, quotas, and voluntary export restrictions. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.
2. International finance. Determination of exchange rates, balance of payments, and international asset flows and prices; international transmission of macroeconomic disturbances. Prerequisite: 310-1.

ECON 307-0 (417-C07-0) Economics of Medical Care
Effects of medical care on health; health insurance, public and private demand for medical care, and the market for medical care; regulation of hospitals and physicians; roles of nonprofit and for-profit organizations; technological change. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 308-0 (417-C08-0) Money and Banking
Nature of money and bank credit. Development, functions, and operation of monetary standards and credit systems. Banking and credit policies; price levels. Interrelationships of domestic and foreign monetary systems. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 309-0 (417-C09-0) Elements of Public Finance

ECON 310-1,2 (417-C10-1,2) Microeconomics 1
Consumer behavior and the theory of demand; production, cost, supply functions; choices under uncertainty, insurance; competitive equilibrium; subsidies, taxes, price controls; monopoly and monopsony. Prerequisite: MATH 214-1.
2. Price discrimination and public utility pricing; monopolistic competition, oligopoly, duopoly models; game theory; factor demands; general equilibrium theory and welfare economics; information theory; externalities and public goods. Prerequisite: 310-1.

ECON 311-0 (417-C11-0) Macroeconomics
Macroeconomics and monetary policy. Behavior of economy as a whole. Income, inflation, unemployment, and growth; consumption, investment, and rate of interest; monetary and fiscal policy. Prerequisite: MATH 214-1.

ECON 315-0 (417-C15-0) Topics in Economic History
Topics vary: for example, the decline of European feudalism, Malthusianism, convertibility and free trade, constant wage shares during growth, the origins of the welfare state. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 318-0 (417-C18-0) History of Economic Thought
Development of economic thought from the advent of the mercantilists to the formation of current schools of economics. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 2, 311.

ECON 321-0 (417-C21-0) African American Economic History
Economic experiences of African Americans as slaves and free people in the pre–Civil War period and in post–Civil War agriculture. South-north migration, urbanization, civil rights movements, and global economic competition. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 2.

ECON 322-0 (417-C22-0) Evolution of the Global Economy
Global integration and growth in the 19th and 20th centuries: historical perspectives and current controversies. Topics include international capital movements; mass migration; commercial policy and the growth of trade; evolution of the payments system; instability and war; comparative economic growth; development and underdevelopment. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 323-1,2 (417-C23-1,2) Economic History of the United States
Economic development of the United States with emphasis on changing structure and performance of the economy. 1. Colonial period to 1865. 2. 1865 to the present. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 324-0 (417-C24-0) Western Economic History
Western European developments, 1750 to the present: demographic, technical, social, and economic change. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 325-0 (417-C25-0) Economic Development
Structure, performance, and problems of developing economies in the third world — Africa, Asia, and Latin America. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 2, 311.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
ECON 334-0 (417-C34-0) Business and Government
Survey of the functions, origins, and evolution of government control over business decisions in the American economy. Special emphasis on the modern structure of government regulation with attention to remote origins. Prerequisite: 202.

ECON 336-0 (417-C36-0) Analytic Methods for Public Policy Analysis
Formulation of objectives, structuring decision problems, choices under uncertainty, interactive decisions, and the impact of organizational structure on project outcomes. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2.

ECON 337-0 (417-C37-0) Economics of State and Local Governments
Economic functions and financing of state and local governments in theory and practice; costs and demands for local public services; role of government finance in urban and regional growth. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2.

ECON 339-0 (417-C39-0) Labor Economics
Survey of economic problems growing out of employment relationships; theories and processes of wage and employment determination, income distribution, and the role of trade unions and issues of economic security. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2, 311.

ECON 340-0 (417-C40-0) Industrial Economics
Price and efficiency performance of American industries representative of various types of market structures and practices. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2.

ECON 350-0 (417-C50-0) Monopoly, Competition, and Public Policy
Present public policy and unsettled issues with respect to structure and practices of industrial markets; concentration, vertical integration, and forms and effectiveness of competition. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2.

ECON 351-0 (417-C51-0) Law and Economics
The impact of judicial decisions and statutory enactments on economic behavior, including corporate law, antitrust and regulation statutes and the way this affects markets. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 354-0 (417-C54-0) Issues in Urban and Regional Economics
Factors affecting the spatial distribution of economic activity. Applications of economic analysis to problems of urban areas such as housing markets, zoning restrictions, and racial patterns of employment and housing. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2.

ECON 355-0 (417-C55-0) Transportation Economics and Public Policy
The demand for alternative modes by passengers and shippers. Cost of providing transportation, competition, regulation, optimal pricing, subsidies, congestion pricing, and urban transit. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2.

ECON 360-0 (417-C60-0) Foundations of Corporate Finance Theory
How corporations allocate resources over time as facilitated by capital markets. Theory of asset evaluation, economic analysis of uncertainty, and capital budgeting and capital structure decisions. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 370-0 (417-C70-0) Environmental and Natural Resource Economics
Externalities and the role of property rights, pollution, waste disposal, common property problems, renewable resource management, nonrenewable resource use and depletion, recyclable resources, water allocation, and management of public lands. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2.

ECON 380-1,2 (417-C80-1,2) Introduction to Mathematical Economics
Noncooperative game theory, with applications to industrial organization, auctions, and theories of the firm. Prerequisites: 310-1,2, 311; MATH 214-2,3 or 214-4. 2. Cooperative and noncooperative game theory, and decision making under uncertainty. Prerequisite: 380-1 or consent of instructor.

ECON 381-1,2 (417-C81-1,2) Introduction to Econometrics
Probability and distribution theory, statistical inference, simple and multiple regression, specification error and multicollinearity, heteroskedasticity and serial correlation, measurement error, dummy variables. Prerequisites: 310-1,2, 311; MATH 214-2,3 or 214-4. 2. Hypothesis testing, estimation with deficient data, distributed lags, panel data, simultaneous equation systems, limited dependent variables. Prerequisite: 381-1.

ECON 383-0 (417-C83-0) Economic Forecasting
Techniques for making and evaluating economic and business forecasts, including univariate regressions, autoregressive and ARMA models, vector autoregressive models, and structural econometric models. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311.

ECON 395-0 (417-C95-0) Junior Seminar
Small seminars led by different department members on their special interests. Advanced work through supervised reading, research, or discussion. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1,2, 311; MATH 214-2,3 or 214-4.

ECON 398-1,2 (417-C98-1,2) Senior Honors Seminar
For students of superior ability. Original research on a topic of interest to the student, culminating in a senior honors thesis. By department invitation only. Grade of K given in 398-1. Prerequisites: 281, 310-1, 311, MATH 214-2,3 or 214-4; at least four 300-level economics electives.

ECON 399-0 (417-C99-0) Independent Study
Advanced work through reading, research, and discussion in areas of particular interest to the student. Project to be decided by mutual agreement with a faculty member.

Related Course
ANTHRO 341-0 (403-C41-0) Economic Anthropology
This course can be taken in partial fulfillment of the six elective requirements in economics. See Anthropology.
English

Perhaps the most striking thing about the study of English literature today is how varied it is. While some scholars and teachers emphasize the formal qualities of literary works, others address such questions as what counts as “literary” and the relationship of literature to society. The particular kinds of texts they examine also vary a good deal, as do their assumptions, methods, and emphases. The unity underlying this variety is a common emphasis on close reading and careful analysis of the written word. The English department's curriculum reflects this variety and unity, and it offers a major that enables each student to pursue a particular area of interest within a broader understanding of the sweep of literary history and the range of literary study. The department also offers students disciplined training in the writing of verse and fiction. Virtually all of its courses also include practice in the writing of clear, concise, and persuasive expository prose. Rigorous training in thinking and writing is valuable for any career that an undergraduate may ultimately pursue and makes English an attractive major for students preparing for careers in medicine, law, and business as well as in the teaching of English at all levels.

The department takes pride in the diversity of perspectives afforded by its courses. In addition to teaching classes in the department, English faculty contribute substantially to the course offerings in theater and drama, comparative literary studies, and American studies.

The University Library is a valuable resource for the advanced study of British and American literature, maintaining notable collections and databases in 19th- and 20th-century materials, especially modern “little” magazines. English majors also often profit from University programs for foreign study, particularly at the University of Sussex in England.

Majors in English

A complete description of undergraduate English major programs can be obtained from the department office and from the department's Web page at www.english.nwu.edu. Detailed descriptions of courses offered each quarter are published in “English Notes,” available from the department office three times a year in advance of registration. In addition, a tentative list of course offerings for the following year is available each spring. Writing courses (206, 207) and other courses whose content varies (e.g., 313, 348, 378) may be repeated, but only with the consent of the department.

English and American Literature

Departmental courses

Introductory courses 210, followed by 298

Major courses 11 courses

• Five courses within a designated concentration:
  1. new world and postcolonial literature
  2. medieval literature
  3. British literature, 1500–1660 plus Milton
  4. Restoration and 18th-century British literature
  5. 19th-century British literature, including Romantic literature
  6. 20th-century literature in English
  7. American literature
  8. literary criticism and theory
  9. literature and culture
  10. literature and gender
  11. poetry
  12. drama
  13. fiction

• Six courses outside the concentration

• Nine courses at the 300 level or above

• At least nine English department courses, literature courses offered by the Department of African American Studies, or courses taught by members of the English department through other departments or programs and that deal substantially with literary works originally written in English (i.e., not in English translation)

• At least three of these courses must deal substantially with texts written before 1798 and at least three with texts written after 1798

• At least one course in American literature

• At least one course in literary criticism or theory

Related courses: At least two quarter-courses in fields outside of literature and related to the student's concentration. Specific listings are available in the department office and on the department's Web page at www.english.nwu.edu.

Note: Requirements for different concentrations vary. For more information, consult with the department office, University Hall, room 215, or the department's Web page.

English Major in Writing

Students majoring in English may apply to the major in writing. Admission to the writing major is competitive, and the overall configuration of courses in the writing major is somewhat different from the literature major. The writing major includes the writing of poetry and fiction, but it is not restricted to “creative writing” alone. A required course in prose style and argument encourages students to focus on discursive forms, while a strong literature component and a course in cultural criticism further situate the writing done in the practical workshop courses in poetry and fiction within a context of general literacy.

Students may apply for admission to the writing major through the department office in the early spring of each year.

Departmental courses

Introductory courses: 206, 207, 210

Major courses

• One yearlong practice and theory sequence: 393-FW,TS or 394-FW,TS

• 392 and 395
• Five literature courses, at least two of which must deal with works written before 1798 and at least two with works written after 1798

Note: 300-level writing courses will satisfy the major requirement in the literary criticism and theory concentration. Other major requirements apply.

Related courses: Two courses in fields outside of literature selected with the advice and consent of the student’s writing major adviser. Recommended are those courses that provide a broad historical background for the study of literature.

Minor in English

The minor in English offers students experience in reading literary texts and writing critical analyses. Two courses in literature before the 19th century are required to ensure historical perspective. Students pursuing the minor will be permitted to preregister in the department after declared English majors.

Minor course requirements (7 or 8 units)

• Two or three 200-level courses: 210 followed by 206 or 207

• Five 300-level courses, at least two of which must deal with literature written before 1798 and at least two with literature written after 1798; one course may be in comparative literary studies

Honors in English

Literature majors who wish to earn honors may apply during the spring of their junior year for admission to the two-quarter honors seminar, 398-1,2, which meets the following fall and winter quarters. Each student in the seminar is expected to produce an honors essay. Under the direction of the department honors coordinator, students in 398 discuss their work and issues of common interest, at the same time receiving individual advice on their particular topics from faculty members with expertise in relevant areas. The aim is to foster intellectual community among the department’s most ambitious students while encouraging outstanding independent work. Admission to the seminar is competitive; a grade point average of 3.4 or above and a description of a likely topic are among the requirements. Students interested in honors through the writing major should consult with the director of the program. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

The Teaching of English

Weinberg College students pursuing a major in English who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Related Programs

Department of English courses are used in the American studies, comparative literary studies, and drama programs. Students also may pursue creative writing in courses offered by the writing arts program.

Courses in Composition

See also the Writing Program in this section of the catalog.

ENGLISH 105-0 (419-A05-0) Expository Writing Emphasizes all phases of the composition process, research methods, and critical thinking. Careful review of student papers and reports.

ENGLISH 106-1,2 (419-A06-1,2) Writing in Special Contexts An introduction to expository writing similar to 105 but paired with a course in another discipline.

ENGLISH 205-0 (419-B05-0) Intermediate Composition Expository writing at an intermediate level. Emphasis on techniques for writing clearly, precisely, and persuasively.

ENGLISH 304-0 (419-C04-0) Practical Rhetoric The theory of writing and skills that underlie good writing, primarily for teachers in secondary schools and universities.

ENGLISH 305-0 (419-C05-0) Advanced Composition For students with previous formal training in composition. Admission by consent of department.

ENGLISH 307-0 (419-C07-0) Advanced Creative Writing For nonwriting majors with previous formal training in creative writing. Admission by consent of department.

Literature Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

Prospective writing majors take both 206 and 207.

ENGLISH 206-0 (419-B06-0) Reading and Writing Poetry Forms and techniques of verse.

ENGLISH 207-0 (419-B07-0) Reading and Writing Fiction Forms and techniques of fiction.

ENGLISH 210-0 (419-B10-0) English Literary Traditions Chronological survey of British literature from Chaucer to the 20th century in its cultural contexts; emphasis on earlier periods.

AF AM ST 210-1,2 (404-B10-1,2) Survey of African American Literature See African American Studies.

ENGLISH 211-0 (419-B11-0) Introduction to Poetry Elements of lyric and narrative poetry with emphasis on the ways these can create meaning and elicit response.

ENGLISH 212-0 (419-B12-0) Introduction to Drama Fundamental elements of drama as perceived in performance. How a play communicates from text to stage to audience.

ENGLISH 213-0 (419-B13-0) Introduction to Fiction How prose fiction creates and communicates meaning, as practiced by various British and American authors from the 18th century to the present.
ENGLISH 234-0 (419-B34-0) Introduction to Shakespeare
Representative Shakespearean plays.
AF AM ST 259-0 (404-B59-0) Introduction to African American Drama
See African American Studies.
ENGLISH 260-0 (419-B60-0) Introduction to 20th-Century British Literature
Principal writers and works from 1900 to World War II.
ENGLISH 270-1,2 (419-B70-1,2) Introduction to American Literature
Principal writers and works of American literature in cultural context. 1. Puritans to Moby Dick. 2. Mid-19th century to 1900.
ENGLISH 273-0 (419-B73-0) Introduction to 20th-Century American Literature
Principal writers and works since World War I.
ENGLISH 298-0 (419-B98-0) Introductory Seminar in Reading and Interpretation
Close reading of literary works in the light of various perspectives in literary study. Prerequisite: 210 (may be taken concurrently).

Literature Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors
WRITING 301-0 (486-C01-0) The Art of Fiction
See Writing Arts.
ENGLISH 302-0 (419-C02-0) History of the English Language
The English language from the earliest times to today.
WRITING 302-0 (486-C02-0) The Art of Poetry
See Writing Arts.
WRITING 303-0 (486-C03-0) The Art of Expository Prose
See Writing Arts.
ENGLISH 310-0 (419-C10-0) Studies in Literary Genres
Content varies.
ENGLISH 312-0 (419-C12-0) Studies in Drama
Content varies.
ENGLISH 313-0 (419-C13-0) Studies in Fiction
Content varies.
ENGLISH 320-0 (419-C20-0) Medieval English Literature
Representative works in their intellectual and cultural contexts.
ENGLISH 323-1,2 (419-C23-1,2) Chaucer
1. The Canterbury Tales. 2. Troilus and Criseyde and other works.
ENGLISH 324-0 (419-C24-0) Studies in Medieval Literature
Content varies.
ENGLISH 331-0 (419-C31-0) Renaissance Poetry
English poetry from the Elizabethan period to 1660.
ENGLISH 332-0 (419-C32-0) Renaissance Drama
A survey of English drama (1590–1630) and its cultural contexts.
ENGLISH 333-0 (419-C33-0) Spenser
Spenser's major poetry, with emphasis on The Faerie Queene.
ENGLISH 334-1,2 (419-C34-1,2) Shakespeare
1. Principal plays up to 1600. 2. Principal plays after 1600.
ENGLISH 335-0 (419-C35-0) Milton
Milton's poetry, with those parts of his prose that illuminate his poetical and intellectual development.
ENGLISH 338-0 (419-C38-0) Studies in Renaissance Literature
Content varies.
ENGLISH 339-0 (419-C39-0) Special Topics in Shakespeare
Content varies.
ENGLISH 340-0 (419-C40-0) Restoration and 18th-Century Literature
Representative works in their intellectual and cultural contexts.
ENGLISH 341-0 (419-C41-0) Restoration and 18th-Century Poetry
Dryden, Pope, and other poets of the period 1660–1744.
ENGLISH 342-0 (419-C42-0) Restoration and 18th-Century Drama
English drama from 1660 to the end of the 18th century.
ENGLISH 343-0 (419-C43-0) 18th-Century Prose
Johnson, Swift, Gibbon, Burke, Wollstonecraft, and other nonfiction prose writers.
ENGLISH 344-0 (419-C44-0) 18th-Century Fiction
Defoe, Richardson, Smollett, Fielding, Sterne, Burney, Radcliffe, and Austen.
ENGLISH 348-0 (419-C48-0) Studies in Restoration and 18th-Century Literature
Content varies: for example, biography and autobiography, literary careers, literature and social criticism.
AF AM ST 349-0 (404-C49-0) Black Families in Literature
See African American Studies.
ENGLISH 350-0 (419-C50-0) 19th-Century British Literature
Representative works in their intellectual and cultural contexts.
ENGLISH 351-0 (419-C51-0) Romantic Poetry
Blake, Wordsworth, Coleridge, Byron, Shelley, and Keats.
ENGLISH 353-0 (419-C53-0) Studies in Romantic Literature
Content varies.
ENGLISH 356-0 (419-C56-0) Victorian Poetry
The principal British poets from Tennyson to Hopkins.
ENGLISH 357-0 (419-C57-0) 19th-Century British Fiction
Important and representative novels written between 1800 and 1900.
ENGLISH 358-0 (419-C58-0) Dickens
Representative major works of Charles Dickens.
ENGLISH 359-0 (419-C59-0) Studies in Victorian Literature
Content varies.
ENGLISH 360-0 (419-C60-0) 20th-Century British and American Literature
Representative works in their intellectual and cultural contexts.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
ENGLISH 361-1,2 (419-C61-1,2) 20th-Century Poetry
1. Major British poets such as Yeats, Eliot, Auden. 2. Major American poets from Frost and Robinson to Crane.

COMP LIT 362-1,2,3 (416-C62-1,2,3) Modern Drama
See Comparative Literary Studies.

ENGLISH 363-1,2 (419-C63-1,2) 20th-Century Fiction
1. Major British novelists from Conrad to World War II. 2. Major American novelists from James to World War II.

ENGLISH 365-0 (419-C65-0) Studies in Postcolonial Literature
Themes, antecedents, and contexts of selected literature produced in societies emerging from colonial rule.

ENGLISH 366-0 (419-C66-0) Studies in African American Literature
Content varies.

ENGLISH 367-0 (419-C67-0) Postwar British Fiction
Representative British novels since 1945.

ENGLISH 368-0 (419-C68-0) Studies in 20th-Century Literature
Content varies.

ENGLISH 369-0 (419-C69-0) Studies in African Literature
Twentieth-century African literature in English.

ENGLISH 370-0 (419-C70-0) American Literature before 1914
Intellectual and cultural contexts of American literature from the Puritans to 1914.

ENGLISH 371-0 (419-C71-0) American Novel
Writers such as Cooper, Alcott, Chopin, Hawthorne, Melville, Poe, Twain, James, Howells, Crane, Dreiser, and Wharton.

ENGLISH 372-0 (419-C72-0) American Poetry
Writers such as Bradstreet, Freneau, Bryant, Poe, Whitman, Dickinson, Robinson, and Frost.

ENGLISH 378-0 (419-C78-0) Studies in American Literature
Content varies.

COMP LIT 382-1,2,3 (416-C82-1,2,3) History of Literary Criticism
See Comparative Literary Studies.

COMP LIT 383-0 (416-C83-0) Special Topics in Theory
See Comparative Literary Studies.

ENGLISH 385-0 (419-C85-0) Topics in Combined Studies
Special topics in literature and related disciplines. Content varies.

ENGLISH 386-0 (419-C86-0) Studies in Literature and Film
Content varies.

ENGLISH 392-0 (419-C92-0) The Situation of Writing
The sociology of writers, writing, publication, dissemination of literature, and reading.

ENGLISH 393-FW,TS (419-C93-FW,TS) Theory and Practice of Poetry
(1.5 units each) Sequence of two 15-week courses. 1. Theory of prosody, including the major form of poetry in English (accentual-syllabic verse) and minor forms (accentual, syllabic, and free verse). 2. Intensive writing practice culminating in the production of a long poem. Prerequisite: admission to sequence or writing major.

ENGLISH 394-FW,TS (419-C94-FW,TS) Theory and Practice of Fiction
(1.5 units each) Sequence of two 15-week courses. 1. Tenets of fictional realism and its substitutes, with practice in different applications of plot, narrative technique, and point of view. 2. Culminates in the writing of a novella. Prerequisite: admission to sequence or writing major.

ENGLISH 395-0 (419-C95-0) Fundamentals of Prose
English prose style and how it works: syntax, diction, figures of speech, irony, rhythm.

ENGLISH 398-1,2 (419-C98-1,2) Honors Seminar
For seniors preparing an honors essay. Students pursue individual topics with careful guidance while meeting collectively to discuss common issues and present their works-in-progress. Admission by application. K grade given pending completion of essay.

ENGLISH 399-0 (419-C99-0) Independent Study
Individual projects with faculty guidance for outstanding senior majors. May be elected three times, but only one unit at a time. Prerequisite: consent of department or director of writing major.

Environmental Sciences Program
A major challenge facing our species is to learn to understand and coexist with the natural environment. The environmental sciences major is designed to provide students with an understanding of the physical environment and the relations of humans to it. Environmental science necessarily differs from the more traditional divisions of scientific inquiry. The intellectual approach is that of synthesis, where the focus is concentrated on the integration of knowledge rather than on further refinement of knowledge within a particular scientific field. Also, the concern for translating theory into practice requires a strong association with engineering. With this approach, environmental sciences provides a mechanism for motivated students to work in a multidisciplinary framework with a common theme.

The major gives students the expertise to address issues of environmental concern from a scientific basis, such as energy options, environmental law, the relation of society and resources, and health problems of air and water pollution. It provides a background for employment in environmentally oriented firms or for graduate study in any of several different environmental science disciplines as well as an exceptional preprofessional experience for students interested in law or business.

Major in Environmental Sciences
The major is rigorous but reasonably flexible. It requires a basic grounding in the sciences and mathematics, a core curriculum to introduce environmental problems, courses that consider society’s impact on the environment, and a series of advanced courses tailored to each student’s interest. This is capped by a senior seminar where students conduct environmental research and present their results.
For a double major and to determine the grade point average in the environmental sciences major, the Foundations in Science and Mathematics courses are not considered major courses but rather courses related to the major.

Program Courses

Foundations in Science and Mathematics: Basic science and mathematics courses are necessary to understand the environmental sciences; all the courses in chemistry, mathematics, physics, and biological sciences are required for the major.

Foundations in Science (6 or 7 courses)
- CHEM 101, 102, 103 or 171, 172, 210-1
- PHYSICS 130-1, 130-2 or 135-1, 135-2 (GEOL SCI 201 may be substituted for 130-2 or 135-2)
- BIOL SCI 170 or 210-1

Foundations in Mathematics (3 courses): MATH 214-1, 214-2, 214-3 (STAT 330-1 may be substituted for 214-3)

Core Curriculum: Physical systems of the environment are emphasized in core courses; any five of the following are required for the major:
- BIOL SCI 204
- CHEM 204
- ENVR SCI 235
- GEOG 211
- GEOL SCI 204 (201 may also be counted if not used under Foundations in Science)
- POLI SCI 204

Advanced Studies

- Environment and Society: Society’s place in and interaction with the environment are treated in social science courses; any two of the following are required for the major: ANTHRO 383; ECON 370; GEOG 328; POLI SCI 371; SOCIOL 312
- Concentrations: Students may elect to pursue one of four concentrations by completing four designated courses. Biological Sciences: BIOL SCI 210-2, 345; and two of the following: ANTHRO 317; BIOL SCI 210-3, 342; CIVIL ENG 360
  Chemistry: CHEM 204 and three of the following: CHEM 210-2, 210-3, 342-1, 343; CIVIL ENG 367; GEOL SCI 301, 318
  Geology: four courses chosen from GEOL SCI 202, 301, 303, 304, 313, 316, 317, 318, 319
  Human-Environmental Systems: four courses chosen from ANTHRO 306; CIVIL ENG 358, 359, 361, 366; GEOG 341, 343; ENVR SCI 390; and any of those courses listed in the tracks above. One additional Environment and Society course may also be counted. No more than a total of one credit of ENVR SCI 390 may be applied toward the major.

Advising and Course Selection

As soon as students have declared a major in environmental sciences, they should consult with the environmental sciences adviser to plan their programs. They should try to complete the foundations in science and mathematics courses by the end of their sophomore year.

Premedical students and students interested in advanced study in environmental biology are advised to take the 200-level sequence in biological sciences and one or two additional quarters of organic chemistry.

Core Course

ENVR SCI 235-0 (422-B35-0) Atmosphere and Climate
Nature and composition of the atmosphere, principles of atmospheric motion; frontogenesis; precipitation processes; global patterns of climate and climatic change. Prerequisite: MATH 214-3 or equivalent.

Other Courses

ENVR SCI 390-0 (422-C90-0) Internship in Environmental Sciences (1–2 credits) Participation in off-campus research activities of public and private environmental organizations under the supervision of faculty. Prerequisite: junior or senior standing and consent of program director.

ENVR SCI 398-1,2 (422-C98-1,2) Environmental Research Seminar
Independent research directed by environmental sciences faculty. Research design and scientific communication. Prerequisite: senior standing. Open only to majors.

Integrated Science Program

The Integrated Science Program is a highly selective BA program in Weinberg College (see Integrated Science Program). Students majoring in ISP who wish to complete a second major in environmental sciences should fulfill the following requirements instead of those listed above. They may not substitute ISP 398 or ENVR SCI 398 for the ISP-required course MATH 391-2 and must take the following additional courses:
- GEOL SCI 201
- BIOL SCI 191
- Two of the following courses: ENVR SCI 235; GEOG 211; GEOL SCI 204
- Two courses listed under Environment and Society above
- Two courses, not in the same department, from those listed under Advanced Studies above, except CHEM 342-1
- Students may take the two quarters of ENVR SCI 398 instead of ISP 398
European Thought and Culture
The series of courses Patterns of European Thought and Culture is a joint enterprise of faculty in classics, the modern language and literature departments, art history, history, music, philosophy, and religion. Through a study of the forms and values of particular ages in their historical context, the courses aim at tracing patterns of social and cultural representation that are shared by different European societies and give to the different eras of European history their temporal boundaries. The courses are frequently team-taught by faculty from different disciplines. The courses meet various distribution requirements in the areas of historical studies, values, and literature and fine arts, but any combination of six may be used to meet all the requirements in those three areas.

Courses
CLASSICS 210-0 (414-B10-0) Early Western Civilization
See Classics.
CLASSICS 211-0 (414-B11-0) Classical Greece
See Classics.
CLASSICS 212-0 (414-B12-0) Roman Civilization
See Classics.
EUR TH 213-0 (430-B13-0) The Middle Ages
Introduction to the distinctive institutions, political and spiritual horizons, and aesthetic expressions of medieval culture, with special emphasis on the 12th and 13th centuries.
EUR TH 214-0 (430-B14-0) The Renaissance
Introduction to some themes associated with the Renaissance, principally humanism, the invention of printing, the discovery of the Americas, the Copernican revolution, the Reformation and Counter-Reformation, and more generally, radically new ways of conceiving the self and its relation to social orders.
EUR TH 215-0 (430-B15-0) The Birth of Modernity
(1550-1720) Introduction to the social, political, and intellectual history of Europe from 1580 to 1720, with special emphasis on the change from medieval monarchy to the modern nation state and on the origins of modern philosophy and natural science.
EUR TH 216-0 (430-B16-0) The Age of Enlightenment
Introduction to European scientific and philosophical thought in the 18th century, with special emphasis on natural philosophy and evolving concepts of gender and race.
EUR TH 217-0 (430-B17-0) The Romantic Period
Introduction to the romantic movement and the radical shift it introduced to traditional concepts of the self, with special emphasis on philosophy, lyric poetry, and music as dominant cultural forms of this period.
EUR TH 218-0 (430-B18-0) Modern Culture: The 19th Century
Survey of 19th-century culture with special emphasis on the political and social consequences of the French Revolution, the industrial revolution, and the emergence of the novel as the most characteristic form of artistic expression.
EUR TH 219-0 (430-B19-0) Modern Culture: The 20th Century
Survey of the relationship between history, thought, literature, and the fine arts in the 20th century, with special emphasis on the massive revaluation of traditional norms in modernism, the political implications of philosophic movements (Nietzsche, existentialism), and the impact of mass phenomena (wars, revolution, urban life) on modern experience.
GERMAN 241-1,2 (425-B41-1,2) Jews and Germans: An Intercultural History
See German.

French and Italian
Studies in French or Italian provide insight into the language, thought, and character of cultures different from our own. Such knowledge builds an awareness of our own society's diversity and the ways it resembles and differs from others. As the merging of domestic and international events increasingly affects the material and intellectual life of every individual, the ability to communicate with other peoples assumes vital importance. Whether a student is planning a career in teaching, government, science, the professions, or business, the study of a foreign language, literature, and culture is a wise option in a university education.

Programs in the department are varied. Language courses, from the elementary through the graduate levels, develop communication skills that allow students to function at ease with foreign texts or in a foreign environment. Courses in literature and civilization not only broaden and deepen insights into the thought and writing of another culture; they also train students to think independently, to organize and analyze materials thoughtfully, and to discuss ideas effectively.

There is a minor in French, a major in French studies, a minor and a major in Italian, and MA and PhD programs in both languages. These may be supplemented by foreign study, which allows students to increase their knowledge of a foreign language and society while continuing university work abroad in a variety of fields. It is not necessary to be a major to participate in these programs. An excellent library, modern audiovisual resources, and a learned faculty (of which nearly one-half are native speakers) further strengthen studies in French and Italian.

French

Major in French
The program for majors in French studies consists of 17 quarter-courses; at least 12 must be at the 300 level. Courses at the 100 level do not count toward the major. Students may count up to five 200-level courses toward the major. Of the 17 courses, up to two may be French department courses taught in English. At least two of the 300-level courses must be on literature and culture before 1800. All majors must take 396 and 397 during their senior year.
Students returning from a study abroad program in France will receive up to eight credits if the content of the courses taken abroad relates in a substantive way to some aspect of French or Francophone culture. All returning students must take 2 units of senior seminar.

Minor in French
The goal of the minor in French is to give students a solid grounding and good fluency in the French language and to provide a basic familiarity with important aspects of French culture and society. Together these accomplishments will enable students to pursue their interests in French and in countries where French is used.

The minor is designed for students who have a strong interest in French but cannot fulfill the requirements of the French major, either because their knowledge of French was nonexistent or elementary when they came to Northwestern or because they are also engaged in another major with requirements that preclude pursuing a second major. Except for one possible course at the 300 level, all courses are conducted in French, with class discussion and papers also in French.

Students choosing to minor in French are assumed to have completed either 121 or 123 or the equivalent.

Minor course requirements (9 units)
• Four 200-level courses: two chosen from 201, 202, 203, 204; two chosen from 210, 271, 272, 280, 282
• Five 300-level courses: two or three chosen from 302-1,2, 303, 305, 309, 391-1,2; two or three other courses in literature or civilization, one of which may be a French department course taught in English. 309 may be counted either as a language course or as literature or civilization course.

Students returning from a study abroad program must enroll in at least one 300-level course in the department.

Four-Year BA/MA
The department offers a four-year BA/MA program in French for outstanding undergraduate majors. Interested students should consult with the department chair and should refer to Four-Year Master’s Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

Honors in French
Students who have a grade point average of 3.4 or higher in the major and are interested in writing an honors thesis should declare their intention of doing honors work no later than the spring quarter of their junior year. They also should consult with the director of undergraduate studies.

The honors project is produced through one or two quarters of 399. It can build on previous work done in a 300-level course or, with consent of the instructor, in a graduate seminar. These courses will count toward the 17 required credits for the major. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

The Teaching of French
Weinberg College students pursuing a major in French who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates
FRENCH 111-1,2,3 (455-A11-1,2,3) First-Year French Conversation, grammar, reading, writing for beginners. Five class meetings a week.

FRENCH 115-1,2 (455-A15-1,2) Accelerated First-Year French For students with some previous experience in French. Review and development of skills in speaking, understanding, and reading as preparation for work at the second-year level. Four class meetings a week. Prerequisite: department placement.

FRENCH 121-1,2,3 (455-A21-1,2,3) Second-Year French Grammar review, conversation, reading, writing. Four class meetings a week. Prerequisite: 111 or 115.

FRENCH 123-0 (455-A23-0) Second-Year French: Individualized Instruction Intermediate French in a format allowing students a choice of skill concentrations and learning paces. Credit possible for up to three quarters. Prerequisite: department placement.

FRENCH 127-1,2,3 (455-A27-1,2,3) Second-Year French for Reading Designed to develop skill in reading prose, drama, and poetry texts through discussion and translation. Grammar review. Preserves previously acquired oral skills. Prerequisite: 111, 115, or department placement.

FRENCH 201-0 (455-B01-0) Introduction to French Studies Development of fluency, accuracy, and creativity in speaking, comprehension, reading, and writing French; introduction to social, cultural, and literary topics. May not be repeated for credit.

FRENCH 202-0 (455-B02-0) Writing Workshop Practical study of French grammar and structure; students develop and improve writing skills through practice in preparing short compositions. Prerequisite: Weinberg College proficiency in French or equivalent.

FRENCH 203-0 (455-B03-0) Oral Workshop Practical course to increase listening comprehension, build vocabulary and idiom use, and enhance communication skills. Three hours per week.

FRENCH 204-0 (455-B04-0) Advanced Intermediate Conversation Increases listening comprehension, builds vocabulary, and enhances communication skills through extensive use of French television broadcasts and class presentations. Prerequisite: 202 or consent of instructor.
FRENCH 210-0 (455-B10-0) Introduction to French Literature
Study of texts illustrating various genres from the 16th century to the present such as poetry, drama, fairy tale, novel, autobiography. Prerequisite: department placement, AP score of 3, or 202.

FRENCH 271-0 (455-B71-0) Introduction to the French Novel
Fundamental concepts and significant achievements of the French novel. Representative novels chosen from writers of the 17th to the 20th centuries. In French. Prerequisite: 202 or consent of instructor.

FRENCH 272-0 (455-B72-0) Introduction to French Theater
Basic concepts and representative works of the French theater with emphasis on the 17th and 20th centuries. Principles of tragedy and comedy; contemporary developments. In French. Prerequisite: 202 or consent of instructor.

FRENCH 280-0 (455-B80-0) French Cultural Studies: Historical France
Major cultural and intellectual problems of France from a historical perspective, such as France in the 19th century, history of gender, rise of the bourgeoisie. Prerequisite: 202 or consent of instructor.

FRENCH 282-0 (455-B82-0) French Cultural Studies: Contemporary France
Major cultural and intellectual problems of contemporary France, such as the Occupation, the Algerian War, racism and immigration, ethnicity and social relations, role of the intellectual, role of France in a unified Europe. Prerequisite: 202 or consent of instructor.

Courses with Reading and Discussion in English
No prerequisite in French; readings, discussions, papers, and examinations in English.

FRENCH 277-0 (455-B77-0) Sartre, Beauvoir, and Existentialism
Existentialism in its literary, philosophical, and cultural manifestations.

FRENCH 279-0 (455-B79-0) Introduction to French Theater
Representative French plays from the 17th through the 20th centuries; basic concepts of genre; social and historical context. Credit not allowed for both 279 and 272.

FRENCH 285-0 (455-B85-0) Reading Paris
Introduction to French culture through an examination, critique, and analysis of texts, historical documents, and images relating to Paris. Extensive use of the Web and other media.

FRENCH 320-0 (455-C20-0) On the Threshold of Modernity: Rabelais and Montaigne
Transition from the Middle Ages to modernity in two major 16th-century artists: Rabelais and optimistic faith in human potential, Montaigne and profound skepticism. In-depth reading of works that speak to the modern condition.

FRENCH 330-0 (455-C30-0) Classical Theater and Society
Major 17th century dramatic writers, including Corneille, Molière, and Racine, and the social and historical context in which the plays were written and performed.
FRENCH 335-0 (455-C35-0) The Literature and Thought of the Ancien Régime

The intellectual and cultural framework for study of French social trends from the ancien régime to the 20th century. The intellectual and cultural contexts of French romanticism and Realism.

FRENCH 336-0 (455-C36-0) Francophonie Literature of Africa and the Caribbean

An inquiry into the major Francophone cultural traditions of north and sub-Saharan Africa, the Caribbean, and the Indian Ocean. Historical and cultural contexts of literary production; role of oral traditions in the emergence of intellectual and literary movements.

FRENCH 340-0 (455-C40-0) Sexual Politics in the Ancien Régime

Examination of major figures and movements in 20th-century France, primarily through literary texts; historical and cultural contexts of French romanticism and realism.

FRENCH 345-0 (455-C45-0) La Philosophie des Lumières

Enlightenment thought in philosophical and literary works by Montesquieu, Voltaire, Diderot, and Rousseau, emphasizing political thought, materialism, ethics, and aesthetics.

FRENCH 350-0 (455-C50-0) The Rhetoric of Romanticism and of Realism

Representations of 19th-century France, primarily through literary texts; historical and cultural contexts of French romanticism and realism.

FRENCH 355-0 (455-C55-0) The Invention of Modernity

Study of the origins of modernity in the 19th century, addressing such issues as the rise of mass culture, urbanization, and the beginnings of consumer society.

FRENCH 360-0 (455-C60-0) From Modernism to Postmodernism: Experiments in Narrative Form

Crises and reinventions of French prose from the modernist moment of the early 20th century through the ambiguities of “engaged” literature of the 1930s to postmodernism.

FRENCH 362-0 (455-C62-0) The French Avant-Garde

Literary and cultural experiments of the various French avant-garde movements, from dada and surrealism to the theater of the absurd and new wave cinema.

FRENCH 364-0 (455-C64-0) Modern French Theater

Examination of major figures and movements in 20th-century French theater considered in light of the social, political, and cultural “modernization” of France over the course of the century.

FRENCH 366-0 (455-C66-0) Francophone Literature of Africa and the Caribbean

Literary traditions of north and sub-Saharan Africa, the Caribbean, and the Indian Ocean. Historical and cultural contexts of literary production; role of oral traditions in the emergence of intellectual and literary movements.

FRENCH 380-0 (455-C80-0) Political and Social Thought in France

An inquiry into the major French political and social trends from the ancien régime to the 20th century. The intellectual and cultural framework for study of French political life.

FRENCH 382-0 (455-C82-0) Literature and Exoticism

Various modalities of the rhetoric of exoticism throughout the history of French literature and in popular culture.

FRENCH 384-0 (455-C84-0) Women Writing in French

Female-authored texts analyzed in relation to their respective social, cultural, political, and historical contexts.

FRENCH 390-0 (455-C90-0) Topics in Culture

Study of various topics, issues, and questions in French and francophone culture. Content varies: for example, French and francophone cinema, the intellectual in France. May be repeated for credit with different topic. May have language prerequisite.

FRENCH 391-1,2 (455-C91-1,2) Theory and Practice of Translation

Intensive, advanced, two-quarter course integrates previously acquired skills through the comparative study and translation of English and French. Culminates in individual translation project in second half of second quarter.

FRENCH 396-0 (455-C96-0) Contemporary French Thought

An examination of different perspectives and paradigms for understanding literature and culture.

FRENCH 397-0 (455-C97-0) Studies in Literature and Culture

In-depth research and analysis of a problem or topic concerning cultural representation.

FRENCH 399-0 (455-C99-0) Independent Study

Independent reading and research. Topics arranged through consultation with an instructor and approval of the department.

Italian

Major in Italian Literature and Culture

The program for majors in Italian literature and culture consists of 14 courses of which at least 10 must be offered by the Italian department; up to 4 others can be courses dealing with Italian culture offered by other departments, including one or more courses on literary theory. Courses outside the department must be approved by the director of undergraduate studies. Of the 10 courses taken in the Italian department, no more than 5 can be courses taught in English. Of the 14 courses required for the major, at least 8 must be at the 300 level; 100-level courses do not count towards the major.

Students returning from a study abroad program in Italy will receive up to 8 credits if the content of the courses taken abroad relates in a substantive way to some aspect of Italian culture. All returning students must take two 300-level courses in Italian in their senior year.

Minor in Italian

Minor course requirements (7 units)

The minor in Italian consists of seven courses of which at least four are at the 300 level. No more than three courses can be Italian courses taught in English. Students returning from study abroad must take at least one 300-level course in Italian in their senior year.
Courses Taught in Italian
Prerequisite for all 300-level courses taught in Italian: two 200-level courses in Italian or equivalent.
ITALIAN 101-1,2,3 (457-A01-1,2,3) Elementary Italian
Pronunciation, grammar, composition, reading, and conversation. Drill in language laboratory. Five class meetings a week.
ITALIAN 102-1,2,3 (457-A02-1,2,3) Intermediate Italian
Grammar review, conversation, composition, and readings in modern prose and drama. Four class meetings a week. Prerequisite: 101 or equivalent.
ITALIAN 133/134-1,2,3 (457-A33/A34-1,2,3) Intensive Italian
Beginning course designed to complete the work of 101 and 102 in one year. Students must enroll concurrently in 133 and 134, for which they receive two credits per quarter. Five class meetings a week.
ITALIAN 201-0 (457-B01-0) Italian through Media
Issues from Italian media; frequent oral and written reports: for instance, America in Italian media, advertising, immigration, youth culture. Students produce a newspaper or newscast at the end of the quarter. Prerequisite: 102-3 or 133/134-3 or equivalent.
ITALIAN 202-0 (457-B02-0) Italian through Performance
Practice in spoken Italian through a survey of various performance arts in Italian culture. Content may vary: for example, Italian theater, Italian opera, commedia dell’arte. Prerequisite: 102-3 or 133/134-3 or equivalent.
ITALIAN 203-0 (457-B03-0) Creative Writing in Italian
A course meant to improve written Italian through exercises and experiments in a variety of genres and styles. Prerequisite: 102-3 or 133/134-3 or equivalent.
ITALIAN 301-0 (457-C01-0) Italian through Cinema
An analytic approach to the language of cinema through a detailed reading of selected films and their scripts. Emphasis on colloquial and dialectal Italian. Students produce script or film treatment at the end of the quarter.
ITALIAN 302-0 (457-C02-0) Italian through Translation
An intensive workshop meant to improve spoken and written Italian through the practice of translation.
ITALIAN 303-0 (457-C03-0) Reading Italian Cities
An approach to Italian culture and civilization through an exploration of representative Italian cities.
ITALIAN 304-0 (457-C04-0) Modern Italian Cultural Studies
Culture of Italy from World War II to the present. Novels, films, popular culture.
ITALIAN 399-0 (457-C99-0) Independent Study
Independent reading under supervision (consult director of undergraduate studies).
Courses with Reading and Discussion in English
No prerequisite in Italian.
ITALIAN 270-0 (457-B70-0) The Arts in Italian Culture
A multidisciplinary survey exploring the development of a wide variety of artistic traditions in Italian culture, including painting, sculpture, architecture, music, opera, fashion, and design.
ITALIAN 275-0 (457-B75-0) Dante’s Divine Comedy
Introduction to the Divine Comedy, its artistic and intellectual achievement, and its cultural and historical context.
ITALIAN 290-0 (457-B90-0) Memory, Exile, and the Italian Diaspora
The theme of exile in Italian culture; the memory of Italy as it survives in the Italian diaspora, inside and outside Italy.
ITALIAN 360-0 (457-C60-0) From the Avant-Garde to the Postmodern
Major authors and movements animating the modern and contemporary literary scene. Content varies: for example, Futurism, intellectuals and politics from D’Annunzio to Pasolini, feminist Italian fiction, Calvino, Eco, and the postmodern.
ITALIAN 370-0 (457-C70-0) Mapping Italian Literature
Major texts of Italian literature read in the context of European and world literature. Content varies: for example, Leopardi and European romanticism; Calvino, Borges, and Pynchon; the Theater of Memory; Svevo and Joyce; futurism.
ITALIAN 375-0 (457-C75-0) Topics in Italian Culture
Content varies: for example, perspectives in the Renaissance, Leonardo’s method, the Baroque imagination, body and sexuality in Italian culture, Italian women writers, fascism and culture, philosophy and literature.
ITALIAN 380-0 (457-C80-0) Topics in Italian Cinema
Introduction to major Italian filmmakers and cinematic trends.

Geography Program
The Program in Geography offers three types of courses to students who seek a knowledge of the physical earth and its various modes of human occupancy. Introductory courses develop global perspectives on environments that are relevant to many social and physical science fields. Courses in regional geography present a unique way of understanding how nature and culture have interacted over time to give character to specific places or regions. Advanced courses focus on the concepts and techniques of professional geography, especially on the construction of maps and on the uses of maps in solving geographical problems.

Programs of study may lead to a major or a minor in geography. In addition to the following requirements, students majoring in geography also must complete a major in a related social or natural science field.

Major in Geography
Program courses: GEOG 210 or ENVR SCI 235; GEOG 341; and four additional geography courses, at least three of which must be at the 300 level, including 1 unit of research (399).
Related courses: ECON 201, 202; MATH 214-1,2; STAT 210; or equivalent.

Minor in Geography
The minor in geography supplements the academic programs of students who major in related social and natural sciences by training them in the theory and method of geographical analysis. In addition to the courses listed below, students choosing to minor in geography must complete MATH 214-1,2 or equivalent.

Minor course requirements (7 units)
- STAT 210
- GEOG 210 or 211 or ENVR SCI 235
- GEOG 341
- Four additional courses, at least three at the 300 level; one may be taken in a department or program other than geography on the recommendation of the geography program adviser

Introductory Courses
GEOG 210-0 (421-B10-0) The Natural Environment
Introduction to the physical elements of geography. Major local and global atmospheric processes producing weather and climate. Study of the earth-shaping forces that give rise to the geography of landform features.

GEOG 211-0 (421-B11-0) World Biogeography
Geography of the world's major ecosystems based on the global climate model. Physical processes of soil formation and vegetation development in various ecosystems. Human impacts on natural systems resulting from past and present land-use practices.

Regional Geography
GEOG 313-0 (421-C13-0) North America
Detailed study of the regional geography of the United States and Canada. The regional distribution of landform types. Patterns of culture, history, and economic development that underlie the distribution of distinctive lifeways in the two countries.

Advanced Courses
GEOG 328-0 (421-C28-0) The Human Use of the Earth
Geography of the earth's natural environments as modified by human agency. Natural versus anthropogenic environmental change. Processes of habitat alteration in hunter-gatherer societies. Impacts of modern agriculture and forestry.

GEOG 341-0 (421-C41-0) Principles of Cartography

GEOG 343-0 (421-C43-0) Geographic Information Systems
Methods and techniques of digital cartography; encoding and analysis of spatial information; applications to archaeology, environmental sciences, and business geographics. Prerequisite: 341.

GEOG 399-0 (421-C99-0) Independent Study
Independent research projects. Open to qualified advanced students by consent of department.

Geological Sciences
The geological sciences use diverse and interdisciplinary approaches to the study of complex physical, chemical, and biological processes occurring on and within the earth. The undergraduate program combines fundamental background in mathematics, physics, and chemistry with courses applying these techniques to geological problems. Undergraduates are encouraged to select individual programs reflecting their scientific interests and career goals, whether graduate study in the earth sciences, professional employment, or advanced study in areas such as management or law.

Undergraduates are involved in the full spectrum of departmental activities beyond class work: research, seminars, field trips, and social functions. The resulting educational environment offers unusual opportunities for motivated and interested students.

Major in Geological Sciences
Departmental courses: 201, 202, and four 300-level courses.

Related courses
- CHEM 101, 102, 103, or 171, 172
- MATH 214-1,2,3, 215, 217, 221
- PHYSICS 135-1,2,3

Mathematics, chemistry, and physics are prerequisites for 200- and 300-level courses and should be taken at the earliest opportunity.

Minor in Geological Sciences
The minor in geological sciences offers students in any major a flexible path to improved knowledge of earth, its processes, and more generally, earth system science. Students select paths with advice from faculty that emphasize such fields as physical geology, geochemistry, geophysics, or a combination of these.

Minor course requirements (6 units)
- 201, 202
- Four other geological sciences courses at the 200 or 300 level; three of the four must be at the 300 level. 398 and 399 will not be credited toward the minor.

Note: Most 200- and 300-level courses in geological sciences have prerequisites in other disciplines and/or in geological sciences. Students should consult the course descriptions in this catalog for details.

Honors in Geological Sciences
Graduation with honors in geological sciences requires completion of a research project. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.
Four-Year BA/MS
Students with a professional interest in the earth sciences and a grade point average of 3.5 or above may be eligible for the four-year BA/MS honors program offered by the Department of Geological Sciences. The department only recommends students for this program; final approval is made by the Graduate School. Students may apply for this program in the spring quarter of their junior year; by the end of that year, applicants should complete all courses required for the major in geological sciences and all (or nearly all) the Weinberg College BA requirements. See Four-Year Master's Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog and consult with a department advisor.

To fulfill the MS requirements, students must complete
1. 12 courses approved by the student's advisory committee and bearing graduate credit in science or engineering (MATH 221, CHEM 342-1, and the four 300-level courses taken for the BA may be counted)
2. A final independent research report (not necessarily a formal thesis)

Integrated Science Program
The Integrated Science Program (ISP) is a highly selective BA program within Weinberg College. Students majoring in ISP who wish also to complete a major in geological sciences must take 201 and three 300-level courses in addition to 315. These requirements replace the usual major requirements noted above.

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

**GEOL SCI 101-0** (423-A01-0) Earth Processes and Products
Minerals, rocks, and structures of the earth's crust, changes wrought through geologic time. Lectures, laboratory; weekend field trip.

**GEOL SCI 106-0** (423-A06-0) The Ocean, the Atmosphere, and Our Climate
Physical, chemical, and geologic oceanography; emphasis on interactions with the atmosphere and the role of the world ocean in the earth's climate. Lectures and discussion.

**GEOL SCI 107-0** (423-A07-0) Plate Tectonics
Drift of continents and spreading of sea floor; pattern of motions; relation to earthquakes, volcanism, mountains, and the earth's interior. Lectures and discussion.

**GEOL SCI 110-0** (423-A10-0) The Earth as a Planet
Origin of the solar system, accretion and differentiation of the earth, early history of the moon, abundance of elements, geologic time. Lectures and discussion.

**GEOL SCI 111-0** (423-A11-0) Human Dimensions of Global Change
Natural and human causes of change and environmental changes on land, in waters, and in the atmosphere. The earth system on long and short timescales. Lectures and discussion.

**GEOL SCI 114-0** (423-A14-0) Uniformity, Catastrophe, and the Meaning of Evolution
Development, application, and impact of uniformitarianism, catastrophism, and evolutionary theory.

**GEOL SCI 201-0** (423-B01-0) Surface Processes
Weathering, sedimentation, glaciation, mountain building, deformational features, metamorphism, volcanism, and historical geology. Field trip. Prerequisite: CHEM 103, MATH 214-1, or equivalent.

**GEOL SCI 202-0** (423-B02-0) Earth's Interior
The earth as a planet: origin, composition, and evolution of the solar system and the earth; internal structure of the earth; plate tectonics. Prerequisite: MATH 214-2, PHYSICS 135-1, CHEM 103, or equivalent.

**GEOL SCI 204-0** (423-B04-0) Environmental Geology
Hazardous earth processes, human interaction with the environment, problems of resource availability and use. Laboratory and one-day field trip. Prerequisites: MATH 214-2; CHEM 103.

**GEOL SCI 288-0** (423-B88-0) Earth in Science and Art
Major ideas and discoveries behind our understanding of the earth and its environment. Similarities and differences between the views of the earth in science and pictorial art. Prerequisite: one college-level course in physics, chemistry, or geological sciences, or consent of instructor.

Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors

**GEOL SCI 301-0** (423-C01-0) Geochemistry of Global Environment
Surficial processes and their geological and biological driving forces (atmosphere-land-water interactions, weathering, geochemical transport, sedimentation). Biogeochemical cycles and their role in the global environment. Prerequisite: 201 or 204.

**GEOL SCI 302-0** (423-C02-0) Petrology and Mineralogy
Formation and evolution of igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic rocks. Rock textures, compositions, tectonic settings, and other properties. Characteristic mineral assemblages, properties, processes, and reactions. Prerequisites: 201 or CHEM 103; MATH 214-1; PHYSICS 135-1.

**GEOL SCI 303-0** (423-C03-0) Hydrogeology
Transport and storage of water on the earth. Hydrostatics, hydrodynamics, flow models, infiltration, permeability, erosion, sediment transport, sediment dewatering, climate and sea-level changes, resource limitations, and pollution. Prerequisites: 201; MATH 214-3; PHYSICS 135-1; or consent of instructor.

**GEOL SCI 304-0** (423-C04-0) Coastal Processes
Competition between motions of water, beach, sediments, and crust. Waves, currents, tides. Sediment transport, beach evolution, cliff erosion, sea-level change, coastline and landform development. Processes in Lake Michigan. Prerequisites: 201; MATH 215; PHYSICS 135-1,2,3; or consent of instructor.
**GEOL SCI 307-0 (423-C07-0)** Tectonics and Structural Geology
Deformation of rock masses: strain, fracture, slip, stress, and rheologic regimes; rock structures; folds, faults, foliations; seismic parameters in tectonic studies; orogenic belts and their tectonic evolution. Lectures and lab. Prerequisites: 201; MATH 217; PHYSICS 135-1; or equivalent.

**GEOL SCI 309-0 (423-C09-0)** Reflection Seismology
Acquisition, processing, and interpretation of reflection seismograms. Hydrocarbon prospecting, structural geology, tectonics, stratigraphy, and deep continental reflection profiling. Prerequisites: MATH 214-3; PHYSICS 135-1; or consent of instructor.

**GEOL SCI 313-0 (423-C13-0)** Sedimentary Geology
Sedimentary rocks; stratigraphy; local, regional and global correlation. Ancient depositional systems; facies analysis in context of tectonic, eustatic, and climatic controls on deposition. Prerequisite: 201 or equivalent.

**GEOL SCI 315-0 (423-C15-0)** Physics of the Earth for ISP
Solid earth geophysics: the earth’s gravity field, the earth’s magnetic field, interior of the earth, heat flow, elementary wave propagation, plate tectonics. Prerequisites: second-year standing in ISP or comparable background in mathematics and physics.

**GEOL SCI 316-0 (423-C16-0)** Sedimentary Geochemistry
Formation and diagenesis of carbonate, geochemistry of organic matter, petroleum formation, evaporation precipitation, paleoenvironmental reconstruction, isotopic, organic, and trace and major element geochemistry. Prerequisites: 201, 313; CHEM 103; or equivalent.

**GEOL SCI 317-0 (423-C17-0)** Paleobiology
Major fossil groups; origin and evolution of life; speciation and mass extinction; evolution of communities and ecosystems. Application of paleobiologic methods to paleoenvironmental reconstruction. Prerequisites: 101, 106, or 111; BIOL SCI 103 or 210-1; or consent of instructor.

**GEOL SCI 318-0 (423-C18-0)** Stable Isotope Geochemistry
Fractionation and distribution of stable isotopes (C, H, N, O, S) in the biosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere, and geosphere; isotopic biogeochemistry, environmental problems and global climate change. Prerequisites: 201 or 204, 301, 316.

**GEOL SCI 319-0 (423-C19-0)** Field Problems in Sedimentary Geology
Field methods in stratigraphy and sedimentology; interpretation of depositional systems and development of facies models based on field observations. Continuation of 313; 2½-week field trip to Colorado and Utah in early to mid-September, returning in time for beginning of fall classes. Prerequisite: 313.

**GEOL SCI 324-0 (423-C24-0)** Seismology and Earth Structure
Elastic theory, seismic waves, seismometers and seismograms, ray paths, travel times; internal structure of the earth; earthquakes: location, characteristics, mechanism, and relation to plate motions. Prerequisites: MATH 221; PHYSICS 135-2.

**GEOL SCI 325-0 (423-C25-0)** Global Tectonics

**GEOL SCI 326-0 (423-C26-0)** Terrestrial Gravity and Magnetism
Introduction to theory and applications of potential fields to the study of the earth; includes Laplace's equation, Newtonian potential, magnetostatic and electrostatic fields, spherical harmonic analysis; applications to calculation and interpretation of gravity and magnetic anomalies, regional and global fields, forward and inverse methods, analytical continuation, and spectral analysis. Prerequisites: 325; MATH 221; PHYSICS 135-1,2.

**GEOL SCI 328-0 (423-C28-0)** Geophysical Data Processing
Analysis of seismic and other geophysical data. Sampling, windowing, discrete and fast Fourier transforms, z-transforms, deconvolution, filtering, and inverse methods. Prerequisite: MATH 221.

**GEOL SCI 329-0 (423-C29-0)** Tectonophysics
Quantitative kinematics of distributed deformation within plate boundary zones; gravity field and geoid; principle of isostasy; flexure of the crust and lithosphere. Prerequisites: MATH 221; PHYSICS 135-2; or consent of instructor.

**GEOL SCI 350-0 (423-C50-0)** Physics and Thermochemistry of the Earth’s Interior
Finite strain theory, solid solution thermodynamics, phase transitions, subduction zone processes, seismic velocity structures, mineral equations of state. Prerequisites: CHEM 103; MATH 214-3; PHYSICS 135-1.

**GEOL SCI 398-0 (423-C98-0)** Undergraduate Seminar
Opportunity for advanced work through supervised reading, research, and discussion. Open only by invitation of the department.

**GEOL SCI 399-0 (423-C99-0)** Independent Study
Special problems under direct supervision of one or more staff members. Comprehensive report and examination required. Open with consent of department to juniors and seniors who have completed field of concentration in the department.

**German**

The Department of German offers courses in three separate tracks, giving students a choice in satisfying their educational needs or interests. Courses are designed to:

- Offer students who select German to fulfill the college language requirement and those who wish to acquire a basic knowledge of the language an opportunity to read modern German prose and to express themselves in German
- Provide German majors and minors with a course of study in language, literature, and culture that forms the basis from which they can pursue their interests in specific areas of concentration; the program emphasizes the modern period (18th century to the present)
Major in German
The major in German consists of 17 courses: 12 core courses and 5 courses in a concentration. Students choose one of five concentrations: critical thought, business studies, German-Jewish studies, history, or language and literature.

Courses indicated as a prerequisite for an advanced course may not be taken for credit after the advanced course has been completed. Students returning from a study abroad program in their junior year must enroll in three 300-level quarter courses in the department.

Departmental courses
Core courses (12)
• Language (4 units):
  205
  205, 208, or 280 (205 may be repeated for credit with different topic)
  Two quarter courses of 391, one on advanced grammar and composition and one on advanced conversation
• Literature (3 units): three quarter courses chosen from 201-1,2,3,4, 204, 215
• Culture (4 units): four quarter courses chosen from 301, 310-1,2,3,4, 329, 332
• Modern history (1 unit): HISTORY 344-2 or 349

Concentrations
Critical Thought
• German: 301
• Philosophy: one quarter course at the 200 level
• Comparative literature: three quarter courses, one chosen from COMP LIT 202 and 280 and two chosen from COMP LIT 302, 382, 383, 397, and a graduate seminar

Business Studies
• German: one quarter course of 280 and two quarter courses of 380 (280 and 380 may be repeated for credit with different topics)
• Economics: two quarter courses chosen from ECON 201, 202, 306, 310, 311

German-Jewish Studies
• German: 241-1,2
• History: one quarter course chosen from HISTORY 344-1,2, 349
• Religion: two quarter courses chosen from RELIGION 224, 306, 331, 335, 352

History
• German: three quarter courses, two chosen from 233-1,2, and 250 and either 314 (when it addresses German intellectual history) or 332
• History: HISTORY 338, 344-1

Language and Literature
• German: two quarter courses, one chosen from 201, 205, 208 and one chosen from 324, 329, 332

Linguistics: three quarter courses, two chosen from LING 204, 205, 206, 209 and one chosen from LING 302, 309, 310

Minors in German
The Department of German offers two minors: a minor in German and a minor in business German. Each minor consists of nine courses. The minor in German is designed to give students solid language proficiency at the upper level and significant knowledge of German culture. The minor in business German is designed to prepare students for careers in government service or international business or for graduate study in international economics, management, trade, or law.

Courses indicated as prerequisites for advanced courses may not be taken for credit after the advanced course has been completed. Students returning from a study abroad program in their junior year must enroll in one 300-level quarter course in the department.

Minor in German (9 units)
• Language (4 units):
  205
  205, 208, or 280 (205 may be repeated for credit with different topic)
  Two quarter courses of 391, one on advanced grammar and composition and one on advanced conversation
• Literature/culture (4 units):
  Two quarter courses chosen from 201-1,2,3,4, 204, 215
  Two quarter courses chosen from 301, 310-1,2,3,4, 329, 332
• Modern history (1 unit): HISTORY 344-2 or 349

Minor in Business German (9 units)
• Language (4 units):
  205
  203, 205, 208, or 280 (205 may be repeated for credit with different topic)
  Two quarter courses of 391, one on advanced grammar and composition and one on advanced conversation
• Literature/culture (4 units):
  Two quarter courses chosen from 201-1,2,3,4, 204, 215
  Two quarter courses chosen from 301, 310-1,2,3,4, 329, 332
• Modern history (1 unit): HISTORY 344-2 or 349

Business German Examinations
Students completing a major with a concentration in business studies or a minor in business German may take one or both of the internationally recognized business German examinations offered each spring through Northwestern. Business German credentials are important in today's job market for two reasons: German is a leading language in the European market, and German corporations have more than 2,500 subsidiaries and affiliations in the United States that employ nearly 600,000 Americans.
Students successfully completing two quarters of 280 may take the Zertifikat Deutsch für den Beruf, an examination developed jointly by the Goethe-Institut and the Deutscher Volkshochschulverband. Students successfully completing two quarters of 380 may take the Prüfung Wirtschaftsdeutsch International, an examination developed by the Goethe-Institut, the Association of German Chambers of Industry and Commerce, and the Carl Duisberg Centers.

For more information on these examinations, see the German department Web page at www.german.nwu.edu.

**Honors in German**

Superior students majoring in German may qualify for departmental honors by completing (a) two quarters of 398 or 399, (b) two quarters of 400-level courses, or (c) one quarter of 398 or 399 and one quarter of a 400-level course. In addition, they must present a research paper at the end of their second quarter of honors study. Interested students should consult with the department’s director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

**The Teaching of German**

Weinberg College students pursuing a major in German who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

**Language Courses**

**GERMAN 101-1,2,3 (425-A01-1,2,3)** Elementary German

German language and culture. Understanding, speaking, reading, and writing of German.

**GERMAN 102-1,2,3 (425-A02-1,2,3)** Intermediate German

German language and culture. Understanding, speaking, reading, and writing of German continued. Prerequisite: 101-3 or equivalent.

**GERMAN 105-0 (425-A05-0)** German for Research (0 units) Introduction to the translation of scholarly and scientific German texts. No prerequisites in the language.

**GERMAN 203-0 (425-B03-0)** Intermediate Conversation

Practical training in communication skills with sole emphasis on listening comprehension and speaking. May be repeated for credit with different materials. Prerequisite: 102-1 or equivalent.

**GERMAN 204-0 (425-B04-0)** Foundations of Literary Study

Bridges the gap between intermediate language courses and 200- or 300-level literary and cultural offerings. Emphasizes skills needed to work with literary, philosophical, and historical texts. May not be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: 102-3 or AP score of 3 or consent of instructor.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.

**GERMAN 205-0 (425-B05-0)** Intermediate Grammar and Composition

Practice in the writing of short essays; German grammar and structure. May be repeated for credit with different materials. Prerequisite: 102-3 or equivalent.

**GERMAN 208-0 (425-B08-0)** German through Reading News Periodicals

Articles of current interest in German newspapers, read and discussed in German, with regular compositions. May be repeated for credit with different materials. Prerequisite: 102-3 or equivalent.

**GERMAN 280-0 (425-B80-0)** German in Commerce and Industry

German language study oriented toward business. Emphasizes business-related communicative situations such as social interactions, business travel, oral and written contact with customers, basic sales dialogues, and basic business letters. Prepares students for the Zertifikat Deutsch für den Beruf exam. May be repeated for credit with different materials. Prerequisite: one 200-level course in German or very strong performance in 102-3.

**GERMAN 380-0 (425-C80-0)** Advanced German in Commerce and Industry

German language study oriented toward business and economics. Emphasizes review of specialized vocabulary in business and economics and practice of complex communicative situations in international trade, advertising, banking, and management. Other topics include economic geography, retailing, distribution, energy, and transportation. Prepares students for the Prüfung Wirtschaftsdeutsch International exam. May be repeated for credit with different materials. Prerequisite: 280, a second 200-level course in German, and one 200-level course in economics.

**GERMAN 391-0 (425-C91-0)** Topics in Language

Special topics in German language: for example, advanced grammar and composition; translation; advanced translation; stylistics; advanced conversation. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

**Courses in Literature and Culture with Prerequisites in German**

**GERMAN 201-1,2,3,4 (425-B01-1,2,3,4)** Introduction to German Literature

Works from the 18th century to the present. Readings, lectures, discussions, and papers in German. Prerequisite: one 200-level course in German or very strong performance in 102-3.

**GERMAN 215-0 (425-B15-0)** Special Studies in German Literature and Culture

Studies of a major author, a prominent theme in German literature or culture, a movement, or a genre. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Prerequisite: 102-3 or equivalent.
GERMAN 301-0 (425-C01-0) The Dialectics of German Cultural Criticism

GERMAN 310-1,2,3,4 (425-C10-1,2,3,4) Epochs of German Culture

GERMAN 329-0 (425-C29-0) Topics in Literature

GERMAN 332-0 (425-C32-0) Topics in German Studies

GERMAN 398-0 (425-C98-0) Undergraduate Seminar

GERMAN 399-0 (425-C99-0) Independent Study

Courses with Reading and Discussion in English

GERMAN 210-1,2,3 (425-B10-1,2,3) German Literature in Translation

GERMAN 212-0 (425-B12-0) Introduction to German Culture and Literature

GERMAN 220-0 (425-B20-0) The German Film

GERMAN 233-1,2 (425-B33-1,2) German History and Culture

GERMAN 240-0 (425-B40-0) The Theme of Faust through the Ages

GERMAN 241-1,2 (425-B41-1,2) Jews and Germans: An Intercultural History

GERMAN 250-0 (425-B50-0) Introduction to Contemporary Germany

GERMAN 261-0 (425-B61-0) Turn-of-the-Century Vienna: In Search of New Values

GERMAN 314-0 (425-C14-0) German Contributions to World Literature

GERMAN 324-0 (425-C24-0) Modern German Drama

GREEK

See Classics.

Hispanic Studies

Spanish began its life as a dialect of Latin spoken in the Iberian peninsula, and there it lived for over a thousand years until, in the 16th century, it spread into the New World and beyond. Today, it is a global language, spoken by well over 400 million people. Spanish and its close cousin Portuguese are spoken by more people in the Americas than English, and it is spoken by some 30 million people in the United States.

The Department of Hispanic Studies tries to reflect these global realities. The department offers courses in language, literature, and culture that speak to a variety of interests, whether they are focused on the Latin-American world, the Spanish peninsular world, or some aspect of Hispanic culture that cuts across geographic divides. Instruction in most courses is in Spanish, and the development of fluency in reading, speaking, and writing the language is an important goal of courses at all levels.

The major and minor programs offered in Hispanic Studies are flexible and depend on students’ initiative to pursue particular interests or areas of interest within a framework of simple rules and subject to the approval of an adviser. Students who study Spanish are also encouraged to study Portuguese.

The Department of Hispanic Studies encourages all its students to pursue study abroad, whether in the
Northwestern–University of Seville Exchange Program, the Committee on Institutional Cooperation summer program at the Universidad de Guanajuato in Mexico, or other programs approved by the University's Study Abroad Office.

**Spanish**

**Major in Hispanic Studies**

**Departmental courses**
- One course chosen from 205, 206, and 207
- 220
- Three courses chosen from 250, 251, 260, and 261
- One course chosen from 302, 303, and 304
- 323 and 390
- Five 300-level courses in Hispanic Studies that form an area of concentration to be developed in consultation with and subject to the approval of an adviser
- One elective course in Hispanic Studies at the 200 or 300 level

**Related courses:** four courses in such areas as history, political science, sociology, or anthropology constituting a coherent pattern of study and approved by an adviser.

**Minor in Hispanic Studies**

**Prerequisite:** 102-3 or equivalent

**Minor course requirements (8 units)**
- Four courses at the 200 level
- Four courses at the 300 level

**Honors in Hispanic Studies**

Enterprising seniors with strong academic records may qualify for departmental honors by designing and completing a research project on a topic of their choice under the supervision of an adviser. The award of honors is made by a committee of Weinberg College on the recommendation of the department. Students who desire more information about honors in Hispanic studies should contact their adviser.

**The Teaching of Spanish**

Weinberg College students pursuing a major in Spanish who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

**Courses Primarily for Undergraduates**

**SPANISH 101-1,2,3 (463-A01-1,2,3) Elementary Spanish**
Pronunciation, grammar, translation, and easy conversation. Five class meetings a week. Drill in language laboratory.

**SPANISH 102-1,2,3 (463-A02-1,2,3) Intermediate Spanish**
Grammar review, conversation, composition, and readings in modern prose and drama. Four class meetings a week. Prerequisite: 101 or 2 units of Spanish.

**SPANISH 115-1,2 (463-A15-1,2) Accelerated First-Year Spanish**
For students with some previous experience in Spanish. Pronunciation, grammar, and easy conversation. Four classes per week plus one hour in the language laboratory. Prerequisite: department placement.

**SPANISH 123-1,2,3 (463-A23-1,2,3) Intermediate Spanish: Individualized Instruction**
Intermediate Spanish in a format allowing students to set their own pace and concentrate on skills of their choice. Prerequisite: departmental placement.

**SPANISH 205-0 (463-B05-0) Reading and Speaking Spanish**
Practical training with emphasis on listening comprehension, command of idioms, and conversational grammatical structures as well as vocabulary building through conversation and reading of diverse contemporary materials. Prerequisite: 102-3 or equivalent.

**SPANISH 206-0 (463-B06-0) Reading and Writing Spanish**
Practical training with an emphasis on writing, grammar, and vocabulary building through readings in materials relating to the social sciences, politics, and the arts. Prerequisite: 102-3 or equivalent.

**SPANISH 207-0 (463-B07-0) Spanish for Bilingual Speakers**
A course for native speakers without schooling in Spanish. Emphasis on writing, syntax, and formal modes of the language. Prerequisite: consent of department.

**SPANISH 220-0 (463-B20-0) Introduction to Hispanic Studies**
The development of Spanish and Hispanic cultures in Europe and the Americas. Analysis of literary forms and literary texts in social and historical contexts. Taught in Spanish. Prerequisite: 102-3 or equivalent.

**SPANISH 250-0 (463-B50-0) Spanish Literature and Culture before 1700**
Main currents of Spanish literature and culture before 1700. Taught in Spanish. Prerequisite: 205, 206, 207, or 220.

**SPANISH 251-0 (463-B51-0) Spanish Literature and Culture since 1700**
Main currents of Spanish literature and culture since 1700. Taught in Spanish. Prerequisite: 205, 206, 207, or 220.

**SPANISH 260-0 (463-B60-0) Latin American Literature and Culture before 1888**
Main currents of Spanish literature and culture before 1888. Taught in Spanish. Prerequisite: 205, 206, 207, or 220.

**SPANISH 261-0 (463-B61-0) Latin American Literature and Culture since 1888**
Main currents of Spanish literature and culture since 1888. Taught in Spanish. Prerequisite: 205, 206, 207, or 220.
Courses with Reading and Discussion in English
SPANISH 397-0 (463-C97-0) Topics in Hispanic Studies
Aspects of the cultures of the Spanish- and Portuguese-speaking worlds. Reading and discussion in English. Content varies. May be repeated for credit with different topics.

Courses with Prerequisite and Taught in Spanish
Unless otherwise noted, the prerequisite for these courses is 201 or its equivalent.
SPANISH 302-0 (463-C02-0) Advanced Grammar Practical training in grammar and syntax at an advanced level. Prerequisite: 205, 206, or 207.
SPANISH 303-0 (463-C03-0) Advanced Conversation Practical training in conversation at an advanced level. Prerequisite: 205, 206, or 207.
SPANISH 304-0 (463-C04-0) Topics in Language Special topics in grammatical, historical, or other linguistic aspects of Spanish. Prerequisite: 205, 206, or 207.
SPANISH 323-0 (463-C23-0) Cervantes The works of Cervantes, with special emphasis on Don Quixote.
SPANISH 332-0 (463-C32-0) Topics in 19th-Century Spanish Literature and Culture Development of the novel and other topics. May be repeated for credit with different topic.
SPANISH 333-0 (463-C33-0) Topics in 20th-Century Spanish Literature and Culture Topics vary. May be repeated for credit with different topic.
SPANISH 340-0 (463-C40-0) Latin American Literature and Civilization before 1888 The colonial period and the 19th century.
SPANISH 341-0 (463-C41-0) The Modernist Movement in Latin American Literature Spanish American literature from 1888 to 1920.
SPANISH 342-0 (463-C42-0) Latin American Drama Spanish American drama of the 19th and 20th centuries.
SPANISH 343-0 (463-C43-0) The Avant-Garde and Regionalism in Latin American Literature Latin American literature from about 1915 to 1950.
SPANISH 344-0 (463-C44-0) Contemporary Latin American Literature Latin American literature from 1950 to the present.
SPANISH 350-0 (463-C50-0) Spanish Culture and Civilization Historical and social backgrounds of Spanish civilization.
SPANISH 351-0 (463-C51-0) Latin American Culture and Civilization Historical and social backgrounds of Latin American civilization.
SPANISH 380-0 (463-C80-0) Critical Analysis Theories and methods of literary analysis. Close reading of representative texts.
SPANISH 390-0 (463-C90-0) Undergraduate Seminar Topic varies. Open to qualified seniors.
SPANISH 395-0 (463-C95-0) Special Topics in Hispanic Studies Topic varies. May be repeated for credit with different topics.
SPANISH 399-0 (463-C99-0) Independent Study Independent reading under supervision. Consult with department chair.

Portuguese

Courses
PORT 101-1,2,3 (459-A01-1,2,3) Intensive Elementary Portuguese Rapid audiolingual study of the Portuguese language followed by readings from Portuguese and Brazilian writers. No prerequisite in Portuguese.
PORT 303-0 (463-C03-0) Advanced Portuguese Development of competence in four areas of foreign language proficiency. Readings focus on Brazilian historical, cultural, and sociopolitical structures. Prerequisite: 101-3 or equivalent.
PORT 399-0 (459-C99-0) Independent Study Independent study under supervision.

History

The Department of History is distinguished by the breadth of its faculty’s expertise. The faculty includes nationally distinguished scholars in United States, European, Latin American, African, and Asian history. These faculty resources enable the department to offer major fields of study in the history of the Americas, English/European history, African/Middle Eastern history, and Asian/Middle Eastern history. The department is particularly strong in social, cultural, and intellectual history.

Most history courses are open to any undergraduate. Few have specific prerequisites, although freshmen are generally advised to try 100- and 200-level courses before attempting 300-level courses. History majors have priority in registering for classes, but the majority of students enrolled in most history courses are majoring in other departments and schools. The history faculty welcomes this diversity of students.

As all courses listed below cannot be given in any one year and the quarters in which they are offered are subject to change, see the Class Schedule for actual offerings.

Major in History

The purpose of the major is to help students understand themselves as products and makers of history by introducing them to historical patterns and problems in a variety of areas and periods as well as to different historical materials and techniques of analysis. It encourages students to learn to think critically and to search deeply in at least one area of concentration. Achievement of these goals depends heavily on effective use of faculty advice, and each student should see his or her adviser as soon as one is assigned.

Thereafter, each student should confer with the adviser at
least once each quarter to ensure smooth progress through
the program of study.

Students majoring in history select one of four
concentrations:
• History of the Americas
• English/European history
• African/Middle Eastern history
• Asian/Middle Eastern history

Students may arrange to emphasize certain special fields
within the context of one of these four areas.

The program for majors consists of 11 graded quarter-
courses in history and 5 graded quarter-courses in related
subjects, none of which may be substituted with advanced
placement credits. These courses, chosen by the student in
consultation with the adviser, are distributed as follows.

Departmental courses (11)
• Two undergraduate seminars: 395 plus one chosen from
  101, 102, 103, 392, 393
• Nine 200- or 300-level quarter-courses: five in one of the
  four areas of concentration listed above and four that lie
  outside the area of concentration and are distributed to
  provide both geographical and chronological variety
• Two of those nine courses must be a trailer seminar,
  preferably taken in the junior or senior year. (The trailer
  seminar consists of two courses: a 200- or 300-level lec-
  ture course plus a linked 395 seminar in a subsequent
  quarter. The trailer seminar need not be within the stu-
  dent's concentration.)
• At least two of the nine courses must be in fields other
  than modern European or United States history. Such
  courses might be in the history of Europe before 1800
  or in African, Asian, or Latin American history in any
  period.

Related courses (5)
• Five quarter-courses of related subjects at the 200 or 300
  levels, at least two of which must be at the 300 level and
  must be chosen from at least two programs or depart-
  ments in the social sciences and humanities. The courses
  should bear some coherent relationship to the student's
  major program. Students are encouraged to discuss their
  related courses with their adviser.

Minor in History
The minor in history encourages students majoring in
other fields to study history and to organize their historical
studies in a coherent way. The structure of the minor re-
quires students to gain both depth and breadth in history.
Students must select a concentration, which enables them
to acquire significant knowledge of one area of the world,
and take courses outside the concentration, which encour-
ges an understanding of diverse cultural contexts.

Minor course requirements (7 units)
• Seven history courses at the 100, 200, or 300 level;
  at least three must be at the 300 level
• Four of those seven courses must be in one of the
  following areas of concentration:
  Europe, including Britain
  United States
  Latin America
  Asia
  Middle East
  Africa
• At least two of those four courses must be at the 300 level
• Three of the seven courses must be outside the area of
  concentration

Honors in History
Superior students may qualify for departmental honors by
enrolling in the honors seminar (398-1,2,3) during their
senior year and completing a senior thesis judged to be of
honors quality. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier
in this section of the catalog.

The Teaching of History
Weinberg College students pursuing a major in history who
also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be ad-
mitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School
of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all re-
quirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog.

Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs
in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Introductory Colloquia
The following three courses are colloquia, each limited
to 15 undergraduates, which introduce students to modes
of historical analysis through the study of various topics in
history. Specific subjects will be listed in the Class Schedule.
Open to freshmen and sophomores only.

HISTORY 101-0 (427-A01-0) Introduction to Historical
Analysis; European History
HISTORY 102-0 (427-A02-0) Introduction to Historical
Analysis; American History
HISTORY 103-0 (427-A03-0) Introduction to Historical
Analysis; Non-Western History

United States
HISTORY 210-1,2 (427-B10-1,2) History of the United
States Interpretive survey from the 17th century to
the present. 1. Colonial settlements to the Civil War
era. 2. Reconstruction to the present. Lectures, discussion
sections.

HISTORY 211-1,2 (427-B11-1,2) Problems in United
States History Basic problems in United States history,
17th–20th centuries. 1. First European and African migra-
tions to the American Civil War. 2. American Civil War to
the present. For students with a strong secondary-school
preparation or special motivation.
### American History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 291-0</td>
<td>Core Seminar in Latin American–Caribbean Studies</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 301-1,2</td>
<td>Survey of African American History</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 303-1,2</td>
<td>American Women's History</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 305-0</td>
<td>American Immigration</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 310-1,2</td>
<td>Early American History</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 314-0</td>
<td>The Civil War and Reconstruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 315-1,2,3</td>
<td>The United States in the 20th Century</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 317-1,2,3</td>
<td>American Cultural History</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 318-1,2</td>
<td>Legal and Constitutional History of the United States</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 319-1,2,3</td>
<td>History of American Foreign Relations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 321-1,2</td>
<td>A History of American Society</td>
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</tbody>
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### European History

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 322-1,2</td>
<td>Development of the Modern American City</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 323-0</td>
<td>Development of American Political Thought</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 324-0</td>
<td>American Lesbian and Gay History</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 325-0</td>
<td>Women and gender in American life, with attention to differences among women based on class, race, and ethnicity.</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 332-1,2,3</td>
<td>The Development of Medieval Europe</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 333-0</td>
<td>The Age of the Renaissance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 334-0</td>
<td>The Age of the Reformation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 337-0</td>
<td>Modern Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY 338-1,2</td>
<td>Europe in the 20th Century</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 342-1,2,3</td>
<td>History of Modern France</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 343-0</td>
<td>Modern Italy</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 344-1,2,3</td>
<td>Modern Germany</td>
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<tr>
<td>HISTORY 345-1,2,3</td>
<td>History of Russia</td>
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</tbody>
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### Prerequisites
- **HISTORY 323-1,2**
- **HISTORY 324-0**
- **HISTORY 325-0**
- **HISTORY 326-1,2,3**
- **HISTORY 327-0**
- **HISTORY 328-1,2**
- **HISTORY 329-1,2,3**
- **HISTORY 330-0**
- **HISTORY 333-0**
- **HISTORY 334-0**
- **HISTORY 335-0**
- **HISTORY 336-0**
- **HISTORY 337-0**
- **HISTORY 338-1,2**
- **HISTORY 339-1,2,3**
- **HISTORY 340-0**
- **HISTORY 341-1,2,3**
- **HISTORY 342-1,2,3**
- **HISTORY 343-0**
- **HISTORY 344-1,2,3**
- **HISTORY 345-1,2,3**
emphasizing African Muslim scholars and reformers.

History of Modern Britain


2. African states and the contest for land with white settlers.

Multinational gold mining industry, emphasizing the rise of

1. From the African iron age to the establishment of the

19th century revolutions in Bolivia, Cuba, and Central America.

Middle East

1. Heritage from antiquity and the Middle Ages. 2. From the Renaissance to the end of the 18th century. 3. 19th century. 4. 20th century.

HISTORY 351-0 (427-C51-0) History of Communism Marx's Marxism and movements and regimes that have claimed to be Marxist. Specific content varies.

Latin America

HISTORY 365-0 (427-C65-0) The Formation of Latin American Society Development of Latin American socioeconomic structures, political institutions, and cultural tendencies from the pre-Columbian and Iberian backgrounds through the colonial period.

HISTORY 366-0 (427-C66-0) Latin America in the Independence Era The 18th-century background to Latin American independence and 19th-century aftermath. The process of achieving independence, changing social structures, and economic patterns and the problem of forming new nations.

HISTORY 367-0 (427-C67-0) Politics and Development in Latin America Political, economic, and social problems since 1880, with emphasis on the period since 1930. Interaction between economic change and politics of rapidly urbanizing societies.

HISTORY 368-1,2 (427-C68-1,2) Revolution in 20th-Century Latin America 1. Mexico and its revolutions. Mexican history, from the modernizing regime of Díaz, through the revolutionary upheaval and the consolidation of a new regime, to contemporary problems. 2. Comparative study of the origins and aftermaths of major 20th-century revolutions in Bolivia, Cuba, and Central America.

HISTORY 369-0 (427-C69-0) Rise and fall of Victorian culture, 1780–1900. 2. Main themes in 20th-century society and thought, 1900–present.

Latin America

HISTORY 365-0 (427-C65-0) The Formation of Latin American Society Development of Latin American socioeconomic structures, political institutions, and cultural tendencies from the pre-Columbian and Iberian backgrounds through the colonial period.

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Middle East

HISTORY 270-0 (427-B70-0) Islam in History Influence of Islam on the components of Middle Eastern societies (nomads, agrarian and urban populations) from the inception of the faith (7th century A.D.) to the modern period.


HISTORY 370-1,2,3 (427-C70-1,2,3) History of the Islamic Middle East 1. 600–1200: the classical Islamic community; medieval Islamic civilization. 2. 1200–1789: the great empires — Mamluks, Ottomans, and Safavids; cultural and economic decline. 3. 1789–present: Jewish and Arab nationalism, oil diplomacy, Islam in the modern context.

HISTORY 371-0 (427-C71-0) Islamic Institutions Religious, legal, political, and socioeconomic institutions of traditional Muslim societies. Regional and cultural variations of principles and concepts common to all Muslims. Modernization and religious reform.

HISTORY 374-0 (427-C74-0) Historical Background of Jewish-Muslim Relations Formation of Jewish-Muslim relations in the medieval Near East; process by which a common heritage became a basis for contention as well as mutual understanding.
History of Science and Technology

HISTORY 275-1,2 (427-B75-1,2) History of Western Science and Medicine 1. Origins of science and medicine in early modern Europe: science, religion, and cosmology; anatomy and sexual difference; the Enlightenment and social science. 2. Modern science and medicine in Europe and America: quantum physics and the A-bomb; Darwinism, genetics, and eugenics; DNA typing and “racial science.”

HISTORY 325-0 (427-C25-0) History of American Technology American history through its material culture; industrialization and its discontents; consumer culture and household technology; mass communication and democracy; technological utopia and the computer revolution.

HISTORY 375-1,2 (427-C75-1,2) Technology: History, Society, and Economy Economic, cultural, and intellectual aspects of the history of technological change, including non-Western technologies, from medieval Europe to America. Students must enroll in both quarters, receive a grade of K for work completed in the first quarter, and letter grades for both quarters determined by the second-quarter final research project. Prerequisites: 201 and 202 or ECON 201 and 202 or consent of instructor.

HISTORY 376-1,2 (427-C76-1,2) Science and Modern Society 1. Rise of science in early modern Europe and colonial America; relationship with philosophy, theology, and Enlightenment culture; science, society, and utopian thought. 2. Science in Europe and America, 1800–present: physical sciences and the power to transform the world; biological and medical sciences and changing social values.

Asia

HISTORY 281-0 (427-B81-0) Chinese Civilization Chinese history from antiquity to the 18th century, emphasizing cultural and intellectual history.

HISTORY 284-0 (427-B84-0) Japanese Civilization Japanese history from antiquity to the 19th century. Integrates economic, political, intellectual, social, and cultural trends.

HISTORY 285-0 (427-B85-0) Indian Civilization History of Hindu culture from antiquity to the 20th century. Change and continuity in religious ideas, practices, institutions, caste, and family life.

HISTORY 381-1,2 (427-C81-1,2) Late Imperial and Modern China 1. 1700–1911. 2. 1911–present.


HISTORY 385-0 (427-C85-0) History of India India since the mid-18th century. Focus on Hindu and Islamic cultural renovation movements, the politics of nation-building, and socioeconomic change.

Courses Primarily for Majors in History

HISTORY 391-0 (427-C91-0) Special Lectures Lecture courses given on special topics not covered in regular course offerings. Content varies. May be repeated for credit with consent of department.

HISTORY 392-0 (427-C92-0) Topics in History Advanced work through reading, research, and discussion in area of special significance. Graduate students permitted in some courses. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

HISTORY 393-0 (427-C93-0) Seminar in Historical Writing Advanced work in the research, organization, and writing of selected subjects. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

GEN LA 393-0 (401-C93-0) Chicago Field Studies Internship See General Studies.

HISTORY 395-0 (427-C95-0) 300-Trailer Seminar Research seminar linked to and following a designated 200- or 300-level history course; students research and complete a term paper on topic of choice related to prerequisite. Prerequisite: completion of a designated 200- or 300-level lecture course.

HISTORY 398-1,2,3 (427-C98-1,2,3) Honors Seminar Advanced work through supervised reading, research, and discussion. Admission by written application, to be reviewed by department. Grade of K given in 398-1 and 398-2.

HISTORY 399-0 (427-C99-0) Independent Study Reading and conferences on special subjects for advanced undergraduates. Open only with consent of student’s adviser and instructor.

Undergraduate Leadership Program Course

HISTORY 295-0 (427-B95-0) Leaders in History Emphasis on the historical context within which leadership is exercised. Figures, periods, and cultures vary from year to year.

Related Courses in Other Departments

A history major may take no more than two quarter-courses listed below to satisfy the history requirement.

AF AM ST 214 History of Racial Minorities in North America

AMER ST 215 Humanistic Dimensions of Technological Change

CLASSICS 211 Classical Greece

CLASSICS 212 Roman Civilization

CLASSICS 321 Roman History

ECON 315 Topics in Economic History

ECON 323 Economic History of the United States

ECON 324 Western Economic History
Humanities

Kaplan Center for the Humanities
The Alice Berline Kaplan Center for the Humanities promotes advanced research and stimulates educational innovation and curricular development, fosters a lively interdisciplinary community and continuing interdepartmental exchange, and provides a general coordinating resource for research and teaching initiatives in the humanities and related social science fields. The center offers two yearlong seminars, one at the graduate level and the other for undergraduates, as well as four junior/senior seminars each year. It administers an internship program that places undergraduates in Chicago humanities and arts institutions. It also offers undergraduates a minor in advanced interdisciplinary studies in the humanities.

For more information about lectures, conferences, courses, and programs offered, consult the Alice Berline Kaplan Center for the Humanities, 2010 Sheridan Road, 847/491-7946 or hum@nwu.edu.

Minor in Humanities
The minor in advanced interdisciplinary studies in the humanities trains humanities and social science majors in interdisciplinary methods, topics, and theories and exposes them to contemporary developments and debates in disciplines other than their own.

The minor complements existing majors in small departments, which are often restricted in the diversity and range of their seminar offerings, and in large departments, which may find it difficult to make special provision for their students planning to continue graduate studies.

Minor course requirements (6 or 7 units)

- 395-1,2,3 (three-quarter sequence, counts as 1 unit)
- Three quarter courses chosen from 301 and/or 302 (3 units)
- Option A or B (2 or 3 units)
  - Option A: three 300-level humanities courses approved by the center; these may include 390 and 399
  - Option B: one 300-level humanities course approved by the center and 395-1,2,3 (three-quarter sequence, counts as 1 unit) with a different topic than that of the above-required 395

Students applying for the minor must present records showing that at least five courses have not been double-counted in their major. Students pursuing a minor in advanced interdisciplinary studies in the humanities must consult with the associate director of the center to establish their program.

Sample program: two yearlong 395 seminars on themes such as The Meanings of the Modern or Science and Defining the Human; 2 units of 301 and 302; and one 390 internship — for instance, at the Art Institute of Chicago or the Newberry Library.

Courses

HUM 301-0 (410-C01-0) Topics in the Humanities Interdisciplinary issues and current research in the humanities, offered by fellows of the Center for the Humanities: for example, ethnography and literature; gender, militarism, and modern culture; democracy, ancient and modern; literary theory and the practice of writing. May be repeated for credit with change in topic.

HUM 302-0 (410-C02-0) New Perspectives in the Humanities New issues in the humanities and current innovative research, offered by fellows of the Center for the Humanities: for example, bandits, criminals, and outcasts; female divinity in the Christian tradition; technology and its discontents: the computer revolution; the language and art of the insane — from psychiatry to art brut. May be repeated for credit with change in topic.

HUM 390-0 (410-C90-0) Humanities Internship Places undergraduates in Chicago-area humanities, arts, and cultural institutions, such as the Art Institute of Chicago, the Chicago Humanities Festival, the Guild Complex, the Lyric Opera of Chicago, the Newberry Library, and other museums and theaters for one quarter (1 unit). Involves about 10 hours of work each week at the host institution and an academic project done under the guidance of a Northwestern faculty mentor. Prerequisites: grade point average of 3.0 or above and consent of center.

HUM 395-1,2,3 (410-C95-1,2,3) Humanities Seminar Yearlong seminar meeting approximately every two weeks; revolves around meetings with eminent visiting humanists from various fields, who address questions related to an annual theme (1995–96, The Claim of Theories; 1996–97, The Meanings of the Modern; 1997–98, Science and Defining the Human; 1998–99, Cultures and Technologies of Time). One credit for successful completion of sequence. Prerequisite: consent of center.

HUM 399-0 (410-C99-0) Independent Study

Integrated Arts Program
The interschool Integrated Arts Program offers courses leading to a minor that explore the creative process from the perspective of the artist in the disciplines of theater, visual arts, music, dance, and media arts. (See Integrated Arts Program in the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog.)

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
Integrated Science Program

The Integrated Science Program (ISP) is a highly selective curriculum of natural sciences and mathematics presented predominantly in small classes at an accelerated pace. ISP courses emphasize the common base and interrelationships of the sciences, including the importance of mathematics and the development of first principles, leading to advanced topics at the forefront of science today. The goal is to provide students who are interested in careers in science and mathematics with a broad, quantitative background that will give them superior preparation for further work in graduate or professional school or for permanent employment. The curriculum is composed of 23 quarter-courses as well as a regular seminar series. Most students take advantage of the opportunity to pursue research. ISP may lead to a three-year bachelor of arts degree if, by the end of the third year, the student has completed 36 or more quarter-courses and satisfied all other college requirements.

Admission to ISP is by special application to the director of the Integrated Science Program. For more information on admission procedures, see the description of ISP under Academic Options in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog. Also see the Admissions section for achievement tests required.

The ISP curriculum consists of specially designed courses taught by faculty members of the science and mathematics departments. Course descriptions are found with the appropriate departments in this catalog. Though listed in a three-year format, many students spread the program over four years, often to combine an ISP major with a second major in a traditional department. Specific second major requirements for ISP students can be found under individual departments in this catalog. For more information, see the ISP Web page at www.isp.nwu.edu.

Major in Integrated Science

• First year
  ISP 101-1,2,3 Computing Applications
  CHEM 171 Accelerated General Inorganic Chemistry
  CHEM 172 Accelerated General Physical Chemistry
  MATH 291-1,2,3 Accelerated Mathematics for ISP: First Year
  PHYSICS 125-1,2,3 General Physics for ISP

• Second year
  BIOL SCI 212-1 ISP Genetics and Molecular Biology
  BIOL SCI 212-2 ISP Biochemistry and Structural Biology
  CHEM 212-1 Organic Chemistry
  CHEM 348 Physical Chemistry for ISP
  GEOL SCI 315 Physics of the Earth for ISP
  MATH 391-1 and 3 Accelerated Mathematics for ISP: Second Year
  PHYSICS 339-1,2 Quantum Mechanics

• Third year
  ASTRON 331 Astrophysics
  BIOL SCI 310 ISP Quantitative Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
  BIOL SCI 311 ISP Neurobiology
  MATH 391-2 Accelerated Mathematics for ISP: Second Year
  PHYSICS 339-3 Nuclear Physics

ISP 398 may substitute for up to three of the following courses: ASTRON 331; BIOL SCI 310 or 311; MATH 391-2 or -3; PHYSICS 339-3.

Courses

INTG SCI 101-1,2,3 (481-A01-1,2,3) Computing Applications Introduction to formulation and solution of scientific problems on the computer. One-third credit each quarter.

INTG SCI 398-0 (481-C98-0) Undergraduate Research Advanced work for superior students through reading, research, and independent study. Consent of ISP director required.

International Studies Program

International studies, an undergraduate interschool adjunct major that is taken in conjunction with a traditional major, is open to Weinberg College students. (See International Studies Program in the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog.)

Italian

See French and Italian.

Jewish Studies Program

The Jewish Studies Program focuses on Judaism, not only in its narrow sense as a religious phenomenon but also in its broader sense as a phenomenon of culture and civilization. A good case can be made that the roots of Western culture lie in two places: Athens and Jerusalem. The traditional education of the humanist scholar recognized this by requiring not only the mastery of Greek and Latin but also of Hebrew. Thus the study of Judaism in this program considers the many and varied dimensions of the phenomenon of Jewish civilization. A typical program of study includes, in addition to the religious dimension, the historical, sociological, linguistic, philosophic, and artistic dimensions.

Minor in Jewish Studies

The minor in Jewish studies requires the successful completion of seven courses in three general areas:

• A three-course survey of Jewish history providing a basis for advanced work and a unified view of the history of the Jews in the Western world:
  RELIGION 210 Introduction to Hebrew Bible
  One course that deals with the history or culture of the Jewish people in the Middle Ages (consent of director required)
  HISTORY 349 History of the Holocaust

• Two courses in Jewish literature chosen from
  AAL 203-1,2 Advanced Hebrew
English courses studying Jewish themes in American literature
SLAVIC 372 Introduction to Eastern European Jewish Culture
Other courses, subject to approval by the Committee on Jewish Studies, may satisfy this requirement.
• Two courses in Jewish thought chosen from
  RELIGION 224 Introduction to Judaism
  RELIGION 227 Introduction to Medieval Jewish Philosophy
  RELIGION 306 Judaism in the Modern World
  RELIGION 331 Jewish Thought in the 20th Century
  RELIGION 334 Classic Jewish Thought
  RELIGION 335 The Art of Biblical Narrative
  RELIGION 352 Topics in Judaism

For students who also satisfactorily complete two years of language study in Hebrew, requirements for the minor are the successful completion of five courses, three in the first area and one each in the second and third areas.

Students applying for the minor in Jewish studies must present records showing a minimum of five courses not double-counted in their major.

Course
JWSH ST 350-0 (431-C50-0) Representing the Holocaust in Literature and Film Analysis of artistic, ethical, and historical questions about representing the Holocaust in different genres.

Latin
See Classics.

Latin American and Caribbean Studies Program
The Program in Latin American and Caribbean Studies recognizes the importance of the Latin American and Caribbean regions to the foreign and domestic policies of the United States as well as the region’s appeal to a variety of intellectual interests. This program allows a coherent interdisciplinary course of study with a particular emphasis on the social sciences in addition to history, languages, and literature. It also aims to create a community of students and faculty with common intellectual interests in the area. The program attempts to realize these goals through (1) core seminars required for all students wishing to enter the program, (2) a strong program of advising to give students a clear sense of direction while preserving flexibility toward individual interests, and (3) required senior research seminars.

Advising
Regular contact between students and their adviser not only supports the sense of scholarly community but also offers students guidance in pursuing a course of study tailored to their particular needs and interests. Students must consult the director upon entering the program and also are required to discuss their plans with the program director at least once each quarter.

Minor in Latin American and Caribbean Studies
Nine quarter-courses are required for the minor in Latin American and Caribbean studies, including one core seminar, three core courses, one interdisciplinary senior research seminar, and four additional courses in Latin American and Caribbean studies. All students in the program are required to have an effective reading knowledge of Spanish or Portuguese. The program expects the level of proficiency required by the Department of Hispanic Studies for entry into its 300-level courses or successful completion of a 200-level course or equivalent. Students applying for the minor must present records showing a minimum of five courses not double-counted in their major.

Core seminar: A core seminar should be taken as early as possible after entry into the program. These are 300- and 400-level courses, approved by the director and offered in Hispanic studies, history, anthropology, and political science.

Core courses: Three courses, one each in Hispanic studies, history, and political science, must be selected from the following list:
• HISTORY 365 The Formation of Latin American Society
• HISTORY 366 Latin America in the Independence Era
• POLI SCI 353 Politics in Latin America
• SPANISH 260 Latin American Literature and Culture before 1888
• SPANISH 261 Latin American Literature and Culture since 1888

Senior seminars: During the senior year, all students are required to take an interdisciplinary research seminar.

Electives: Four additional courses, not already taken to fulfill the core course requirement, may be drawn from the list of core courses or from the following list of related courses. (Other courses may be counted with the approval of the program director.)
• ECON 325 Economic Development
• HISTORY 291 Core Seminar in Latin American–Caribbean Studies
• HISTORY 367 Politics and Development in Latin America
• HISTORY 368 Revolution in 20th-Century Latin America
• HISTORY 392 Topics in History (as they relate to Latin America or the Caribbean)
• POLI SCI 343 United States and Latin America
• PORT 303 Advanced Portuguese
• R/TV/F 351 National Cinema, when the content concerns Latin America or the Caribbean (see the School of Speech section of this catalog)
• SOCIOL 203 Revolutions and Social Change
Linguistics

Linguistics is the scientific study of language. Since languages are systematic, linguistics, at its core, analyzes the structure of speech sounds (phonetics, phonology), the structure of words and sentences (morphology, syntax), and their meaning (semantics, pragmatics). In addition, linguistics is concerned with language change and the social and psychological factors that affect language use. Knowledge of the origins, nature, and functions of language is one of the best tools we can employ in seeking to understand our humanness.

The major in linguistics prepares students for professional studies in law, medicine, and business as well as for graduate work in linguistics and related disciplines. At any level of preparation, the chances of securing attractive employment are greatly enhanced by interdisciplinary studies in language-related fields, education, social sciences, international studies, mathematics, or computer science.

Major in Linguistics

Departmental courses

Introductory courses (3): 205, 206, 207

Core courses (9): three courses chosen from 305, 306, 316, 329, 371, 372, plus six additional 300-level linguistics courses (only one of these may be 398 or 399; certain exceptions or substitutions, such as COG SCI 210, may be granted with the consent of the undergraduate adviser)

Related courses (4): four courses selected from other departments in consultation with the linguistics undergraduate adviser

Minor in Linguistics

The minor in linguistics broadens the academic background of students majoring in related fields, including anthropology, cognitive science, communication sciences and disorders, computer science, philosophy, psychology, a language, or a language and culture area, by offering training in the theory and methods of linguistic analysis.

Minor course requirements (8 units)

• 205, 206, 207
• Two courses chosen from 305, 306, 316, 329, 371, 372
• Three additional 300-level linguistics courses

Four-Year BA/MA Program

Students with a strong record in their major courses and an interest in pursuing linguistics at the graduate level are eligible to apply for the four-year BA/MA program in linguistics. Applications should be made no later than spring quarter of the junior year. To be considered for this program, students must demonstrate that they will be able to complete by the end of their senior year all Weinberg College requirements for the BA degree plus the department's requirements for the MA degree. See Four-Year Master's Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates

Many linguistics courses provide students with an opportunity to conduct linguistic research and to act as subjects in such research. After students participate in studies, they will be told of the significance, methods, and goals of the research. Participation as a subject is voluntary.

LING 110-0 (434-A10-0) Languages and Linguistics

The nature and structure of language. Methods of linguistic analysis. Language change, acquisition, and varieties.

LING 204-0 (434-B04-0) Language and Prejudice

How language represents and reproduces the stereotypic thinking of prejudice; analysis of derogatory labels, discourse of exclusion, discriminatory language polices and practices.

LING 205-0 (434-B05-0) Meaning

Introduction to linguistic meaning. Basic concepts in word and sentence meaning, prototype theory, metaphor, presupposition, and philosophical and psychological issues.

LING 206-0 (434-B06-0) Formal Analysis of Words and Sentences

Formal analysis, rules, and notation for morphology (word structure) and syntax (sentence structure) in human languages.

LING 207-0 (434-B07-0) Sound Patterns in Human Language

The formal analysis, rules, and notation of sound contrasts and sequences in various languages.

LING 209-0 (434-B09-0) Language and Society

Introduction to social structure and language use. Standard and nonstandard language; regional, social, and ethnic dialects; language functions, norms, and attitudes.

COG SCI 210-0 (452-B10-0) Language and the Brain


ENGLISH 302-0 (419-C02-0) History of the English Language

See English.

LING 305-0 (434-C05-0) Lexical Semantics

Introduction to lexical semantics; issues in the linguistic study of word meanings, including internal organization and interrelationships within the lexicon. Prerequisite: 205 or consent of instructor.

LING 306-0 (434-C06-0) Fundamentals of Syntax

Principles of syntactic theory through analysis of various syntactic phenomena, based mainly on English data. Linguistic argumentation. Prerequisite: 206 or consent of instructor.

LING 309-0 (434-C09-0) Psycholinguistics

Interrelationships of linguistic and psychological variables in human language use. Developmental and experimental psycholinguistics, the relationship between language and cognition.
LING 310-0 (434-C10-0) Sociolinguistics Social factors in linguistic variation. Linguistic diversity; multialectal and multilingual societies; diglossia. Prerequisite: 207 or consent of instructor.

LING 311-0 (434-C11-0) Child Language How children acquire the forms and functions of their native language. Child bilingualism, the acquisition of literacy.

LING 312-0 (434-C12-0) Linguistics and English Composition Recent trends in the study of the uses and forms of writing and the processes of written composition. The learning and teaching of written language.

LING 316-0 (434-C16-0) Fundamentals of Laboratory Phonology: Speech Production and Phonotactics Articulatory phonetics. Syllable structure and phonotactics. Fundamentals of experimental design and data analysis. Prerequisite: 207 or consent of instructor.

LING 318-0 (434-C18-0) Language and Gender Use of language by and about women and men, cross-cultural gender differences in language and language attitudes.

LING 319-0 (434-C19-0) Language Typology Comparative overview of the classification and analysis of major grammatical structures found across languages of the world.

LING 324-0 (434-C24-0) Language and Law Survey of contemporary social science research on the interaction of language variables and our legal system; application of linguistics to the resolution of legal cases. Prerequisite: an 100- or 200-level course or consent of instructor.

LING 325-0 (434-C25-0) Language and Medicine Analysis of language patterns used in medical settings, including doctor-patient interaction and technical language use. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level course or senior standing.

LING 329-0 (434-C29-0) Pragmatics Nontruth-conditional meaning, role of context in utterance production and interpretation. Implicature, presupposition, speech acts. Prerequisite: 205 or consent of instructor.

LING 330-0 (434-C30-0) Topics in Language and Behavior Topics in the relationship between language and human behavior. Topics vary. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

LING 344-0 (434-C44-0) Research Methods in Linguistics Linguistic data collection, management, and analysis. Use of computational, experimental, and statistical methods.

LING 371-0 (434-C71-0) Morphology Examination of the internal structure of words. Introduction to central problems facing a theory of morphology. The evolution of theories of morphology within generative grammar.

LING 372-0 (434-C72-0) Formal Semantics An introduction to natural-language semantics and the use of formal tools to investigate and explain aspects of meaning in human languages above the word level. Prerequisite: 205 or consent of instructor.

LING 380-0 (434-C80-0) Spoken English for Non-Native Speakers Conversational English addressing all oral language skills; primarily for international graduate students who are non-native speakers of English. Content varies.

LING 381-0 (434-C81-0) Written English for Non-Native Speakers Written argumentation skills and all aspects of academic writing; primarily for international graduate students who are non-native speakers of English.

LING 398-0 (434-C98-0) Undergraduate Seminar in Linguistics By invitation of the department. For students of superior ability, with choice of topic left to the group.

LING 399-0 (434-C99-0) Independent Study

Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences Program
A central feature of modern social, behavioral, managerial, and policy sciences is the use of mathematics, statistics, and computers, both as languages and as methods of abstraction and analysis. The Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences (MMSS) Program was created to give students an opportunity to acquire these skills and to become acquainted with modern analysis of social systems. This is accomplished through an accelerated program for high-ability students and through the offering of courses open to all undergraduates.

Major in Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences
MMSS enables students to combine the study of social sciences with training in formal analytical methods. The program is intended for students with high mathematical aptitude and strong interest in social problems and issues, including their policy and research implications. It provides excellent preparation for graduate study in social or managerial sciences as well as for careers that require both quantitative skills and a solid background in the social sciences.

In each of their first two years in the program, students enroll in two coordinated three-quarter courses covering mathematical methods and their applications to the social sciences. In addition to this core curriculum, students participate in a senior seminar and complete a major in one of the social sciences — anthropology, economics, linguistics, political science, psychology, sociology, or statistics. Students who satisfy all requirements for a social science major and for the program are granted a dual major.

Required courses:
• First year: MMSS 292-1,2,3; MATH 292-1,2,3
• Second year: MMSS 392-1,2,3; MATH 392-1,2,3
• Senior year: MMSS 398-1,2

Admission to the MMSS program is very selective; it is limited to entering freshmen and to Northwestern sophomores with superior academic records and a demonstrated strong aptitude in mathematics.
Prerequisite for admission consideration is a full-year course in calculus. High school students fulfilling this prerequisite are encouraged to enter the program as freshmen. Students lacking calculus but planning to enter the program as sophomores should complete at least two quarters of calculus (MATH 214-1 and -2) in their freshman year.

Students who wish to be considered as candidates for the program should request an application from the director, MMSS, Walter Annenberg Hall, Room G26, Evanston, Illinois 60208-2250.

### Courses

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>MMSS 292-1,2,3</th>
<th>(436-B92-1,2,3) MMSS: First Year</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>1.</strong> Mathematical and statistical analysis of data; social science theories and methods.</td>
<td><strong>2.</strong> Mathematics and computer models for decision analysis. <strong>3.</strong> Political conflict and collective choice. Prerequisite: first-year standing in MMSS.</td>
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<tr>
<th>MMSS 394-0</th>
<th>(436-C94-0) Special Topics</th>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced work for investigation of topics of current interest. Offered in different quarters. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Prerequisite: third-year standing in MMSS or consent of instructor.</td>
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<tr>
<th>MMSS 398-1,2,3</th>
<th>(436-C98-1,2,3) Senior Seminar</th>
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<td>By invitation of the department.</td>
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### Mathematics

Mathematics plays a central role in modern society. It has long been an important tool in science and engineering, and it is now increasingly being used in varied and sophisticated ways in the social sciences, the humanities, and business. With expanding applications, many areas of mathematics, from pure to applied, have grown tremendously. At Northwestern, a variety of courses for nonmajors address these diverse applications of mathematics.

The department offers major programs in mathematics and applied mathematics as well as the more demanding MENU program. Applied mathematics will appeal to students who are primarily interested in applications of mathematics in the physical, biological, social, or behavioral sciences; management; or engineering. Talented undergraduates may take some graduate courses to enrich their studies, preparing them for employment or further study in graduate school.

A mathematics course that is a prerequisite for another mathematics course may not be taken for credit after the more advanced course has been completed. Consent of the department may be substituted for the prerequisite for any mathematics course. No 100-level course may be taken for credit after a 200- or higher level mathematics course has been completed. See the course descriptions for other restrictions.

### Majors in Mathematics

Mathematics majors are urged to take 308 early in their academic career. Also recommended are 221 and a course in computer science. Mathematics majors preparing for graduate school should take 310 and 337 as early as possible; they should also take 328.

Students pursuing the applied mathematics major are urged to take computer programming courses.

Mathematics and applied mathematics majors interested in probability and statistics should take 330 and some further courses in statistics (STAT 350, 351, 352, or 355). They should complete the requirements by taking additional courses from among real analysis (310), computer science, and areas where probability and statistics are used.

Majors interested in economics should take MATH 310 and 330 and ECON 380 or 381.

All majors are encouraged to discuss their programs with the department director of undergraduate studies.

### Mathematics

#### Departmental courses

**Basic courses**: 214-1,2,3, 215, 217, or equivalent

**Required major courses**: Students must take a total of nine 300-level courses in mathematics, including either 334 or 337-1, and at least three courses must form one of the complete sequences 310-1,2,3, 330-1,2,3, or 337-1,2,3. Students may not count both 334 and 337-1 for the major without consent of the department. (Students may count both courses toward the 45 courses required for graduation.)

With the approval of the department, students may substitute as many as three of the remaining six courses with a coherent set of the same number of 300-level courses offered by other departments. Those courses must be deemed to focus on serious applications of mathematics.

### Applied Mathematics

#### Departmental courses

**Basic courses**: 214-1,2,3, 215, 217, 221, or equivalent

**Required major courses**

- 334
- Two groups chosen from the following (substitution of substantially equivalent courses may be allowed):
  - 305, 303 or 316, 313-1,2
  - 310-1,2
  - 317-1,2
  - 330-1,2,3 or 330-1 and IEMS 303, 304
- Additional 300-level courses for a total of 10. Three or four must be in an area making substantial use of mathematics. Some suitable areas are computer science, economics, applied mathematics, geology, industrial
engineeering, physics, and statistics, but coherent sets of courses in other areas also may qualify. Approval of the program by the department's director of undergraduate studies is required.

**MENU Program**

Mathematical Experience for Northwestern Undergraduates (MENU) is designed for students with strong mathematical skills who wish to enhance and extend their knowledge of mathematics while retaining flexibility in their choice of major. MENU faculty teach the special MENU courses as well as a wide range of courses in all areas of modern mathematics. MENU classes range from small (4–6) to mid-size (20–25) and are taught by some of the department's finest teacher/scholars. The director of MENU is available as an adviser for MENU students during their time at Northwestern, regardless of their major.

**Curriculum**

Two specially designed yearlong courses — 290 and 340 — form the foundation of MENU and further work in mathematics as well as in economics, political science, statistics, physics, and many other areas that rely on the tools and techniques of modern mathematics.

Admission to 290 is limited to students who have demonstrated a solid grasp of the calculus of functions of one variable (including both differentiation and integration), typically by means of a score of 4 or 5 on the College Board Advanced Placement Calculus BC examination or a 5 on the Calculus AB examination or strong performance on a comparable examination. Students who took a year of calculus in high school but did not take an Advanced Placement examination should speak directly with the director of MENU to determine their readiness for admission to 290.

**Integrated Science Program**

The Integrated Science Program (ISP) is a highly selective BA program in Weinberg College (see Integrated Science Program). Students majoring in ISP who wish to complete a second major in mathematics should fulfill the following requirements instead of those listed above. They must take a full-year sequence, MATH 310-1,2,3 or 337-1,2,3. It is recommended (but not required) that students planning graduate work in mathematics take both of these sequences. Students pursuing an ISP/mathematics double major may not substitute ISP 398 for any mathematics course in the ISP curriculum.

**Honors in Mathematics**

Majors with outstanding records may be nominated for graduation with departmental honors. Those graduating under the regular mathematics option should complete 310 and 337 (or the equivalent). Those graduating under the applied mathematics option should complete 310 (or the equivalent). In exceptional cases, students who have not completed these courses may also be considered for honors.

In addition, to be nominated for departmental honors a student must complete with distinction two quarters of independent study or two quarters of a graduate course; in either case the student must complete an acceptable project that culminates in an honors thesis. Finally, the student must have a grade point average of 3.5 or above in courses that satisfy major requirements. (Courses such as those in the calculus sequence that are prerequisites for the major are not counted.)

For more information on honors consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

**The Teaching of Mathematics**

Weinberg College students pursuing a major in mathematics who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

**Placement in Calculus**

Students who have taken three years of high school mathematics, including some trigonometry, should in most cases be adequately prepared for the first quarter of calculus (214-1).

Students who have a weak preparation in trigonometry and algebra and who want eventually to take calculus should take the Mathematics Diagnostic Examination during New Student Week of their first year. This examination is necessary for placement in precalculus (113) and special five-days-a-week sections of 214-1.

Students who have taken calculus in high school are encouraged to begin their study of calculus at Northwestern in the most advanced course appropriate to their background. Students who have completed a year's course in calculus with good grades should ordinarily register for 214-3 or 220-1. To help determine the appropriate placement before registration, students should take the Self-Placement Examination available at the department office. Students who skip 214-1 and/or 214-2 may earn credit for the course(s) skipped by passing a credit examination, which is given in October and must be taken during the first year of enrollment at Northwestern. Credit earned by this examination may not duplicate AP credit or transfer credit earned at other colleges or universities. For students in Weinberg College, this credit counts as elective credit but does not count toward the distribution requirement. Engineering students should consult with their advisers about the necessity for this examination.

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The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
General Course Recommendations

Students interested in mathematics, natural sciences, pre-med, engineering, or economics should take the standard calculus sequence 214-1,2,3.

Students who intend to major in behavioral science ordinarily should take 210-1,2 but may take 214-1,2,3.

Students who desire an introduction to mathematics to fulfill the distribution requirement but who do not intend to do more advanced work in mathematics should consider an 100-level course (except 113) or 210.

Students who have mastered the elements of single variable calculus in high school and desire an early introduction to theoretical mathematics should consider 290-1,2,3. They should take the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination (preferably the BC exam), on the basis of which invitations are given. Students who wish to take 290 but have not received an invitation must obtain consent from the department.

Material in the basic calculus sequence 214-1,2,3, 215, 217, and 221 is covered in other sequences, particularly 220-1,2,3 and 291-1,2,3. Other sequences such as 290-1,2,3, 292-1,2,3, and ES APPM 252-1,2,3 cover substantial parts of this material as well as other topics. Students who are uncertain about the exact equivalences should consult with the department's director of undergraduate studies. Students who wish to pursue combinations from different sequences should plan a coherent program with the director of undergraduate studies. They will not be permitted to take courses in these sequences that lead to excessive duplication of subject matter.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates

MATH 104-0 (435-A04-0) Games and Fallacies Number puzzles and games; conceptualizing numbers; common fallacies. For nonscience students who may never have seen the charm of pure mathematical play or the spirit of mathematical applications.

MATH 110-0 (435-A10-0) Survey of Modern Mathematics I Set theory, probability and statistics, matrices, number theory. Prerequisite: high school mathematics.

MATH 111-0 (435-A11-0) Survey of Modern Mathematics II Continuation of 110. Prerequisite: high school mathematics.

MATH 113-0 (435-A13-0) Precalculus Mathematics Preparation for calculus. Basic algebra, functions, and graphs; exponential and logarithmic functions; trigonometry. Prerequisites: Mathematics Diagnostic Examination and consent of department.

MATH 210-1,2 (435-B10-1,2) Mathematics for the Behavioral Sciences I Elementary linear algebra and applications. Finite probability. Elementary statistics. 2. Differential calculus. Integral calculus. Examples drawn from the behavioral and social sciences. Students may not receive credit for both 210-2 and 214-1. Prerequisite: three years of high school mathematics.

MATH 213-0 (435-B13-0) Review of Calculus of One Variable Elements of differential and integral calculus with an emphasis on problem solving, for entering students who have had calculus in high school. As a prerequisite for other courses, 213 is equivalent to 214-2. Students may not receive credit for 213 and any of the following: 210-2, 214-1,2. Prerequisite: one year of high school calculus.

MATH 214-1,2,3 (435-B14-1,2,3) Calculus I,2,3 Elements of differential and integral calculus. 3. Vector algebra, vector functions, partial derivatives. Students may not receive credit for both 214-1 and 210-2 or for both 214-3 and 290-1, 291-1, or 292-1. Prerequisite: three years of high school mathematics.

MATH 214-4 (435-B14-4) Calculus Integral calculus, vector algebra, vector functions, partial derivatives, optimization. Covers the material of 214-2 and 214-3 specific to the social sciences; not recommended for students majoring in natural sciences. Acceptable as preparation for 217, 221, and 300-level mathematics courses (except 305 and 330). Students may not receive credit for both 214-3 and 214-4 or any equivalent course. Prerequisite: 214-1 or equivalent or consent of department.


MATH 217-0 (435-B17-0) Sequences and Series, Linear Algebra Sequences and series: convergence tests; power series; Taylor series. Linear algebra: vectors and matrices; Gaussian elimination; inverses; determinants; eigenvalues and eigenvectors; quadratic forms and diagonalization; application to quadric surfaces. Prerequisite: 214-3.

MATH 219-0 (435-B19-0) Linear Algebra with Economics Applications Basic concepts of linear algebra with applications to economics. Solving linear equations, determinants, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, discrete iterative linear systems, and least squares fitting of a line. Cannot be counted toward a major in mathematics; not recommended for student majoring in the natural sciences. Prerequisite: 214-3 or -4. Students may not receive credit for both 217 and 219.

MATH 220-1,2,3 (435-B20-1,2,3) Accelerated Calculus of Several Variables Material of 214-1, 215, 217, and 221 covered in three quarters. Prerequisites: one year of high school calculus with good grades and good mathematics achievement test score.

MATH 221-0 (435-B21-0) Elementary Differential Equations Applications of calculus and linear algebra to the solution of ordinary differential equations. Prerequisite: 217, concurrent registration in 217, or consent of department.
MATH 290-1,2,3 (435-B90-1,2,3) Accelerated Mathematics: First Year 1,2. Deeper treatment of calculus, including a rigorous treatment of its basic concepts. 3. Linear algebra. Prerequisites: one year of calculus (usually in high school) and consent of department.

MATH 291-1,2,3 (435-B91-1,2,3) Accelerated Mathematics for ISP: First Year 1. Vector differential calculus and multidimensional calculus. 2. Vector integral calculus, differential equations, infinite series. 3. Linear algebra, differential equations. Open only to students in ISP.

MATH 292-1,2,3 (435-B92-1,2,3) Accelerated Mathematics for MMSS: First Year 1. Linear algebra. 2. Multidimensional calculus. 3. Calculus topics. Prerequisite: first-year standing in MMSS.

MATH 301-0 (435-C01-0) Mathematical Models in Finance Analytic modeling of problems from finance; basics of partial differential equations, the diffusion equation, the Black-Scholes Equation, finite difference methods, and finite sampling. Prerequisite: 221 or equivalent.

MATH 303-0 (435-C03-0) Differential Equations Intermediate course. Topics chosen from linear systems, non-singular boundary value problems, theory of periodic solutions, stability theory, asymptotic expansions, special functions of mathematical physics, perturbation theory. Prerequisite: 221 or graduate standing.

MATH 304-0 (435-C04-0) Game Theory Selected topics in game theory: noncooperative games, matrix games, optimal strategies, cooperative games. For students in mathematics, probability, business, social sciences. Prerequisite: 217 or consent of instructor.

MATH 305-0 (435-C05-0) Complex Variables for Applications Complex numbers, functions of a complex variable, theory of analytic functions, series development, analytic continuation, contour integration, conformal mapping. Students may not receive credit for both 305 and ES APPM 311-1 except by consent of the department. Prerequisite: 221.

MATH 308-0 (435-C08-0) Foundations of Higher Mathematics Introduction to fundamental mathematical ideas — such as sets, functions, equivalence relations, and cardinal numbers — and basic techniques of writing proofs. Prerequisite: 217 or equivalent or consent of department. May be taken for credit after 310-1 or 337-1 only with the consent of the department.

MATH 310-1,2,3 (435-C10-1,2,3) Introduction to Real Analysis Sets, functions, limits, properties of the real number system. Metric spaces. Foundations of differential and integral calculus, including Riemann integral and infinite series. Lebesgue integration. Fourier series. Prerequisites: 215, 217, 308, or consent of department.

MATH 313-1,2 (435-C13-1,2) Chaotic Dynamical Systems 1. Chaotic phenomena in deterministic discrete dynamical systems, primarily through iteration of functions of one variable. 2. Iteration of functions of two and more variables, including the study of the horseshoe map, attractors, and the Henon map. Complex analytic dynamics, including the study of the Julia set and Mandelbrot set. Prerequisite: 217.

MATH 316-0 (435-C16-0) Fourier Series and Boundary Value Problems Expansion in orthogonal functions with emphasis on Fourier series. Applications to solution of partial differential equations arising in physics and engineering. Students may not receive credit for both 316 and 391-1 or ES APPM 311-2. Prerequisite: 221 or consent of department.


MATH 320-0 (435-C20-0) Concrete Mathematics Discrete mathematics emphasizing interplay between discrete and continuous mathematics. Recurrent problems, sums, floors and ceilings, divisibility and primes, binomial coefficients and generating functions. Prerequisite: 214-1,2 or consent of department.


MATH 328-0 (435-C28-0) Introduction to Topology Point-set topology. Prerequisites: 308, 310-1 (may be corequisite).

MATH 329-0 (435-C29-0) Introduction to Differential Geometry Curves and surfaces in three-dimensional space. Prerequisites: 215, 217.


MATH 334-0 (435-C34-0) Linear Algebra for Applications Linear functions, complex vector spaces, unitary and Hermitean matrices. Jordan canonical form. Selected applications from networks and incidence matrices, least squares approximation, systems of differential equations, fast Fourier transform, finite element method, linear programming. Prerequisite: 217 or equivalent.
**MATH 335-1,2 (435-C35-1,2)** Introduction to the Theory of Numbers 1. Divisibility and primes, congruences, quadratic reciprocity, diophantine problems. 2. Additional topics in analytic and algebraic number theory. Prerequisite: 214-3 or consent of department.

**MATH 337-1,2,3 (435-C37-1,2,3)** Introduction to Modern Algebra 1. Abstract theory of vector spaces and linear transformations, including canonical forms. Prerequisite: 217, 308, or concurrent registration in 308 or equivalent. 2. Groups and their structure; elementary ring theory. Prerequisites: 217, 308 or equivalent, 337-1, or consent of department. 3. Rings, modules, and fields with applications to the impossibility of certain ruler and compass constructions. Prerequisite: 337-2. Students may not take both 337-1 and 334 for credit without consent of department.

**MATH 338-1,2,3 (435-C38-1,2,3)** MENU: Algebra 1. Groups and their structure, including the Sylow theorems; elementary ring theory; polynomial rings. 2. Basic field theory; Galois theory. 3. Module theory, including application to canonical form theorems of linear algebra. Prerequisites: 340-1,2,3 or consent of department.

**MATH 340-1,2,3 (435-C40-1,2,3)** MENU: Second Year 1. Multidimensional differential and integral calculus. 2, 3. Introduction to real analysis. Prerequisites: 290-1,2,3 or consent of department.

**MATH 375-0 (435-C75-0)** Mathematical Logic Mathematical formulation and rigorous discussion of logical systems, particularly the propositional calculus and the functional calculus of first and second order. Well-formed formulae, formal languages, proofs, tautologies, effective procedures, deduction theorems, axiom schemata. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

**MATH 376-0 (435-C76-0)** Theory of Computability and Turing Machines Algorithms, computability, decidability, enumerability; formal replacements and Church's thesis. Turing machines, primitive recursive functions, mu-recursive functions, recursive functions. Undecidability predicates; the undecidability and incompleteness of arithmetic. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

**MATH 391-1,2,3 (435-C91-1,2,3)** Accelerated Mathematics for ISP: Second Year 1. Fourier series and boundary value problems. 2. Probability and statistics. 3. Complex analysis, elements of group theory. Students may not receive credit for both 316 and 391-1 or for both 305 and 391-3. Ordinarily taken only by students in ISP. Prerequisites: 291-1,2,3; PHYSICS 125-1,2,3.

**MATH 392-1,2,3 (435-C92-1,2,3)** Accelerated Mathematics for MMSS: Second Year 1. Probability theory and its social science applications. 2. Econometric methods. 3. Stochastic processes. Students may not receive credit for both 330 and 392. Prerequisite: second-year standing in MMSS.

**MATH 395-0 (435-C95-0)** Undergraduate Seminar (1–4 units) Topics of modern mathematics and relationships among different branches of mathematics. Open only to superior students by consent of department.

**MATH 399-0 (435-C99-0)** Independent Study Open on approval of department to undergraduates who are qualified to do independent study and have a definite plan of study. Students who wish to enroll in 399 must file a plan of study with the department before registration.

**Neurobiology and Physiology**

The Department of Neurobiology and Physiology does not offer a major to incoming students. See Biological Sciences, Undergraduate Program in, for a description of the major in biological sciences.

**Neuroscience Program**

The Neuroscience Program provides an opportunity for undergraduates to do specialized work, including independent research during the academic year and Summer Session, on theoretical and practical approaches to the study of brain function.

On the recommendation of the program director, students who complete the approved course of study may apply for an ad hoc major in neuroscience. Participation in the program does not require election of the ad hoc major in neuroscience. Students might instead follow the curriculum and, by the addition of appropriate courses, complete one of the regular major programs in biological sciences, psychology, or chemistry.

**Program of Study**

- **First year**
  - BIOI SCI 210-1 Genetics and Evolutionary Biology
  - BIOI SCI 210-2 Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
  - BIOI SCI 210-3 Physiology and Cell Biology
  - CHEM 101 General Chemistry
  - CHEM 102 General Inorganic Chemistry
  - CHEM 103 General Physical Chemistry
  - MATH 214-1,2,3 Calculus
  - PSYCH 212 Introduction to Neuroscience

- **Second year**
  - CHEM 210-1,2 Organic Chemistry
  - PSYCH 201 Statistical Methods in Psychology
  - PSYCH 312-1,2 Neurobiology and Behavior
  - (or equivalent)

- **Third year**
  - BIOI SCI 302 Fundamentals of Neurobiology
  - BIOI SCI 303 Molecular Neurobiology
  - BIOI SCI 304 Developmental Neurobiology
  - BIOI SCI 390 Molecular Biology
  - PHYSICS 135-1,2,3 General Physics

- **Fourth year**
  - BIOI SCI 377 Sensory Neurobiology
  - PSYCH 395 Psychobiology Research Seminar
Philosophy
Perhaps the most notable feature of the Department of Philosophy is its pluralism — its commitment to exposing students to a broad range of philosophical traditions and philosophical issues. The department, with strengths in both Anglo-American and contemporary continental philosophy, provides courses in all systematic areas of philosophy as well as a strong array of courses in ancient, medieval, and modern philosophy. The research interests of members of the department show a similar breadth. This pluralism enables students to see philosophy's application to all areas of life and to appreciate the diversity of approaches possible in philosophy.

Major in Philosophy
Because the study of philosophy involves the critical discussion of the most fundamental questions asked by human beings, it helps develop breadth of understanding and clarity of thought. This character of philosophical inquiry makes a double major attractive to many students. Moreover, with appropriate supporting courses, a philosophy major can be a sound preparation for many careers, whether or not they involve further study.

The core of our program is a firm grounding in the history of philosophy. Against this background, students can tailor a program that meets most fully their particular interests. Full descriptions of the courses offered each quarter are available in the department office two weeks before advance registration.

Departmental courses (12)
Students should complete these required courses, especially 210-1 and -3, as early as possible, since material covered is a prerequisite to more advanced work.
• Logic: 150
• History of philosophy: 210-1, 210-3, 310, and either 210-2 or 261
• Of the remaining seven courses, at least four must be at the 300 level; none may be at the 100 level. We strongly encourage our students to take at least one quarter of 395, a seminar open only to majors in their junior or senior year.

Minor in Philosophy
The minor in philosophy requires students to be well-grounded in the history of philosophy, especially ancient and early modern, covering the major texts of ethical and political theory as well as the major texts of epistemology and metaphysics. The emphasis on argument and logical structure in philosophy requires students to be familiar with contemporary logic, at least up to the level of the first-order predicate calculus. Beyond this foundational requirement, students take four courses tailored to their individual interests and, typically, to complement work being done in their major. To provide the greatest latitude for this, only three of the four remaining courses need be at the 300 level.

Minor course requirements (8 units)
• Four foundation courses: 150, 210-1 and -3, 261
• Four philosophy electives: no 100-level courses, at least three 300-level courses

Honors in Philosophy
To be admitted to honors, a student must have a grade point average of 3.3 or above in the philosophy major and declare candidacy during the spring quarter of the junior year. The student must take 395 at least once. Declaration of candidacy involves approval of the project by a faculty adviser. The candidate then takes 398 in three successive quarters and submits a paper demonstrating an appropriate level of research or reflection. The paper is then read by the adviser and another faculty member. Their comments are submitted to the Committee on Undergraduate Studies, which recommends approved nominations to the Weinberg College Committee on Superior Students and Honors. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores
Beginning students of philosophy should take 110, 111, or 150 during their first year. Students with an informed interest in philosophy, especially those intending to choose philosophy as a major, should begin with 210-1 and -3 in their first year.

PHIL 109-6 (439-A09-6) Introductory Seminar in Philosophy
Introduction to philosophy: special topics or a general survey. Offered in small, discussion-oriented classes.

PHIL 110-0 (439-A10-0) Introduction to Philosophy
Fundamental problems and methods of philosophy.

PHIL 111-0 (439-A11-0) Introduction to Contemporary Philosophy
Major problems and types of contemporary philosophy. Representative writings of the 20th century.

PHIL 115-0 (439-A15-0) Society and the Individual
Traditional and contemporary moral problems concerning the relation of the individual to society: the rule of law, punishment, abortion, euthanasia, personal liberty, war, revolution.

PHIL 150-0 (439-A50-0) Elementary Logic I
Study of argument through the use of elementary formal systems of deductive inference. Informal fallacies and nondeductive modes of inference. First quarter of 150-250-350 sequence.

PHIL 205-0 (439-B05-0) Introduction to Oriental Philosophy
Philosophic conceptions developed in the Orient. Comparison with Western thought.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
PHIL 209-0 (439-B09-0) **Introduction to Existentialism**
The principal sources of existential philosophy: Kierkegaard, Jaspers, Marcel, Nietzsche, Sartre, Heidegger, Merleau-Ponty, and others.

PHIL 210-1,2,3 (439-B10-1,2,3) **The History of Philosophy**
1. Ancient philosophy.
3. Early modern philosophy.

PHIL 220-0 (439-B20-0) **Science in Human Culture**
Interaction between science and other aspects of human culture. Emphasis on critical thinking about controversial issues. Content varies, e.g., creationism and sociobiology; abortion. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

PHIL 250-0 (439-B50-0) **Elementary Logic II**
Formal systems of deductive inference and their properties. Translation from ordinary language to formal languages, including first-order quantification and identity and related philosophical problems. Second quarter of 150-250-350 sequence. Prerequisite: 150.

PHIL 254-0 (439-B54-0) **Scientific Method in the Natural Sciences**
Philosophical and methodological issues in the natural sciences, such as the discovery and testing of hypotheses, explanation, theory selection, the nature of scientific laws, causality, space and time, determinism. Prerequisite: one course in the natural sciences.

PHIL 255-0 (439-B55-0) **Theory of Knowledge**
Basic philosophical questions about human knowledge, focusing on skepticism; competing theories of knowledge.

PHIL 260-0 (439-B60-0) **Ethics**
Representative theories of human conduct and character, dealing with such issues as the nature of the good, duty, happiness, virtue, freedom, and moral responsibility.

PHIL 261-0 (439-B61-0) **Classics of Ethical and Political Theory**
Classical works of moral and political philosophy from the ancient, medieval, and modern periods. Individual offerings may concentrate exclusively on moral or on political philosophy and may consider works from one period only.

PHIL 263-0 (439-B63-0) **Social and Political Philosophy**
Issues such as the rationale for existing in society, the justification and proper limits of political power, and the most desirable form of government.

PHIL 265-0 (439-B65-0) **Introduction to the Philosophy of Law**
Ethical and conceptual issues arising in connection with the law, such as the nature of law, the nature of liberty and of justice, and the theory of punishment.

PHIL 266-0 (439-B66-0) **Philosophy of Religion**
A survey of the central issues in the philosophic analysis of religious experience: the existence of God, creation, miracles, the claims of faith versus the claims of reason, sin, free will, and immortality.

**Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors**

PHIL 303-0 (439-C03-0) **The Philosophy of Education**
Educational theories of representative philosophers as related to their culture and the problems of their times.

PHIL 307-0 (439-C07-0) **Studies in French Philosophy**
The work of one important philosopher or philosophical movement before A.D. 500. Subject varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Prerequisite: 210.

PHIL 310-0 (439-C10-0) **Kant's Critique of Pure Reason**
A close examination of Kant's *Critique of Pure Reason*.

PHIL 320-0 (439-C20-0) **Studies in Ancient Philosophy**
The work of one important philosopher or philosophical movement between 300 B.C. and 200 A.D. Subject varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Prerequisite: 210.

PHIL 321-0 (439-C21-0) **Studies in Medieval Philosophy**
The work of one important philosopher or philosophical movement between 1500 and 1800. Subject varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Prerequisite: 210.

PHIL 322-0 (439-C22-0) **Studies in Modern Philosophy**
The work of one important philosopher or philosophical movement of the 19th and/or 20th centuries. Subject varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Prerequisite: 210.

PHIL 323-0 (439-C23-0) **Studies in Contemporary Philosophy**
The work of one important philosopher or philosophical movement of the 19th and/or 20th centuries. Subject varies. May be repeated for credit with different topic. Prerequisite: 210.

PHIL 324-0 (439-C24-0) **Phenomenology**
Major works contributing to the phenomenological movement: texts by Husserl, Heidegger, Sartre, and Merleau-Ponty. Questions of methodology, together with problems in theory of knowledge and ontology.

PHIL 325-0 (439-C25-0) **Philosophy of Mind**
Selected topics in the philosophy of mind: mind-body problem, problem of other minds, self-knowledge, personal identity, philosophical psychology. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

PHIL 326-0 (439-C26-0) **Philosophy of Medicine**
Introduction to existentialism: The principal sources of existential philosophy: Kierkegaard, Jaspers, Marcel, Nietzsche, Sartre, Heidegger, Merleau-Ponty, and others.

PHIL 327-0 (439-C27-0) **Philosophy of Psychology**
Problems such as the nature of psychological explanation, experimentation and the testing of psychological claims, the standing of psychology as a science, reductionism, the unconscious, and conceptualizing the psyche and its processes.

PHIL 328-0 (439-C28-0) **Classics of Analytic Philosophy**
Examination of classic texts that shaped the analytic movement of 20th-century Anglo-American philosophy. Readings from Frege, Russell, Wittgenstein, Carnap, Quine, and others.
PHIL 329-0 (439-C29-0) On Being a Scientist Investigation of science as a profession, its standards of conduct, strategies for surviving in the profession, and special problems that arise. Prerequisite: a major in an area of science.

PHIL 350-0 (439-C50-0) Systematic Logic Formal systems of deductive inference. Metatheory, formal semantics, completeness, and set theory. Third quarter of 150-250-350 sequence. Prerequisite: 250.

PHIL 351-0 (439-C51-0) Advanced Topics in Philosophical Logic Methods of modern formal logic applied to traditional philosophical questions, e.g., modal logic, deontic logic, epistemic logic, many-valued logic, tense logic. Prerequisite: 250.

PHIL 353-0 (439-C53-0) Philosophy of Language The nature and uses of language as presenting philosophical problems, e.g., theory of reference, the modes of meaning, definition, metaphor, problems of syntax, and semantics.

PHIL 354-0 (439-C54-0) Advanced Topics in the Philosophy of Natural Science Discovery, conceptual change and the growth of scientific knowledge, explanation, relation of theory to observation, confirmation theory, space and time, causality, and philosophical implications of relativistic and quantum mechanics. Prerequisite: 250 or consent of instructor.

PHIL 355-0 (439-C55-0) Scientific Method in Social Sciences Analysis of the philosophical foundations of social inquiry with reference to selected problems, thinkers, and schools, both classical and modern.

PHIL 360-0 (439-C60-0) Ethical Theory A systematic analysis of the nature of moral value judgments and their validity.

PHIL 361-0 (439-C61-0) Advanced Studies Ethics Philosophical study of a central problem, school of thought, or historical period or figure (e.g., Aristotle) in moral philosophy. Topics vary. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

PHIL 363-0 (439-C63-0) Philosophy of History Representative theories of history: determinism, indeterminism, and teleological; history as process and as knowledge.

PHIL 364-0 (439-C64-0) Principles of Political Philosophy Political power and authority; the notion of law; relations between society and the state; concepts of rights, liberty, equality, and justice. The problem of peace. Prerequisite: 263.

PHIL 366-0 (439-C66-0) Advanced Studies in Philosophy of Religion Central problems in the philosophy of religion.

PHIL 367-0 (439-C67-0) Philosophical Issues Concerning Technology Normative issues raised by technology, such as whether technology has intrinsic values and whether it is possible to make technology serve humane ends. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

PHIL 368-0 (439-C68-0) Problems in Social and Political Philosophy Philosophical analysis of the social and political thought of a school, an individual philosopher, or an epoch. Content varies.

PHIL 380-0 (439-C80-0) Philosophy of Art Nature and purpose of art, art and perception, the nature of creativity, and the social responsibility of the artist.

PHIL 390-0 (439-C90-0) Special Topics in Philosophy Topics vary from year to year; may be repeated for credit with different topic.

PHIL 395-0 (439-C95-0) Junior-Senior Seminar Open only to majors in their junior or senior year.

PHIL 398-1,2,3 (439-C98-1,2,3) Senior Tutorial Undergraduate honors thesis. Grade of K given in 398-1 and -2. Prerequisite: 395 or approval of the chair.

PHIL 399-0 (439-C99-0) Independent Study Open to properly qualified students with consent of department.

**Physics and Astronomy**

The study of physics or astronomy provides an intellectual foundation appropriate to any field. The emphasis on quantitative thinking and mathematical analysis that characterizes physics and astronomy furnishes a good background for almost any career.

Students who major in physics or astronomy normally take PHYSICS 135-1,2,3 in their freshman year. Exceptionally qualified students may take PHYSICS 125-1,2,3 with consent of the department. Depending on their high school preparation, majors in physics and astronomy normally also study mathematics in their freshman year, starting with MATH 214-1, -2, or -3. (See the prerequisites for PHYSICS 135-1,2,3; students taking PHYSICS 125-1,2,3 must be enrolled in either MATH 290-1,2,3 or 291-1,2,3.)

Students in Weinberg College may complete their science distribution requirement by taking any of the following courses: PHYSICS 103, 130-1,2, 135-1,2, ASTRON 101, 102, 103, 120. PHYSICS 103 and the four astronomy courses allow students who have taken only high school mathematics to explore important ideas in the physical sciences.

**Major in Physics**

The physics major is designed to help students acquire a broad and varied background in physics and related fields. The three basic steps toward completing the physics major are (1) fulfilling prerequisites in introductory physics and calculus; (2) taking a core sequence of courses in classical physics, modern physics, and mathematics; and (3) completing a course concentration.

**Departmental courses**

**Basic courses (6 units)**

- MATH 214-1,2,3
- PHYSICS 125-1,2,3 or 135-1,2,3
same prerequisites as the physics major, a somewhat lighter core, and two physics electives. Students choosing the minor in physics must also complete the following six prerequisites or their equivalent.

**Prerequisites:** MATH 214-1, 2, 3 or PHYSICS 135-1, 2, 3

**Minor sequence (8 units)**
- MATH 215, 217, 220-1, 2, 3 or 221 or 291-1, 2, 3
- PHYSICS 330-1, 333-1, 339-1, 339-3
- ASTRON 399

### Core sequence (9 units)
- MATH 215, 217, 220-1, 2, 3 or 221 or 291-1, 2, 3, 316
- PHYSICS 330-1, 332, 333-1, 339-1, 339-3

### Concentration
Majors must choose one or more of the following areas:
- **Advanced physics (6 units)**
  - PHYSICS 330-2, 333-2, 339-2, 359-1
  - Two other 300-level physics or astronomy courses except PHYSICS 335, 398, and 399 and ASTRON 399
- **Astronomy (6 units)**
  - PHYSICS 330-2, 333-2, 339-2
  - ASTRON 220
  - Two other 300-level astronomy classes except 398 or 399
- **Biomedical Physics (8 units)**
  - CHEM 101, 102 or 171, 172
  - PHYSICS 359-1
  - BME 301, 302, 320, and two courses selected from 321, 323, or 327
- **Computational Physics (7 units)**
  - Prerequisite: knowledge of Fortran, C, or C++
  - ES APPM 311-1 or 346
  - MATH 330-1
  - PHYSICS 252, 359-1
  - Three electives chosen from the following:
    - at least one 300-level physics or astronomy course (excluding 335, 398, and 399)
    - ES APPM 311-2, 3
    - ES APPM 322-0
    - COMP SCI 310
    - COMP SCI 336
    - MATH 313-1, 2
    - MATH 317-1, 2
    - MATH 330-2, 3
    - STAT 330-1, 2
- **Materials Physics (8 units)**
  - CHEM 101, 102 or 171, 172
  - PHYSICS 337, 339-2
  - MAT SCI 316-1, 2 plus two courses chosen from 332, 355, 361, and 380
  - Students intending to go to graduate school to continue their study of physics and/or astronomy should also consider taking some or all of the following:
    - 2 or 3 units of 399 undertaken with the supervision of a faculty member and consisting of a research project in the student’s area of concentration
    - MATH 305, 334
    - Selected introductory graduate courses such as PHYSICS 411-1, 2
  - Students should discuss specific options in undertaking this advanced program of study with the director of undergraduate studies before the end of the sophomore year.

### Minor in Physics
The minor in physics gives students a basic understanding of the most essential concepts in the field. It carries the same prerequisites as the physics major, a somewhat lighter core, and two physics electives. Students choosing the minor in physics must also complete the following six prerequisites or their equivalent.

**Prerequisites:** MATH 214-1, 2, 3 or PHYSICS 125-1, 2, 3 or 135-1, 2, 3

**Minor sequence (8 units)**
- MATH 215, 217, 220-1, 2, 3 or 221 or 291-1, 2, 3
- PHYSICS 330-1, 333-1, 335 or 339-1
- Two other 300-level physics or astronomy courses except 398 and 399

### Integrated Science Program
The Integrated Science Program (ISP) is a highly selective BA program in Weinberg College that includes PHYSICS 125-1, 2, 3 and 339-1, 2 as part of its curriculum (see the Integrated Science Program section of this catalog). A double major in ISP and physics is feasible in four years of study. See the director of undergraduate studies for detailed requirements.

### Honors in Physics or Astronomy
The honors program in physics or astronomy provides outstanding physics or astronomy majors with the opportunity to participate in research, under the supervision of a faculty adviser selected by the student. The program culminates in a written report that, in conjunction with the student’s academic record, forms the basis for faculty decisions on the award of departmental honors. (Note that students do not need to enter the honors program to participate in research. Students are welcome to initiate research projects by enrolling in 399 at any point in their undergraduate studies.)

The honors program is administered by the department’s Undergraduate Curriculum Committee. This committee consists of the director of undergraduate studies, the assistant chair, and three other faculty members appointed by the chair of the department. The director of undergraduate studies serves as the departmental honors coordinator.

Physics or astronomy majors are eligible to participate in the honors program when they maintain an overall grade point average of 3.3 or higher and a grade point average of 3.3 or higher in all physics, astronomy, and mathematics courses. These criteria also apply to all classes taken after the student has formally entered the honors program. Students who do not satisfy these requirements at graduation cannot be granted departmental honors.

Students who meet the above criteria and wish to participate in the honors program must notify the director of undergraduate studies. If students have not yet selected an honors research adviser, the director can assist them in finding an appropriate faculty mentor.

Further details on completing the honors program and writing the honors thesis can be obtained from the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.
The Teaching of Physics
Weinberg College students pursuing a major in physics who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Advanced Placement
Freshmen who have taken a calculus-level physics course in high school may waive parts of the introductory physics sequence in the following ways:

• A score of 4 or 5 on the College Board Advanced Placement Physics C1 examination (Mechanics) and/or the C2 examination (Electricity and Magnetism) will give the student full credit for PHYSICS 135-1 and/or 135-2, respectively.
• A score of 4 or 5 on the College Board Advanced Placement Physics B exam (algebra-based physics) will give the student full credit for PHYSICS 130-1 and 130-2.
• A passing score on the departmental placement examinations, given during New Student Week, will allow a student to place out of any or all parts of the 130-1,2,3 or 135-1,2,3 sequences. (No college credit is given for placing out of the course.)
• High school students who have taken college-level physics while still in high school may apply to have that credit transferred to Northwestern. The class must have been taken on the campus of the accrediting college, and the student must have a transcript from the accrediting college. “College-level” classes taken at a high school are not eligible for transfer credit.

Physics
Courses Primarily for Undergraduates

PHYSICS 103-0 (447-A03-0) Ideas of Physics
Topics in modern physics. Content varies: for example, relativity, the physics of music, and the progress of physics through history. Requires only high school mathematics and is designed for nonscience majors.

PHYSICS 125-1,2,3 (447-A25-1,2,3) General Physics for ISP
General physics course relying extensively on calculus. Similar to 135-1,2,3 but more advanced and intended for ISP students. A concurrent advanced calculus course, MATH 291-1,2,3, is offered by the mathematics department. Prerequisite: first-year standing in ISP or consent of the department.

PHYSICS 130-1,2,3 (447-A30-1,2,3) College Physics
Algebra-based physics primarily for premedical students who do not need to take calculus-based physics. Topics covered are similar to those of 135-1,2,3. Prerequisites: algebra and trigonometry.

PHYSICS 135-1,2,3 (447-A35-1,2,3) General Physics
Classical physics for science and engineering majors and premedical students. 1. Mechanics. Prerequisites: MATH 214-1,2; concurrent registration in MATH 214-3. 2. Electricity and magnetism. Prerequisite: 135-1. 3. Introduction to modern physics; wave phenomena. Prerequisite: 135-2.

PHYSICS 252-0 (447-B52-0) Introduction to Computational Physics
Computing and its application to physics: Monte Carlo simulation, numerical integration of equations of motion, discrete element methods in electromagnetism. Prerequisites: 135-3, knowledge of either FORTRAN or C at the level of ISP 101 or COMP SCI 110.

PHYSICS 330-1,2 (447-C30-1,2) Classical Mechanics
1. Newtonian mechanics, oscillations, the Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formalisms, central-force motion. 2. Motion in a noninertial reference frame, kinematics of rigid modes, systems with many degrees of freedom. Prerequisites: 135-1 or equivalent; MATH 215, 217, 221, or equivalent.

PHYSICS 331-0 (447-C31-0) Thermodynamics
Equations of state, the three laws of thermodynamics, entropy, phase changes, ideal gas, applications. Prerequisites: 135-1,2,3 or equivalent.

PHYSICS 332-0 (447-C32-0) Statistical Mechanics
Ideal gas, Boltzmann distribution, transport phenomena, fluctuation theory, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics. Prerequisites: 330-1; MATH 215, 217, 221, or equivalent.

PHYSICS 333-1,2 (447-C33-1,2) Advanced Electricity and Magnetism
1. Electrostatics and magnetostatics, multipole expansion, solutions of Laplace’s equation, analytic functions. 2. Maxwell’s equations, electromagnetic equations, electromagnetic wave propagation and radiation, microwave cavities, diffraction. Prerequisites: 135-1,2,3; MATH 215, 217, 221, or equivalent.

PHYSICS 335-0 (447-C35-0) Modern Physics for Nonmajors
Survey of modern physics for nonmajors with a technical background. Relativity and quantum physics; nuclear, atomic, and molecular structure. Prerequisites: 135-1,2,3, or equivalent. Does not fulfill 300-level requirement for majors.

PHYSICS 337-0 (447-C37-0) Introduction to Solid-State Physics
Electrons in periodic lattices; phonons; electrical, optical, and magnetic properties of metals and semiconductors; superconductivity. Prerequisites: 339-1,2.

PHYSICS 339-1,2 (447-C39-1,2) Quantum Mechanics
Introduction to quantum theory. Applications to atomic and molecular systems. The harmonic oscillator, the one-electron atom, the hydrogen molecule, barrier penetration. Prerequisites: second-year standing in ISP or 330-1, 333-1; MATH 316.

PHYSICS 339-3 (447-C39-3) Nuclear Physics
Nuclei and their constituents, nuclear models, alpha and beta decay, nuclear fission and fusion, the strong, electromagnetic and weak interactions, and the fundamental particles and particle schemes. Prerequisites: 339-1,2.
PHYSICS 359-1,3 (447-C59-1,3) Physics Laboratory
1. Introduction to modern electronics, construction of elementary analog and digital circuits. 3. Classic experiments in atomic, nuclear, and solid-state physics using modern electronics and microcomputers. Independent work. Prerequisites: 333-1,2 or consent of instructor; 359-1 is not a prerequisite for 359-3.

PHYSICS 398-0 (447-C98-0) Honors Independent Study Individual study under the direction of a faculty member. Open only to advanced students pursuing departmental honors.

PHYSICS 399-0 (447-C99-0) Independent Study Opportunity to study an advanced subject of interest under the individual direction of a faculty member. Open to all advanced students; consent of instructor required.

Astronomy
All 100-level astronomy courses are specifically designed for students without technical backgrounds and require a mathematics background of only high school algebra.

ASTRON 101-0 (407-A01-0) Modern Cosmology Modern views on the structure of the universe, its past, present, and future. For nonscience majors who seek to follow 120 with a more detailed course.

ASTRON 102-0 (407-A02-0) Milky Way Galaxy Structure of the galaxy, star formation, interstellar clouds and dust, star clusters, neutron stars and black holes, the galactic center. For nonscience majors who seek to follow 120 with a more detailed course.

ASTRON 103-0 (407-A03-0) Solar System The planets and their moons, the sun, comets, asteroids. For nonscience majors who seek to follow 120 with a more detailed course.

ASTRON 120-0 (407-A20-0) Highlights of Astronomy Acquaints students with modern ideas about the solar system, stars, galaxies, and the universe. Emphasizes fundamental principles and underlying concepts.

ASTRON 220-0 (407-B20-0) Highlights of Astrophysics Classical mechanics, quantum mechanics, relativity, statistical physics, and fluid dynamics as they pertain to astrophysical phenomena. Prerequisites: PHYSICS 135-1,2,3 or equivalent.

ASTRON 325-0 (407-C25-0) Stellar Structure and Evolution Physical conditions in stellar interiors. Comparison of theory and observations in stellar evolution. White dwarfs, neutron stars, and black holes. Offered alternate years. Prerequisite: 220.

ASTRON 326-0 (407-C26-0) High-Energy Astrophysics Physical processes occurring at high temperatures and pressures. Offered alternate years. Prerequisite: 220.

ASTRON 328-0 (407-C28-0) Interstellar Matter Mathematical and statistical treatment of interstellar matter. Physics of gas and dust clouds. Offered alternate years. Prerequisite: 220.

ASTRON 329-0 (407-C29-0) Galactic Structure and Dynamics Stellar dynamics, including potential theory, stellar orbits, equilibria of collisionless systems, and spiral structure. Offered alternate years. Prerequisite: 220.

ASTRON 330-0 (407-C30-0) Cosmology Concepts and observational foundations of modern big bang cosmology. Offered alternate years. Prerequisite: 220.

ASTRON 331-0 (407-C31-0) Astrophysics Stellar structure and evolution: nucleosynthesis, supernova phenomena, white dwarfs, neutron stars, and black holes. Prerequisite: PHYSICS 339-3. Limited to students enrolled in ISP or by consent of the physics department.

ASTRON 360-0 (407-C60-0) Instruments and Techniques for Astrophysics Introduction to the theory, design, and operation of modern X-ray, optical, and radio astronomical instrumentation. Offered alternate years. Prerequisite: 220.

ASTRON 399-0 (407-C99-0) Independent Study Opportunity to study an advanced subject under the individual direction of a faculty member. Open to all advanced students. Consent of instructor required.

Political Science
A knowledge of political science is central to any occupation or profession that needs an understanding of human behavior, to the relationships between people and governments, or to the analysis and communication of information about public problems. A background in political science is virtually indispensable for people in politics and government, lawyers, journalists, scientists, business managers, or people working in medicine. Such professionals are in constant need of information on and understanding of the political, legal, governmental, and public implications of their fields. The Department of Political Science is internationally recognized for excellence at both the undergraduate and graduate levels.

The department is especially strong in American politics and government; the politics of foreign countries, especially in Europe, Latin America, Asia, and Africa; international studies; law and politics; political economy; and political theory. Much of the department’s work is associated closely with the activities of the Program of African Studies, the Center for International and Comparative Studies, and the Institute for Policy Research, all of which are outstanding in their respective specialties.

The department offers an undergraduate major and minor and also graduate programs leading to the MA and PhD degrees in political science.

Major in Political Science
As soon as students have declared a major in political science, a department adviser can be assigned to consult regularly with them about the program of study. Students planning to major in political science should try to complete the 200-level prerequisites and one 300-level course by the end of their sophomore year.
To prepare for research, students normally take the required 395 in the junior year. They should take at least one of the following before taking 395: 310, 311, 312. All majors also are urged to acquire a working knowledge of a foreign language.

**Departmental Courses**

**Basic Courses:** three courses chosen from 201, 204, 220, 221, 230, 240, 250

**Major Courses:** seven 300-level courses in political science, one of which must be 310, 311, or 312 and another of which must be 395

**Related Courses:** five quarter-courses in anthropology, economics, history, philosophy, psychology, or sociology, of which at least two must be at the 300 level; no more than one may be at the 100 level

**Minor in Political Science**

The minor in political science offers students the opportunity to acquire a solid foundation in the discipline as well as significant exposure to advanced courses. It also is designed to allow students to develop specialized competencies.

**Minor Course Requirements (6 units)**

- At least two 200-level courses chosen from 201, 204, 220, 221, 230, 240, 250
- Four additional political science courses, at least three at the 300 level

Students should begin pursuing the minor with 200-level courses, which provide a general introduction to major subfields of political science as well as background for 300-level courses. They may pursue specialized interests in the minor. For example, for students who aspire to a legal career, an appropriate minor might concentrate on law and politics and could include 230, 330, 331, 332, or 333. Minors can follow similar pathways for concentrations in political philosophy, urban politics and policy, international relations, comparative politics, and American political processes, or they may choose an array of courses that cut across subfields rather than concentrate on one or two areas. To develop an individual program of study for a minor in political science, students must consult with the director of undergraduate studies in the department.

**Four-Year BA/MA**

The department offers a four-year BA/MA program in political science for outstanding undergraduate majors. Interested students should contact the director of undergraduate studies no later than the winter quarter of the junior year and should see Four-Year Master’s Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

**Honors in Political Science**

Majors with outstanding records both overall and within the department may apply for graduation with departmental honors. The primary route to earning the departmental recommendation for honors involves enrolling in 398, a two-quarter course that requires writing a senior thesis. Students interested in exploring an alternate route to honors should meet with the director of undergraduate studies in the junior year. Either way, departmental honors requires outstanding work in connection with a research project. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

**The Teaching of Political Science**

Weinberg College students pursuing a major in political science who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

**Courses Primarily for Undergraduates**

**Political Theory**

These courses examine the ideas that inform the thinking of today’s citizens, representatives, and political scientists. They are organized by historical periods and conceptual similarity.

- **POLI SCI 201-0 (449-B01-0) Introduction to Political Theory** Ideas like power, freedom, justice, and rationality in the work of major political theorists. How political thought influences political institutions and behavior.

- **POLI SCI 301-0 (449-C01-0) Classical Political Theory** Contributions of classical political theorists, such as Plato, Aristotle, and Cicero, and their modern applications. Modern concepts of scope and method of political science.

- **POLI SCI 302-0 (449-C02-0) Modern Political Thought** The nation-state, modern science, and the industrial revolution as context for a revolution in political ideals. Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Marx. Relation of ideas to social movements and political institutions.

- **POLI SCI 303-0 (449-C03-0) Concepts in Democratic Theory** Contemporary analyses of the meanings of liberty, equality, representation, and other key concepts in the theory and practice of democracy.

**Research Methodology**

Courses in this field prepare students to do original research on the causes and consequences of political phenomena. The methodological techniques are often transferable to research problems in government and business.

- **POLI SCI 310-0 (449-C10-0) Elementary Statistics for Political Research** Measuring political data, summarizing observations, analyzing contingency tables. Parametric and nonparametric tests of hypotheses. Basics of multiple regression. SPSS computer usage.
POLI SCI 311-0 (449-C11-0) Methods of Political Research  Introduction to methods and techniques of political research: research design, experimentation, comparative inquiry, measurement, data collection, and data analysis. Application of these methods to political phenomena.

POLI SCI 312-0 (449-C12-0) Logic of Political Inquiry  Political science as “science.” Identity sources, construction, functions, and validation of social science theory and explanation from varied perspectives.

POLI SCI 315-0 (449-C15-0) Introduction to Positive Political Theory  Rational-choice modeling: developing underlying principles through central theoretical topics as applied to particular empirical issues.

American Politics  These courses deal with the dynamics of behavior within and between domestic political institutions. Although focusing on American politics, the courses usually involve comparisons with behavior and institutions in foreign countries.

POLI SCI 220-0 (449-B20-0) American Government and Politics  The structure and process of American politics from competing perspectives. Analysis of representation, voting, interest groups, parties, leadership, and policy-making institutions. The gateway course for the American politics subfield.

POLI SCI 221-0 (449-B21-0) Urban Politics and Policies  Structure of local and regional political power and its relation to social and economic structure of community.

POLI SCI 320-0 (449-C20-0) The Presidency  Contemporary presidency in terms of recruitment, presidential character, public opinion, institutional constraints, and foreign versus domestic policy making. Prerequisite: 220 or equivalent.

POLI SCI 321-0 (449-C21-0) Community Political Processes  Selected problems of mobilizing and exercising political power in local and regional jurisdictional units. Relationships between political structure and community needs and demands. Prerequisite: 221.

POLI SCI 323-0 (449-C23-0) Public Opinion and Voting Behavior  Who votes and for whom. Social, psychological, economic, and political factors influencing election choices. Sources of opinions. Focus on American presidential elections but some comparative and nonpresidential material. Prerequisite: 220 or equivalent.

POLI SCI 324-0 (449-C24-0) Political Parties and Elections  Role of political parties in a democratic society. Topics include nomination, national conventions, political funding, campaigns, party organization, and national, state, and local parties.

POLI SCI 325-0 (449-C25-0) The Legislative Process  Organization of legislatures to make public policy; legislative-executive relations; impact of interest groups and other forms of citizen activity on legislative decision making.

Emphasis on United States Congress. Prerequisite: 220 or equivalent.

POLI SCI 327-0 (449-C27-0) Black American Politics in the United States  Historical survey of black politics and relationship of blacks to the government. Relevance of both reformist and revolutionary strategies in the struggle for black liberation.

POLI SCI 328-0 (449-C28-0) State Politics of the United States  Political process at the state level in the United States. Variety of institutional forms and decision-making processes attached to different kinds of issues existing in the several states. Prerequisite: 220.

Law and Politics  These courses study the role of the judiciary at the national, local, and emerging levels of government. They also investigate issues in jurisprudence and the administration of justice.

POLI SCI 230-0 (449-B30-0) Introduction to Law in the Political Arena  Roles of law in society and politics — how disputes are resolved, organization of the bar, why people litigate, the consequences of litigation. Compares common law, civil code, and other legal traditions.

POLI SCI 330-0 (449-C30-0) The Politics of Local Justice  Local justice systems, with emphasis on trial courts, civil and criminal litigation, and the political consequences of the involvement of the law in social conflicts.

POLI SCI 331-0 (449-C31-0) Appellate Processes  Operation of appellate courts, with emphasis on the United States Supreme Court. Decision making by appellate courts and the development of public policy.

POLI SCI 332-0 (449-C32-0) Constitutional Law I  Introduction to interpretation of the United States Constitution by the Supreme Court. Judicial review, federalism, separation of powers, economic and religious liberty, and personal privacy. Prerequisite: 220 or 230.

POLI SCI 333-0 (449-C33-0) Constitutional Law II: Civil and Political Rights  Consideration of decisions of the United States Supreme Court dealing with civil and political rights, including equality, freedom of expression, and criminal procedures. Prerequisite: 220 or 230.

International Politics  This field includes the study of major actors and arenas in the world scene, major processes through which cooperation and conflict are managed in the international system, and ways in which change occurs and resources become allocated in the global system.

POLI SCI 240-0 (449-B40-0) Introduction to International Relations  Surveys basic concepts and processes in international and transnational relations, including major actors, management of conflict and cooperation, and systemic changes at the global level. The gateway course to the international politics subfield.
POLI SCI 340-0 (449-C40-0) **Global Society** Survey of human problems of global dimensions, such as population, poverty, human rights, and war. Evaluation of the adequacy of existing institutions for handling these problems. Alternative forms of global organization.

POLI SCI 342-0 (449-C42-0) **International Organizations** Role of international organizations in international relations. Similarities and differences between international and other political institutions. Comparison of different types of international organizations.

POLI SCI 344-0 (449-C44-0) **Advanced Studies in International Relations** Integrated analysis of collaborative and conflict processes in international politics, with intensive work on substantive topics of special interest to each student. Prerequisites: 240 and/or 340; 341 and/or 342 recommended.

POLI SCI 345-0 (449-C45-0) **National Security** Problems of maintaining national security in the military and economic spheres; deterrence theory, nuclear weapons, arms control, and defense policy among the major powers.

**Comparative Politics**
This field analyzes political behavior and institutions in foreign countries and areas of the world. Some courses concentrate on understanding the politics of specific national systems, while others focus on certain types of political phenomena and make cross-national comparisons.

POLI SCI 250-0 (449-B50-0) **Introduction to Comparative Politics** Emphasis may be on industrialized and/or developing states; socialist and/or capitalist states. Major issues include regime-society relations, revolution, and policy making.

POLI SCI 343-0 (449-C43-0) **United States and Latin America** Interactions between U.S. foreign policy and Latin American politics. The evolving importance of Latin America in U.S. geostrategic objectives from the turn of the century through the Cold War and during the emerging post-Cold War period. How the projection of U.S. power and influence shapes the domestic politics of selected countries.

POLI SCI 346-0 (449-C46-0) **Politics of European Unification** The development and prospects of the European Union are examined by placing it in geopolitical and historical context.

POLI SCI 351-0 (449-C51-0) **Peasant Politics** Characteristics of agrarian economic structures, social organizations, and peasant politics, movements, and revolutions; elite responses to, interactions with, rural society through public policy, clientelist mobilization, etc.

POLI SCI 352-0 (449-C52-0) **Politics of East Asia** Examines East Asia as a site for studying various concepts in comparative politics: war, revolution, imperialism, modernization, dependency, development, authoritarianism, party politics, and democratization.

POLI SCI 353-0 (449-C53-0) **Politics in Latin America** Patterns of socioeconomic development and regime forms in Latin America. Interaction of internal and international economic and political structures and processes.

POLI SCI 354-0 (449-C54-0) **Southeast Asian Politics** Exploration of the political economy of Indonesia, Singapore, Burma, the Philippines, Thailand, Malaysia, Vietnam, as well as the smaller states of Laos, Cambodia, East Timor, and Brunei. Focus on the post–World War II period; attention also paid to colonial influences and the Japanese invasion. Important themes include industrialization, human rights, and democracy.

POLI SCI 357-0 (449-C57-0) **Politics of Postcolonial States** Problems and political behavior in underdeveloped areas in regard to their internal affairs and international relations. Interplay between economic conditions and political patterns.

POLI SCI 358-0 (449-C58-0) **Nationalism** Social, linguistic, religious, and political bases of the rise of modern nationalism in Europe, Asia, and Africa; wars of national liberation in relation to imperialism and colonialism.

POLI SCI 359-0 (449-C59-0) **Politics in Africa** Political structures and relation of cultural factors to political stability and change; development of modern political systems.

POLI SCI 360-0 (449-C60-0) **Comparative Racial Politics** The interplay of racial, socioeconomic, and cultural tensions in Germany, Trinidad, and Britain. Methods of comparative analysis used to identify and distinguish patterns of racial politics between and within multiracial nations. Theories and concepts of race and ethnicity and their relationship to issues of state power, national identity, and social policy.

POLI SCI 361-0 (449-C61-0) **Democratic Transitions** Causes for emergence and breakdown of democracy in cases from Europe, Latin America, Africa, and Asia. Focus on relationship between capitalist economic development, international forces, and timing of democratization across the globe.

POLI SCI 362-0 (449-C62-0) **Politics of Western Europe** Historical development, mass behavior, interest groups and parties, policy making, and social and economic policy.

**Public Policy and Political Economy**
The consequences of governmental action on political, social, and economic activity are analyzed in these courses. Other courses concerned with public policy and political economy are listed under the law and politics and international politics subfields.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
POLI SCI 204-0 (449-B04-0) Politics and Nature Introduction to the study of environmental policy. Consideration of some fundamental issues and concepts concerning the maintenance of a livable planet, such as sustainable development, common property regimes, transformation of the environmental movement from a primary emphasis upon nature conservation to a complex set of foci concerning biodiversity, possible climate change.

POLI SCI 371-0 (449-C71-0) Environmental Politics Political problems associated with human impact on natural environment; pollution, natural resources, public lands, land use, energy, and population.

POLI SCI 372-0 (449-C72-0) The Politics of the Global Economy Interactions of politics and economies in the relations between nations and among subnational groups. Theories of imperialism, dependency, and the evolution of the global system; international policy and institution reform.

POLI SCI 374-0 (449-C74-0) Politics and Markets How democratic politics and markets interact. Examines the politics of policy choices democratic governments make and the economic impact those choices have. Explores some of the most significant ways in which the United States, Western Europe and Japan differ.

POLI SCI 375-0 (449-C75-0) Comparative Politics of Business-Government Relations Relations between business and government in a variety of economic, social, and political contexts. Patterns of influence in both business and government. Theories of business influence in politics, such as pluralism, corporatism, collective action, and instrumental and structural Marxism.

Seminars, Independent Study, and Special Opportunities

395 is required of all political science majors, who will be notified of scheduling arrangements in advance. 395 is ordinarily taken in the spring quarter of the junior year or the fall quarter of the senior year. With consent of the department, students may receive full credit for more than one quarter of 395 provided that, if 398 and 399 are also taken, 395 with 398 and 399 do not exceed a total of four course credits.

POLI SCI 390-0 (449-C90-0) Special Topics in Political Science Designed for investigation of topics that are of current interest to students and faculty but are not adequately covered by other course offerings. No prerequisites. Offered in different quarters as announced.

GEN LA 393-0 (401-C93-0) Chicago Field Studies Internship See General Studies.

POLI SCI 394-0 (449-C94-0) Senior Linkage Seminar Topics vary. Open only to senior majors and nonmajors.

POLI SCI 395-0 (449-C95-0) Political Research Seminar Led by different members of the department, small seminars in research topics, providing students the chance to conduct research.

POLI SCI 398-1,2 (449-C98-1,2) Honors Tutorial For seniors with excellent records, by department invitation. First quarter taken fall or winter for K grade, final grades given after research paper at end of second quarter. Two consecutive quarters. Prerequisite: 395.

POLI SCI 399-0 (449-C99-0) Independent Study Study and research programs for unusual needs of political science majors. A written proposal, signed by the professor with whom the student will study, to be submitted to the department.

Portuguese

See Hispanic Studies.

Psychology

The study of psychology covers a wide range of topics in the natural and social sciences. It provides students a unique opportunity to increase their understanding of themselves and other people as developing individuals, biological organisms, and participants in society. Because of the strong research orientation of the department, it also provides an understanding of how research is done and an opportunity to participate directly in research.

A major in psychology can lead in various directions after graduation. Graduate study can prepare students for a career as an academic, clinical, industrial, or other kind of psychologist. Psychology is a useful major for students planning careers in medicine, law, or management, as the department is strong in cognitive science, psychobiology, psychopathology, and social psychology. Whether or not students continue their education beyond the bachelor's degree, they will find that the psychology major provides knowledge about human behavior and methods of research and data analysis that is valuable in business, the helping professions, and other occupations.

At the graduate level, the department recognizes several specialties with programs leading to the PhD. Though opportunities for study and research are available to undergraduates in all these areas, there is only one undergraduate psychology major. Its requirements are designed to give every student a mastery of the basic methods and a balanced exposure to different aspects of psychology. Beyond that, students are encouraged to follow their interests in regular courses and in independent study. Extensive laboratory facilities, including a number of microcomputers, are available.

Major in Psychology

Departmental courses

Basic course: 110

Major courses: 201, 205, and at least seven additional psychology courses, subject to the following restrictions:

- At least one upper-level research course chosen from 301, 311, 313, 316, 321, 331, 333, 334, 335, 342, 351, 362, 397-2, 398 (any course listed both here and in one of
the following two categories may be counted toward that category as well)
• At least two personality, clinical, or social psychology courses chosen from 204, 215, 301, 303, 306, 316, 326, 384, 385
• At least two cognitive psychology or neuroscience courses chosen from 212, 228, 311, 312-1, 2, 321, 324, 333, 334, 335, 360, 361, 362
• At least three 300-level courses
• No more than two courses chosen from COG SCI 207, 210, and 211 may be counted toward the requirements
• No more than one quarter of 397-1 and 399 may be counted toward the requirements
• No more than one quarter of 397-2 may be counted toward the requirements
• 239 may not be counted toward the requirements
• Psychology majors should be aware of the following restrictions imposed by the college:
  Students may not register for more than two total credits of 397 and 399 in any quarter
  No more than nine total credits of 397, 398, and 399 may be counted toward Weinberg College graduation requirements

Related courses
• Any three courses from the following: mathematics at the 200 level or higher, statistics at the 300 level or higher, and computer science at any level
• Any two courses from biological sciences, chemistry, or physics

Minor in Psychology
The minor in psychology reflects the view that the most appropriate undergraduate study of psychology combines a methodological core with breadth of content. The minor therefore contains the general prerequisite (110), the two central methods courses (201 and 205), and at least one course from each of the two main content areas defined for the major.

Minor course requirements (7 units)
• 110, 201, and 205
• Four additional psychology courses, subject to the following restrictions:
  at least one personality, clinical, or social psychology course chosen from 204, 215, 303
  at least one cognitive psychology or neuroscience course chosen from 212, 228, 312-1, 2, 324, 360, 361, 362
  at least two 300-level courses
• No more than one quarter of 397-1 and 399 may be counted toward the requirements
• 239 may not be counted toward the requirements

Integrated Science Program
The Integrated Science Program is a highly selective BA program within Weinberg College (see Integrated Science Program). Students in ISP who also wish to complete a major in psychology should consult with the program director and the director of undergraduate studies in psychology as early as possible to determine their specific additional major requirements.

Honors in Psychology
Each spring quarter a few juniors with superior records in psychology are invited into 398 for the following academic year. Those who accept carry out a yearlong research project that, if completed, commonly leads to departmental honors in psychology. In exceptional circumstances honors in psychology may also be achieved by carrying out a major research project through two or more quarters of 397 or 399. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores
PSYCH 110-0 (451-A10-0) Introduction to Psychology
Basic psychological facts and principles of normal behavior. Laboratory experience is included and provides an introduction to psychology as a research science.

PSYCH 201-0 (451-B01-0) Statistical Methods in Psychology
Measurement. Descriptive statistics. Introduction to probability and sampling. Inferential statistics, including t-test and ANOVA; correlation and regression. Prerequisite: 110; some college mathematics recommended.

PSYCH 204-0 (451-B04-0) Social Psychology
Psychological processes in social behavior, including thinking about and interacting with other people and groups. Prerequisite: 110.

PSYCH 205-0 (451-B05-0) Research Methods in Psychology
Methods of psychological research; experimental design; reliability and validity; review and application of statistics; execution and reporting of psychological research. Prerequisite: 201.

COG SCI 207-0 (452-B07-0) Introduction to Cognitive Modeling

COG SCI 210-0 (452-B10-0) Language and the Brain

COG SCI 211-0 (452-B11-0) Learning, Representation, and Reasoning

PSYCH 212-0 (451-B12-0) Introduction to Neuroscience
Brain processes in relation to behavior, including memory, perception, and motivation. Dissection, histology, and surgery for brain stimulation. At least one course in biological sciences is strongly recommended.

PSYCH 215-0 (451-B15-0) Psychology of Personality

PSYCH 218-0 (451-B18-0) Developmental Psychology
Development of cognitive, social, and other psychological functions. Prerequisite: 110.
PSYCH 228-0 (451-B28-0) Cognitive Psychology Introduction to research into mental processes such as memory, reasoning, problem solving, and decision making. Prerequisite: 110.

PSYCH 239-0 (451-B39-0) Marketing Management Principles and applications of marketing management; market segmentation, brand positioning; survey of market research and consumer behavior; marketing of services, nonprofits, the arts. Prerequisite: one introductory behavioral social science course (e.g., anthropology, psychology, sociology).

Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors

PSYCH 301-0 (451-C01-0) Personality Research Current research in personality, with emphasis on experimental approaches and methods. Basic concepts of test reliability and validity. Students conduct original research. Prerequisites: 205, 215.

PSYCH 303-0 (451-C03-0) Psychopathology Understanding the nature of psychological, emotional, and behavioral disorders. Emphasis on current evidence regarding causes and characteristics of these disorders. Prerequisite: 110.

PSYCH 306-0 (451-C06-0) Introduction to Clinical Psychology Definition and history of clinical psychology, personality theory in clinical psychology, diagnosis and classification of disorders, assessment, psychotherapy, and ethical issues. Prerequisite: 303.

PSYCH 311-0 (451-C11-0) Human Learning and Memory The nature of human learning and memory with an emphasis on research methodology and report writing. Students conduct original research. Prerequisites: 205, 228.

PSYCH 312-1,2 (451-C12-1,2) Neurobiology and Behavior 1. Neurophysiology, neuroanatomy, and electrophysiological substrates of behavior. Prerequisite: 110; one biological sciences course. 2. Neuroanatomical, electrophysiological, and biochemical substrates of psychological processes. Prerequisite: 312-1 or equivalent; 205 recommended.

PSYCH 313-0 (451-C13-0) Research-Focused Seminar Topic to be announced. Discussion and critical analysis of relevant research methods and findings in a particular area of psychology. Prerequisite: 205; additional prerequisites may apply for particular topics. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

PSYCH 314-0 (451-C14-0) Special Topics in Psychology Topic to be announced. Prerequisites vary. May be repeated for credit with different topic.

PSYCH 316-0 (451-C16-0) Experimental Social Psychology Social psychological research techniques, including laboratory experiments, field experiments, and quasi-experiments. Students conduct original research. Prerequisites: 204, 205.

PSYCH 321-0 (451-C21-0) Neuroscience and Behavior Laboratory Classical exercises in the physiological psychology laboratory, including brain-wave recording and electrophysiology. Prerequisites: 205, 312-2.

PSYCH 324-0 (451-C24-0) Perception Human perception, particularly vision. Also hearing, taste, smell, and touch. Biological foundations, development, and disorders of perception. The senses in everyday life. Prerequisite: 110.

PSYCH 326-0 (451-C26-0) Personality Development Research methods, theories, and facts relating to the development and modification of children’s attitudes and behavior. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

PSYCH 333-0 (451-C33-0) Psychology of Thinking Research methods and recent experimental findings for types of human thinking. Students conduct original research. Prerequisites: 205, 228.

PSYCH 334-0 (451-C34-0) Psychology of Language Exposure to original research, theoretical and methodological criticism, and experimental design related to psychology and language. Prerequisites: 205 and 228 or consent of instructor.

PSYCH 335-0 (451-C35-0) Decision Making Human decision making from both descriptive and prescriptive perspectives. Theories and models of decision making applied to a variety of contexts. Prerequisites: 205, 228.

PSYCH 337-0 (451-C37-0) Human Sexuality Sexual development and differentiation, deviations, dysfunctions, and controversies in sexuality. Prerequisite: 110.

PSYCH 339-0 (451-C39-0) Psychology of Gender Examination of sex differences and similarities. Evaluation of social and biological explanations for differences. Review of research on how gender affects achievement, relationships, and mental health. Prerequisite: 110.

PSYCH 342-0 (451-C42-0) Biological Bases of Mental Illness Effects of brain abnormalities on cognition, emotion, and behavior. Neurological aspects of mental disorders. Discussion of theories and research methods. Prerequisite: 205 and 303 or consent of instructor; 212 or 312-1 strongly recommended.

PSYCH 351-0 (451-C51-0) Advanced Statistics and Experimental Design Advanced analytic techniques, including exploratory data analysis, model fitting, analysis of variance, and multidimensional scaling; topics in experimental design. Prerequisites: 205; MATH 214-3.

PSYCH 360-0 (451-C60-0) Human Memory and Cognition In-depth survey of recent work in human memory and cognition. Prerequisite: 228 or consent of instructor.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
PSYCH 361-0 (451-C61-0) Brain Damage and the Mind
Survey of human cognition (including attention, memory, and awareness) as studied via investigations of brain damage and modern brain imaging techniques. Prerequisite: 110, 212, or COG SCI 210.

PSYCH 362-0 (451-C62-0) Cognitive Development
Development of cognition and perception. Infant perception; development of human memory, concepts, language, and expertise. Prerequisites: 205, 218 or 228, or consent of instructor.

PSYCH 384-0 (451-C84-0) Interpersonal Relations
Psychological processes in social perception and interaction; focus on attraction and relationships, aggression, and conflict. Prerequisite: 204.

PSYCH 385-0 (451-C85-0) Psychology of Attitudes
Survey of social psychological research on attitudes; focus on the formation and measurement of attitudes, their structure and function, the relationship between attitudes and behavior, and attitude change. Prerequisite: 204.

PSYCH 395-0 (451-C95-0) Psychobiology Research Seminar
Research methods and advanced topics related to brain function. Limited enrollment. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

PSYCH 397-1,2 (451-C97-1,2) Advanced Supervised Research
Design and implementation of a psychology research project. Data analysis and preparation of a written report. Prerequisites: 205 and consent of instructor; 397-2 must be taken with the same professor as 397-1.

PSYCH 398-1,2,3 (451-C98-1,2,3) Undergraduate Honors Seminar
(1–4 units) Senior honors research. Open only by invitation of the faculty.

PSYCH 399-0 (451-C99-0) Independent Study
Consent of instructor required.

Religion
Because religion is a multifaceted phenomenon, the academic study of religion and the religious is a multidisciplinary field. The undergraduate major in religion is designed to develop an understanding of several major religions through study of their historical development, sacred literature, and social manifestations. The faculty's training and the course offerings concentrate on the traditions of Hinduism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity, and Islam, though courses in other areas are presented occasionally. Study of the interaction of two or more traditions constitutes a regular part of the curriculum and the extracurricular seminars, lectures, and discussions. Undergraduate majors enjoy a wide range of extracurricular events and daily association with the faculty, staff, and graduate students.

Students, in consultation with the department adviser, may organize highly individual major programs of study that include courses from this department and other departments in the University. To ensure coherence and balance with the individuality of each program, students submit their proposed program for approval to both the department director of undergraduate studies and the department chair.

Major in Religion
The program for majors in religion consists of ten courses in the department and four courses in related subjects.

Departmental courses (10)
• 110, 395
• Eight courses beyond the 100 level and at least five at the 300 or 400 level, including two in Eastern religions and two in Western religions

Related courses (4): four courses in related subjects chosen in consultation with the department's undergraduate adviser.

Minor in Religion
The minor in religion provides a coherent and balanced set of courses with work on general theories of religion and Western and Eastern religious traditions. Enrollment in 395 ensures that students completing the minor have the opportunity to interact with religion majors. Students minoring in religion may preregister for courses with majors.

Minor course requirements (6 units)
• 110, 395
• Four other religion courses, at least two at the 300 or 400 level, at least one in Western religions (Christianity, Islam, Judaism), and one in Eastern religions

Honors in Religion
Superior students in the department become eligible for departmental honors by writing a senior thesis. This is usually accomplished by enrolling in two quarters of 396 during the fall and winter quarters of their senior year. Students who intend to qualify for honors should notify the undergraduate adviser in writing by the end of the spring quarter of the junior year. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores
RELIGION 110-0 (429-A10-0) Religion in Human Experience
Religion as it has appeared in the past and as humans continue to express it in their personal and social lives.

RELIGION 111-0 (429-A11-0) Varieties of Religious Tradition
Introduction to a variety of the major religious traditions of the world.

RELIGION 210-0 (429-B10-0) Introduction to Hebrew Bible
Major genres of Old Testament literature. Basic theological views and the social-political history of ancient Israel.

RELIGION 211-0 (429-B11-0) New Testament Origins
The beginning, development, and content of the New Testament. Its Jewish and Hellenistic environment.
RELIGION 220-0 (429-B20-0) Introduction to Hinduism
Unity and diversity of Hindu mythology, beliefs, and practices from ancient times to the present.

RELIGION 222-0 (429-B22-0) Introduction to Buddhism
The Buddha’s life and teachings, the traditions that developed from this teaching, and the systems of meditation, rituals, and ethics.

RELIGION 223-0 (429-B23-0) Religion in China
Historical development of religious traditions in China from ancient to modern times; Confucianism, Taoism, and Buddhism.

RELIGION 224-0 (429-B24-0) Introduction to Judaism
Main concepts in the theology of Judaism, main rituals and customs, and main institutions.

RELIGION 225-0 (429-B25-0) Religion in Japan
Introduction to the religions in Japan from ancient to modern times, including Shinto, Confucianism, Taoism, and Buddhism.

RELIGION 226-0 (429-B26-0) Introduction to Christianity
Christian doctrine, worship, and institutions in the various branches of Christianity.

RELIGION 227-0 (429-B27-0) Introduction to Medieval Jewish Philosophy
Philosophic tradition of medieval Judaism focusing on the history of Judaism through study of the thought of Moses Maimonides (1138–1204), the most important Jewish medieval philosopher.

RELIGION 228-0 (429-B28-0) Introduction to Islam
Principal beliefs and practices of Muslims set against the historic development of the faith.

Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors

Buddhism

RELIGION 323-0 (429-C23-0) Buddhist Scripture
Origins, development, and content of Buddhist sacred literature.

RELIGION 324-0 (429-C24-0) Buddhism in the Contemporary World: Traditional and Reform
Buddhism’s reinterpretation of its thought and practice in response to postcolonial modernizations.

RELIGION 325-0 (429-C25-0) Theravada Buddhism and Culture
Theravada Buddhism in interaction with its culture.

RELIGION 348-0 (429-C48-0) Zen Buddhism
Historical development of Zen Buddhist theory and practice.

RELIGION 355-0 (429-C55-0) Topics in Buddhism
May be repeated for credit with different topic.

Judaism

RELIGION 306-0 (429-C06-0) Judaism in the Modern World
Impact of emancipation and modernity on Judaism. Fundamental problems that emancipation and modernity precipitate and the radical changes they bring to the religious expression of Judaism.

RELIGION 307-0 (429-C07-0) Judaism in the Perspective of Christianity
The way Christian thinkers in the 19th and 20th centuries perceived Judaism in relation to Christianity, e.g., Barth, Bultmann, Tillich, Niebuhr, Danielou.

RELIGION 308-0 (429-C08-0) Christianity in the Perspective of Judaism
The way Jewish thinkers in the 19th and 20th centuries perceived Christianity in relation to Judaism, e.g., Formstecher, Hess, Rosenzweig, Buber, Baeck.

RELIGION 313-0 (429-C13-0) Varieties in Ancient Judaism
Introduction to the Judaisms that flourished from the fifth century B.C. to the third century A.D.

RELIGION 330-0 (429-C30-0) Jewish Thought in the 19th Century
Review of Jewish religious/national thought from Moses Mendelsohn to Hermann Cohen.

RELIGION 331-0 (429-C31-0) Jewish Thought in the 20th Century
Distinctive themes in the main 20th-century Jewish philosophers.

RELIGION 334-0 (429-C34-0) Classical Jewish Thought
An examination of the forms of expression of Rabbinic Judaism: legal, mystical, philosophical, and poetic.

RELIGION 335-0 (429-C35-0) The Art of Biblical Narrative
Ways in which the religious imagination of ancient Israel expresses itself through literary artistry.

RELIGION 336-0 (429-C36-0) Religion and Mythology of the Ancient Near East
Myths, religious ideologies, and cultic practices of Sumer, Babylonia, Assyria, and Canaan, including Phoenicia; relation to ancient Greece and Israel, women, literature.

RELIGION 352-0 (429-C52-0) Topics in Judaism
May be repeated for credit with different topic.

Christianity

RELIGION 302-0 (429-C02-0) Christian Ethics
Content and role of ethics in Jesus’ formation of Christian teaching and in the theology of some recent Christian thinkers.

RELIGION 351-0 (429-C51-0) Topics in Christianity
May be repeated for credit with different topic.

RELIGION 360-0 (429-C60-0) Medieval Christianity
Christian thought, institutions, and figures of medieval Christianity, c. 500–1500.

RELIGION 361-1,2 (429-C61-1,2) Foundations of Christian Thought
Survey of the development of Christian thought. 1. Early or traditional Christianity. 2. Christian thought since the Reformation.

RELIGION 364-0 (429-C64-0) The Idea of Sainthood in Christianity
Historical and contemporary conceptions of sanctity, especially in Roman Catholicism and Eastern Orthodoxy.

RELIGION 365-0 (429-C65-0) Christian Mystical Theology
Writings of mystics (e.g., Meister Eckhart, Cloud of Unknowing, Julian of Norwich, Teresa of Avila) in their cultural context.
Islam
HISTORY 355-0 (427-C55-0) Islam in Africa See History.
RELIGION 357-0 (429-C57-0) Topics in Islam Selected topics in Islamic history and thought. May be repeated for credit with different topic.
RELIGION 371-0 (429-C71-0) Muhammad, the Jews, and the Origins of Islam The rise of Islam, including a broad discussion of pre-Islamic Arabia.
RELIGION 377-0 (429-C77-0) Trends in Islamic Thought Quranic, medieval, and modern approaches to problems in faith and social action.

Courses in Method and Comparative Study
RELIGION 350-0 (429-C50-0) Topics in Religion May be repeated for credit with different topic.
RELIGION 390-0 (429-C90-0) Comparative Study of Religions History and present use of the comparative method of studying religions.
RELIGION 395-0 (429-C95-0) Theories of Religion Ways of analyzing critically religious experience and its meaning. Phenomenology of religion, history of religions, comparative religions.
RELIGION 396-1,2 (429-C96-1,2) Senior Seminar
RELIGION 399-0 (429-C99-0) Independent Study For advanced students, reading and conferences on special subjects. Consent of instructor required.

Russian
See Slavic Languages and Literatures.

Science in Human Culture Program

Minor in Science in Human Culture
The minor in science in human culture prepares students to confront the impact of science, medicine, and technology on society and on their own lives. The program welcomes science majors interested in thinking beyond the problem sets assigned in their specialized courses as well as students in the humanities who wish to surmount the compartmentalization of knowledge that accompanied the rise of modern science. The minor seeks to foster critical thinking about the limits, authority, and impact of science, a mode of understanding that is often said to be the defining feature of modern culture.

For an up-to-date listing of courses and more information about the minor, consult the program director, Ken Alder, Harris Hall, room 102C, 847/491-7260, e-mail: k-alder@nwu.edu, or the program Web page at www2.mmlc.nwu.edu/shc/.

Minor course requirements (7 units)
In consultation with a faculty adviser, students develop a coherent theme that ties together their choice of seven courses selected from the partial list below. Students must take at least one 300-level seminar. Students applying for the minor in science in human culture must show a minimum of five courses not double-counted in any other major(s).

Some of the themes adopted by students have included medicine and society, technology and social change, science and gender, religion and scientific knowledge, and philosophy of science. For example, students interested in medicine and society might explore the interaction of medical knowledge and practice, medical ethics, and the boundaries between sickness and health. Topics addressed might include the authority of the physician, the role of the hospital, the social dimensions of racial and gender differences, and the changing conception of disease and healing.

Eligible courses (partial list)
ANTHRO 370 Anthropology in Historical Perspective
BIOL SCI 160 Human Reproduction
CIV ENG 206 Environmental Literacy
CLASSICS 342 Early European Medicine
COM ST 229 Communication Technology, Community, and Personal Identity
EUR TH 216 The Age of Enlightenment
GEOL SCI 288 Earth in Science and Art
HISTORY 275-1,2 History of Western Science and Medicine
HISTORY 325 History of American Technology
HISTORY 350-3,4 The Intellectual History of Europe
HISTORY 375-1,2 Technology: History, Society, and Economy
HISTORY 376-1,2 Science and Modern Society
PHIL 220 Science in Human Culture
PHIL 254 Scientific Method in the Natural Sciences
PHIL 325 Philosophy of Mind
PHIL 354 Advanced Topics in the Philosophy of Natural Science
PHIL 367 Philosophical Issues Concerning Technology
POLI SCI 204 Politics and Nature
PSYCH 337 Human Sexuality
SOCIOL 312 Social Basis of Environmental Change
SOCIOL 319 Sociology of Science
SOCIOL 355 Medical Sociology

Other courses are available periodically, including HISTORY 391 Special Lectures (e.g., The History of Abortion, The Origins of Modern Medicine) and HISTORY 392 Topics in History seminars (e.g., The Two-Cultures Problem, Gender and Medicine in History).

Slavic Languages and Literatures
The department offers a full program of study in Russian language and literature and a range of other courses on the languages, culture, and history of Eastern Europe. Russian study encompasses a broad discipline that touches on many others. The rich heritage of Russia includes much that is fundamental to Western culture. For example, Turgenev, Dostoevsky, Tolstoy, and Chekhov probe philosophical, social, political, and psychological issues that are central to
the 20th-century experience. Courses in Russian literature open up the artistry and ideas of this intellectual tradition. Russian language study can also serve as an entrée into other Slavic languages; with a foundation in Russian, one can branch off into related Slavic traditions. At this time, of course, Russian study has obvious practical significance as well.

Nonmajors as well as prospective specialists are served by the department’s courses. Many courses offering a general acquaintance with some facet of Slavic studies have no prerequisite. All periods of Russian literature are represented, with emphasis on the 19th and 20th centuries. Russian language at all levels is taught by Americans and native speakers.

Students major in Russian language and literature for a variety of reasons. Some want the rigorous intellectual training and the breadth of cultural exposure. Some students are primarily interested in acquiring language skills for use in government service, international law or trade, journalism, or scientific research. Others use the major as a foundation for graduate work in comparative literature, linguistics, history, or political science. A number of students combine the major in Russian with a second major in one of these fields. Northwestern's library is an excellent resource for undergraduate and graduate study in Russian literature. Qualified advanced students have the opportunity to spend a full quarter in Russia through a Northwestern study abroad program. Students should consult the department chair or an adviser in the Study Abroad Office to learn more about study abroad options.

Major in Slavic Languages and Literatures

Departmental courses

Basic courses: 102-1,2,3 or equivalent

Electives: 14 additional courses in Slavic languages and literatures and related fields

Honors: two additional courses

Plan A: No Study Abroad

Basic electives (7): 203-1,2,3 and four courses chosen from 210-1,2,3; 211-1,2; 255

Advanced electives (7): 360 or 361 and five other 300- or 400-level Slavic languages and literatures courses; one course in a related field chosen with the undergraduate adviser

Plan B: Study in Russia

Basic electives (4): four courses chosen from 210-1,2,3, 211-1,2, 255

Study abroad: 4 or more units toward the major

Advanced electives (6): 360 or 361 and five other 300- or 400-level Slavic languages and literatures courses

Minor Concentrations in Slavic Languages and Literatures

The department offers minor concentrations in Russian and Slavic studies.

Russian

The minor concentration in Russian is particularly suitable for students who wish to study the Russian language intensively (possibly for use in such fields as political science, international relations, law, or business) or for the increasing number of students of Russian background at Northwestern who major in other fields but wish to broaden their knowledge of their native language.

Prerequisites: completion of two years of college-level language or equivalent as demonstrated by course work such as 102-3 or equivalent

Minor course requirements (7 units)

• 203-1,2,3
• Four courses chosen from 303-1,2,3, 359-1,2, 360, 361

Slavic Studies

The minor concentration in Slavic studies offers a broad survey of literature and culture but does not include a sequence of language courses. The program is particularly suited for engineering and science majors whose heavy course loads do not allow them to take a language course each quarter. The 200-level offerings provide a background in literature and culture, and the 300-level courses offer the opportunity to deal with more specific issues.

Minor course requirements (8 units)

• Four 200-level courses in Slavic languages and literatures
• Four 300-level courses, at least two of them in Slavic languages and literatures; up to two can be courses in a related field chosen with consent of the undergraduate adviser (HISTORY 345 is strongly recommended)

Honors in Slavic Languages and Literatures

The honors program in Slavic languages and literatures gives outstanding senior majors an opportunity to undertake a research project under the supervision of a faculty adviser. This honors thesis, together with the student's record in Slavic courses, forms the basis for faculty decisions on the award of departmental honors. Most honors candidates research and write the thesis in two quarters of 399. Another option is to take a 400-level seminar followed by 399 in which the student pursues a topic arising out of the 400-level course. Students interested in pursuing honors should consult the director of undergraduate studies by the end of their junior year. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
Courses in Language and Linguistics

SLAVIC 101-1,2,3 (467-A01-1,2,3) Elementary Russian
1. A largely oral approach to the basic grammar and vocabulary necessary for reading, speaking, and writing simple Russian. 2,3. Graded readings, conversation, writing.

SLAVIC 102-1,2,3 (467-A02-1,2,3) Intermediate Russian
The language of conversation, literature, and today's posters and newspapers. Weekly language lab; unabridged poetry and fiction; tapes and films. Prerequisite: 101-3 or equivalent.

SLAVIC 106-1,2,3 (467-A06-1,2,3) Elementary Czech
A largely oral approach to the basic grammar and vocabulary necessary for reading, speaking, and writing simple Czech.

SLAVIC 203-1,2,3 (467-B03-1,2,3) Russian Language and Culture
Conversation, listening comprehension, reading, and composition. Unabridged contemporary readings on Russian culture and society. Third-year, multiskill course. Prerequisite: 102-3 or equivalent.

SLAVIC 206-1,2,3 (467-B06-1,2,3) Intermediate Czech: Language and Culture
Continuation of 106; reading on topics in Czech culture. Prerequisite: 106-3.

SLAVIC 303-1,2,3 (467-C03-1,2,3) Advanced Russian Language and Culture
Conversation, listening comprehension, reading, and composition. Unabridged contemporary reading and media, including television, on Russian culture and society. Fourth-year course. Prerequisite: 203-3 or equivalent.

SLAVIC 304-1,2,3 (467-C04-1,2,3) Russians: New and Old Values
Advanced Russian with stress on oral and aural comprehension and writing; documentary films, newspaper and magazine articles in Russian. Prerequisite: 303-3 or equivalent.

SLAVIC 320-0 (467-C20-0) Structure of Serbian and Croatian
Phonological and syntactic structure of Serbian and Croatian. Historical background.

SLAVIC 340-0 (467-C40-0) History of the Russian Language
Russian phonology and morphology from Proto-Indo-European to modern Russian. Effects of the changes on the contemporary language.

SLAVIC 341-0 (467-C41-0) Structure of Modern Russian
Theories and methods of linguistics as applied to the description of modern Russian. Phonetics, morphology, syntax.

Courses with Reading and Discussion in English

SLAVIC 210-1,2,3 (467-B10-1,2,3) Introduction to Russian Literature
Comprehensive overview of the central prose works and literary movements in 19th-century Russia. 1. Thematic and formal study of major works by Pushkin, Gogol, Lermontov, Turgenev. 2. Tolstoy, Dostoevsky. 3. Turgenev, Leskov, the late Tolstoy, Chekhov, Bunin, Gorky.

SLAVIC 211-1,2 (467-B11-1,2) 20th-Century Russian Literature
Major works in cultural-historical context, from the Russian revolutions of 1917 through the avant-garde 1920s and Stalinist repression to the present. 1. Literature of revolution, civil war, the transition to socialism (Babel, Olesha, Platonov, Bulgakov's The Master and Margarita). 2. Post–World War II writers and problems (Pasternak's Doctor Zhivago, Solzhenitsyn, Sinyavsky, and other dissidents; contemporary fiction).

SLAVIC 255-0 (467-B55-0) Early Slavic Civilization
History, literature, and culture of the Slavs (Bulgarians, Macedonians, Serbs, Croats, Russians, Ukrainians, Byelorussians, Poles, Czechs, Slovaks) from antiquity through the 13th century.

SLAVIC 257-0 (467-B57-0) Introduction to the Soviet Union and Successor States
Broad survey of Russian cultural, social, political, and economic life in the 20th century. Focus on the Soviet period and its aftermath in light of Russia's historical background.

SLAVIC 267-0 (467-B67-0) Czech Culture: Film, Visual Arts, Music
Cultural legacy of the Czech nation as represented in various media.

SLAVIC 310-0 (467-C10-0) Tolstoy
Tolstoy's artistic and intellectual development through his major fiction.

SLAVIC 311-0 (467-C11-0) Dostoevsky
Dostoevsky's artistic and intellectual position in Russian literature as revealed in the major novels, shorter fiction, and diaries.

SLAVIC 313-0 (467-C13-0) Nabokov
Vladimir Nabokov's major Russian and American prose, from his émigré years (The Defense, The Gift, and Invitation to a Beheading) to his celebrated English language works (Lolita, Speak Memory, and Pale Fire).

SLAVIC 318-0 (467-C18-0) 19th-Century Russian Comedy and Satire
The nature of comedy, the types of satire, and the functions of laughter in the works of Gogol and Chekhov.

SLAVIC 319-0 (467-C19-0) The Philosophical Story
A key form of Russian and East European fiction, the story about abstract philosophical issues. The role it played in general philosophical debates, how it works as literature, philosophical issues raised.

SLAVIC 350-0 (467-C50-0) Folklore, Music, Poetry
Traditional folk and religious folklore and poetry: from Biblical and Greek origins through East Slavic, Russian, and Western European works. Forms, literary and political implications, Russian and Western European poetic and rhythmic interrelations.

SLAVIC 367-1,2 (467-C67-1,2) Russian Film
SLAVIC 368-0 (467-C68-0) Andrei Tarkovsky's Aesthetics and World Cinema Major films of Tarkovsky and of those Russian and non-Russian directors whose work is related to his (Eisenstein, Wenders, Bergman, Kurosawa).

SLAVIC 369-0 (467-C69-0) 20th-Century Russian Drama and Theater Modernist dramatic and theatrical traditions of Russia from the rise of the Moscow Art Theater to the advent of Socialist Realism. Dramas by Chekhov, Blok, Khlebnikov, Mayakovski; productions of Stanislavsky, Diaghilev, Meierkhold; design innovations of Tatlin, Malevich, Exter.

SLAVIC 370-0 (467-C70-0) Introduction to Eastern European Jewish Culture Cultural heritage of Russian and Eastern European Jewish communities from the 18th to 20th centuries. Works of Sholom Aleichem and Isaac Bashevis Singer; relations of Jewish culture to surrounding European cultures.

SLAVIC 371-0 (467-C71-0) Eastern European Literature of the Holocaust Novels, short stories, and memoirs by Eastern Europeans who experienced the Nazi occupation or were marked by its aftermath; problems of identity, memory, genre.

SLAVIC 372-0 (467-C72-0) Theory and Practice of Literary Translation Theoretical and practical problems of literary and cultural translation. Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 373-0 (467-C73-0) Russian Culture Survey of major trends in Russian cultural life as expressed in art, literature, politics, and society. Content varies; may be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: 203-3 or equivalent.

SLAVIC 374-0 (467-C74-0) Russian Prose Survey of Russian literature at the 19th- and 20th-century. Content varies; may be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: 203-3 or equivalent.

SLAVIC 375-0 (467-C75-0) 19th-Century Russian Poetry Introduction to the wealth of Russian 19th-century lyric poetry and basic techniques for its study: Pushkin, Baratynsky, Lermontov, Tyutchev, Fet. Prerequisite: 203-3 or equivalent.

SLAVIC 376-0 (467-C76-0) 20th-Century Russian Prose Introduction to the works of Russian authors of the 20th century. Content varies; may be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: 203-3 or equivalent.

SLAVIC 377-0 (467-C77-0) Russian Novel Prerequisites: 102-3 or equivalent. Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 378-0 (467-C78-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 379-0 (467-C79-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 380-0 (467-C80-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 381-0 (467-C81-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 382-0 (467-C82-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 383-0 (467-C83-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 384-0 (467-C84-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 385-0 (467-C85-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 386-0 (467-C86-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 387-0 (467-C87-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 388-0 (467-C88-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 389-0 (467-C89-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 390-0 (467-C90-0) Russian Prose Prerequisites: 300-level proficiency in a Romance, Germanic, or Slavic language; consent of instructor.

SLAVIC 391-0 (467-C91-0) The Rise and Fall of Yugoslavia Yugoslavia from origins as a dream to existence as a multinational state and collapse in the late 1980s; nationalism, interrelationship of politics and culture; readings from historians, cultural critics, and literary works.

SLAVIC 392-0 (467-C92-0) Contemporary East European Literature Post–World War II literature of the Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Romania, and the former Yugoslavia; national identity, dissidence, and literary postmodernism.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
• 398-1,2 (fall and winter quarters of the senior year)
• Four additional 300-level sociology courses; only 1 unit each of 376, 399, and GEN LA 393 Chicago Field Studies Internship may be used to fulfill this requirement

In certain cases, students who are combining a major in sociology with a major in another field that also requires a senior research seminar may arrange to fulfill their seminar requirement in a combined project.

Related courses: four 300-level quarter-courses in African American studies, anthropology, economics, history, linguistics, philosophy, political science, psychology, or women's studies selected with the approval of the adviser.

Minor Concentrations in Sociology

The Department of Sociology offers minor concentrations in sociological research and in sociological studies. Students seeking a minor in sociology must consult with the director of undergraduate studies.

Sociological Research

The minor concentration in sociological research prepares students to carry out their own research by offering an introduction to the discipline, followed by an array of courses in quantitative and qualitative methods. Students learn how data are gathered and prepared for analysis and a variety of techniques and methods for presenting information, arguments, and conclusions. Two 300-level courses allow students to see how these methods are used in practice.

Minor course requirements (6 units)

• 110 or a 200-level sociology course
• 226
• 303 or equivalent
• 329
• Two 300-level sociology courses approved by the director of undergraduate studies; although they may be taken more than once, only one credit may be counted toward the minor for each of the following courses: 376, 399, GEN LA 393 Chicago Field Studies Internship

Sociological Studies

The minor concentration in sociological studies introduces basic information about the social world and provides the rudimentary tools to understand it. It prepares students to compare, evaluate, and critically analyze information about various institutions, processes of stratification, and social change.

Minor course requirements (7 units)

• 110 or a 200-level sociology course
• 226
• Five 300-level sociology courses approved by the director of undergraduate studies; although they may be taken more than once, only one credit may be counted toward the minor for each of the following courses: 376, 399, GEN LA 393 Chicago Field Studies Internship

Four-Year BA/MA

In rare instances, superior students may petition the department to complete BA and MA degrees in the normal four-year period required for the BA. Only unusually gifted and motivated students are accepted into this rigorous program. Interested students should consult with the undergraduate advisers early in their academic career. See Four-Year Master’s Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

Honors in Sociology

Students who complete all requirements for the major, maintain a grade point average of 3.3 or above in their major courses, and complete an outstanding senior research project in 398-1,2 or its equivalent will be nominated for honors in sociology to the College Committee on Superior Students and Honors, which has final authority to grant the honors degree. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

The Teaching of Sociology

Weinberg College students pursuing a major in sociology who also wish to be certified for secondary teaching must be admitted to the Secondary Teaching Program in the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) and complete all requirements as outlined in the SESP section of this catalog. Students are urged to contact the Office of Student Affairs in SESP as early as possible in their academic career.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates

SOCIOL 110-0 (471-A10-0) Introduction to Sociology
Essential characteristics of group life. Interrelations of society, culture, and personality. Basic institutions and processes.

SOCIOL 201-0 (471-B01-0) Social Inequality: Race, Class, and Power

SOCIOL 202-0 (471-B02-0) Social Problems: Norms and Deviance

SOCIOL 203-0 (471-B03-0) Revolutions and Social Change
Causes and outcomes of large-scale social change. Role of violence and revolution in the development of the modern world.

SOCIOL 204-0 (471-B04-0) Social Interaction: The Individual and Society
Development of individual attitudes and behavior patterns through social interaction. Relation to students’ everyday life and problems.
SOCIO 205-0 (471-B05-0) American Society How American society works as a whole. How major institutions relate and affect each other; how the different segments and strata of society experience such institutional processes. Tensions associated with differential experience of common and shared institutions.

SOCIO 206-0 (471-B06-0) Law and Society Introduction to the role of law in American society. Relationship of law, inequality, and social change. Patterns of change in major legal institutions: the courts, the legal profession, and legal services for the poor.

SOCIO 207-0 (471-B07-0) Problems of Cities Problems of American urban communities and possible solutions. Spatial, economic, and political trends; private and public decision making; class, race, and family needs. Consequences for adequate public services.

SOCIO 215-0 (471-B15-0) Economy and Society Introduction to sociological approaches to economic life. Topics include property rights, illegal markets, money, economic inequalities, direct sales, and boycotts.

SOCIO 216-0 (471-B16-0) Gender and Society Social determination of gender-appropriate behavior. Origins, values, and effects of sex-role stereotypes. How stereotypes fit social reality. Socialization (childhood and adult), values, economic opportunities in the United States, now and in the past.

SOCIO 226-0 (471-B26-0) Sociological Analysis Logic and methods of social research, qualitative and quantitative analysis of social data, and ethical, political, and policy issues in social research. Foundation for further work in social research.

SOCIO 301-0 (471-C01-0) The City: Urbanization and Urbanism Theories of urbanization, housing, jobs, race and class, segregation, social networks, politics, and reform policies. Research projects. Prerequisite: 110 or 207.

SOCIO 302-0 (471-C02-0) Sociology of Organizations Structure and function of formal organizations, especially in business and government. Stratification, social control, and conflict. Discretion, rules, and information in achieving goals. Modes of participation. Development of informal norms. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

SOCIO 303-0 (471-C03-0) Analysis and Interpretation of Social Data Introduction to quantitative methods: the interpretation of descriptive statistics, relationships between variables, and the logic of inferential statistics. Prerequisite: 226 or consent of instructor.

SOCIO 305-0 (471-C05-0) Demography and Population Problems Social causes and consequences of population dynamics (fertility, mortality, marriage, divorce, and migration) and population structures (age, sex, size, density). Possible roles of population changes in environmental and economic development problems. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

SOCIO 306-0 (471-C06-0) Sociological Theory Sociological perspective as developed by classic theorists. Elucidation and testing of sociological principles in contemporary research. Primarily for sociology majors. Open to others with consent of instructor. Prerequisite: 226.

SOCIO 307-0 (471-C07-0) School and Society Reciprocal influences between formal institutions of education and the broader society from different theoretical perspectives. Internal organization of schools. Relationship between education and inequality and to problems of contemporary urban education. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

SOCIO 308-0 (471-C08-0) Sociology of Deviance and Crime The social organization of crime and other misdeeds, explanations of crime and deviance, creating criminal law, policing, detection and investigation, prosecution, plea bargaining, the courts, sentencing, punishment, prisons, and alternatives to criminal law. Prerequisite: 110 or 202.

SOCIO 309-0 (471-C09-0) Political Sociology Selected topics in political economy and sociology: revolutions, the development of the modern state, third world development, international conflict. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

SOCIO 310-0 (471-C10-0) The Family and Social Learning Influence of socioeconomic and other structural and cultural resources and constraints on family structure and dynamics. Historical and comparative perspectives on the modern family. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

SOCIO 312-0 (471-C12-0) Social Basis of Environmental Change The role of production structures and other social institutions on pollution and depletion. Social support for and resistance to environmental protection policies. Inequalities in use of resources and incidence of environmental hazards. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

SOCIO 314-0 (471-C14-0) Sociology of Religion and Ideology Belief systems in society. Production of ideas. Religion, art, science, political ideology, and folk-knowledge as social products. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

SOCIO 315-0 (471-C15-0) Industrialism and Industrialization Structure and culture of modern industry; consequences for status and class organization. Labor force, formal and informal organization of management and labor. Union-management interaction. Factors affecting industrial morale. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

SOCIO 316-0 (471-C16-0) Economic Sociology Sociological approach to production, distribution, consumption, and markets. Classic and contemporary approaches to the economy compared across social science disciplines. Prerequisite: 215 or ECON 202 or equivalent.

SOCIO 318-0 (471-C18-0) Sociology of Law Sociological analysis of legal institutions such as courts, the police, and
Sociology 319-0 (471-C19-0) Sociology of Science Science as a social system. Personality, social class, and cultural factors in scientific development, creativity, choice of role, simultaneous invention, and priority disputes. Social effects on objectivity and bias.

Sociology 321-0 (471-C21-0) Armed Forces and Society Contemporary military institutions and sociological theory. Changing dynamics of combat, peacekeeping, race relations, gender, and other social issues. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 323-0 (471-C23-0) American Subcultures and Ethnic Groups Differentiation, organization, and stratification by ethnicity, race, lifestyle, and other traits. Maintenance of subgroup boundaries and distinctiveness. Consequences of difference: identity, political and economic participation, group solidarity. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 325-0 (471-C25-0) Social Stratification Bases of social stratification. Effects on life conditions and social organization. Theoretical, methodological, and empirical dimensions. Emphasis on advanced industrial societies. Prerequisite: 226.

Sociology 327-0 (471-C27-0) Youth and Society How young people interact with families, schools, peers, neighborhoods, and workplaces, influencing them and being influenced by them. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 329-0 (471-C29-0) Field Research and Methods of Data Collection Practicum in firsthand data collection using observation and structured and unstructured interviewing. Issues of reliability and validity, and qualitative analysis. Prerequisite: 226.

Sociology 331-0 (471-C31-0) Markets, Hierarchies, and Democracies The forms and social structures for making economic decisions in modern societies. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 332-0 (471-C32-0) Work and Occupation in Modern Industrialized Societies Sociological perspectives on work. Students view their own occupational futures in the context of the changing social relations of production. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 333-0 (471-C33-0) Law, Norms, and Power How laws and informal social rules are related to the exercise of power by some people over others. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 335-0 (471-C35-0) Sociology of Rational Decision Making Analysis of the role played by numerical and quantitative information in organizational decision making in the private and public sectors. Prerequisites: 215 and 302 or ECON 202 or consent of instructor.

Sociology 345-0 (471-C45-0) Class and Culture The role that culture plays in the formation and reproduction of social classes. Class socialization, culture and class boundaries, class identities and class consciousness, culture and class action. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 347-0 (471-C47-0) Sociology of Time and Space Social construction of time and space. Standardization of time, maps as ideological documents, capitalist time and space, personal and social spaces and memories. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 350-0 (471-C50-0) Sociology of the Arts Art as collective activity. Conventions in art and aesthetics. Professionals and audiences and other aspects of culture. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 355-0 (471-C55-0) Medical Sociology Social construction of health and illness; inequalities in distribution of illness and health care; organization of health care work and occupations. Prerequisite: 100- or 200-level sociology course.

Sociology 356-0 (471-C56-0) Sociology of Gender Gender and issues of social reproduction and social change with sexuality and reproduction emphasized. Prerequisite: 216 or 226.

Sociology 376-0 (471-C76-0) Topics in Sociological Analysis Advanced work on special topics in sociological study.

Sociology 380-7 (471-C80-7) Junior Year Tutorial Small seminar group in conjunction with various scheduled 300-level classes.

General 393-0 (401-C93-0) Chicago Field Studies Internship See General Studies.

Sociology 398-1,2 (471-C98-1,2) Senior Research Seminar Independent research projects carried out under faculty supervision. Prerequisite: 303, 329, or equivalent.

Sociology 399-0 (471-C99-0) Independent Study (1 or 2 units) Open with consent of department. Registration extension to more than one quarter.

Spanish
See Hispanic Studies.

Statistics
Statistics is the scientific discipline that deals with the organization, analysis, collection, and interpretation of numerical data. Statistical methods are widely used to design and analyze experiments, sample surveys, censuses, and other observational programs. Such analysis involves both description of the properties of groups of observations and problems of drawing inferences from such data. Applications to the biological, social, and physical sciences are widespread, and statistical analyses are increasingly required in actuarial work, accounting, finance, engineering, medicine, and law.
Major in Statistics
Departmental courses
- MATH 330-1 or IEMS 302
- STAT 325, 350, 351
- IEMS 303, 304
- Two of the following courses: MATH 330-2, IEMS 305, 315, STAT 352, 355, 359. (Students may not apply both MATH 330-2 and IEMS 315 to the major requirement.)
Related courses: a) MATH 214-1,2,3, 215, 217, b) MATH 220-1,2,3; c) MATH 290-1,2,3; or d) equivalent

Minor in Statistics
Students who complete the minor in statistics receive serious exposure to probability theory, statistical estimation theory, statistical analysis, and the design of statistical data collection. Students choosing to minor in statistics are assumed to have completed MATH 214-1,2,3 or equivalent.

Minor course requirements (6 units)
- STAT 201, 202 or 210 (1 unit)
- MATH 330-1 or IEMS 302 (1 unit)
- IEMS 303 and 304 (2 units)
- STAT 350 or ECON 381-2 (1 unit)
- STAT 352 or 351 (1 unit)

Four-Year BA/MS
The department offers a four-year BA/MS program in statistics for outstanding undergraduate majors. Interested students should contact their adviser or department chair and should see Four-Year Master’s Programs in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

Honors in Statistics
Departmental majors with outstanding records both overall and within the department may apply for graduation with departmental honors. A departmental recommendation for honors requires that students take two quarters of 398, through which a research paper is developed. For more information, consult the director of undergraduate studies. See Honors under Academic Policies earlier in this section of the catalog.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates
STAT 201-0 (473-B01-0) Statistics and Public Policy
Basic statistical concepts and techniques introduced via case studies of interesting public policy issues. The cases illustrate methods of data collection and analysis.

STAT 202-0 (473-B02-0) Introduction to Statistics
Data collection, summarization, correlation, regression, probability, sampling, estimation, tests of significance. Does not require calculus and makes minimal use of mathematics.

STAT 206-0 (473-B06-0) Elementary Statistics for Research
Design of experiments, descriptive statistics, correlation and regression, probability, confidence intervals, and significance testing.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
STAT 351-0 (473-C51-0) Design and Analysis of Experiments
Methods of designing experiments and analyzing data obtained from them: one-way and two-way layouts, incomplete block designs, factorial designs, random effects, split-plot and nested designs. Prerequisite: IEMS 304 or equivalent.

STAT 352-0 (473-C52-0) Nonparametric Statistical Methods
Survey of nonparametric methods, with emphasis on understanding their application. Prerequisite: IEMS 304 or equivalent.

STAT 355-0 (473-C55-0) Analysis of Qualitative Data
Introduction to the analysis of qualitative data. Measures of association, log-linear models, logits, and probits. Prerequisite: IEMS 304 or equivalent.

STAT 359-0 (473-C59-0) Topics in Statistics
Topics in theoretical and applied statistics to be chosen by instructor. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

STAT 398-0 (473-C98-0) Undergraduate Seminar

Related Courses in Other Departments
MATH 330-1,2,3 Probability and Statistics
IEMS 302 Probability
IEMS 305 Statistical Methods for Quality Improvement
IEMS 315 Stochastic Models and Simulation

Undergraduate Leadership Program
The Undergraduate Leadership Program, a certificate program open to all undergraduates, helps students understand the nature of leadership and prepares them to become leaders. (See Undergraduate Leadership Program in the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog.)

Urban Studies Program
The Program in Urban Studies enables students majoring in anthropology, economics, history, political science, or sociology to master their disciplinary major and to complement it with a second major in urban studies. With special consent of the director of the program, students with other majors in Weinberg College also may elect urban studies as a second major. The purpose of the program is to introduce students to an interdisciplinary perspective on the city and its problems, bringing together faculty and students who share common interests but have different academic backgrounds. In addition to the following requirements, it is recommended that students who major in urban studies complete a methods or statistics course in one of the social science departments and participate in the Chicago field studies program.

Major in Urban Studies
Program courses
• Fulfillment of the major requirements in any one of the following undergraduate departments: anthropology, economics, history, political science, sociology; or with consent of the director of the program, fulfillment of the major requirements in another department of Weinberg College. Majors in urban studies must show a minimum of seven courses not double-counted in any other major(s). Of the courses that are double-counted, one may be counted in the the core requirement; another may be counted as an elective.
• Completion of four courses chosen from an urban studies core: ECON 354; HISTORY 322-1,2; POLI SCI 221; SOCIOL 207, 301
• Completion of three additional courses chosen from the following list, no more than two from the same department and no more than one from urban field studies or internships: AF AM ST 236-2; ANTHRO 392; ART HIST 379; CIV ENG 371; ECON 337, 354, 355; HISTORY 322-1,2; POLI SCI 221, 327, 330; SOCIOL 207, 301; any approved unit of urban field studies in any relevant department
• Completion of the two-unit 398 seminar during the fall and winter or winter and spring quarters of the student's senior year. Check Class Schedule for quarters this seminar is offered.

Course
URBAN ST 398-1,2 (475-C98-1,2) Urban Studies Seminar
Open to senior majors in urban studies. Interdisciplinary approach to urban studies entailing design and execution of a research project over two quarters. Grade of K given in 398-1 changed to letter grade after completion of 398-2.

Women's Studies Program
The Women's Studies Program offers an interdisciplinary program of courses focused on scholarly research on women and issues of concern to women. These courses are supplemented by courses on women offered through other academic departments on campus. The curriculum is designed to examine women's experiences historically and cross-culturally and to explore social, political, and cultural issues as they relate to women's lives.

The rich and varied curriculum offers students a range of academic experience, including seminars, fieldwork, performance, and opportunities for original research. Consistently emphasized are the ways in which attention to women's lives and experiences has altered scholarly preconceptions and research methods.

Major in Women's Studies
The women's studies major is an adjunct major. Students majoring in women's studies must also fulfill the requirements of another major in Weinberg College or in any other school in the University. The major in women's studies must show a minimum of nine courses not double-counted in any other major(s).
Program courses (at least 11 units)
- Three core courses: 210, 230, 231
- Six elective one-quarter courses, at least four at the 300 level, focusing on women; four of those six courses must be offered by the women’s studies program. Others may be women’s studies courses or courses from other departments cross-listed under women’s studies.
- 397 followed by either (a) 398 and 399, or (b) one other 300-level elective course
  Students who choose option (a) will generate an independent research project (a senior thesis) and may be recommended for departmental honors. Students who choose option (b) will not write a thesis and will not be eligible for departmental honors.
  Examples of courses that fulfill the elective requirement include, but are not limited to, the following:
  AF AM ST 379 African American Women Playwrights
  ANTHRO 354 Gender and Anthropology
  HISTORY 303-2 American Women’s History
  LING 318 Language and Gender
  R/TV/F 325 Feminism and Film/Video (see the School of Speech section of this catalog)
  SOCIOLOG 216 Gender and Society

Minor in Women’s Studies
Students who wish to focus their interest in women’s studies may earn a minor in women’s studies while simultaneously pursuing a departmental major in any undergraduate school. Students qualify for the minor in women’s studies by satisfactorily completing the requirements listed below and presenting a minimum of five courses not double-counted in their majors.

Minor course requirements (7 units)
- Two core courses chosen from 210, 230, 231
- Five electives chosen in consultation with an adviser in the Women’s Studies Program. At least three courses must be at the 300 level; three must be women’s studies courses; the remaining two may be women’s studies courses or courses from other departments cross-listed under women’s studies. Students are encouraged (but not required) to take 397 as one of the five.

For examples of electives, see the list under Major in Women’s Studies.

Courses
WM ST 210-0 (480-B10-0) Introduction to Women’s Studies: Life As Women Know It Theoretical, personal, and political issues; connections among gender, race, class, and sexual orientation.
WM ST 230-0 (480-B30-0) The Roots of Feminism The development of feminist thought and the women’s movement. Readings contextualized in terms of social, political, and intellectual background.

WM ST 231-0 (480-B31-0) Feminisms: Voices and Visions A cross-cultural study of women as makers and consumers of literature and the arts. Challenges to tradition; strategies of resistance and revision.
WM ST 250-0 (480-B50-0) Women and the Scientific Community The integration of women into the culture of science and medicine. Women’s contributions to science; development of sexual differences; contemporary health issues.
WM ST 290-0 (480-B90-0) Women in Culture and Society: Topics Changing role and image of women in society. Investigates one or several cultural and/or national traditions.
WM ST 375-0 (480-C75-0) Internship in Women’s Studies Field research and practical work experience in women’s organizations; biweekly meeting with the instructor and other interns for discussions of common readings and their internship experiences. Consent of instructor.
WM ST 390-0 (480-C90-0) Topics in Women’s Studies Topics vary: for example, contemporary women writers, activism in the sixties and beyond, women and war.
WM ST 391-0 (480-C91-0) Writing Women’s Lives Seminar launching each student on a research project that illuminates the life of a woman or group of women. Exploration of archives, theories of the self, and historical contexts. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.
WM ST 392-0 (480-C92-0) Women and Autobiography Investigation of women as readers and producers of autobiography. Exploration of memory and construction of self in relation to gender, culture, ethics. Prerequisite: one introductory course in women’s studies or consent of instructor.
WM ST 395-0 (480-C95-0) Sexuality and Its Discontents Social and historical constructions of sexuality; emergence of lesbianism and homosexuality as categories; issues of sexuality, race, and class; problems of sexual domination and violence. Prerequisite: one introductory course in women’s studies or consent of instructor.
WM ST 396-0 (480-C96-0) Feminist Therapy Theoretical basis for the feminist critique of traditional psychotherapy. Exploration of problems presented by female clients; gender-related causes and feminist strategies for resolution. Prerequisite: one course in women’s studies or psychology; junior/senior standing.
WM ST 397-0 (480-C97-0) Senior Seminar in Feminist Theory Issues in feminist theory and research methods.
WM ST 398-0 (480-C98-0) Senior Research Seminar Continuation of 397. Students work with an adviser and begin research on a senior thesis project, meeting on a reduced schedule. Prerequisites: 397 and consent of undergraduate adviser.
WM ST 399-0 (480-C99-0) Independent Study Individual tutorial or research projects. Prerequisite: consent of instructor and a women’s studies adviser.
Writing Program

The Writing Program is an independent Weinberg College unit that seeks to help all Northwestern undergraduates learn to write clearly and persuasively. A core faculty of experienced writing instructors teaches the program's main sequence of basic, intermediate, and advanced expository writing courses. These are listed as English 105, 106, 205, and 305. Writing courses are limited to 15 students, allowing instructors to comment extensively on students' writing and to meet regularly with students in individual conferences. Courses at every level emphasize revision, with the goal of strengthening each student's ability to think clearly, analyze carefully, argue convincingly, and communicate effectively.

The Writing Program also operates the Writing Place, a center that provides free composition tutoring and consulting for all Northwestern students. The Writing Place, located in the University Library, is open most mornings, afternoons, and evenings during the academic year. Students may make appointments, use the schedule of drop-in hours, or interact with Writing Place tutors through the campus computer network.

The Writing Program helps to oversee writing requirements — and thus provides writing advising — for undergraduates in Weinberg College, McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science, School of Music, and some programs in the School of Speech. Members of the Writing Program faculty also occasionally teach specialized courses and workshops. In recent years, these offerings have included courses in technical writing, a residential college tutorial on management communication, and a course in the Women's Studies Program, Writing Women's Lives. In all its courses and special offerings, the Writing Program concentrates on helping students develop skill, confidence, and insight as writers.

Students interested in a writing major should see English Major in Writing under English.

Courses

ENGLISH 105-0 (419-A05-0) Expository Writing
See English.

ENGLISH 106-1,2 (419-A06-1,2) Writing in Special Contexts
See English.

ENGLISH 205-0 (419-B05-0) Intermediate Composition
See English.

ENGLISH 304-0 (419-C04-0) Practical Rhetoric
See English.

ENGLISH 305-0 (419-C05-0) Advanced Composition
See English.
School of Education and Social Policy

The mission of the School of Education and Social Policy (SESP) is to understand and improve learning communities, defined as groups of people working together in structured social and/or technical environments that influence human development. Viewed in this way, learning communities include not only schools and classrooms but also workplaces, families, neighborhoods, and other societal arrangements in which learning takes place. Through their broad-based interdisciplinary research, teaching, and outreach activities, SESP faculty strive to better understand how social, psychological, and economic factors shape human development and learning and how innovations in pedagogy, technology, and social policies can benefit human lives.

At the undergraduate level, the school provides preprofessional training and research activities that are closely linked to SESP’s faculty and graduate programs in Learning Sciences and Human Development and Social Policy. Students learn to understand human development and improve learning in its various social contexts by applying the social and behavioral sciences. The school offers four programs leading to the degree of bachelor of science in education and social policy: Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, Secondary Teaching, and Social Policy. Students in other undergraduate schools also may complete the requirements of the Secondary Teaching Program and qualify for secondary certification.

Applicants who hold a baccalaureate degree may apply to the school's master of science program, which leads to elementary or secondary teaching certification in the state of Illinois.

For more information about SESP, see the school's Web site at www.sesp.nwu.edu.

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Academic Policies

Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Education and Social Policy

The following requirements concerning residence and grade point average apply to all students seeking the degree of bachelor of science in education and social policy.

1. A minimum of 45 course units is required for graduation from the School of Education and Social Policy.

2. Students are required to maintain a minimum grade point average of 2.0 in all work presented for the degree. To qualify for teacher certification, students must earn a grade of A, B, or C for an overall average of 2.5 in all required core courses and all courses used to complete their teaching major. Students in the Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, and Social Policy programs must earn a grade of A, B, or C in all their core and program courses.

3. Full-time students in the School of Education and Social Policy may elect to enroll in some courses with the understanding that they will not receive a regular letter grade but that they will receive the notation P (pass) or N (no credit). They may elect one course per quarter under this option and may not elect this option in any course in their core, program, or teaching major.

4. Not more than one-fifth of the grades in courses taken at Northwestern and presented for graduation may be a combination of P's and D's.

5. Any work taken at universities other than Northwestern that is to be counted toward fulfilling Northwestern requirements must be approved in advance by the student’s adviser and the assistant dean.

6. Every candidate for a degree must file an application for the degree, along with a Planning and Advising Schedule, in the SESP Office of Student Affairs one year in advance of the date of graduation (see Academic Calendar). That office will forward the application, when approved, to the Registrar’s Office.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
7. Students who wish to transfer into the School of Education and Social Policy's Secondary Teaching Program may not be able to meet the requirements unless they plan carefully throughout their undergraduate program.

8. Interschool transfer students must meet the following conditions:
   • Applicants must meet all program requirements expected of students in the School of Education and Social Policy.
   • Applicants must present evidence of acceptable academic performance at Northwestern.

9. Students transferring from another university are required to complete the last 23 course units at Northwestern University.

In addition to and independent of the requirements set by the School of Education and Social Policy, all students must satisfy the University Enrollment Requirement (see Financial Regulations).

Honors
Students who maintain records of academic distinction may qualify for the Honors Program. Following completion of the junior year, any student who has attained an overall cumulative grade point average of 3.5 or above is eligible for the program. Students selected for the program work with a faculty adviser on an honors project during the senior year. The three-quarter program begins with registration for SESP 398 Honors Thesis with the honors project adviser. If progress is satisfactory, students are then eligible to register for 398 during winter and spring quarters of the senior year. Grades are based on performance throughout the project and on readers’ evaluations of the project report. Additional information about the Honors Program is available from the honors program coordinator.

Undergraduate Research
SESP provides a variety of in-depth research and innovative learning opportunities for undergraduates, including SESP 298 Student Organized Seminar, SESP 390 Research Apprenticeship, and SESP 399 Independent Study. Additional information about undergraduate research opportunities in SESP and faculty research projects may be obtained through the academic advisers in the SESP Office of Student Affairs.

Probation
In addition to the University regulations regarding academic probation, an undergraduate student in the School of Education and Social Policy is ordinarily placed on academic probation when, in any one quarter, that student does not receive at least three final grades of A, B, C, or P or has a cumulative grade point average below 2.0.

Academic Advisers
Each undergraduate student is assigned to an adviser in the Office of Student Affairs. This adviser is responsible for helping students plan their programs to meet the requirements for graduation and for completion of the major or program. Advisers also help students access academic, professional, and personal development resources. Students consult with faculty as well about research and professional interests.

For the advising system to work effectively, students must take all academic questions to their adviser in the Office of Student Affairs.

Students are required to meet with their adviser at least once per quarter.

Petitions
Students must petition if they wish to be exempted from any of the regular degree requirements of the School of Education and Social Policy. Petition forms may be obtained from the School of Education and Social Policy Office of Student Affairs. No petition is considered unless it is signed by a member of the advisory staff of the Office of Student Affairs.

Academic Programs

Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, Secondary Teaching, and Social Policy Programs
Students in the Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, Secondary Teaching, and Social Policy Programs receive a bachelor of science in education and social policy; 45 units are required for the degree.

Preprofessional Preparation
These programs offer students an opportunity to prepare for a number of career options. Students in these programs have a wide variety of academic and career goals. Some intend to go immediately to graduate and
Students interested in public service and law normally choose to follow the requirements of the Social Policy Program, where they can combine the policy-related course work of that program with courses in political science, communication studies, economics, urban affairs, and sociology to prepare either for graduate work in law or public policy or for policy positions in public and private agencies. Students in the Social Policy Program are encouraged to use their program electives to build specialties in such areas as juvenile justice, advocacy programs, or policy analysis and to develop the oral and written communication skills important to success in law school and in public policy positions.

In all three programs, students focus on the interdisciplinary study of human behavior as it is influenced by social institutions, understanding the behaviors that people bring to various institutional contexts, identifying and analyzing how behaviors are shaped in these environments, and establishing criteria by which to evaluate the purposes and effectiveness of institutional activities.

To work toward these goals, students in Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, and Social Policy register for a one-quarter practicum in off-campus settings such as governmental entities, community agencies, hospitals, juvenile homes, learning and development departments of for-profit organizations, and law firms where they can observe and participate in the activities of a socializing institution. During this quarter, usually during their junior year, students meet in a weekly practicum analysis seminar. This seminar helps students integrate their past learning from course work with their observations of human behavior in an organizational setting.

**Distribution Requirements**

All students must complete at least two courses in each of the following distributional areas:

I. Natural sciences
II. Formal studies
III. Historical studies
IV. Values
V. Literature and fine arts

In general, distribution requirements for the School of Education and Social Policy follow the pattern approved by the Judd A. and Marjorie Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences. Courses approved by
Weinberg College may be used to meet School of Education and Social Policy distribution requirements. In addition, selected courses from Weinberg College and professional schools throughout the University may be used to fulfill distribution requirements with the consent of the student’s adviser.

**SESP Core**

Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, and Social Policy students must complete the School of Education and Social Policy intellectual core. The core course SESP 205 Undergraduate Proseminar introduces the concepts, research, methods, and faculty from across SESP. Students gain a basic understanding of a particular period of human development by choosing either SESP 301 Human Development: Childhood and Adolescence or 302 Human Development: Adulthood and Aging. One course chosen from the following is also required:

- LOC 212 Learning and Understanding
- SESP 301 Human Development: Childhood and Adolescence
- SESP 302 Human Development: Adulthood and Aging
- SOC POL 312 Development of African American Children and Families: Theory and Research
- SESP 317 Gender and the Life Course
- SESP 318 Adult Development and Work Careers
- SESP 319 Family Development in Changing Society

Students must demonstrate theoretical and practical mastery of quantitative and conceptual analysis by completing two research methods courses, STAT 206 Elementary Statistics for Research and SESP 372 Methods of Observing Human Behavior. Students must complete 372 before undertaking the practicum and practicum analysis seminar component of the intellectual core.

In the practicum component, taken during the junior year, students complete a supervised practicum experience during the course of their program of study. The practicum involves a one-quarter, unpaid internship in an off-campus setting related to the student’s program. Concurrent with the internship, students attend a weekly seminar on campus that integrates their experiential knowledge with the theoretical training in their course work.

Students must contact the practicum director in the school’s Office of Student Affairs at least two quarters before the beginning of the quarter in which the practicum will be taken. The practicum director advises students about procedures and application materials for a practicum placement.

**Individually Planned Programs**

Students in the Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, and Social Policy programs must prepare a program plan that includes a rationale for the configuration of courses chosen for their program of study. Many students work with their advisers to develop a specialization within their program by selecting five or more courses around a particular theme. The program plan must be submitted to the Office of Student Affairs for approval in the sophomore year no later than the quarter before the intended practicum.

**Human Development and Psychological Services**

Students in the Human Development and Psychological Services Program explore in depth the complexity of the contributions of institutions such as the family, the educational system, government, religious organizations, and the workplace to human development.

- Required courses include HDPS 301 Introduction to Counseling and three of the following:
  - HDPS 302 The Human Personality
  - HDPS 303 Intervention Strategies
  - HDPS 311 Group Dynamics
  - SOC POL 304 Social Policy and the Human Services

The remaining units are composed of individually planned combinations of courses related to some aspect of human services, chosen from an approved list of courses offered by the School of Education and Social Policy and other departments (anthropology, communication studies, linguistics, psychology, sociology) in consultation with the student’s adviser. The Office of Student Affairs maintains the approved list from which students must select these courses, at least eight of which must be at the 300 level.

**Learning and Organizational Change**

The Learning and Organizational Change Program teaches students how to increase individual and organizational effectiveness through improved uses of knowledge within organizations. This innovative concentration embodies technology globalization, changing demographics, and new discoveries about effective learning and organizational behavior.
Required courses include
• LOC 211 Introduction to Organization Theory and Practice
• LOC 212 Learning and Understanding
• LOC 301 Learning in Context: Cognitive Science Foundations of the Learning Sciences
• LOC 302 Education and the Changing Workplace
• LOC 306 Studies in Organizational Change
• LOC 310 Learning Organizations for Complex Environments
• One 300-level project course agreed upon by the student and academic adviser

The remaining units are composed of other required courses, combinations of courses, and electives approved by the student’s adviser, to complete the 45-unit degree requirement. Students are encouraged to take at least three courses in economics, including ECON 310-1 Microeconomics and 311-1 Macroeconomics, courses in technology, and courses in international studies or the foreign languages. At least eight of the courses must be at the 300 level.

Social Policy
Students in the Social Policy Program explore in depth the way in which policy decisions and social institutions influence the course of human lives.

Required courses include
• SOC POL 201 Introduction to Social Policy
• SOC POL 304 Social Policy and the Human Services
• SOC POL 307 Educational Policy
• SOC POL 330 Economics of Social Policy
• ECON 310 Microeconomics or 311 Macroeconomics

The remaining units are composed of individually planned combinations of courses related to some aspect of social policy, chosen from an approved list of courses offered by the School of Education and Social Policy and other departments (anthropology, political science, psychology, sociology) in consultation with the student’s adviser. The Office of Student Affairs maintains the approved list from which students must select these courses, at least eight of which must be at the 300 level.

Secondary Teaching Program
Students enrolled in the School of Education and Social Policy or elsewhere in the University who wish to pursue a secondary teaching major and recommendation for secondary teaching certification must apply for formal admission to the Secondary Teaching Program. Students completing degree requirements within the School of Education and Social Policy receive the degree of bachelor of science in education and social policy; 45 units are required for the degree. Students in other undergraduate schools also must complete a major and fulfill degree requirements of their school.

Preparation for Professional Work in Middle and Secondary Schools
Individuals interested in the undergraduate Secondary Teaching Program should contact the Office of Student Affairs in the School of Education and Social Policy. The Secondary Teaching Program is approved by the Illinois State Teacher Certification Board; those completing the program therefore qualify for secondary certification in Illinois through entitlement. Students who plan carefully may qualify for provisional certification in another state.

Students in the Secondary Teaching Program take extensive course work in the liberal arts and complete a major in the academic subject they expect to teach. Students also observe in a variety of educational settings and complete a part-time co-teaching practicum experience and a full-time student teaching internship.

Distribution Requirements (21 units)
Distribution requirements for the Secondary Teaching Program meet the general education requirements of the Illinois State Board of Education.

I. Communications (4)
• Two courses in written composition
• One course in oral communication
• One additional course in speech or composition

II. Mathematics (2)
• Two courses chosen from mathematics and/or statistics

III. Biological and physical sciences (4)
• At least one biological sciences course
• At least one physical science course chosen from astronomy, chemistry, geological sciences, or physics
• One course with a laboratory component

IV. Humanities (6)
• One quarter of HISTORY 210 History of the United States (can be used to fulfill social and behavioral sciences or humanities requirement)
• One course in English literature
• One course focusing on Asian, African, Central American, Native American, and/or South American cultures (can be used to fulfill social and behavioral sciences or humanities requirement)
• Three additional courses chosen from the arts, history, languages, literature, philosophy, or religion

V. Social and behavioral sciences (4)
• POLI SCI 220 American Government and Politics
• Three additional courses chosen from African American studies, anthropology, economics, history, political science, psychology, or sociology

VI. Health and physical development (1)
• SESC TCHG 326 Health and Physical Development

Professional Core (9 units)
• SESP 301 Human Development: Childhood and Adolescence
• SESC TCHG 303 Problems in the Philosophy of Education or 304 History of Education in the United States
• SESC TCHG 327 Educating Exceptional Children or SPCH LNG 336 The Field of Special Education
• SESC TCHG 341 Teaching and Learning in Social and Cultural Contexts
• One methods and techniques course chosen from SESC TCHG 354 through 359 Methods and Techniques
• SESC TCHG 381 Tutorial in Education: Student Teaching (4 units)

Teaching Major Requirements
Majors are as listed below under specific teaching major fields, which are designed to meet requirements of the Illinois State Board of Education. Teaching major requirements may differ from those of a departmental major, and departmental course offerings change frequently. Teacher certification candidates are required to meet regularly with the advising staff of the Office of Student Affairs to ensure that certification requirements are met.

Art (12 units)
• Three introductory courses: ART 120, 124, 125
• Six studio courses: ART 225; 222 or 320; four additional courses in painting and drawing, printmaking, sculpture, or photography
• Three art history, theory, and criticism courses: two chosen from ART HIST 220, 230, 240, 250; one chosen from ART 270, 272, or 372

Biological and Physical Sciences

Biological Sciences (12 units)
• Four core courses: BIOL SCI 210-1,2,3, 301
• Two botany courses
• Three zoology courses
• One laboratory course
• Electives: two 300-level biological sciences courses

Related courses: CHEM 101, 102, 103, 210-1,2; MATH 214-3 or STAT 202 or 302; PHYSICS 130-1,2,3 or 135-1,2,3

Chemistry (12 units)
• General chemistry: CHEM 101, 102, 103; or 171, 172
• Organic chemistry: CHEM 210-1,2 or 212-1,2
• Physical chemistry: CHEM 342-1,2
• Advanced chemistry: CHEM 329, 333
• Laboratory: one course chosen from BIOL SCI 301; CHEM 215, 335, 345, or 361
• Electives: two or three 200- or 300-level chemistry courses to bring total to 12 units

Related courses: MATH 214-1,2,3; PHYSICS 135-1,2,3 and one additional physics course

Physics (12 units)
• Three introductory courses: PHYSICS 125-1,2,3 or 135-1,2,3
• Four classical physics courses chosen from PHYSICS 330-1,2, 331, 332, 333-1,2
• Modern physics: PHYSICS 339-1,2
• Laboratory: PHYSICS 359-1,2,3

Related courses: MATH 214-1,2,3, 215, 217, 221

Students must also complete course work to qualify for a second teaching area.

English (14 units)
• Two prerequisites: ENGLISH 210, 298
• Two composition courses: ENGLISH 205 and one additional composition course
• Seven literature courses: two American literature courses, two English literature courses, and three additional literature courses
• One linguistics course chosen from LING 110, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209, 311, 312, 318, 319
• One reading and language acquisition course: SESC TCHG 332
• One course in Asian, African, Central American, Native American, or South American literature
Foreign Languages

French (12 units)
- Six language courses: FRENCH 202, 203, 302-1,2, 303, 305
- Three literature courses: FRENCH 210 and two additional 300-level literature courses taught in French
- Three culture and civilization courses: two courses chosen from FRENCH 201, 280, 282; one chosen from 380, 391-1,2, 396

German (12 units)
- Four courses in language: two courses chosen from GERMAN 204, 205, 208; two quarters of 391 with different topics
- Three courses in literature: three quarters of GERMAN 201 with different topics
- Five courses in literature and culture: three quarters of GERMAN 310 plus 329 and 332

Latin (12 units)
- Three language courses: LATIN 101-1,2,3
- Four literature courses: LATIN 201-1,2,3, 310
- Five other 200- or 300-level Latin, Greek, or classics courses

Spanish (12 units)
- Three courses in language and composition
- Five literature courses
- Four additional 300-level courses taught in Spanish with at least one course in Spanish literature and culture and one course in Latin American literature and culture

Mathematics (12 units)
- Five calculus/analysis courses chosen from MATH 214-1,2,3, 215, 220-1,2,3, 221, 303, 305, 310-1,2,3, 317-1,2
- Two geometry courses chosen from MATH 308, 326, 328, 329
- Two algebra courses chosen from MATH 217, 334, 337-1,2,3
- One probability and statistics course chosen from MATH 330-1; STAT 202, 302
- One computer science course
- One additional 300-level mathematics course

Social Sciences

History (12 units)
- Three courses in U.S. history
- Two courses in European history
- One course in non-Western/third-world history
- Six additional history courses, four of which must be 200- or 300-level courses

Economics with History (16 units)
- Four introductory courses: ECON 201, 202, 281; STAT 210
- Four major courses: ECON 310-1, 311-1, two additional 200- or 300-level economics courses
- Four U.S. history courses
- Four world history courses

Political Science with History (16 units)
- Three introductory courses: POLI SCI 220 and two courses chosen from 201, 221, 230, 240, 250
- Two methods courses: POLI SCI 395; one course chosen from 310, 311, or 312
- Three 300-level political science courses
- Four U.S. history courses
- Four world history courses

Sociology with History (16 units)
- Two 100- or 200-level sociology courses
- Four theory and methods courses: SOCIOL 226, 303, 306, 329
- Two 300-level sociology courses
- Four U.S. history courses
- Four world history courses

Electives

Additional units of elective course work must be taken to complete the 45-unit degree requirement.

Clinical Experiences

Students complete a co-teaching practicum during fall quarter of their junior or senior year. Applications for co-teaching placements must be submitted to the Office of Field Experience by the fourth week of the spring quarter preceding the co-teaching practicum. The co-teaching practicum includes a minimum of 10 hours per week in a classroom for 10 weeks. Students also take two evening seminars (SEC TCHG 341 and the applicable methods and techniques course, 354–59) and at least one additional course that quarter. Students must complete a preliminary contract for their co-teaching practicum during the first two weeks of the quarter.

Students complete a student teaching internship during fall or winter quarter of their senior year. To apply for student teaching, students must have satisfactorily completed their co-teaching practicum (SEC TCHG 341), the applicable methods and techniques course (354–59), and at least nine courses in
their teaching major. Further, students must have a grade point average of 2.5 or above in their major and professional core courses. (Note: While a grade point average of 2.5 is the minimum requirement, we recommend a grade point average closer to 3.0 to be competitive for a student teaching placement.)

Applications for student teaching must be submitted to the Office of Field Experience by the fourth week of the quarter preceding the student teaching internship. The student teaching internship is a full-time placement (40 hours per week) for 10 weeks in a local school. Students must also attend one evening seminar (SEC TCHG 381). The student teaching internship and the evening seminar combined earn 4 units of credit. No other courses are taken during that quarter. Students must complete a preliminary contract for their student teaching internship during the first two weeks of the quarter.

**Additional Requirements for Certification**

- United States citizenship or evidence of permanent resident status
- Illinois State Teacher Certification Examination (Basic Skills and Content Area tests)

Information about the required Illinois State Teacher Certification Examination is available in the Office of Student Affairs.

**Teacher Certification at Northwestern**

Students successfully completing approved teacher training programs at Northwestern qualify to receive Illinois certification. Although legal requirements for certification vary from state to state, each teacher training program offered at Northwestern is sufficiently flexible to permit a student who plans carefully to complete provisional requirements of most states. Information concerning these requirements is available in the Office of Student Affairs of the School of Education and Social Policy.

Northwestern will recommend a student for a teaching certificate only when the student has successfully completed an approved Northwestern University teacher preparation program. A student who qualifies for certification as described above must apply to the University’s designated certifying official for a recommendation for certification. Students in the Schools of Music and Speech should apply through their schools. All other students should apply through the Office of Student Affairs of the School of Education and Social Policy. Applications must be submitted early in the quarter preceding the final quarter of study at Northwestern.

Graduates of a teacher training program at Northwestern who do not apply for certification upon graduation may not be eligible for licensure. The University will make every effort to assist its graduates in obtaining teaching certification but cannot guarantee eligibility at a later date.

**Other Programs**

The interdisciplinary and flexible nature of our programs allows many School of Education and Social Policy undergraduates to take a minor in addition to their SESP program or enroll in University-wide certificate programs in business institutions, international studies, and undergraduate leadership. Some students, with careful planning, may elect to have a secondary major outside SESP. Many students also choose to spend one or more quarters in a Northwestern University-approved study abroad program.

**Core Courses**

**SESP 205-0 (210-B05-0) Undergraduate Proseminar**
Introduction to issues faced by educators, policy makers, business leaders, and human service professionals and the methods used in addressing these issues. SESP faculty research and themes explored. Writing-intensive course.

**STAT 206-0 (473-B06-0) Elementary Statistics for Research**
See Statistics, Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences.

**SESP 301-0 (225-C01-0) Human Development: Childhood and Adolescence**
Personal, social, and cognitive development from birth through adolescence. Interplay of biological and experiential factors on ego, personality, linguistic, and conceptual development.

**SESP 317-0 (225-C17-0) Gender and the Life Course**
How age and sex serve as a basis for the social construction of men’s and women’s lives. How social forces operate to create contrasting life trajectories, role patterns, and transitions; the role of social policies. Comparative view of different societies and periods in recent history.

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The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
SESP 318-0 (225-C18-0) Adult Development and Work Careers
Adult development and careers from the perspectives of psychology, sociology, and organizational behavior. Individual career-development strategies and alternative career systems.

SESP 319-0 (225-C19-0) Family Development in Changing Society
Societal changes and their effects on the family.

SESP 372-0 (225-C72-0) Methods of Observing Human Behavior
Guided practice in systematic and participant observation of human behavior. Observer bias, field notes, unobtrusive measures. Prerequisite for SESP 383 and 385.

SESP 383-0 (225-C83-0) Practicum
(2 units) Internship
Only for students in the Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, and Social Policy programs. Intensive, supervised participant observation of (1) interpersonal relationships, especially those of professional and client, and (2) the effects of institutional structure and policy on both professionals and clients. Prerequisites: SESP 372 and consent of program director.

SESP 385-0 (225-C85-0) Practicum Analysis Seminar
(2 units) Small-group meetings
Only for students in the Human Development and Psychological Services, Learning and Organizational Change, and Social Policy programs to analyze 383 practicum experiences, organize their perceptions of their own internships, and share them with other class members. To be taken concurrently with 383. Prerequisite: SESP 372.

Research and Other Opportunities

SESP 298-0 (225-B98-0) Student Organized Seminar
Students initiate courses supervised by sponsoring faculty to explore topics not covered in other courses. Consulting with a faculty sponsor, students prepare a seminar plan and submit it to the assistant dean for student affairs before the middle of the quarter preceding the quarter in which the seminar is to be held. The plan includes a topic description, reading list, specifications of term papers and written examinations, prerequisites, and meeting schedule. All proposals are formally reviewed and approved before the seminar is offered. Enrollment is allowed in only one Student Organized Seminar per quarter and must be on the pass/no credit basis. Consult with the assistant dean for further details.

SESP 390-0 (230-C90-0) Research Apprenticeship
Opportunity for undergraduates to apprentice with faculty mentors engaged in research projects centering on questions of learning and human development and the organizational arrangements in which these processes occur. Prerequisites: consent of instructor directing the research project and assistant dean. (Students wishing to register must first complete the Request for Independent Study/ Special Courses form available in the SESP Office of Student Affairs.)

SESP 398-0 (210-C98-0) Honors Thesis
Open to seniors who have attained a cumulative grade point average of 3.5 by the end of junior year. Prerequisites: consent of assistant dean and instructor directing the honors thesis.

SESP 399-0 (230-C99-0) Independent Study
Under the direction of faculty members, students pursue special topics not covered in regular courses around the questions of learning and human development and the organizational arrangements in which these processes occur. Prerequisites: consent of instructor directing the study and assistant dean. (Students wishing to register must first complete the Request for Independent Study/Special Courses form available in the SESP Office of Student Affairs.)

Human Development and Psychological Services

HDPS 301-0 (230-C01-0) Introduction to Counseling
Overview of counseling theories, techniques, client systems, and service settings.

HDPS 302-0 (230-C02-0) The Human Personality
Classic and contemporary psychological approaches to personality; understanding the whole person in his or her societal and historical context. Emphasis on both theory and research.

HDPS 303-0 (230-C03-0) Intervention Strategies
Intervention strategies in the areas of human development, education, psychological well-being, and social welfare within a social-ecological framework. Emphasis on long-term change in people and social environments.

HDPS 311-0 (230-C11-0) Group Dynamics
Theory and research in the social psychology of groups and social systems. Small- and large-group dynamics; intergroup relations. Participation in a weekend group relations conference.

HDPS 332-0 (230-C32-0) Career Development: Theory and Counseling
Process of career development and its relation to the world of work. Discussion of career development theories. Focus on self-assessment; decision-making skills; educational, occupational, and community information; and job-seeking skills.

HDPS 340-0 (230-C40-0) Sex, Love, and Marriage
Explores sexuality and love within the context of marriage using historical, sociological, and psychological perspectives.

Learning and Organizational Change

LOC 211-0 (210-B11-0) Introduction to Organization Theory and Practice
Major organizational behavior theories are introduced; opportunities for students to examine these theories and practice through organizational analysis.

LOC 212-0 (210-B12-0) Learning and Understanding
Framework for learning in all aspects of life: traditional school subjects, professional training, creative and performing arts, personal health, basic survival skills. Students are encouraged to draw from their own experiences.
LOC 301-0 (210-C01-0) Learning in Context: Cognitive Science Foundations of the Learning Sciences How people learn to understand, reason, and solve problems; knowledge representation, expertise, transfer, and meta-cognition; study of distributor cognition.

LOC 302-0 (210-C02-0) Education and the Changing Workplace The changing nature of work and how this will affect skills required for work and the teaching of those skills in the 21st century.

LOC 306-0 (210-C06-0) Studies in Organizational Change Theories and methods of organizational changes are examined through analysis of organizational adaptations using theories from learning sciences and organizational behavior.

LOC 310-0 (210-C10-0) Learning Organizations for Complex Environments Major change factors, including technology, globalization, and demographics, and their impact on organizations; how organizations are creating and responding to these changes through organizational design, learning systems, and human resource changes.

Secondary Teaching

SEC TCHG 303-0 (236-C03-0) Problems in the Philosophy of Education Classical and modern philosophies of education. Text interpretation, analysis of ideas, argument construction; relationship of philosophy to educational issues. Students develop their own philosophy of education.

SEC TCHG 304-0 (236-C04-0) History of Education in the United States Education and social change in the United States since 1789. Development of the American commitment to commonality in education; the changing relation between school and community since 1899; and the rise of the professional educator.


SEC TCHG 326-0 (236-C26-0) Health and Physical Development Interaction and interdependence of physical well-being, mental and emotional health, and surrounding social environment. Topical areas covered for secondary education students completing state certification requirements.

SEC TCHG 327-0 (236-C27-0) Educating Exceptional Children Students with disabilities, including learning disabilities resulting from human development and/or accidents; understanding and application of approved emergency, educational, and rehabilitative activities; interrelationships with medical, health, and educational personnel.

SEC TCHG 341-0 (236-C41-0) Teaching and Learning in Social and Cultural Contexts Current instructional theory, research, and practice. Definition of instructional goals, implementation of goals through curricular design, measurement of relevant outcomes. Minimum of 50 hours of observation in selected schools. Open only to teacher certification candidates. Concurrent registration with co-teaching required. Prerequisite: consent of Office of Student Affairs.

SEC TCHG 354-59 (236-C54-59) Methods and Techniques Students in the Secondary Teaching Program take one of the following six methods courses:
- SEC TCHG 354 Methods and Techniques: Art
- SEC TCHG 355 Methods and Techniques: Foreign Languages
- SEC TCHG 356 Methods and Techniques: English
- SEC TCHG 357 Methods and Techniques: Social Sciences
- SEC TCHG 358 Methods and Techniques: Mathematics
- SEC TCHG 359 Methods and Techniques: Social Sciences

These methods courses analyze the literature and research related to the subject area and teaching methodology. In addition, they examine the development of learning experiences, methods, and educational techniques appropriate to the middle and high school levels.

Students also complete a co-teaching practicum that requires a minimum of 10 hours per week for 10 weeks observing and assisting in a school approved by the Office of Field Experience. Within the first two weeks of the quarter, students must develop a contract for their co-teaching practicum with the methods professor and a teacher or administrator in the school where the practicum is to be completed. This contract must be approved by the Office of Field Experience for the co-teaching practicum to continue. Methods courses are taken simultaneously with 341.

SEC TCHG 381-0 (236-C81-0) Tutorial in Education: Student Teaching (4 units) Further development of teaching methodologies through an intensive, 10-week clinical experience and teaching under the supervision of master teachers in the teacher training schools. Increasingly sophisticated teaching responsibilities and, finally, primary responsibility for teaching a group or a class. Prerequisites: successful completion of the co-teaching experience, an approved contract for the internship experience, and consent of the Office of Field Experience.
SOC POL 201-0 (225-B01-0) Introduction to Social Policy
Social policy formulation: substance of major American social policies and manner in which the American political system shapes social policy in this country.

SOC POL 303-0 (225-C03-0) Administration and Policy Studies
Education and human development as a multi-institutional, ecological, and macrosociological phenomenon. Issues in the philosophy, history, economics, and politics of education.

SOC POL 304-0 (225-C04-0) Social Policy and the Human Services
Development of social policy for human services in the United States. Human service policies for education, mental health, physical health, income, and aging.

SOC POL 305-0 (225-C05-0) Law and Social Policy
Use and influence of the legal system in and on social institutions and policy.

SOC POL 307-0 (225-C07-0) Educational Policy
Conflict between societal imperatives for selecting and preparing youth for future careers and offering youth opportunity; how society and schools address this conflict; various approaches to policy reform.

SOC POL 310-0 (225-C10-0) Legal Aspects of Education
Structure of school governance; decision making; relevant state and federal legislation affecting public schooling.

SOC POL 312-0 (225-C12-0) Development of African American Children and Families: Theory and Research
African American children and families from a holistic, multidisciplinary, developmental perspective; child and family life cycles linked to ecological factors in society; historical-evolutionary approach.

SOC POL 316-0 (225-C16-0) Moral Values and Human Development: An Introduction
Moral development of the individual. Explores moral values from several perspectives: age-developmental differences, cross-cultural and gender differences, relationship between moral reasoning and moral behavior.

SOC POL 330-0 (225-C30-0) Economics of Social Policy
How economists view social policy issues. Economic models of household decision making. How economists account for costs and benefits of public and private programs and decisions. Prerequisite: ECON 201 or consent of instructor.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
The McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science is committed to providing leadership for the technological foundation of our society, economy, environment, and culture. The school’s mission is twofold: the personal and professional development of its students and faculty and the development and application of new technology, which is increasingly of an interdisciplinary nature.

McCormick is dedicated to a high standard of excellence in

- Teaching fundamentals of science and engineering disciplines and stimulating students to become innovative thinkers and leaders able to cope with complex issues in a changing environment
- Preparing undergraduate and graduate students for professional engineering careers in a competitive world, capable of understanding, applying, and contributing to technology in whatever areas or careers they subsequently pursue

Undergraduate students in McCormick may follow a curriculum leading to a bachelor of science degree in any of the following fields:

- Applied mathematics
- Biomedical engineering
- Chemical engineering
- Civil engineering
- Computer engineering
- Computer science
- Electrical engineering
- Engineering science
- Environmental engineering
- Industrial engineering
- Manufacturing engineering
- Materials science and engineering
- Mechanical engineering
- Medical engineering (Honors Program in Medical Education only)

The degrees in biomedical, chemical, civil, computer, electrical, environmental, industrial, mechanical engineering, and materials science and engineering, as well as the McCormick School and its cooperative education program, are accredited by the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET).

With the proper use and combination of requirements, options, and electives, students may prepare themselves for graduate work in engineering and also for graduate studies in medicine, law, business, or other areas. Bachelor of science degrees are awarded also in approved ad hoc combined studies programs.

Graduate programs of study are available in all the above fields as well as in theoretical and applied mechanics, manufacturing management, project management, and engineering management. These programs leading to degrees at the master's and doctoral levels are described completely in the Graduate School catalog and in publications on engineering graduate programs.

Excellence in research is a distinguishing characteristic of the engineering faculty. A faculty such as this, working at the frontiers of knowledge, is in the best position to maintain courses and curricula in a state of currency and to develop an atmosphere inspiring scholarship and originality among students.

The McCormick School has a student body of approximately 1,500 undergraduates and 950 graduate students. The school is housed in the Technological Institute, which contains more than 750,000 square feet of floor area and provides excellent educational and research facilities.

The Seeley G. Mudd Library for Science and Engineering, adjoining the Technological Institute, is an integrated and centralized collection serving engineering, applied mathematics, astronomy, biochemistry, biology, chemistry, and physics.

Academic Policies

Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science

Students must successfully complete all 48 courses of the curriculum or have equivalent academic experience. Students who interrupt their programs of study
Advanced Placement

Advanced placement and college credit may be granted on the basis of the College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB) Advanced Placement tests. Placement or exemption may be granted on the basis of the CEEB tests or special examinations in subject areas or by appropriate analysis of high school background. Any placement (verified by a grade above C– in a subsequent course) in approved sequential work will reduce the course requirements for the BS by the number of courses preceding the placement. These stipulations regarding placement and exemption and degree requirements may differ from those of other schools of the University.

Personal Computers

Northwestern's campus is fully networked, so students can access local and remote information sources from dormitory rooms and laboratories. Accordingly, the McCormick faculty has adopted a policy making each engineering undergraduate responsible for his or her own computing hardware and software for basic tasks such as word processing, spreadsheet calculations, and graphics and for connection to the University's computer network. McCormick maintains a number of public and departmental computing laboratories, but these are used primarily for higher-level or specialized applications.

Academic Options

Cooperative Engineering Education Program

The Walter P. Murphy Cooperative Engineering Education Program alternates periods of paid industrial experience and academic studies for full-time students in all departments of engineering and applied science. During 18 months of industrial employment, students can apply theory while gaining practical experience. This perspective enables them to develop an understanding of the responsibilities of their future professional careers.

Freshmen are invited to participate in workshops to prepare them for the co-op program. Sophomores in good academic standing begin applying for co-op positions as early as the fall quarter. The co-op coordinator makes every effort to secure interviews for the students, so that cooperative work assignments are related to their professional objectives.
Generally, the first work experience for sophomore co-op students occurs the summer before their junior year. Co-op experience for juniors, transfer students, and others may begin as late as the spring of junior year. If necessary, with the help of the academic advisers, special schedules may be arranged to enable students to meet individual academic requirements as well as co-op requirements.

Students register for their work quarters, but no tuition or fee is charged. The registration keeps co-op students enrolled at Northwestern during work periods. While no academic credit is given for co-op, special BS/MS programs may use co-op experience as the basis for undergraduate projects and master's theses.

Although emphasis is on the experience gained from cooperative work rather than on the income, students in the co-op program may earn at least a portion of their educational expenses.

The following table shows the college-industry schedule for the five years of undergraduate education:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>College-Industry Schedule</th>
<th>Summer</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Winter</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Freshman</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sophomore</td>
<td>vacation</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Junior</td>
<td>work</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presenior</td>
<td>work</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>work</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior</td>
<td>work</td>
<td>work</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students who complete the co-op plan receive tuition rebates during their final academic quarters to assure that they will not pay higher total tuition than other students in the same entering class.

In addition to the academic degree, the faculty of the McCormick School awards co-op students a certificate in recognition of successful completion of the Walter P. Murphy Cooperative Engineering Education Program. Students must successfully complete the schedule of school and work, which meets standards set by the program, the co-op employer, and ABET, in order to receive recognition as co-op students on graduation from the McCormick School.

In some states, ABET-accredited co-op experience may be credited for up to one year of the usual four years of engineering experience required for the Professional Engineer's License.

Employers of co-op students include government and service institutions as well as industry. Co-op coordinators visit participating employers periodically to discuss the students' abilities, attitudes, and progress on the job. At the end of each work period, employers are asked to evaluate student performance and progress. It is important to note that neither students nor cooperative employers oblige themselves to permanent employment by virtue of the co-op status, although most students get impressive permanent job offers as a result of the co-op experience. Others are admitted to prestigious graduate and professional schools.

**Undergraduate Honors Program**

Students with good scholastic records may be admitted to the Undergraduate Honors Program any time during their junior or presenior year. At the time of admission, they must have a cumulative grade point average of 3.5 or better. Students who become eligible will be notified by the dean.

Honors students participating in the program must (a) complete at least three units of approved advanced study (including courses normally accepted at the graduate level) with an average grade of B or better and (b) complete an extended independent study project (at least two quarters on the same topic) leading to an acceptable report.

Successful completion of the Honors Program will be noted on the student's transcript. Recognition also will be given in the Commencement program. If a student's individually evaluated performance is not judged to meet the standards of success, the student will receive course grades and credits as earned.

**Undergraduate Research**

Opportunities for undergraduate research are made available and encouraged in several ways. Each major field of study offers 399 Projects for research enrollment on an elective basis. The Undergraduate Honors Program incorporates a required research component.

The McCormick School Undergraduate Research Board, composed of student leaders, administers a program that funds individual research projects from the Sara Boley Undergraduate Research Fund. The board helps select the winner of the Harold Benedict Gotaas Award, presented to the senior engineering student who submits the best original research paper.

Students normally perform undergraduate research projects under the direction of faculty who are doing research in their department or in a University or
coursework allows the possibility of taking graduate-
level courses during the third and fourth years. Also
provided are early assurance of graduate admission
and early planning of project or research work.

It is possible for some students to finish the work
for an MS in a combined program in less than the
normal five years. In the McCormick School, any
advanced placement, exemption, or demonstrated
proficiency will reduce the course work requirements.

The course requirements remain unchanged for
the two degrees. In the McCormick School, the
requirement for the BS is 48 courses, and the require-
ment for the MS is specified by the individual depart-
ment (9–12 courses). No course used for the MS
requirement may be used for the BS requirement.

Application for admission to concurrent BS/MS
study may be made any time during the seventh
through the ninth quarters, in accordance with depart-
mental advice. However, upon beginning graduate
study, students may have no more than four courses
to complete toward the undergraduate degree. The
graduate application must be accompanied by a full
plan of BS/MS studies and must be approved by the
appropriate department and the Graduate School. A
department may require that students do additional
work preliminary to a concurrent BS/MS program
at any level.

Five-Year BA/BS
The McCormick School encourages breadth of inter-
est and to this end supports combined degree pro-
grams in engineering and liberal arts. One approach
is the 3-2 program, in which students attend a liberal
arts college for the first three years with a course of
study that develops a basic understanding of science
and mathematics and a strong component in the social
sciences and humanities. Following the three years of
basic studies and on recommendation of their liberal
arts college, students transfer to Northwestern. When
they complete the requirements of a field of engineer-
ing in two years, a BS in engineering is awarded by
Northwestern and a BA by the original college. Any
student enrolled in an accredited liberal arts college
program may apply for transfer admission to follow
a 3-2 plan.

Another approach to combining liberal arts and
engineering is a parallel arrangement of studies at
Northwestern, in which a fifth year results in a BA
with a major in Weinberg College and a BS in a
particular field of engineering. Students should file a petition outlining this dual plan of study before their fourth year; it must be approved by the departments and schools administering the degree work. Students must complete the stated requirements of both schools and expected majors.

**Engineering and Music**

Highly capable students who have a strong interest in and commitment to both engineering and music may pursue a five-year program leading to bachelor's degrees in both fields. In engineering, any field of study may be chosen, resulting in a bachelor of science in the chosen field. In music, the bachelor of music or bachelor of arts in music is awarded. The program may be entered no later than the beginning of the sophomore year; admission requires concurrent approval of both the School of Music and the McCormick School. (See also Five-Year BS/BMus or BS/BAMus in the School of Music section of this catalog.)

**International Education**

McCormick students will be awarded a certificate in international engineering experience for both completing three quarters of foreign language study while enrolled at Northwestern and spending six months abroad as full-time students or on co-op assignments, in paid engineering employment, or on project work at a foreign university, research institute, or company. Northwestern and the McCormick School have connections with selected leading universities around the world. Some of these provide access to academic opportunities and others to research collaborations. Contact the Undergraduate Engineering Office for more information.

The social science/humanities distribution is an opportunity for pursuing international themes. Appropriate sequences of course work, including language study, are suggested.

International studies, an undergraduate interschool adjunct major that is taken in conjunction with a traditional major, is open to McCormick students. (See International Studies Program in the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog.)

**Honors Program in Undergraduate Research**

The Honors Program in Undergraduate Research in the McCormick School provides an unusual opportunity for students with superior motivation and scholastic credentials (high school rank and test scores) to be admitted to work with an engineering faculty mentor/adviser in a challenging research project. This research project participation could begin in the first year and continue through all the undergraduate years, allowing close association with a faculty researcher probing the frontiers of knowledge in engineering or engineering science.

This unique opportunity for experiencing the excitement of original research and the associated approach to learning provides students with not only encouragement but also excellent preparation for graduate study. If students in the Honors Program in Undergraduate Research achieve advanced placement as well as satisfactory performance in the research project and accompanying course work, during their third year of undergraduate study they will be considered for admission to the Graduate School and for award of financial aid.

**Honors Program in Engineering and Management**

Students are eligible to participate in a joint program between the McCormick School and the Kellogg Graduate School of Management. High school students whose scholastic credentials are superior and who are strongly motivated to combine engineering and management expertise in their future careers may be admitted to undergraduate engineering in McCormick and also granted deferred admission to the master of management program in Kellogg.

The program requires nine years, consisting of a combination of undergraduate and graduate study interspersed with related work experience. The initial studies are in a chosen field of engineering, with a schedule of school and work in industry in accordance with the co-op program. The five-year co-op program requires four academic years and 1½ years of industrial work; academic and industrial quarters are alternated during the last three years. Students must maintain a 3.0 grade point average.

After five years, participants receive a bachelor of science degree in the chosen engineering field and are admitted to the Kellogg Graduate School of Management. A condition of admission is two additional years of full-time work experience in industry before the two years of full-time study leading to the master of management degree.
Honors Program in Medical Education
The Honors Program in Medical Education (HPME) is designed for unusually gifted high school students who seek a career in medicine or medical science. It provides a plan whereby students entering Northwestern are admitted simultaneously to Weinberg College, the McCormick School, or the School of Speech and to the Medical School. HPME students then participate in a challenging program, with the first three years in undergraduate study and the last four years in the Medical School, thus reducing the period of formal training by at least one year.

Students who meet the entrance requirements of the McCormick School may pursue a program leading to the bachelor of science degree in medical engineering after five years and the doctor of medicine degree after seven years.

Honors Program in Engineering and Education
The Honors Program in Engineering and Education is designed for students who have strong interests in education and training as well as in science, mathematics, and engineering. The program provides an opportunity to complete a graduate degree in the learning sciences and an undergraduate degree in engineering in five years while gaining industrial or research experience related to a specific expertise in the field.

The program places high value on both academic research and industrial experience. Students may choose industry experience in educational software development through the co-op program, research experience with a faculty member at the Institute for the Learning Sciences, or a selective combination of both during their undergraduate and graduate studies.

Students admitted to the program must maintain a 3.0 grade point average. A one-quarter grace period to bring a lower grade point average up to 3.0 will be granted.

Honors Program in Engineering and Journalism
The Honors Program in Engineering and Journalism is intended to prepare exceptional students for communications careers emphasizing engineering, science, and technology. This joint program involves completing a McCormick bachelor's degree and then a Medill School of Journalism master's degree. It normally requires five years of study, but unusually capable students may be able to shorten the time through use of advanced placement credits and accelerated scheduling. To be considered for the program, applicants to Northwestern complete an additional questionnaire that is evaluated by a Medill faculty panel. Students are evaluated by the faculty during the program to verify that performance is satisfactory. Part of the engineering humanities requirements must be fulfilled with Medill courses EDIT 201 Editing and Writing the News and 202 History and Issues of Journalism.

Honors Program in Engineering and Law
A law degree built upon an engineering undergraduate education is unusually valuable for a host of careers, such as those in technology-intensive businesses or in intellectual property, including patents. The Honors Program in Engineering and Law combines a Northwestern engineering degree, on-the-job work through the co-op program, and provisional admission to Northwestern University School of Law. The undergraduate portion takes four years, including five academic quarters of co-op work. Students must maintain a 3.25 undergraduate GPA. They take the LSAT at the beginning of their junior year and are expected to score at or above the median of the previous year’s entering law class. Their admission to the law school is reviewed late in the junior year.

Undergraduate Leadership Program
The Undergraduate Leadership Program, an inter-school certificate program open to all undergraduates, helps students understand the nature of leadership and prepares them to become leaders. (See Undergraduate Leadership Program in the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog.)

Student Resources

Tutorial Program
The McCormick School conducts a program of guided study and tutorial help for freshmen and sophomores in all the required courses in mathematics, chemistry, physics, and engineering. This program encourages out-of-class work and good study habits and helps provide a full understanding of the early courses that are the foundation for much that is to follow. The aim is not to displace students in their learning efforts but to provide explanations to bridge the uncertain or unknown and lead to depth of understanding.
Faculty Advisers
During the first year, students are assigned a freshman adviser. At the beginning of the sophomore year, most students will have selected a major field of study and will be reassigned an adviser in that area. The adviser assists in planning the program of study, but students retain the responsibility of meeting overall graduation requirements. Curricular and other advice may be obtained from the school by addressing an e-mail request to mccormick-school@nwu.edu.

Counseling Office
The McCormick School employs professional counselors available to give students educational, vocational, academic, and personal counseling. Students may arrange to have interest testing through the Counseling Office. Vocational materials relating to engineering are available.

Organizations for Engineering Students
The Northwestern Engineering Student Council is composed of representatives from each class in engineering and from approved McCormick organizations. It is the recognized representative body of undergraduate engineering students and as such serves as a link between the students and faculty and administration. It encourages and coordinates the activities of engineering students and student groups.

The McCormick Undergraduate Research Board is organized to stimulate undergraduate research and to provide financial support for projects begun by individual students.

The following professional societies have established student branches on the campus:
American Institute of Chemical Engineers
American Institute of Industrial Engineers
American Society of Civil Engineers
American Society of Mechanical Engineers
ASM International
Biomedical Engineering Society
Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (computer subchapter)
Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (engineering in medicine and biology subchapter)
Materials Research Society
National Society of Black Engineers
Society of Automotive Engineers
Society of Hispanic Professional Engineers
Society of Manufacturing Engineers
Society of Women Engineers
The following honorary societies recognize high-achieving McCormick undergraduates:
Eta Kappa Nu: open to upperclass students in electrical engineering who demonstrate superior scholarship and ability
Kappa Theta Epsilon: cooperative engineering education honorary society
Omega Chi Epsilon: for upperclass students in chemical engineering who demonstrate superior scholarship and leadership ability
Phi Eta Sigma: for freshmen who earn a scholastic average equivalent to a grade of A
Phi Lambda Upsilon: open to upperclass students in chemistry and chemical engineering who demonstrate superior scholarship and academic ability
Pi Tau Sigma: for upperclass students in mechanical engineering who demonstrate superior scholarship and leadership ability
Sigma Xi Society: eligibility for associate membership for seniors who excel in scholarship in at least two departments
Tau Beta Pi: for upperclass students who have shown superiority in scholarship and ability in engineering work

Undergraduate Programs of Study
Accreditation
McCormick programs are accredited by the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology. National ABET accreditation is important in professional engineering fields. Additional information concerning professional accreditation may be obtained from the office of the associate dean for undergraduate engineering.

McCormick School Curriculum Requirements
All curricula leading to the bachelor of science degree in engineering or applied science must have the same basic components — mathematics, engineering analysis and computer proficiency, basic sciences, design and communications, basic engineering, social sciences/humanities, unrestricted electives, and major program.

The abbreviations used for McCormick departments and curricula in the listings that follow are:
BME (biomedical engineering)
CHEM ENG (chemical engineering)
CIV ENG (civil engineering)
COMP SCI (computer science)
ECE (electrical and computer engineering)
ES APPM (engineering sciences and applied mathematics)
Basic Engineering (5 courses)

5 courses from at least four of the following eight areas:
- Thermodynamics
  CHEM 342-1 Thermodynamics
  *May be taken alone or as prerequisite to CHEM ENG 211.*
  CHEM ENG 211 Thermodynamics
  *CHEM 342-1 is prerequisite.*
  MECH ENG 220 Thermodynamics I
  *May not be taken with CHEM 342-1 or CHEM ENG 211.*
  MECH ENG 325 Kinetic Theory and Statistical Thermodynamics
  MECH ENG 370 Thermodynamics II
  MAT SCI 314 Thermodynamics of Materials
  MAT SCI 315 Phase Equilibria and Diffusion in Materials
- Fluids and solids
  BME 270 Introduction to Biomedical Fluid Mechanics
  CHEM ENG 321 Fluid Mechanics
  CIV ENG 216 Mechanics of Materials I
  CIV ENG 219 Continuum Mechanics I
  MECH ENG 241 Fluid Mechanics I
  MECH ENG 262 Stress Analysis and Finite Elements I
- Materials science
  MAT SCI 201 Principles of the Properties of Materials
  or MAT SCI 203 Microstructure and Engineering Properties of Materials
  or MAT SCI 301 Chemical Aspects of Engineering Materials
- Electrical science
  ECE 241 Circuits I
  ECE 242 Circuits II
  ECE 270 Applications of Electronic Devices
  ECE 301 Fundamentals of Electromagnetics
  BME 221 Analysis and Simulation of Biological Systems
- Systems engineering and analysis
  IEMS 319 Operations Research
  IEMS 326 Economics for Engineering I
- Computer engineering
  ECE 201 Introduction to Digital Logic Design
  ECE 205 Fundamentals of Computer Systems Software
  ECE 230 Programming for Computer Engineers
  ECE 316 Mini/Microcomputers and Real-Time Applications
  ECE 328 Numerical Methods for Engineers
- Computer science
  COMP SCI 211 Fundamentals of Computer Programming II
  COMP SCI 230 Introduction to Software Engineering
  COMP SCI 317 Data Management and Information Processing
- Probability, statistics, and quality control
  BME 220 Introduction to Biomedical Statistics
  CIV ENG 306 Uncertainty Analysis in Civil Engineering

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
ECE 302 Probabilistic Systems and Random Signals
IEMS 203 Probability
IEMS 303 Statistics I
MECH ENG 359 Reliability Engineering

Social Sciences/Humanities (7 courses)
7 courses, which must be approved in advance by the McCormick Humanities Panel, chosen according to one of two options in the following three areas:
Social and behavioral sciences (SBS)
Historical studies and values (HSV)
Fine arts, language, and literature (FAL)
• Option A: At least 2 courses must be chosen in each area.
  Of the 7 courses, only 3 may be 100-level introductory courses; 3 courses must be thematically related to provide depth.
• Option B: 5 of the 7 courses must be clearly thematically related. For breadth, no more than 5 courses may come from a single area.

Unrestricted Electives (5 courses)
Students may take any credit course in the University. Course choices are open to students to enable technical or nontechnical exploration or extension.

Major Program (16 courses)
Any program of study finds its depth or concentration in the 16 courses given to the major program of the curriculum. Each engineering curriculum provides considerable elective opportunity within these courses. The intent is to provide opportunity for individualization, but coherence in the selection of elective courses is still necessary. In accredited programs, the understanding is that certain criteria will be met, and guidance to this end is essential. Accordingly, it is required that a plan of study listing intended selections be submitted for approval by the end of the eighth quarter of study (winter quarter of junior year).

Most curricula offer suggested areas of specialization or options that provide excellent guidance in using electives. These course plans are available in the department or program offices or the McCormick Records Office and can be the basis for course planning. Alternately, self-designed plans may be submitted, but they should be worked out in consultation with a faculty adviser.

Department Curricula
Students must meet not only the McCormick School curriculum requirements but also the specific requirements for the department curriculum being pursued. The following listings of these curricula present additional information or specifics to be used with the basic curriculum.

Some of the listed curricula contain specializations or options within the curriculum. These are for advice and guidance for elective course choice. For further details about the options or specializations within a particular program, consult with the department coordinator sponsoring that curriculum, check with the McCormick Records Office, or see the school's Web page at www.tech.nwu.edu.

Applied Mathematics Curriculum
Total requirements — 48 courses
Mathematics — 4 courses
MATH 214-1,2,3, MATH 215
Engineering analysis and computer proficiency — 4 courses
GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4
Basic sciences — 4 courses
PHYSICS 135-2,3, 2 courses in chemistry, biological sciences, and/or earth sciences
Design and communications — 3 courses
Basic engineering — 5 courses
5 courses from at least four of the following areas: systems engineering and analysis, mechanics, thermodynamics, fluids and solids, materials science, electrical science, computer science
Social sciences/humanities — 7 courses
Unrestricted electives — 5 courses
Major program — 16 courses
• Required courses — 7 courses
  ES APPM 311-1,2,3 Methods of Applied Mathematics
  3 courses from ES APPM 399 Projects, ES APPM 322
  Applied Dynamical Systems, and ES APPM 421-1,2,3 Models in Applied Mathematics
  ES APPM 346 Computation in Science and Engineering
• Additional courses — 3 courses from the following areas, at least 1 in linear algebra and 1 in probability (suggested courses listed):
  Linear algebra: MATH 334
  Numerical analysis: ECE 328, 470, 471; ES APPM 446-1,2
  Probability: IEMS 302; IEMS 303 or MATH 330-1,2,3
  or ECE 302
• Engineering or the sciences — 4 courses leading to an in-depth understanding of an area of application
• Technical electives — 2 courses at the 300 level or higher in engineering, science, or mathematics.

Biomedical Engineering Curriculum
Total requirements — 48 courses
Mathematics — 4 courses
MATH 214-1,2,3, MATH 215
Engineering analysis and computer proficiency — 4 courses
GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4
Basic sciences — 4 courses
PHYSICS 135-2, CHEM 101, 102, and 103 or CHEM 171, 172, and 1 more basic science course other than CHEM 101 and BME 201
Design and communications — 3 courses
Basic engineering — 5 courses from the following six areas, no more than 1 course per area:
- Thermodynamics: CHEM 342-1 or MECH ENG 220
- Fluids and solids: CIV ENG 216, MECH ENG 241, CHEM ENG 321, or BME 270
- Materials science: MAT SCI 201 or 301
- Electrical science: ECE 241 or 270 or BME 221
- Computer engineering: ECE 201, 316, or 328
- Probability, statistics, and quality control: BME 220, CHEM ENG 312, ECE 302, IEMS 203, IEMS 303, or MECH ENG 359

Social sciences/humanities — 7 courses

Unrestricted electives — 5 courses

Major program — 16 courses
- Required courses — 11 courses
- CHEM 210-1,2 Organic Chemistry
- CHEM 343 Kinetics and Spectroscopy
- CHEM ENG 211 Equilibrium Separations
- CHEM ENG 307 Kinetics and Reactor Engineering
- CHEM ENG 322 Heat Transfer
- CHEM ENG 323 Mass Transfer
- CHEM ENG 341 Process Dynamics and Control
- CHEM ENG 342 Chemical Engineering Laboratory
- CHEM ENG 351 Process Economics, Design, and Evaluation
- CHEM ENG 352 Chemical Engineering Design Projects
- Advanced science electives — 2 courses
- 1 approved 200- or 300-level chemistry, physics, biological sciences, or materials science course; 1 200- or 300-level chemistry course or equivalent (e.g., CHEM ENG 361 Introduction to Polymers)
- Areas of specialization — 9 courses

Chemical Engineering Curriculum

Total requirements — 48 courses
- Mathematics — 4 courses
  MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215
- Engineering analysis and computer proficiency — 4 courses
  GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4
- Basic sciences — 4 courses
  PHYSICS 135-2,3; CHEM 102 and 103 or 171 and 172
  CHEM 101, the prerequisite for CHEM 102, must be taken as an unrestricted elective.
- Design and communications — 3 courses
- Basic engineering — 5 courses

Civil Engineering Curriculum

Total requirements — 48 courses
- Mathematics — 4 courses
  MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215
- Engineering analysis and computer proficiency — 4 courses
  GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4
- Basic sciences — 4 courses
  PHYSICS 135-2; CHEM 101, 102; CHEM 103 or PHYSICS 135-3
- Design and communications — 3 courses
- Basic engineering — 5 courses

Social sciences/humanities — 7 courses

Unrestricted electives — 5 courses

Major program — 16 courses
- Required courses — 11 courses
- CHEM 210-1,2 Organic Chemistry
- CHEM 343 Kinetics and Spectroscopy
- CHEM ENG 212 Equilibrium Separations
- CHEM ENG 307 Kinetics and Reactor Engineering
- CHEM ENG 322 Heat Transfer
- CHEM ENG 323 Mass Transfer
- CHEM ENG 341 Process Dynamics and Control
- CHEM ENG 342 Chemical Engineering Laboratory
- CHEM ENG 351 Process Economics, Design, and Evaluation
- CHEM ENG 352 Chemical Engineering Design Projects
- Advanced science electives — 2 courses
- 1 approved 200- or 300-level chemistry, physics, biological sciences, or materials science course; 1 200- or 300-level chemistry course or equivalent (e.g., CHEM ENG 361 Introduction to Polymers)
- Areas of specialization — 9 courses

Chemical Engineering Curriculum

Total requirements — 48 courses
- Mathematics — 4 courses
  MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215
- Engineering analysis and computer proficiency — 4 courses
  GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4
- Basic sciences — 4 courses
  PHYSICS 135-2,3; CHEM 102 and 103 or 171 and 172
  CHEM 101, the prerequisite for CHEM 102, must be taken as an unrestricted elective.
- Design and communications — 3 courses
- Basic engineering — 5 courses
  Thermodynamics: CHEM 342-1, CHEM ENG 211
  Fluids and solids: CHEM ENG 321
  Materials science: MAT SCI 301
  Systems engineering analysis: CHEM ENG 210
Social sciences/humanities — 7 courses
Unrestricted electives — 5 courses
Major program — 16 courses
10 must be civil engineering courses.
- Basic civil engineering — 6 courses
  CIV ENG221 Theory of Structures I
  CIV ENG222 Structural Steel Design
  CIV ENG250 Introductory Soil Mechanics
  CIV ENG260 Fundamentals of Environmental Engineering
  CIV ENG340 Fluid Mechanics II
  CIV ENG371 Introduction to Transportation Planning and Analysis or
  CIV ENG376 Transportation System Operations
- Mathematical techniques and science — 2 courses from approved list
- Technical electives — 8 courses in mathematics, science, engineering, or other area supporting student's specialty. Any 2 of the 8 must be from an approved list of design and synthesis courses.
  Areas of specialization: Listed below are samples of some traditional areas of specialization, but students are encouraged with the help of their advisers to design a program that meets their own particular interests.
  Applied mechanics
  Construction
  Geotechnical engineering
  Structural engineering
  Transportation systems

Computer Engineering Curriculum
Total requirements — 48 courses
Mathematics — 4 courses
MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215
Engineering analysis and computer proficiency — 4 courses
GEN ENG 205-1,2,3
Basic sciences — 4 courses
PHYSICS 135-2,3; 2 courses from chemistry, biological sciences, or earth sciences
Design and communications — 3 courses
Basic engineering — 5 courses
Probability, statistics and quality control: ECE 302
Electrical science: ECE 241
Computer engineering: ECE 201 and 205
1 course from thermodynamics, fluids and solids, systems engineering and analysis, or materials science
Social sciences/humanities — 7 courses
Unrestricted electives — 5 courses
Major program — 16 courses
- Required courses — 8 courses
  ECE 230 Programming for Computer Engineers
  ECE 242 Circuits II
  ECE 250 Physical Electronics
  ECE 303 Advanced Digital Logic Design
  ECE 361 Computer Architecture
  COMP SCI 310 Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science
  COMP SCI 311 Data Structures and Data Management
  COMP SCI 343-1 Operating Systems
- Design requirement — 1 course from
  ECE 347 Microprocessor System Projects
  ECE 362 Computer Architecture Projects
  ECE 392 VLSI Systems Design Projects
- Technical electives — 7 courses, including 4 from
  ECE 333 Introduction to Communication Networks
  ECE 346 Microprocessor System Design
  ECE 357 Design Automation in VLSI
  ECE 358 Introduction to Parallel Computing
  ECE 390 Introduction to Robotics
  ECE 391 VLSI Systems Design
  COMP SCI 322 Compiler Construction
  COMP SCI 394 Software Project Management and Development
  Plus 3 courses from the previous group, from the design requirement group, or from
  ECE 243 Signals and Systems
  ECE 301 Fundamentals of Electromagnetics
  ECE 306 Electronic Circuits
  ECE 328 Numerical Methods for Engineers
  ECE 332 Digital Image Analysis
  ECE 333 Digital Electronic Circuits and Systems
  ECE 359 Digital Signal Processing
  ECE 360 Introduction to Feedback Systems
  ECE 374 Introduction to Digital Control
  BMF 384 Biomedical Computing
  COMP SCI 336 Design and Analysis of Algorithms
  COMP SCI 339 Introduction to Database Systems
  COMP SCI 351 Introduction to Computer Graphics
  ECE 399 Projects (limit: 2 units)
  A grade of C– or better is required in each of ECE 201, 205, 241, and 242 for continuation in the computer engineering program.

Computer Science Curriculum
Total requirements — 48 courses
Mathematics — 4 courses
MATH 214-1,2,3
1 course from computer science mathematics list (available from the department)
Engineering analysis and computer proficiency — 4 courses
GEN ENG 205-1,2,3; COMP SCI 111
Basic sciences — 4 courses, including
PHYSICS 135-2
Design and communications — 3 courses
**Basic engineering** — 5 courses, including
Computer science: COMP SCI 211
Probability, statistics, and quality control: 1 course
3 other courses chosen from the basic engineering list, excluding computer science courses

**Social sciences/humanities** — 7 courses

**Unrestricted electives** — 5 courses

**Major program** — 16 courses

- **Required courses** — 8 courses
  COMP SCI 311 Data Structure and Data Management;
  7 courses from COMP SCI 230 Introduction to Software Engineering and the advanced computer science list available from the program director

- **Technical electives** — 8 courses
  4 courses from the advanced computer science list;
  2 from the computer science mathematics list, the computer science external technical electives list, or the advanced computer science list (the lists are available from the program director); 2 unrestricted electives approved by the department adviser

- **Project work**
  The courses above must be chosen to include two quarters of project work, resulting in the construction and demonstration of a proposed solution to some organization's problem. Projects must be approved by a faculty adviser beforehand. Project work will typically occur in independent study projects (COMP SCI 399) or in project-oriented courses (e.g., COMP SCI 394).

  Courses at the 400 level are primarily for graduate students but may be open to advanced undergraduate students with permission. COMP SCI 110 may be used as an unrestricted technical elective if taken before COMP SCI 111. Technical electives may not satisfy other requirements.

**Electrical Engineering Curriculum**

**Total requirements** — 48 courses

**Mathematics** — 4 courses
MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215

**Engineering analysis and computer proficiency** — 4 courses
GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4

**Basic sciences** — 4 courses
PHYSICS 135-2,3; 2 chemistry courses

**Design and communications** — 3 courses

**Basic engineering** — 5 courses
Thermodynamics: MECH ENG 220
Electrical science: ECE 241 and 301

A grade of C– or better in ECE 241 is required for registration in ECE 242.

Computer engineering: ECE 201
Probability, statistics, and quality control: ECE 302

**Social sciences/humanities** — 7 courses

**Unrestricted electives** — 5 courses

**Project work**

The courses above must be chosen to include two quarters of project work, resulting in the construction and demonstration of a proposed solution to some organization's problem. Projects must be approved by a faculty adviser beforehand. Project work will typically occur in independent study projects (COMP SCI 399) or in project-oriented courses (e.g., COMP SCI 394).

Courses at the 400 level are primarily for graduate students but may be open to advanced undergraduate students with permission. COMP SCI 110 may be used as an unrestricted technical elective if taken before COMP SCI 111. Technical electives may not satisfy other requirements.

**Engineering Science Curriculum**

**Total requirements** — 48 courses

**Mathematics** — 4 courses
MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215

**Engineering analysis and computer proficiency** — 4 courses
GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4

**Basic sciences** — 4 courses
PHYSICS 135-2,3; any 2 from CHEM 101, 102, BIOL SCI 210-1,2

**Design and communications** — 3 courses

**Basic engineering** — 5 courses
Thermodynamics: MECH ENG 220 or MECH ENG 220
Fluids and solids: GIV ENG 211 and MECH ENG 241 or BME 270
Materials science: MAT SCI 201

**Social sciences/humanities** — 7 courses

**Unrestricted electives** — 5 courses
**Major program** — 16 courses
- Required courses — 7 courses
  - ES APPM 311-1,2 Methods of Applied Mathematics
  - 3 courses from ES APPM 399 Projects, ES APPM 421-1,2,3 Models in Applied Mathematics
  - IEMS 301 Introduction to Statistics and 302 Probability or MATH 330-1,2 Probability and Statistics
- Areas of specialization — 9 courses
  - Chosen from 300- and 400-level offerings in engineering, science, or mathematics. Some part of the selection should constitute an area of specialization. Consent of the departmental adviser is required.

**Environmental Engineering Curriculum**

**Total requirements** — 48 courses

**Mathematics** — 4 courses
- MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215

**Engineering analysis and computer proficiency** — 4 courses
- GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4

**Basic sciences** — 4 courses
- PHYSICS 135-2
- CHEM 101, 102, 103 or PHYSICS 135-3 and 2 other courses

**Design and communications** — 3 courses

**Basic engineering** — 5 courses
- IEMS 326; ECE 230; COMP SCI 317 or ECE 328; and 2 courses chosen from two of the following areas: fluids and solids, thermodynamics, materials science, electrical science

**Social sciences/humanities** — 7 courses

**Unrestricted electives** — 5 courses

**Major program** — 16 courses
- Core — 11 courses
  - CHEM 210-1 Organic Chemistry
  - CIV ENG 260 Fundamentals of Environmental Engineering
  - CIV ENG 261 Environmental Engineering Analysis
  - CIV ENG 267 Chemistry of the Natural Environment
  - CIV ENG 340 Fluid Mechanics II
  - CIV ENG 360 Environmental Impact Evaluation
  - CIV ENG 361 Public Health Engineering
  - CIV ENG 363 Community Air Pollution
  - CIV ENG 364 Sanitary Engineering
  - CIV ENG 366 Ecosystems and Ecotoxicology
  - CIV ENG 367 Aquatic Chemistry
- Design — 1 course from
  - CIV ENG 368 Industrial Hygiene and Environmental Control
  - CIV ENG 370 Environmental Engineering Design
- Technical electives — 4 courses
  - 2 courses from approved list
  - 2 courses, 200-level or higher, in engineering or Weinberg College mathematics or science

**Industrial Engineering Curriculum**

**Total requirements** — 48 courses

**Mathematics** — 4 courses
- MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215

**Engineering analysis and computer proficiency** — 4 courses
- GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4

**Basic sciences** — 4 courses
- PHYSICS 135-2; PHYSICS 135-3 and 2 other courses or CHEM 101, 102, 103

**Design and communications** — 3 courses

**Basic engineering** — 5 courses
- IEMS 326; ECE 230; COMP SCI 317 or ECE 328; and 2 courses chosen from two of the following areas: fluids and solids, thermodynamics, materials science, electrical science

**Social sciences/humanities** — 7 courses

**Unrestricted electives** — 5 courses

**Major program** — 16 courses
- Probability and statistics — 2 courses
  - IEMS 302 Probability
  - IEMS 303 Statistics I
- Operations research — 3 courses
  - IEMS 313 Deterministic Models and Optimization
  - IEMS 315 Stochastic Models and Simulation
  - IEMS 335 Systems Simulation
- Applied behavioral science — 1 course
  - IEMS 340 Field Project Methods
- Senior design project — 2 courses
  - IEMS 334-1,2 Systems Project Management I, II or IEMS 336-1,2 Industrial Engineering Design Project I, II
- Electives — 8 courses
  - 3 methodology courses; 3 applications courses; and 2 courses from any 200-level or higher engineering or Weinberg College mathematics, science, statistics, or economics courses (P/N is permitted only in the last group).
  - At least 6 of these must be engineering courses, including 4 IEMS courses. Students must receive at least a half-year of engineering design experience through the electives.
  - The undergraduate industrial engineering coordinator can provide a list of electives by category.

**Manufacturing Engineering Curriculum**

**Total requirements** — 48 courses

**Mathematics** — 4 courses
- MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215

**Engineering analysis and computer proficiency** — 4 courses
- GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4

**Basic sciences** — 4 courses
- PHYSICS 135-2,3; 2 chemistry courses

**Design and communications** — 3 courses
Basic engineering — 5 courses
Thermodynamics: MECH ENG 220 recommended
Materials science: MAT SCI 201 recommended
Electrical science: ECE 270 recommended
Systems analysis: IEMS 319 and IEMS 326

Social sciences/humanities — 7 courses

Unrestricted electives — 5 courses

Major program — 16 courses

• Core — 10 courses
  Computer programming: COMP SCI 110 or ECE 230
  CIV ENG 216 Mechanics of Materials I
  IEMS 203 Probability and Statistics for Engineers
  or IEMS 301 Introduction to Statistics
  or IEMS 303 Statistics I
  or IEMS 307 Quality Improvement by Experimental Design
  IEMS 305 Statistical Methods for Quality Improvement
  IEMS 329 Production Planning and Scheduling
  COMP SCI 317 Data Management and Information Processing
  or IEMS 330 Information Technology in Manufacturing
  MAT SCI 317 Materials in Manufacturing
  MECH ENG 240 Introduction to Mechanical Design and Manufacturing
  MECH ENG 340-1 Computer-Integrated Manufacturing
  or MECH ENG 340-2 or 340-3 Computer-Integrated Manufacturing

• Senior design project — 2 courses from a single engineering department. The following are preapproved options; other options are available by petition.
  CHEM ENG 351 Process Economics, Design, and Evaluation and CHEM ENG 352 Chemical Engineering Design Projects
  ECE 399 Projects (2 units)
  IEMS 334-1,2 Systems Project Management I, II
  IEMS 336-1,2 Industrial Engineering Design Project I, II
  MECH ENG 398 Engineering Design and MECH ENG 399 Projects
  MAT SCI 396-1,2 Senior Project in Materials Science and Engineering

• Technical electives — 4 courses from the approved list, which is updated annually by the manufacturing engineering curriculum committee and the IEMS department

Materials Science and Engineering Curriculum
Total requirements — 48 courses
Mathematics — 4 courses
MATH 214-1,2,3; MATH 215
Engineering analysis and computer proficiency — 4 courses
GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4
Basic sciences — 4 courses
PHYSICS 135-2,3; CHEM 102 and 103 or 171 and 172
Design and communications — 3 courses

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
Basic engineering — 5 courses
Thermodynamics: MECH ENG 220
Fluids and solids: MECH ENG 241; CIV ENG 216 or MECH ENG 262
Materials science: MAT SCI 201 or MAT SCI 203
Electrical science: ECE 270
Students planning to take advanced ECE courses as electives may substitute ECE 241 Circuits I.

Social sciences/humanities — 7 courses
Unrestricted electives — 5 courses

Major program — 16 courses
• Required courses — 6 courses
  MECH ENG 202 Mechanics II
  MECH ENG 224 Experimental Engineering I
  MECH ENG 240 Introduction to Mechanical Design and Manufacturing
  MECH ENG 315 Theory of Machines — Design of Elements
  MECH ENG 377 Heat Transfer
  MECH ENG 390 Introduction to Dynamic Systems
• Mechanical engineering advanced study — 5 courses, at least one from each group:
  Dynamics/controls: MECH ENG 314 Theory of Machines — Dynamics; MECH ENG 363 Mechanical Vibrations; MECH ENG 391 Fundamentals of Control Systems I or ECE 360 Introduction to Feedback Systems
  Manufacturing: MECH ENG 340-1,2,3 Computer Integrated Manufacturing
  Mechanics: MECH ENG 362 Stress Analysis; MECH ENG 391 Fundamentals of Stress Analysis
  Thermofluid science: MECH ENG 370 Thermodynamics II; MECH ENG 373 Engineering Fluid Mechanics
• Options — 5 courses, including at least one design course
  General option:
  2 300-level mechanical engineering courses
  3 300-level technical electives
  1 design course from the following:
  MECH ENG 340-2 Computer Integrated Manufacturing
  MECH ENG 366 Finite Elements for Design and Optimization
  MECH ENG 398 Engineering Design
  Options are available also in biomedical engineering, energy, intelligent mechanical systems, manufacturing, solid mechanics, and design. The 5 courses making up each option are contained in a listing that may be obtained from the department office.

Combined Studies Program
For students whose particular interests and goals cannot be satisfied by one of the regular programs of study in engineering or applied science, the Combined Studies Program provides an alternative. If endorsed and guided by three faculty members and approved by the McCormick School Curriculum Committee, an ad hoc curriculum leading to the bachelor of science degree may be pursued.
Available courses may be combined in a variety of interdisciplinary plans as long as the all-school specification of eight basic components is met. Some examples of combined studies programs entered into in recent years include such titles as public health, engineering physics, biomedical engineering and molecular biology, and computers and mechanical design.
Students interested in the Combined Studies Program should consult with the associate dean for undergraduate engineering.

General Engineering Courses
GEN ENG 106-1,2 (703-A06-1,2) Engineering Design and Communication
Integrated introduction to the engineering design process and technical communication. Approaches to unstructured and poorly defined problems; conceptual and detailed design; team structure and teamwork; project planning; written, oral, graphical, and interpersonal communications; use of software tools; discussion of societal and business issues. One lecture, two workshops, lab. Registration for both quarters required. Primarily intended for freshmen.

GEN ENG 190-0 (703-A90-0) Engineering Freshman Seminar
Subjects of current interest in broad engineering or interdisciplinary areas.

GEN ENG 191-0 (703-A91-0) MEOP Complete Seminar
Issues unique to minority engineering students. Working in groups, achieving one's full potential, succeeding in class, increasing involvements with faculty and in their research. Primarily intended for freshmen.

GEN ENG 205-1,2,3,4 (703-B05-1,2,3,4) Engineering Analysis 1. Introduction to linear algebra from computational, mathematical, and applications viewpoints. Computational methods using a higher-level software package, such as Matlab. 2. Linear algebra and introduction to vector methods in engineering analysis. Statics and dynamics of rigid bodies and matrix analysis of trusses and networks. Engineering design problems. Prerequisites: C– or better in 205-1; MATH 214-1. 3. Dynamic behavior of the elements. Modeling of mechanical (both translational and rotational), electrical, thermal, hydraulic, and chemical systems composed of those elements. Prerequisite: C– or better in 205-2. 4. Solution methods for ordinary differential equations, including exact, numerical, and qualitative methods. Applications and modeling principles; solution techniques. Prerequisites: C– or better in 205-2; MATH 214-2.

GEN ENG 220-0 (703-B20-0) Analytic and Computer Graphics
Microcomputer-aided drawing (CAD) for graphical three-dimensional problem solving and presentation.
Biomedical Engineering

Biomedical engineers solve problems in the life sciences and clinical medicine by applying engineering and mathematical techniques. This approach has been fruitful where a descriptive approach is no longer adequate for studying complex systems involved in the body's transport, regulation, and information processing. Equally important has been the development of devices used inside or outside the body to replace or supplement physiological functions and to enhance the quality of diagnosis and care. Thus, biomedical engineering refers to the application of engineering techniques to problems in medicine and biology.

The interplay among the physical sciences, engineering, biology, and the medical sciences takes many forms. The traditional study of complex systems, whether for power transmission, communications, or the operation and control of industrial processes, has provided engineers with a number of concepts and techniques that proved valuable in analysis and design. These principles expressed in mathematical form are applicable to a wide range of phenomena, including those in biological processes. Information theory, statistics, and computer technology have opened new areas for exploration of sensory and central nervous activity as well as patient handling and diagnosis. Theories for feedback controls, transport processes, materials science, and mechanics provide new insight into homeostatic physiological processes. Analysis of heat transfer, fluid flow, and chemical-process control in living organisms requires competence in both engineering and the life sciences. Current studies help provide understanding of many physiological processes. This understanding, in turn, leads to improvements in clinical practice, diagnosis, and patient care.

Undergraduate Program

Northwestern was among the first schools to recognize the value of a biomedical engineering background, and today the Department of Biomedical Engineering offers, at both the undergraduate and graduate levels, one of the largest and broadest programs in the country. The primary path interested students may follow is the biomedical engineering program administered by the biomedical engineering department. Alternative curricula are the biomedical options in other engineering departments.

The biomedical engineering program provides biomedical training that is quantitative, emphasizes problem solving, and treats phenomena from the molecular to the systems level. This curriculum prepares students for careers in dentistry, medicine, and/or research or with corporations in the health care industry. Required courses in mathematics, engineering, and science establish a strong foundation on which to build a biomedical framework. In addition, each student selects one sequence of courses with which to develop an area of specialization.

Areas of Specialization

All areas are suitable for students planning to enter medical school, continue their biomedical engineering education in graduate school, or pursue careers in the biomedical industry or hospitals.

Electronic Instrumentation

Electronic instruments are used widely in the diagnosis and treatment of disease and in the study of normal physiological function. Students in this area learn the fundamentals of electronic and computer (hardware and software) instrumentation.

Mechanics

Solid (e.g., musculoskeletal) and fluid (e.g., cardiovascular, pulmonary) mechanics are applied to human physiology in the design and manufacture of limb prostheses or artificial organs. Students in this area learn the fundamental engineering principles needed for this work.

Transport Processes

The study of transport processes in living tissue is important in understanding blood flow, lung ventilation, and oxygen transport to and from red blood cells to various tissue beds. Students in this area learn the fundamental chemical engineering principles that relate to these processes.

Biotechnology

Biochemical engineering, biochemistry, molecular biology, and biosensors are components of the broad field known as biotechnology. Students in this area learn the various aspects of biotechnology from the engineer's perspective.

Biomedical Signals and Images

The application of imaging, signal processing, and signal analysis to biomedical problems has become an important part of medicine. MRI, CT-imaging, PET, EKG, and EEG are all examples of physiological signals. Students in this area learn the physiology that underlies these signals and the engineering that underlies their recording and analysis.

Curriculum

Students earning a biomedical engineering degree must obtain a minimum of 18 total course credits in engineering design and engineering science and have obtained substantial training in design.

Students seeking admission to dental or medical school should be familiar with the entrance requirements of those schools to which they intend to apply. In addition to the specifically required courses of the biomedical engineering program, many professional schools also require additional courses in physics, organic and/or physical chemistry, and laboratory biology. These requirements may be satisfied by judicious use of electives.
Courses Primarily for Undergraduates
BME 170-0 (765-A70-0) Introduction to Biomedical Engineering  Emphasis on areas of medicine and physiology where engineering techniques are particularly useful or where a clear need exists for an engineering approach.

BME 201-0 (765-B01-0) Biology for Engineers A survey of biological topics relevant to engineering, focusing on cellular and molecular biology, population growth, and species formation. Prerequisites: MATH 214-1 and CHEM 101 or 171.

BME 220-0 (765-B20-0) Introduction to Biomedical Statistics Basic statistical concepts presented with emphasis on their relevance to biological and medical investigations.

BME 221-0 (765-B21-0) Analysis and Simulation of Biological Systems Circuit analysis and network theorems, transient and sinusoidal steady-state analysis, frequency response, Fourier series, and integral convolution.

BME 270-0 (765-B70-0) Introduction to Biomedical Fluid Mechanics Fundamentals of fluid mechanics and their applications to biological systems.

BME 301-0 (765-C01-0) Systems Physiology Functional/structural aspects of mammalian nervous system, Neural biophysics. Laboratory exercises. Prerequisites: PHYSICS 135-2 and junior standing.

BME 302-0 (765-C02-0) Systems Physiology Cardiovascular and respiratory physiology. Human physiology from a quantitative viewpoint. Anatomy and pathology, where appropriate. Prerequisite: MATH 214-3.

BME 303-0 (765-C03-0) Systems Physiology Cellular mechanisms of and quantitative systems approach to human renal, digestive, endocrine, and metabolic physiology. Prerequisite: BIOL SCI 210-2; junior standing recommended.

BME 308-0 (765-C08-0) Biomedical Engineering Laboratory Laboratory and associated lecture concerning quantitative physiology, testing, and evaluation of biomedical apparatus. Prerequisites: At least 2 from 301, 302, and 303; ECE 241 or 270. Preference given to seniors in biomedical engineering.

BME 310-0 (765-C10-0) Molecular and Cellular Aspects of Bioengineering Molecular/cellular structure and function, mechanical influences on biological systems, molecular/cellular experiments. Prerequisites: BIOL SCI 210-2 and GEN ENG 205-3.

BME 314-0 (765-C14-0) Models of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Mathematical modeling of biochemical and molecular biological problems, such as allosteric enzymes, bacterial transduction, X-ray diffraction, study of DNA.

BME 315-0 (765-C15-0) Application of Genetic Engineering to Immunochemistry Recent developments in genetic engineering as applied to the rapidly developing field of immunochemistry for antibodies and related proteins.

BME 317-0 (765-C17-0) Biochemical Sensors Theory, design, and applications of chemical sensors used in medical diagnosis and patient monitoring. Electrochemical and optical sensors. Prerequisites: chemistry through 210-2; physics through 135-3.

BME 320-0 (765-C20-0) Biomedical Signals and Imaging Fundamentals of signals and systems, time and frequency domain issues. Fourier series and transforms, convolution, frequency response, filtering, and laboratories in biomedical systems and imaging. Prerequisites: GEN ENG 205-4 and PHYSICS 135-3.

BME 321-0 (765-C21-0) Theory and Control of Biological Systems Linear control theory, mathematical foundations, transfer functions, modeling of biological systems, stability. Prerequisite: GEN ENG 205-4.


BME 325-0 (765-C25-0) Introduction to Medical Imaging Diagnostic X rays; X-ray film and radiographic image; computed tomography; ultrasound. Prerequisites: 320 and PHYSICS 135-3 or equivalent.

BME 327-0 (765-C27-0) Magnetic Resonance Imaging Nuclear magnetic resonance; two-dimensional Fourier transform, spin-echo and gradient-echo imaging; gradient and RF hardware. Prerequisites: 320 and PHYSICS 135-3.


BME 343-0 (765-C43-0) Biomaterials and Medical Devices Structure-property relationships for biomaterials. Metal, ceramic, and polymeric implant materials and their implant applications. Interactions of materials with the body. Prerequisite: senior standing.

BME 344-0 (765-C44-0) Biological Performance of Materials Structure-property relationships of materials, physical chemistry of surfaces and interfaces, materials-tissue interactions, applications to the selection and design of materials for medical implants and devices. Prerequisite: MAT SCI 201.

BME 346-0 (765-C46-0) Tissue Engineering In vivo molecular, cellular, and organ engineering, with an emphasis on the foundations, techniques, experiments, and clinical applications of tissue engineering. Prerequisites: BIOL SCI 210-2 or CHEM ENG 375; GEN ENG 205-3.
### BME 350-0 (765-C50-0) Transport Fundamentals
Fundamental and biomedical applications of diffusive and convective heat and mass transfer. Prerequisites: 270 and MATH 214-3.

### BME 365-0 (765-C65-0) Control of Human Limbs and Their Artificial Replacements
Human movement, biomechanics, skeletal and muscular anatomy, comparative anatomy, muscle physiology, and locomotion. Engineering design of artificial limbs. Prerequisite: senior standing with engineering or physical science background.

### BME 366-0 (765-C66-0) Biomechanics of Movement
Engineering mechanics applied to analyze human movement, including models of muscle and tendon, kinematics of joints, and dynamics of multijoint movement. Applications in sports, rehabilitation, and orthopedics. Prerequisite: MECH ENG 202 or consent of instructor.

### BME 371-0 (765-C71-0) Mechanics of Biological Tissues
Stress and strain for small and large deformations. Nonlinear elastic, viscoelastic, pseudoelastic, and biphasic models. Prerequisite: CIV ENG 216 or equivalent.

### CHEM ENG 371-0 (710-C71-0) Transport Phenomena in Living Systems
See Chemical Engineering.

### BME 372-0 (765-C72-0) Hemodynamics
Mechanical aspects of the human circulation system. Blood and blood vessel rheology. Pressures and flows in the arterial system. Prerequisites: 270; 302 or 402 or consent of instructor.

### BME 373-0 (765-C73-0) Cardiac Mechanics
Mechanical behavior of isolated muscle fibers, ventricular walls, and isolated ventricles. Interactions between ventricles and circulation systems. Prerequisite: 371, CIV ENG 216, or consent of instructor.

### BME 377-0 (765-C77-0) Intermediate Fluid Mechanics
Fundamental concepts of fluid dynamics. Kinematics, masso and momentum balances, constitutive relations. Navier-Stokes equations and methods of solution. Sealing techniques. Prerequisite: 270 or consent of instructor.

### BME 379-0 (765-C79-0) Artificial Organs
Basic transport process analyses. Engineering analyses and design of artificial organs: kidneys, lungs, hearts, pancreas, liver. Comparison of natural/artificial organ function. Prerequisites: 302 and 303 or 402 and 403; a heat and/or mass transport course.

### BME 383-0 (765-C83-0) Cardiovascular Instrumentation
Theory, design, and application of instrumentation used for diagnosis, monitoring, treatment, and research investigation of cardiac and cardiovascular diseases. Examples from the current literature. Prerequisite: ECE 241, 270, or equivalent or consent of instructor.

### BME 384-0 (765-C84-0) Biomedical Computing
Principles of modern (computer-based) medical instrumentation, including analog vs. digital design trade-offs, efficient digital filter designs, and algorithms for physiological signal processing, automated event recognition, and classification. Prerequisites: ECE 306, 270, or equivalent and some experience in computer programming or consent of instructor.

### BME 390-0 (765-C90-0) Biomedical Engineering Design
Design strategy and concepts, including reliability, safety, ethics, economic analysis, and marketing. FDA regulations and patents. Prerequisite: senior standing in biomedical engineering.

### BME 395-0 (765-C95-0) Special Topics in Biomedical Engineering

### BME 399-0 (765-C99-0) Projects

### Chemical Engineering
Chemical engineering is concerned primarily with the principles and processes involved in the conversion of raw materials into products vital to modern civilization. The products of the chemical and process industries range from antibiotics to zirconium, from petroleum to plutonium, from agricultural chemicals to plastics and synthetic rubber. The rapid introduction of new products by the chemical process industries gives chemical engineering its characteristic concern with the management and development of innovation. Preparation for careers in chemical engineering requires a comprehension of physical, chemical, and engineering principles. The program aims at developing people who can plan, design, and operate new processes and who may have potential for managerial responsibility in highly technical industrial enterprises.

The Department of Chemical Engineering curriculum provides this broad fundamental training and prepares graduates for the chemical and process industries or advanced study. The first two years are devoted largely to mathematics, physics, and chemistry. After this, the fundamentals of chemical engineering fall into two sequences: the chemical process principles, emphasizing thermodynamics and kinetics of chemical change, and the transport processes, emphasizing the transfer of mass, momentum, and thermal energy in the physical handling of substances and in their heating, cooling, separation, and purification. Theoretical principles and practical applications are then integrated in courses in systems design and control. Supporting courses in allied fields of engineering and the sciences broaden the technical proficiency of chemical engineers, while courses in the social sciences, humanities, and arts deepens their background in the common hopes and problems of humanity.

### Areas of Specialization
The curriculum permits students to select an area of specialization and to develop background for further study at the graduate level or for application to specific industries. Students are encouraged to select one of the seven areas listed below or to plan an alternate program with an adviser. There are numerous electives in the basic program, and students are urged to give early consideration to planning for effective use of these opportunities.
**Chemical Process Engineering**

The chemical process engineering option is designed to prepare students for many areas, including design, operations, research, and management. Recommended for students who want a broad background in chemical engineering, it provides preparation for employment in many fields, including the chemical process and petroleum industries. It is also good preparation for graduate work in chemical engineering or other areas, both technical and nontechnical.

**Biomedical Engineering**

Increasing numbers of chemical engineers enter medical school and work in related areas such as pharmaceutical production, biomedical materials, and artificial organs. The biomedical engineering option satisfies the needs of these students by adding courses in biology, biochemistry, and biomedical engineering to the foundation in chemical engineering. Students therefore can prepare for careers in medicine or biomedical engineering as they obtain a degree in chemical engineering.

**Biotechnology**

Biotechnology is the industrial exploitation of biological systems or processes. Microorganisms are employed for production of food, beverages, antibiotics, and solvents as well as for waste treatment. Advances in genetic engineering have led to the production (in animal cells, yeast, and bacteria) of a wide range of enzymes, growth factors, hormones, immunoregulators, and monoclonal antibodies for use in disease diagnosis and therapy. Animal cells and microorganisms produce chemicals via a complex network of tightly regulated chemical reactions, making biotechnology a natural extension of chemical engineering. The biotechnology option provides the background necessary to apply chemical engineering skills in biological systems, especially for process optimization, control, scale-up, and product recovery.

**Environmental Engineering**

Means for improving the quality of our environment, disposing of wastes, and devising waste-free processes often involve chemical processing. The development, construction, and operation of these processes increasingly involves chemical engineers in a leading role. The next decade will see the replacement of many present industrial processes by new ones designed to eliminate or minimize waste products, requiring imaginative engineering. The environmental engineering specialization offers students a way to add special competence in environmental and civil engineering concerns to a chemical engineering degree and to prepare for attacking environmental problems.

**Polymer Science and Engineering**

Synthetic polymers are large molecular substances that now provide the basis for the plastics, fiber, and rubber industries. Synthetic polymers are used in fields as diverse as the automotive industry, pollution abatement, low-cost housing, and biomedical engineering and indeed wherever needs exist for new materials with unique properties. The polymer field requires a knowledge of chemistry and some background in materials science in combination with expertise in chemical engineering, especially in transport processes. The option in polymer science and engineering provides training to undergraduates considering working in the field or going to graduate school.

**Process Control and Simulation**

The chemical process industries have long been concerned with the optimal design and control of large-scale systems. In recent years, chemical engineers have played a significant role in the continued evolution of control systems theory and applications and have been instrumental in the use of modern computing methods for such tasks. The process control and simulation specialty provides background for immediate applications or graduate study.

**General Chemical Engineering**

This option provides flexibility for students who desire exposure to a wide range of topics or who wish to specialize in fields of science or engineering not listed above.

**Laboratories**

The Undergraduate Chemical Engineering Laboratory provides facilities for exploring firsthand the quantitative experimental implications of fundamental laws in their application to practical problems of heat transfer, gas absorption, distillation, and other basic operations. Process dynamics and automatic control principles are studied in the Process Dynamics and Control Laboratory, which is furnished with typical control equipment plus a number of personal computers. A computing laboratory is used in a variety of courses. Chemical laboratory experience is also a part of the polymer course.

**Courses Primarily for Undergraduates**

**CHEM ENG 190-0 (710-A90-0) Survey of Chemical Engineering Concepts and Opportunities** Application of chemical engineering principles illustrated by examples from the chemical, petroleum, food processing, pharmaceutical, electronics, and other industries. Impact of economics, ethics, and other nontechnical constraints.

**CHEM ENG 210-0 (710-B10-0) Analysis of Chemical Process Systems** Introduction to process systems. Material balances and stoichiometry. Analysis of process system flow sheets. Introduction to departmental computing facilities. Basic numerical analysis. Prerequisites: CHEM 103 and GEN ENG 205-4 (may be taken concurrently).

**CHEM ENG 211-0 (710-B11-0) Thermodynamics** The first and second laws of thermodynamics. Entropy and equilibrium. Material and energy balances. Equations of state and properties of fluids. Solutions, phase equilibria, and chemical reactions. Prerequisites: 210 and CHEM 342-1.
Design and analysis of chemical separation processes such as distillation, absorption, extraction, and leaching. Plant equipment and operations. Prerequisites: 211.

**CHEM ENG 307-0 (710-C07-0) Kinetics and Reactor Engineering** Chemical reaction kinetics with application to the design of chemical reactors. Prerequisites: 210 (C– or better) and CHEM 343.

**CHEM ENG 312-0 (710-C12-0) Probability and Statistics for Chemical Engineering** Introduction to probability theory and statistical methods necessary for analyzing the behavior of processes and experiments. Statistical tests for detecting significant changes in process parameters.

**CHEM ENG 321-0 (710-C21-0) Fluid Mechanics** Derivation and applications of continuity and Navier-Stokes equations. Macroscopic mass, momentum, and energy balance. Dimensional analysis: friction factors in pipes and packed beds; drag coefficients. Prerequisites: completion of mathematics requirements with no grades of D and GEN ENG 205-4.

**CHEM ENG 322-0 (710-C22-0) Heat Transfer** The differential equations of energy transport. Solutions for various applications. Prerequisite: completion of mathematics requirements with no grades of D.

**CHEM ENG 323-0 (710-C23-0) Mass Transfer** Diffusion and rate concepts; application to distillation, extraction, absorption, humidification, drying. Prerequisites: 321 and 322.

**CHEM ENG 341-0 (710-C41-0) Process Dynamics and Control** Dynamic behavior of chemical process components. Feedback control principles. Prerequisite: senior standing; 307 recommended.

**CHEM ENG 342-0 (710-C42-0) Chemical Engineering Laboratory** Operation and control of process equipment for the determination of operating data. Analysis and written presentation of results. Prerequisites: 307 and 323.

**CHEM ENG 345-0 (710-C45-0) Process Optimization** Modern techniques and application to the design and operation of chemical process systems. Steady-state and dynamic methods. Experimental search for the optimum. Prerequisite: senior standing.

**CHEM ENG 349-0 (710-C49-0) Advanced Process Control** Digital sampling; sampled data models; digital controllers; hierarchical, distributed, and advanced regulatory control concepts; plant data and control system tuning; model-based control algorithms; nonlinear consideration; multivariable and noninteracting control systems. Prerequisite: 341.

**CHEM ENG 351-0 (710-C51-0) Process Economics, Design, and Evaluation** Preliminary design of industrial processes for the production of chemical and allied products by the application of the engineering sciences and economics. Prerequisites: 212, 307, and 323.

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**CHEM ENG 352-0 (710-C52-0) Chemical Engineering Design Projects** Design of chemical and process plants applying the principles of unit operations, thermodynamics, reaction kinetics, and economics. Mechanical design and selection of chemical process equipment. Prerequisite: 351.

**CHEM ENG 361-0 (710-C61-0) Introduction to Polymers** Polymerization mechanisms and their relation to molecular structure, polymerization processes, and the mechanical properties of polymers, especially flow behavior. Prerequisites: CHEM 210-1 and CHEM 342-1.

**CHEM ENG 364-0 (710-C64-0) Chemical Processing and the Environment** Application of chemical engineering fundamentals to environmental problems. Chemistry and mechanisms, chemical reaction and rate, and transport emphasized. Risk assessment and analysis revealed through case studies. Prerequisites: 212 and 307.

**CHEM ENG 371-0 (710-C71-0) Transport Phenomena in Living Systems** Application of transport theory, principally diffusion, to movement of molecules in biological systems, including blood, cornea, microcirculation, and lung. Prerequisites: 322 and GEN ENG 205-4 or consent of instructor; 321 and 323 recommended.

**CHEM ENG 375-0 (710-C75-0) Biochemical Engineering** Modern biochemical engineering. Life sciences: microbiology, biochemical, and molecular genetics. Metabolic stoichiometry, energetics, growth kinetics, transport phenomena in bioreactors, and product recovery. Prerequisite: 307, 323, or consent of instructor.

**CHEM ENG 377-0 (710-C77-0) Bioseparations** Downstream process in biotechnology. Separation and lysis of cells. Recovery of organelles and proteins. Protein separation and purification. Prerequisite: 375.

**CHEM ENG 395-0 (710-C95-0) Special Topics in Chemical Engineering** Topics suggested by students or faculty and approved by the department.

**CHEM ENG 396-0 (710-C96-0) Focused Topics in Chemical Engineering** (.5 unit) Emerging topics suggested by students or faculty and approved by the department.

**CHEM ENG 399-0 (710-C99-0) Projects** Supervised investigation of a chemical engineering problem with submission of a final report.

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**Civil Engineering**

Civil engineers plan systems such as transportation networks or procedures for water control and supply, and they design structures such as buildings, bridges, dams, and sewage disposal plants. They work together with ecologists, sociologists, economists, lawyers, and others to plan how to use wisely the human and natural resources of large areas.
such as river basins and how to redevelop cities. With few exceptions, each planning or design job is one of a kind, as contrasted with more routine solutions to other engineering problems.

Planning, of course, requires abundant data of all sorts — topography, geology, soils, vegetation, weather and climate, stream-flow and lake currents, traffic routes and patterns, pollution, population, cultural background and preferences, skills and ambitions. Many civil engineers collect, analyze, and present the data, developing and improving measuring instruments as part of their job. Others apply probability and statistical methods to the data to forecast such things as population growth, demand for water and transportation, maximum winds and precipitation, height of floods, and air and water quality.

Designing systems and structures requires the planning forecasts plus accurate data on the mechanical properties of materials such as steel, concrete, soils, rocks, and plastics and on the behavior of structural components made from them. Some civil engineers test materials and physical models to obtain such data. Many more use known physical properties and the laws of mechanics — energy, momentum, and conservation of mass — to design structures, foundations, pavements, pipe networks, and treatment plants that will do the job safely and economically.

Civil engineers who design water and waste treatment facilities or set up programs to reduce air and water pollution need to understand certain chemical reactions and biological processes as well as the usual fluid and solid mechanics. Engineers who help to plan and design a system understand how and why it works and what may go wrong with it. Hence, civil engineers may operate treatment facilities or systems of flood control reservoirs or set up and administer traffic control plans. Civil engineers may become city engineers.

Engineers who design structures and know soil mechanics learn the practical difficulties of providing a foundation and erecting the structure. Thus, they become partly qualified to operate construction companies, and some civil engineers enter the construction business. Administrative and business activities require them also to learn something about accounting, personnel management, and contracts.

Since civil engineering students have such a wide range of career options, the Department of Civil Engineering prescribes a minimum of required courses and required subjects. Students elect the remainder freely or from specified broad categories. The breakdown, from which honors students may deviate with permission, is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Courses specified by name and number</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Courses specified by subject</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Courses required to fit into broad categories</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free electives</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>48</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For details see the civil engineering curriculum.

**Areas of Specialization**

Civil engineering students may select a program that fits their needs by choosing courses judiciously. The 5 free electives, the 17 courses required to fit into broad categories, and most of the 8 courses specified by subject only (such as mathematical techniques or electrical engineering science or chemistry) allow students to construct diverse specialized curricula, broadly based study programs, or intermediate combinations. Students are encouraged to discuss with faculty any proposed program that meets a well-defined goal. Examples of courses selected in the areas of specialization most often pursued by students are listed in the civil engineering curriculum.

**Laboratories**

**Environmental Engineering**

Facilities are provided for instruction and research in environmental biology and chemistry, industrial hygiene, radiological health, and the unit operations of water and waste treatment. Specialized apparatus and instrumentation are available for studies in each area.

**Geotechnical Engineering**

This facility has a variety of conventional and special equipment for the testing and evaluation of rocks, soils, and soil-foundation systems — under both static and dynamic loadings — for undergraduate study, graduate study, and research. The laboratory contains many specialized instruments, including consolidation devices and triaxial compression units equipped for computer-controlled stress, strain, and cyclic loading.

**Structural Engineering and Structural Mechanics**

The department has a large first-class modern laboratory for testing structural materials, especially cement-based materials and composites. The laboratory is equipped with several closed-loop computer-controlled or servo-controlled testing machines capable of static and dynamic loading as well as advanced instrumentation for electron and optical microscopy studies with facilities for image analysis and holographic capabilities, creep testing in programmed environmental chambers, multiaxial or torsional loading, impact testing, acoustic defect detection, and other nondestructive test methods. Basic facilities, including a perforated testing floor, are available also for static and dynamic testing of structural models and structural components. Students conduct experiments using electrical and mechanical strain gauges, structural models, and photographic models. A fully equipped shop and technical assistance are available for the design and construction of special loading devices.

**Computer Graphics**

The computer graphics undergraduate laboratory contains specialized workstations and input-output devices to support computer-aided design, geographical information
systems, facility management and scheduling, and scientific visualization software.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates

CIV ENG 203-0 (750-B03-0) Microstructure and Engineering Properties of Materials
See Materials Science and Engineering.

CIV ENG 206-0 (720-B06-0) Environmental Literacy
Simple concepts from the sciences and engineering applied to specific environmental problems, including the concepts of risk. Understanding of and quantitative facility in multidisciplinary aspects of environmental decisions.

CIV ENG 212-0 (720-B12-0) Mechanics

CIV ENG 216-0 (720-B16-0) Mechanics of Materials I
Analytical and experimental study of stresses and deformations and their application to the design of machine and structural elements subjected to static, dynamic, and repeated loads. Prerequisite: 212 or GEN ENG 205-2.

CIV ENG 219-0 (720-B19-0) Continuum Mechanics I
Introductory concepts of mechanics of continua. Analysis of deformation and stress and the equations of motion, with special emphasis on the elastic solid and Newtonian fluid. Prerequisites: PHYSICS 135-1 and MATH 217.

GEN ENG 220-0 (703-B20-0) Analytical and Computer Graphics
See General Engineering Courses.

CIV ENG 221-0 (720-B21-0) Theory of Structures I
Deflections of structures, energy concepts, idealization of structures, truss analysis, column stability, and influence lines. Introduction to indeterminate truss and frame analyses, slope-deflection analysis, and moment distribution. Portal method. Prerequisite: 216.

CIV ENG 222-0 (720-B22-0) Structural Steel Design
Rational basis of structural design. Design approach for structural steel components of a building system. Prerequisite: 221.

MECH ENG 241-0 (740-B41-0) Fluid Mechanics I
See Mechanical Engineering.

CIV ENG 250-0 (720-B50-0) Introductory Soil Mechanics
Fundamental properties and behavior of soils as engineering materials. Origin of soils through the properties of soil components to the strength, permeability, and deformation of soil masses. Prerequisite: 216.

CIV ENG 260-0 (720-B60-0) Fundamentals of Environmental Engineering
Mass and energy concepts applied to major issues facing environmental engineers: safe drinking water, surface water quality, ambient air quality, global atmosphere, managing solid and hazardous wastes. Prerequisites: CHEM 101 and MATH 214-2 (may be taken concurrently).

CIV ENG 261-0 (720-B61-0) Environmental Engineering Analysis
Development of quantitative analytical tools for describing physical, chemical, and microbiological processes in natural and engineering systems relevant to environmental engineering. Prerequisites: 260 and CHEM 102.

CIV ENG 267-0 (720-B67-0) Chemistry of the Natural Environment
Fundamental principles of organic and inorganic chemistry applied to air, water, soil, and river sediments. Focus on problem solving. Laboratory/field projects. Prerequisite: CHEM 103.

CIV ENG 302-0 (720-C02-0) Engineering Law
Relationship between social, political, and economic problems in engineering; contracts; competitive bidding; the engineer's role in management; liability; insurance; lawsuits; arbitration; legal implications of environmental laws; professional societies; ethics. Prerequisite: junior standing.

CIV ENG 306-0 (720-C06-0) Uncertainty Analysis in Civil Engineering
Development and applications of the analysis of uncertainty, including basic probability, statistics, and decision theory, in the civil engineering areas of soil mechanics, structures, transportation, and water resources.

CIV ENG 307-0 (720-C07-0) Microstructure of Cement-Based Materials
Chemistry of the principal silicate and aluminate cements used in building and civil engineering. Emphasis on understanding science rather than on practical application. Experimental and theoretical aspects of cement chemistry; relationships between processing, microstructure, and properties.

CIV ENG 313-0 (720-C13-0) Experimental Stress Analysis
Study and use of experimental techniques in measuring stress and strain. Strain gauge, photoelastic, brittle coating, and moiré techniques studied and applied with selected laboratory experiments. Prerequisite: 216.

CIV ENG 314-0 (720-C14-0) Mechanics of Crustal Processes
Application of elementary mechanics to geological processes of crustal deformation, including faulting, earthquake generation and deformation, folding, and coupling of fluid flow with deformation. Prerequisites: 216 and MATH 221 or GEN ENG 205-4.

CIV ENG 317-0 (720-C17-0) Mechanics of Continua I
Introduction to the mechanics of continuous media. Cartesian tensors; kinematics of deformable media; stress; balance laws; constitutive relations for selected solids and fluids. Prerequisites: 212 and MATH 217 or equivalent.

CIV ENG 318-0 (720-C18-0) Mechanics of Fracture
Stress concentration: analysis of the stress field near a crack tip; fracture modes; brittle and ductile fracture; fracture toughness; fracture criteria; fracture-mechanics design; fatigue; dynamic effects. Prerequisites: course in mechanics of materials and MATH 217.

CIV ENG 319-0 (720-C19-0) Theory of Structures II
Shear center, biaxial bending, and torsion for beams. Approximate methods of analysis, moment distribution, and Muller-Breslau principle. Introduction to limit analysis, plate and shell problems. Computer applications. Prerequisite: 221.
CIV ENG 320-0 (720-C20-0) Structural Analysis
Analysis of deflection and indeterminate structures by the interchange concept. Continuous beams and frames having non-prismatic members. Analysis of vibration characteristics of structures, response of buildings to dynamic loads.

CIV ENG 321-0 (720-C21-0) Properties of Concrete
Concrete as a composite material; relationship between constitutive laws and microstructure; failure theories; fracture; fatigue; strain rate effects; destructive and non-destructive testing; creep and shrinkage; chemistry of cement hydration; admixtures; aggregates; proportioning; new materials.

CIV ENG 322-0 (720-C22-0) Structural Design
Design criteria; planning and design aspects of structural systems for gravity and lateral loads. A total design project involving the analysis and design of a structure. Prerequisite: 222 or equivalent.

CIV ENG 325-0 (720-C25-0) Reinforced Concrete

CIV ENG 326-0 (720-C26-0) Matrix Analysis of Structures
The use of matrix methods in analysis of structural systems. Application of flexibility and stiffness methods to trusses, frames, and plate structures. The approximate solution of plane stress problems. Application of digital computers to structural analysis. Prerequisite: 221.

CIV ENG 327-0 (720-C27-0) Finite Element Methods in Mechanics
Development of elements from variational principles and application to static continuum problems. Introduction to techniques for dynamics and generalized field problems. Computer implementation of finite element techniques.

CIV ENG 328-0 (720-C28-0) Prestressed Concrete

CIV ENG 330-0 (720-C30-0) Construction Management
Techniques for coordinating decisions and actions of various parties in the design and construction of civil engineering projects. Delivery systems; preconstruction services; project planning; cost control and value engineering; bidding. Prerequisite: presenior or senior standing.

CIV ENG 332-0 (720-C32-0) Construction Estimating
Estimation of cost at different stages of design; conceptual estimating, quantity takeoff of various elements, such as materials, labor, equipment. Prerequisite: senior standing.

CIV ENG 334-0 (720-C34-0) Total Quality Management
How to achieve quality through continuous improvement of processes, customer satisfaction, and a team environment. Includes data collection and analysis process improvement. Prerequisite: senior standing.

CIV ENG 336-0 (720-C36-0) Project Scheduling
Project planning, scheduling, and control using CPM arrow and precedence networks; minimum cost scheduling; basic resource allocation and leveling; overlapping networks; PERT charts; hands-on experience in using computer tools. Prerequisite: senior standing.

CIV ENG 338-0 (720-C38-0) Public Infrastructure Management
Addresses the complexity of managing public infrastructure facilities by means of a five-part interactive model. Objective is to impart a realistic appreciation of contemporary public infrastructure management policies and practices. Prerequisite: senior standing.

CIV ENG 340-0 (720-C40-0) Fluid Mechanics II
Civil engineering applications of fluid mechanics. Turbulent flow in pipes, pipe networks, and open channels.

CIV ENG 342-0 (720-C42-0) Water Microbiology
Principles of microbial physiology and biochemistry applied to microorganisms of environmental interest. Prerequisite: 250.

CIV ENG 344-0 (720-C44-0) Physical Principles in Environmental Engineering
Fate, transport, and control of chemicals in air, water, and soil environments. Materials balances, suspension phenomena, flow chemical partitioning, mass transfer, filtration and reactor theory. Prerequisites: PHYSICS 135-1,2 and CHEM ENG 321, MECH ENG 241, or equivalent.

CIV ENG 345-0 (720-C45-0) Environmental Analytical Chemistry
Laboratory course in the theory and the applications of analytical chemistry as applied to complex, multiphase environmental systems. Prerequisite: CIV ENG 367.

CIV ENG 346-0 (720-C46-0) Meteorology and Hydrology

CIV ENG 349-0 (720-C49-0) Environmental Management
The roles and responsibilities of project managers who deal with environmental issues. How managers deal with previously created environmental problems, respond to current requirements, and anticipate future needs. A technical background is expected. Prerequisite: senior standing.

CIV ENG 351-0 (720-C51-0) Engineering Properties of Soils
Determination, interpretation, significance, application of index and engineering properties of soils. Laboratory testing procedures, sample handling, reliability of results, methods of evaluation and control. Prerequisite: 250.

CIV ENG 352-0 (720-C52-0) Foundation Engineering
Application of soil mechanics to analysis and design. Settlement of structures, bearing capacities of shallow and deep foundations, earth pressures on retaining structures, and slope stability. Prerequisite: 250.
CIV ENG 355-0 (720-C55-0) Engineering Aspects of Groundwater Flow Applied aspects of groundwater flow and seepage, including Darcy's law, parameter determination, aquifer test analysis, flow-net construction and application, modeling techniques, slope stability analysis, drainage, and filter design. Lecture and laboratory. Prerequisite: fluid mechanics.

CIV ENG 356-0 (720-C56-0) Transport Processes in Porous Media Transport processes in porous media, including unsaturated flow, flow in deformable porous media, convective transport of solutes with hydrodynamic dispersion effects, and coupled flow phenomena with particular emphasis on electrokinetics. Prerequisite: 355.

CIV ENG 357-0 (720-C57-0) Environmental Geotechnics Site characterization and geotechnical aspects of waste containment and remediation. Geological setting and the heterogeneous nature of soils. Design, testing, and quality control for geosynthetics.

CIV ENG 358-0 (720-C58-0) Airphoto Interpretation Principles and practice of using aerial photographs to obtain information about natural features of the earth's surface, with emphasis on earth materials. Landforms, geological processes, rocks, and soils. Stereoscopic photographs, elements of photogrammetry. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

CIV ENG 359-0 (720-C59-0) Hazardous Waste Management Definition and regulation of wastes. Pollutant transport, fate, and toxicity. Management via audits and prevention. Treatment and control. Risk and site assessment and site remediation. Prerequisite: upperclass standing in engineering or science or consent of instructor.

CIV ENG 360-0 (720-C60-0) Environmental Impact Evaluation Methods for evaluating impacts of engineering projects on environmental quality; environmental legislation; environmental quality indices. Participation in a multidisciplinary group project; preparation of impact report. Prerequisite: junior standing.

CIV ENG 361-0 (720-C61-0) Public Health Engineering Evaluation of the disease status of a community; elements of vital statistics and epidemiology; etiology of infectious and noninfectious diseases; control of environmentally based health hazards.

CIV ENG 363-0 (720-C63-0) Community Air Pollution Nature and control of community air pollution. Sources, physical and chemical properties, and effects of major air pollutants; analytical measurements and monitoring of air pollutants; engineering and legislative control. Prerequisite: junior standing.

CIV ENG 364-0 (720-C64-0) Sanitary Engineering Engineering elements of water supply and water pollution abatement. Water quality standards, water and wastewater treatment processes, and the management of receiving waters to control pollution. Prerequisite: MECH ENG 241 (340 desirable).


CIV ENG 366-0 (720-C66-0) Ecosystems and Ecotoxicology Responses of terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems to environmental stress, with emphasis on ecotoxicological effects; ecosystem considerations in engineering problems and solutions. Prerequisite: junior standing in engineering or science.

CIV ENG 367-0 (720-C67-0) Aquatic Chemistry Physical chemistry of the aqueous environment; solution and heterogeneous equilibria; reactions at solid-solution interface. Water and wastewater analyses. Lecture, laboratory. Prerequisite: CHEM 103.

CIV ENG 368-0 (720-C68-0) Industrial Hygiene and Environmental Control Application of industrial hygiene principles and practice; measurement and control of atmospheric contaminants. Design and evaluation of industrial ventilation systems. Prerequisite: junior standing.

CIV ENG 370-0 (720-C70-0) Environmental Engineering Design Decision making in selection and implementation of environmental control measures. Water supply and wastewater management: quantities to be handled, transportation systems, treatment processes, solid wastes management. Prerequisite: 364.

CIV ENG 371-0 (720-C71-0) Introduction to Transportation Planning and Analysis Analysis and design of solutions to transportation problems; introduction to selected operations research and statistical analysis techniques; extensive use of case studies in urban transportation, intercity passenger transport, and freight movements. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

CIV ENG 372-0 (720-C72-0) Transportation System Design and Analysis Integrative design and analysis experience; physical and programmatic problems, including operations, terminals, and management; fundamental concepts of transportation; systematic approaches to creative problem solving.

CIV ENG 376-0 (720-C76-0) Transportation System Operations Characteristics of roadway travel; vehicle and human factors, intersection performance and control; management and control of arterial streets and networks; neighborhood traffic restraint, urban transit operations. Operations concepts and theories applied to actual problems through laboratory practice.

CIV ENG 395-0 (720-C95-0) Special Topics in Civil Engineering Topics suggested by students or faculty and approved by the department.
CIV ENG 398-1,2 (720-C98-1,2) Community-Based Design Yearlong participation in two- or three-person team projects involving research, analysis, and/or design in the solution of environmental problems affecting primarily low-income communities. Grade assigned only on completion of both units. Prerequisites: junior or senior standing in civil or environmental engineering and permission of instructor.

CIV ENG 399-0 (720-C99-0) Projects Special studies under faculty direction. Credit to be arranged.

Computer Science
The Department of Computer Science offers a wide variety of programs leading to the BS degree. Courses and research focus on software, ranging from theoretical models to practical applications. Particular areas of research include:

- Artificial intelligence, including mobile robots with perceptual systems, models of memory and reasoning, knowledge representation, natural language comprehension, planning, and problem solving.
- Software engineering, including the analysis, design, implementation, evaluation, and maintenance of large applications.
- Human computer interaction, including interface design, task modeling, intelligent interfaces, authoring tools.
- Distributed interactive systems, including client-server and Web-based applications such as heterogeneous databases and multimedia learning environments.
- Theoretical computer science, focusing on algorithm design and analysis of algorithms’ worst- and average-case behavior.

Courses and research are highly interdisciplinary, with particularly strong connections to education and psychology, both in shared faculty and joint research projects. Detailed information on degree requirements and elective courses is available from the department office.

Facilities
Computer science students have access to state-of-the-art facilities, ranging from simple microcomputers to the latest multimedia workstations. The campus, including residence halls, is extensively networked with a 100-megabit FDDI University network backbone. All students have full Internet access. Electronic mail, Web sites, and other computer-based communication facilities are used to increase the bandwidth between students and faculty beyond the classroom.

The computer science department is the home of the Institute for the Learning Sciences, an interdisciplinary research and development center comprising more than 150 people dedicated to building innovative educational software for schools, businesses, government, and the general community. Students often are involved in its research projects through independent study courses, thus gaining valuable experience in a world-class research environment.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates


COMP SCI 111-0 (725-A11-0) Fundamentals of Computer Programming Introduction to principles of programming and procedural thinking. Procedural abstraction, data abstraction, modularity, object-oriented programming. Uses the Scheme programming language and computer facilities. Substantial programming assignments, including numerical and symbolic programs. Required for computer science majors.

COMP SCI 120-0 (725-A20-0) Introduction to Computers and Information Technology Basic concepts of computer systems. Considerable hands-on experience with applications such as word processors, databases, and spreadsheets. Information technology’s impact on today’s society. No previous experience with computers needed. Not for engineering or computer science majors or students who have taken 110, 111, or ECE 101.

COMP SCI 211-0 (725-B11-0) Fundamentals of Computer Programming II Continuation of 111. Key concepts in software design and systems programming. Object-oriented programming (in C++), design of interpreters and compilers, and register machines. Required for computer science majors. Prerequisite: 111.

COMP SCI 230-0 (725-B30-0) Introduction to Software Engineering Advanced program design and debugging. Methodologies for design and implementation of larger programs. Object-oriented concepts and programming in C++. Prerequisites: 110, 111, ECE 101, or equivalent.

COMP SCI 310-0 (725-C10-0) Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science Basic concepts of finite and structural mathematics. Sets, axiomatic systems, the propositional and predicate calculi, and graph theory. Application to computer science: sequential machines, formal grammars, and software design. Prerequisites: 110 or 111 and MATH 214-3.

COMP SCI 311-0 (725-C11-0) Data Structures and Data Management The design, implementation, and analysis of abstract data types; data structures and their algorithms. Topics include data and procedural abstraction, linked lists, stacks, queues, binary trees, searching, and sorting. Required for computer science majors. Prerequisites: 211 or 230.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
COMP SCI 317-0 (725-C17-0) Data Management and Information Processing Data representation, file and record organization, linear and linked lists, and scatter storage techniques. Sorting and searching algorithms. Solving problems involving large databases. Not for students in computer science. Prerequisites: 110, 111, or programming experience.

COMP SCI 320-0 (725-C20-0) Compiler Construction Overview of compilers and context-free languages, top-down parsing, LL(1) parser construction, translation grammars, implementation of lexical analyzer, parser and translator, compiler optimization, error handling, and recovery. Prerequisite: 311.

COMP SCI 325-1, 2 (725-C25-1,2) Artificial Intelligence Programming Introduction to LISP and programming knowledge-based systems and interfaces. Strong emphasis on writing maintainable, extensible systems. Topics include semantic networks, frames, pattern matching, deductive inference rules, case-based reasoning, discrimination trees. Project driven. Substantial programming assignments. Prerequisite: 110, 111, or programming experience.

COMP SCI 332-0 (725-C32-0) Introduction to Computer Vision Introduction to computer and biological vision systems, image formation, edge detection, image segmentation, texture, representation and analysis of two- and three-dimensional structures. Prerequisites: 311 and MATH 217.

COMP SCI 336-0 (725-C36-0) Design and Analysis of Algorithms Analysis techniques: solving recurrence equations. Algorithm design techniques: divide and conquer, the greedy method, backtracking, branch-and-bound, and dynamic programming. Sorting and selection algorithms, order statistics, heaps, and priority queues. Prerequisite: 310, 311, or consent of instructor.

COMP SCI 337-0 (725-C37-0) Natural Language Processing Semantics-oriented introduction to natural language processing, broadly construed. Representation of meaning and knowledge inference in story understanding, script/frame theory, plans and plan recognition, counter-planning, and thematic structures. Prerequisite: 348 or consent of instructor.

COMP SCI 339-0 (725-C39-0) Introduction to Database Systems Data models and database design. Modeling the real world: structures, constraints, and operations. The entity relationship to data modeling (including network hierarchical and object-oriented), emphasis on the relational model. Use of existing database systems for the implementation of information systems. Prerequisite: 311.

COMP SCI 343-1,2 (725-C43-1,2) Operating Systems Fundamental overview of operating systems. 1. Operating system structures, processes, process synchronization, deadlocks, CPU scheduling, and memory management. 2. File systems, secondary storage management, issues in distributed systems, case studies, and special topics. Requires substantial programming projects. Prerequisite: 311.

COMP SCI 344-0 (725-C44-0) Design of Computer Problem Solvers Principles and practice of organizing and building artificial intelligence reasoning systems. Pattern-directed rule systems, truth-maintenance systems, and constraint languages. Prerequisite: 348 and 325-1 or equivalent LISP experience.

COMP SCI 348-0 (725-C48-0) Introduction to Artificial Intelligence Core techniques and applications of AI. Representing, retrieving, and applying knowledge for problem solving. Hypothesis exploration. Theorem proving. Vision and neural networks. Prerequisites: 325-1, 111, or LISP programming experience.

COMP SCI 351-0 (725-C51-0) Introduction to Computer Graphics Mathematical software and hardware requirements for computer graphics systems. Data structures and programming languages. Random displays. Graphic applications. Prerequisite: 311.

COMP SCI 394-0 (725-C94-0) Software Project Management and Development Software development methodologies. Object-oriented analysis and design, CASE tools, software life cycle. Project management tools, programming teams. Executable specifications, automatic test generation. Prerequisite: 343 or equivalent programming experience.

COMP SCI 395-0 (725-C95-0) Special Topics in Computer Science Topics suggested by students or faculty and approved by the department.

COMP SCI 399-0 (725-C99-0) Projects Seminar and projects for advanced undergraduates on subjects of current interest in computer science.

Electrical and Computer Engineering

The Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering has two distinct curricula, electrical engineering and computer engineering, both of which offer a broad range of programs leading to the BS degree. In addition, the department offers MS and PhD degrees.

Electrical engineering is concerned with the theory, design, implementation, and actual and potential applications of various devices and systems based on electrical phenomena and properties.

Computer engineering is concerned with applying engineering principles to computer hardware design, the relationship between hardware and software in making effective use of computers, the use of embedded microprocessors, and distributed and parallel computing.

Because the disciplines of electrical engineering and computer engineering are very broad, the curricula are designed to appeal to students with various educational and professional goals. By properly selecting elective courses, students can specialize in one or two areas in the department or in an interdisciplinary program. More detailed information on requirements and electives leading to specializations is available from the department office.
Areas of Specialization

Communication Systems and Networks
A communication system involves the generation of an electrical signal representing information to be transmitted, its encoding in some form for efficient transmission, its actual transmission, its decoding at the receiving end of the system, and its reconversion into something intelligible to the user. The thorough study of communications systems theory requires knowledge of a broad range of mathematical methods and of the capabilities and limitations of electronic circuits. This subject also covers the design and analysis of communication networks for the transmission of audio, video, and data among many users.

Control Systems
The study of control systems deals with the analysis and design of automatic regulators, guidance systems, numerical control of machines, robotics, and computer control of industrial processes. Students are concerned with identifying these systems and with such topics as systems stability, system performance criteria, and optimization. These concepts find application in other fields of engineering and in the development of better understanding of biological, energy, economic, and social systems.

Electronic Circuits
This area of study is concerned with the analysis and design of circuits that employ electronic devices such as integrated circuits, transistors, diodes, light-emitting diodes, data storage elements, and image-forming devices. Important applications include AM and FM radio, television, digital computers, and electronic control and instrumentation systems.

Electromagnetic Waves and Devices
This area of study is concerned with the analysis and synthesis of electromagnetic devices, structures, and systems. Transmission lines, waveguides, antennae, resonant structures, diffracting and scattering elements, Impatt and Gunn diodes, and gyrotrons are examples of devices and structures that are electromagnetic in nature. Applications include radar, radio astronomy, microwave radio relaying, satellite relaying for transoceanic communication, space communication, radio and television broadcasting, optical imaging and devices, and the diagnosis and treatment of human disease, including cancer.

Optoelectronics
This area includes geometric and wave optics, interference, polarization, diffraction, Fourier transformation by lenses, and holography. Laser sources with appropriate modulation techniques are fabricated and studied. Optical communication systems are analyzed with an emphasis on signal transmission through optical fibers. Other important topics include microelectronics techniques in device fabrication, fiber-optic imaging, integrated and nonlinear optics, solar energy conversion, LED, liquid crystal, and other electro-optic display devices.

Solid-State Electronics
This area is concerned with the design, physical principles, and applications of solid-state devices both as discrete units and integrated circuit systems. In addition to the various diode, transistor, and FET devices fabricated from silicon technology, other devices developed from compound semiconductor materials are reviewed. Both analog and digital circuit applications are stressed. Another important topic is the behavior of conductors in the superconducting state, with a stress on applications.

Biomedical Engineering
This area combines electrical engineering training with a strong background in the life sciences, which allows students to apply quantitative techniques to the study of living systems. The program offers training in premedical studies, biomedical instrumentation, health care engineering, bioacoustics, and biosciences. Medical schools consider undergraduate engineering an excellent premedical background, filling a strong need for MD students with good mathematics, science, and engineering preparation. Other graduates may find rewarding careers with hospitals, industry, and research centers in such diverse fields as hospital and research laboratory instrumentation, patient monitoring, and computerized patient diagnosis.

Computer Architecture and Systems Design
This area focuses on the design of computer system hardware. Topics include processor design, computer arithmetic, controller design, instruction set design, memory subsystems, and pipelining. Computer-aided design tools are used for the various levels of the design hierarchy.

Parallel and Distributed Computing
This program introduces students to the state-of-the-art field of high-performance computing. In particular, it deals with aspects of computing involving multiple processors working together on a common problem, including issues of computer architectures, parallel programming and algorithms, numerical computing, and computer networking.

VLSI and Computer-Aided Design
This area focuses on systematic approaches to designing high-performance integrated circuits consisting of millions of transistors. This specialization includes topics such as low-power, high-speed, and reliable circuit design, hardware-software codesign, design verification, design of multi-FPGA systems, and CAD techniques.

Embedded Systems Design
This area focuses on the use of digital hardware to monitor and control physical systems. Topics include discrete-dynamics systems, digital controllers, analog-to-digital converters, microprocessor-based design, and the economic trade-offs of different software and hardware systems.
Robotics
This area focuses on computer vision, pattern recognition and robotics. Emphasis in on the software and hardware aspects of robotic design. Topics include robotic control, kinematics, differential relations, dynamic motion, and homogeneous transformations.

Laboratory and Computer Facilities
The department has a variety of modern, well-equipped instructional and research laboratories. Facilities primarily for electrical engineering include laboratories for electronic circuits, digital circuits, solid-state electronics, the fabrication of solid-state lasers and other quantum electronic/photonic devices, thin-film device development, biomedical electronics, microwave techniques, holography and coherent light optics, biological and other control systems, and signal, image, and speech processing.

Facilities for electrical and computer engineering include laboratories in digital systems design, microprocessor systems, microprogramming, computer communication networks, robotics, computer-aided design, and computer networking.

The department has major research facilities for work in parallel and distributed computing systems, database systems, computer vision, VLSI design, CAD, robotics, solid-state devices, fiber optics, lasers, computational electromagnetics, electronic materials, and biomedical engineering.

The department also maintains the ECE Computing Laboratory, which has many networked workstations and appropriate software to support class work and projects. The machines are connected to external networks, allowing off-site computing. There are also three parallel machines available at the Center for Parallel and Distributed Computing.

Undergraduate electrical and computer engineering majors are entitled to accounts on departmental computers that are generally more powerful and less heavily used than other University computers.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates
ECE 115-0 (730-A15-0) The Electron in the 21st Century Introduction to the basic physics of solid state, to materials science, and to semiconductor science and technology; overview of semiconductors, light emitters and detectors, and optoelectronics.

ECE 201-0 (730-B01-0) Introduction to Digital Logic Design Principles of hardware design. Number systems and Boolean algebra. Logic gates. Design of combinational circuits. Decoders, multiplexers, and adders. Sequential logic. Memory elements and flip-flops.

ECE 205-0 (730-B05-0) Fundamentals of Computer System Software Basics of assembly language programming. Macros. Systems stack and procedure calls. Techniques for writing assembly language programs. The features of Intel 8086/88-band PC will be used. Interfaces between C and assembly codes will be discussed.

Prerequisite: freshman programming requirement.

ECE 230-0 (730-B30-0) Programming for Computer Engineers Introduction to computer programming in an object-oriented language. Emphasis on applications to computer systems, computer simulation, and discrete optimization. Basic principles of software engineering.

Prerequisite: freshman programming requirement.


ECE 242-0 (730-B42-0) Circuits II Mutual inductance, two-port networks, Fourier analysis and transforms, convolution, Laplace transforms, the transfer function. Students must receive a grade of C– or better to register for 243, 306, or 365. Prerequisite: 241 (C– or better).

ECE 243-0 (730-B43-0) Signals and Systems Comprehensive introduction to analysis of signals in linear systems. Linear time-invariant systems, convolution integral, Fourier and Laplace transform techniques, elements of discrete-time signal and the Z transform, digital filtering. Prerequisite: 242 (C– or better).

ECE 250-0 (730-B50-0) Physical Electronics and Devices The physical basis of electronic and optoelectronic devices and their application in analog and digital systems. Diodes, transistors, LEDs, photodetectors, and lasers are described, and their properties are explored. Prerequisites: PHYSICS 135-2 and concurrent registration in 242.

ECE 270-0 (730-B70-0) Applications of Electronic Devices DC and AC networks, rectifiers, transistor amplifiers, feedback and operational amplifiers, digital electronics, and microprocessors. Not open to electrical engineering majors. Prerequisites: MATH 214-2 and PHYSICS 135-2 or equivalent.

ECE 301-0 (730-C01-0) Fundamentals of Electromagnetics Vectors and fields; fields and materials; Maxwell’s equations in integral and differential form; boundary conditions; potential functions and energy storage; static and quasi-static fields. Prerequisite: PHYSICS 135-3.

ECE 302-0 (730-C02-0) Probabilistic Systems and Random Signals Basic concepts of probability theory, random variables, moments; multiple random variables, conditional distributions, correlation; sequence of random variables. Prerequisite: MATH 215.

ECE 303-0 (730-C03-0) Advanced Digital Logic Design Overview of digital logic design. Technology review. Delays, timing in combinational and sequential circuits, CAD tools, arithmetic units such as ALUs and multipliers. Introduction to VHDL. Prerequisite: 201.
ECE 306-0 (730-C06-0) **Linear Active Circuits** FET and BJT amplifiers and feedback configurations, op-amps; small-signal analysis, frequency response, input and output characteristics, nonideal behavior, differential amplifiers, and active loads. Active filters, switching-mode amplifiers. Prerequisites: 242 (C– or better) and 250.

ECE 307-0 (730-C07-0) **Communications Systems** Analysis of analog and digital communications systems, including modulation, transmission, and demodulation of AM, FM, and TV systems. Design issues, channel distortion and loss, bandwidth limitations, additive noise. Prerequisites: 243 and 302.

ECE 308-0 (730-C08-0) **Applications of Electromagnetic Fields** Analysis of transmission lines in the time and frequency domains; waveguides and resonators; electromagnetic principles of photonics; antennas. Prerequisite: 301.

ECE 313-0 (730-C13-0) **Telecommunication Networks for Multimedia** Modern technologies that represent and transmit multimedia information such as voice, music, documents, still images, and video. Emerging network applications of multimedia in home, academia, and business. Not open to electrical or computer engineering majors.

ECE 328-0 (730-C28-0) **Numerical Methods for Engineers** Introduction to numerical methods; numerical differentiation, numerical integration, solution of ordinary and partial differential equations. Students write programs in FORTRAN, C, or Pascal using methods presented in class. MATH 221 or GEN ENG 205–4 may be taken concurrently.

ECE 332-0 (730-C32-0) **Digital Image Analysis** Introduction to computer and biological vision systems, image formation, edge detection, image segmentation, texture, representation, analysis of two-dimensional geometric structures, and representation and analysis of three-dimensional structures. Prerequisites: MATH 217, COMP SCI 311, and IEMS 302.

ECE 333-0 (730-C33-0) **Introduction to Communication Networks** Network architectures, models, protocols, routing, flow control, and services. Queueing models for network performance analysis. Prerequisite: 302, IEMS 302, MATH 330, or equivalent basic probability theory or consent of instructor.

ECE 346-0 (730-C46-0) **Microprocessor System Design** Structure and timing of typical microprocessors. Sample microprocessor families. Memories, UARTS, timer/counters, serial devices, and related devices. MUX and related control structures for building systems. Sample single-board computers and standard bus structures; interrupt programming; hardware and software design; tradeoffs. Prerequisites: 201 and 205.

ECE 347-0 (730-C47-0) **Microprocessor System Projects** Programmable logic devices such as PAL, FPGA, etc. Design, prototype, and test individual projects involving microprocessors and programmable logic devices. Prerequisites: 346 and 303.

ECE 353-0 (730-C53-0) **Digital Electronic Circuits and Systems** Design and analysis of logic families and their interconnection. Transfer characteristics, noise margin, delay, fan-in, fan-out, power dissipation, interaction with transmission lines. Memory, A/D and D/A conversion. Reliability. Prerequisites: 201 and 250.

ECE 357-0 (730-C57-0) **Design Automation in VLSI** VLSI chip design, including logic design, architectural design, and packaging. Develop CAD tools for VLSI physical design. Prerequisites: 303 and COMP SCI 311.

ECE 358-0 (730-C58-0) **Introduction to Parallel Computing** Introduction to parallel computing for scientists and engineers. Shared memory, parallel architectures and programming, distributed memory, message-passing data-parallel architectures, and programming. Prerequisites: 361 and 230 or COMP SCI 211.

ECE 359-0 (730-C59-0) **Digital Signal Processing** Discrete-time signals and systems, the z-transform, discrete Fourier transform, discrete random processes, effects of finite register length, homomorphic signal processing. Prerequisite: 243.

ECE 360-0 (730-C60-0) **Introduction to Feedback Systems** Linear feedback systems, their physical behavior, dynamic analysis, and stability. Laplace transform, frequency spectrum, and root locus methods. System design and compensation using PID and lead-lag controllers. Digital implementation of analog controllers. Prerequisite: 243.

ECE 361-0 (730-C61-0) **Computer Architecture** Understanding of the computer system as a whole unit — instruction set design, data path design, pipeline implementation, pipeline hazards, caches, virtual memory, peripheral devices, I/O. Prerequisites: 205 and 303.

ECE 362-0 (730-C62-0) **Computer Architecture Projects** Capstone design course in computer architecture. Extensive design of an entire pipeline processor with a CAD tool. Emphasis on group collaboration and engineering design. Prerequisite: 361.

ECE 363-0 (730-C63-0) **Digital Filtering** Recursive and nonrecursive digital filters, decimation and interpolation, A/D and D/A conversion as digital filtering problems. Implementation of nonrecursive filters via FFT, quantization problems, e.g., companding and limit cycles. Prerequisite: 359.

ECE 365-0 (730-C65-0) **Communication Filters** Analytical approximations in the design of analog filters. Matched filters and their implementation with surface-acoustic-wave and charge-coupled devices. Prerequisites: 242 (C– or better) and 307.

ECE 368-0 (730-C68-0) **Communications Measurements** The theory and practice of the measurement of parameters in communications systems, including noise figure, phase noise, one- and two-port linear network parameters, spectrum analysis, power, frequency, dynamic range, distortion, bit error rate, and time-gated/integrated values. Laboratory
experiments to reinforce classroom topics. Prerequisites: 307 and 308.

**ECE 374-0 (730-C74-0) Introduction to Digital Control**
Discrete dynamics systems; discrete models of continuous systems feedback and digital controllers; analog-digital conversion; numerical control with microcomputers. Prerequisite: 360 (C or better).

**ECE 378-0 (730-C78-0) Digital Communications**
Sample and time-division multiplexing baseband digital signals and systems. Coded pulse modulation, error control coding, digital modulation systems, information measure and source encoding, spread spectrum. Prerequisites: 302 and 307.

**ECE 379-0 (730-C79-0) Optics and Information Systems**
Properties of optical fibers and light sources; optical modulation, switching, and receivers; fiber-optic communication systems and networks; optical storage and data processing systems. Prerequisite: 308.

**ECE 381-0 (730-C81-0) Electronic Properties of Materials**
Fundamental properties of electrons in materials. Classical and quantum mechanical descriptions of free and bound electrons. Optical, electrical, thermal, and magnetic properties of materials. Microelectronic, optoelectronic, magnetic recording, superconductivity. Prerequisite: 308 or consent of instructor.

**ECE 382-0 (730-C82-0) Introduction to Applied Optics**
Wave equation; dipole radiation; reflection, refraction. Lenses, stops, mirrors, prisms. Polarized light, retardation plates. Interferometers, thin films. Prerequisite: 308 or consent of instructor.

**ECE 383-0 (730-C83-0) Lasers and Coherent Optics**

**ECE 384-0 (730-C84-0) Solid-State Electronic Devices**
Energy band model for semiconductors; carrier statistics and transport; diodes, bipolar, and field-effect transistors; integrated circuits, optoelectronic and heterojunction devices. Prerequisite: 381 or consent of instructor.

**ECE 386-0 (730-C86-0) Computational Electromagnetics**
Numerical approaches for modeling the interaction of electromagnetic waves with complex structures, differential equation formulation, time-domain solution, integral equation formulation, method of moments, 2-D and 3-D problems. Prerequisites: 308 and 328.

**ECE 388-0 (730-C88-0) Microelectronic Technology**
Physics and fabrication of polonctic and electronic devices. Physics of semiconductors: heterojunctions, quantum wells, and superlattices; bulk and epitaxial growth. Device processing techniques: diffusion oxidation, ion implantation, annealing, etching, and photolithography. Prerequisite: concurrent registration in 381 or consent of instructor.

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The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.

**ECE 390-0 (730-C90-0) Introduction to Robotics**
Basic mathematics of robotic control. Homogeneous transformation, kinematics and kinematic solutions, differential relationships, dynamic motion trajectory, robotic control system, and programming. Prerequisites: vector and matrix operations and high-level language (C or Pascal).

**ECE 391-0 (730-C91-0) VLSI Systems Design**
Design of CMOS digital integrated circuits, concentrating on architectural and topological issues. Trade-offs in custom design, standard cells, gate arrays. Use of VLSI design tools on a small project. Prerequisite: 303.

**ECE 392-0 (730-C92-0) VLSI Systems Design Projects**
Design of a cutting-edge VLSI chip. Teams of 5 to 10 students undertake a large circuit design problem, going from specification to VLSI implementation while optimizing for speed, area, and/or power. Group collaboration and engineering design. Prerequisite: 391.

**ECE 396-0 (730-C96-0) Engineering Design and Entrepreneurship**
Capstone design course. Launching and operating a business producing electronic products and services. Students earn FCC radio licenses. Open to juniors and seniors in engineering and science. May be taken once as an electrical or computer engineering design or technical elective; may be repeated as an unrestricted elective.

**ECE 397-0 (730-C97-0) Special Topics in Electrical Engineering**
Topics suggested by students or faculty and approved by the department.

**ECE 398-0 (730-C98-0) Electrical Engineering Design**
Design of electrical and electronic devices, circuits, and systems by the application of the engineering sciences, economics, and IEEE or other national standards. Prerequisite: senior standing.

**ECE 399-0 (730-C99-0) Projects**
Seminar and projects for advanced undergraduates on subjects of current interest in electrical and computer engineering.

**Engineering Sciences and Applied Mathematics**

The Department of Engineering Sciences and Applied Mathematics offers course work in applied mathematics and administers an undergraduate program leading to a BS in applied mathematics and a graduate program in applied mathematics.

The applied mathematics program is intended to provide the knowledge necessary for applying mathematical ideas and techniques to the problems that arise in engineering or science. It is expected that a student receiving a BS in applied mathematics would have the background for suitable employment in industry or for graduate study in
either mathematics (pure or applied) or an engineering field, including computer science and operations research. To achieve these goals, the applied mathematics program is designed to be flexible and allow the student to concentrate a substantial part of the course work either in mathematics or one or more areas of application.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates

ES APPM 252-1,2,3 (760-B52-1,2,3) Honors Calculus for Engineers Yearlong sequence; alternative to standard calculus sequence. Covers more material at a deeper level, with more applications. Satisfies same requirements as MATH 214-3, 215, and 217.

ES APPM 311-1,2 (760-C11-1,2) Methods of Applied Mathematics Ordinary differential equations; Sturm-Liouville theory, properties of special functions, solution methods including Laplace transforms. Fourier series; eigenvalue problems and expansions in orthogonal functions. Partial differential equations: classification, separation of variables, solution by series and transform methods. Prerequisite: 252-3, MATH 221, or GEN ENG 205-4.

ES APPM 311-3 (760-C11-3) Methods of Applied Mathematics: Complex Variables Imaginary numbers and complex variables, analytic functions, calculus of complex functions, contour integration with application to transform inversion, conformal mapping. May be taken independently of 311-1,2. Prerequisite: 252-3, MATH 221, or GEN ENG 205-4.

ES APPM 322-0 (760-C22-0) Applied Dynamical Systems Example-oriented survey of nonlinear dynamical systems, including chaos. Combines numerical exploration of differential equations describing physical problems with analytic methods and geometric concepts. Applications to mechanical, fluid dynamical, electrical, chemical, and biological systems. Prerequisites: 311-1,2 or equivalent or consent of instructor.

ES APPM 346-0 (760-C46-0) Modeling and Computation in Science and Engineering Advanced techniques for initial value problems, differential algebraic systems, bifurcations, chaos, and partial differential equations. Applications drawn from different physical areas. Prerequisites: MATH 215, 217, and 221 or GEN ENG 205-4; PHYSICS 135-1,2 or equivalent; familiarity with a programming language or consent of instructor.

ES APPM 399-0 (760-C99-0) Projects Special studies to be carried out under faculty direction. Credit to be arranged.

Environmental Engineering

Environmental engineering is concerned with the interactions of people and environment, applications of scientific knowledge to the understanding and analyses of these interactions, and the improvement of the quality of our environment. This undergraduate program provides an engineering and scientific basis for the understanding of contemporary environmental problems and approaches to their solutions, an understanding of the natural systems with which human activities must be compatible, and the development of a grasp of engineering analysis and design for environmental control systems planning and design.

Faculty members of the McCormick School are engaged in research on physical, chemical, and biological processes for water supply; waste treatment; pollution control, and resource recovery; water resources; toxicology; the establishment of quantitative relationships between radiation exposure and biological damage; environmental systems planning and design; chemistry and treatment of industrial wastes; land reclamation and contaminant effects on ecosystems.

Completion of the undergraduate degree program in environmental engineering prepares students to practice engineering at the entry level or to continue their education at the graduate level. It serves as preparation for the Fundamentals of Engineering (FE) examination and, with adequate experience, the Professional Engineer (PE) examination.

Industrial Engineering and Management Sciences

Industrial engineers are concerned with the knowledge, principles, and techniques for analysis, design, and installation of complex systems involving people, materials, and modern technology. Graduates find employment in the private sector; in manufacturing and service firms; in the public sector as professional engineers, technical specialists, and analysts; and in general management. Many students use the degree as the basis for graduate study of law, business, engineering, management science, mathematics, social sciences, and medicine.

Course work in industrial engineering and management sciences covers core areas of probability and statistics, operations research, applied behavioral science, and engineering economy. Eight electives may be chosen from a list consisting of methodology areas (statistics and decision analysis, economics and business management, human factors and industrial organization, and mathematics) and application areas (quality control and reliability, production and logistics, manufacturing, transportation, and information and communication systems). A two-quarter senior capstone design project is required.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates

IEMS 203-0 (738-B03-0) Probability and Statistics for Engineers Elementary probability; standard probability distribution models; descriptive statistics; inferential statistics, including confidence intervals and hypotheses tests; regression and correlation; applications to engineering problems, especially quality control and reliability. Not open to industrial engineering majors.
IEMS 301-0 (738-C01-0) Introduction to Statistics
Collecting data; summarizing and displaying data; drawing conclusions from data; probability background, confidence intervals, hypotheses tests, regression, correlation. Not open to industrial engineering majors.

IEMS 302-0 (738-C02-0) Probability

IEMS 303-0 (738-C03-0) Statistics I
Descriptive statistics; observational and experimental studies; confidence interval estimation; hypothesis testing; regression and correlation. Lectures and laboratory. Prerequisite: 302 or equivalent.

IEMS 304-0 (738-C04-0) Statistics II
Multiple regression; analysis of variance; design and analysis of single-factor and multifactor experiments; categorical data; nonparametric methods. Prerequisite: 303 or equivalent.

IEMS 305-0 (738-C05-0) Statistical Methods for Quality Improvement
Control charts and process capability studies; other graphical methods. Industrial experimentation: multifactor experiments, screening experiments, quality engineering using robust designs. Reliability and life testing. Prerequisite: 205, 303, or equivalent.

IEMS 306-0 (738-C06-0) Decision Analysis and Behavioral Decision Theory
Theory of optimal decisions and psychology of human decision making. Probability, utility, risk and uncertainty, rare events, group decision making, probability revision, interpersonal conflict. Background in probability desirable. Prerequisite: 302 or equivalent.

IEMS 307-0 (738-C07-0) Quality Improvement by Experimental Design
Methods for designing and analyzing industrial experiments. Planning experiments, blocking and randomization, multiple regression, factorial and fractional factorial experiments, response surface methodology. Taguchi’s robust design, split plot experiments. Prerequisite: 303 or equivalent.

IEMS 313-0 (738-C13-0) Deterministic Models and Optimization
Formulation and solution of applicable optimization models, including linear, integer, dynamic, and nonlinear programs and network problems. Algorithmic methods and efficient use of computers. Prerequisite: GEN ENG 205-5.

IEMS 315-0 (738-C15-0) Stochastic Models and Simulation
Modeling and analysis of systems under uncertainty. Integrated approach of stochastic analysis and simulation. Elementary queueing systems and networks. Discrete event simulation, choice of distributions, output analysis, animation. Prerequisites: 302, 303 (may be taken concurrently), and GEN ENG 205-1.

IEMS 319-0 (738-C19-0) Operations Research
Survey of operations research techniques for nonmajors. Linear programming, decision theory, stochastic processes, game theory. Not open to industrial engineering majors.

IEMS 321-0 (738-C21-0) Human Factors Engineering
System development, human functions in systems, human capabilities and equipment design, personnel selection and training, human performance assessment, and system evaluation. Human-machine systems design.

IEMS 322-0 (738-C22-0) Industrial Psychology
A general manager’s view of tools available to recruit, develop, appraise, compensate, organize, and lead a team going through change. Emphasis on application of psychological principles relating to human dynamics, motivation, teams, power, and organizational culture. Prerequisite: sophomore, junior, or senior industrial engineering or manufacturing engineering major, or consent of instructor.

IEMS 324-1,2 (738-C24-1,2) Engineering Management I, II
Two-course introduction to the fundamentals of accounting, finance, and marketing for managers of engineering and other technology-based functions of an organization. Prerequisites: industrial engineering junior or senior standing; 324-1 prerequisite for 324-2.

IEMS 326-0 (738-C26-0) Economics for Engineering I
Financial decisions of firms: investment and capital budgeting under certainty and uncertainty; common evaluation models in terms of applicability; cost-benefit analysis of public sector investment decisions. Prerequisite: MATH 215.

IEMS 327-0 (738-C27-0) Economics for Engineering II
Economics of firms: demand; cost and production; stock-flow production technologies; equipment investment and replacement and facility location decisions; behavior under different forms of competition. Prerequisite: MATH 215.

IEMS 328-0 (738-C28-0) Location Analysis and Spatial Planning
Plant layout problems and their solutions. Increasingly complex models of plant location problems. Case studies. Prerequisite: 313 or 319.

IEMS 329-0 (738-C29-0) Production Planning and Scheduling
Production planning and scheduling under various demand environments. Application of operations research methods to practical problems of production and inventory control. Prerequisites: 302 and 313 or 319.

IEMS 330-0 (738-C30-0) Information Technology in Manufacturing
An overview of the information technology used in the high-technology manufacturing environment. Integration of people, business processes, manufacturing processes, and information technology.

IEMS 334-1,2 (738-C34-1,2) Systems Project Management I, II
1. Introduction to systems problems and methods, including problem definition, analysis, design, evaluation, proposals, and related areas; preliminary exploration of potential team systems projects. 2. Project management methods applied to the analysis and design of a complex, real-world system. Initiation and planning; organizing and staffing; performance, schedule, and cost control; evaluation, proposals, and implementation. Prerequisites: 321 or 322, 340, and industrial engineering senior standing.
Students interested in the manufacturing engineering degree can receive an additional engineering degree through the dual-degree programs available with industrial engineering, mechanical engineering, computer engineering, and electrical engineering.

**Materials Science and Engineering**

Materials science and engineering is a new discipline that has expanded rapidly in response to growing needs for improved use of existing resources and the development of new, specialized materials for future technologies. The program at Northwestern is broad-based, encompassing solid-state physics, polymer science, ceramics, metallurgy, geophysics, surface science, biomaterials, and electronic materials. Engineers, scientists, and technologists who work on different materials for our modern technology all apply basically the same scientific principles governing the interaction of processing, structure, properties, and material performance. A key theme of the Northwestern program is the integration of these principles in the systematic design of new materials, exploiting the controlled evolution of multilevel structure.

The Department of Materials Science and Engineering offers an undergraduate program leading to the BS degree as well as programs for the MS and PhD degrees. Preparation for a career in materials science and engineering is founded on engineering principles as well as on thermodynamics and kinetics, chemistry, physics, and mathematics. Students who complete one of the programs described below will be well prepared for professional work or graduate studies in the structural or electronic applications of the materials science and engineering of metals, ceramics, or polymers.

An essential component of the undergraduate program is the senior project, in which each student works with a faculty member on a development or research project. The curriculum provides a fundamental education that prepares students for careers in application, production, processing, or research and development of materials. A student’s educational experience is broadened by provision of adequate time for courses in the humanities, arts and sciences, and other areas of engineering.

**Areas of Concentration**

The undergraduate program at Northwestern offers a close relationship between students and faculty. Every effort is made to tailor specific programs to needs and interests. Several broad areas of concentration are described below. Students are encouraged to create other areas that fit particular interests.

**Biomaterials**

The growth of biotechnology has stimulated interest in the interface of the life sciences and materials science. The field of biomaterials spans three broad areas: biomedical implant materials to replace natural structures; biomimetic
materials applying biological concepts to the design of new engineering materials; and application of materials science principles to the understanding of structure and function in biological systems.

**Electronic Materials**
As microelectronics enters the era of very large-scale integration, materials scientists face new challenges in developing materials and processes for integrated circuits with components of micrometer dimensions. New scientific principles, materials fabrication techniques, and improved instrumentation will be needed to exploit electronic-level structure/property relations in these devices and their components. New electronic materials must be developed to meet ever-increasing requirements such as the exciting new area of high- Temperature superconductivity.

**Metals and Ceramics**
The ability to design increasingly higher-strength alloys allows for lighter structures, and higher-temperature materials provide energy efficiency. Heat-treatable and toughened ceramics exploit advanced knowledge of solid-state phase transformations and reactions. Exciting developments are taking place in high-performance composite combinations of these and other materials.

**Polymeric Materials**
Synthetic polymers offer the engineering community an ever-expanding array of materials having properties that are tailored by chemical and physical processing. New developments are opening up applications for polymers as high-strength, low-weight materials; optoelectronic components; and key materials in other revolutionary areas. The basic understanding of engineering properties in terms of multi-level microstructure is essential for the full utilization of polymers.

**Surface Science**
A solid communicates with the outside world through its surface. Wear, corrosion, and passivation are well-known surface processes. Mechanical properties of materials depend critically on composition at grain boundaries (internal surfaces), surface treatments, and the environment. The surface scientist must not only be able to determine the properties of surfaces or interfaces but also be able to control them.

**Laboratories and Facilities**
Materials science and engineering demands sophisticated experimental techniques for the preparation and characterization of advanced materials. The undergraduate program makes heavy use of state-of-the-art laboratory facilities in core courses, technical electives, and senior projects. Materials preparation and processing equipment is available for all classes of materials, including an advanced crystal growth facility in a clean room environment for preparing single crystals of metals, oxides, alkali halides, and semiconductors. Investigation of complex microstructures employs a wide array of microscopy, diffraction, and microanalysis techniques. This features a unique combination of instruments (cold field–emission transmission electron microscope, atom-probe field-ion microscopes, scanning tunneling microscopes), providing atomic resolution imaging and chemical analysis, complemented by an extensive surface analytical laboratory. Characterization of material properties employs an advanced mechanical testing facility featuring static and dynamic loading under controlled temperature and environment. Specialized facilities measure electrical, spectroscopic, magnetic, and photonic properties. Computer laboratories address thermodynamic modeling and simulation of microstructural evolution, with application in materials design.

**Courses Primarily for Undergraduates**

**MAT SCI 101-0** (750-A01-0) **Modern Materials and Society** Introduction to materials — how they function, how they are made, the devices they enable, and their impact on society. Role of materials developments in technological innovation and global competitiveness. Prerequisites: high school mathematics and science background. Fulfills Weinberg College distribution requirements. Not intended for engineering majors.

**MAT SCI 190-0** (750-A00-0) **Materials Science and Engineering Freshman Projects** Laboratory-oriented, with research projects emphasizing use of the scanning electron microscope and other modern apparatus; correlation of structure with other properties of materials. Lectures, laboratory.

**MAT SCI 201-0** (750-B01-0) **Principles of the Properties of Materials** Introduction to atomic and molecular organization in solids, with emphasis on structure-property relations in ceramics, electronic materials, metals, and polymers. Prerequisite: CHEM 102.

**MAT SCI 203-0** (750-B03-0) **Microstructure and Engineering Properties of Materials** Processing, microstructure, and properties of engineering materials with emphasis on structural materials such as concrete, steel, wood, glass, and ceramics. Prerequisites: CHEM 102 and MATH 214-3.

**MAT SCI 301-0** (750-C01-0) **Chemical Aspects of Engineering Materials** Equilibrium and nonequilibrium development of microstructures. Mechanical behavior of metals, ceramics, and polymers. Corrosion and stability of engineering materials. Materials processing. Not usable in materials science program. Prerequisite: CHEM 342-1 or CHEM ENG 211.

**MAT SCI 314-0** (750-C14-0) **Thermodynamics of Materials** Classical and statistical thermodynamics; entropy and energy functions in liquid and solid solutions, and their applications to phase equilibria. Lectures, problem solving.
The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.


MAT SCI 316-1,2 (750-C16-1,2) Microstructural Dynamics Principles underlying development of microstructures. Defects, diffusion, phase transformations, nucleation and growth, thermal and mechanical treatment of materials. Lectures, laboratory. Prerequisite: 315 or equivalent.

MAT SCI 317-0 (750-C17-0) Materials in Manufacturing Ways in which structure-property relationships of engineering materials determine and are affected by the processes employed in their manufacture. Not open to materials science majors. Prerequisite: 201 or equivalent.

MAT SCI 322-0 (750-C22-0) Kinetics of Heterogeneous Reactions Rates and mechanisms of heterogeneous gas-solid, liquid-solid, and solid-solid reactions such as carburization, reduction, oxidation, corrosion, stress-corrosion, and heterogeneous structural transformations. Role of microscopic and macroscopic defects.

MAT SCI 331-0 (750-C31-0) Physical Properties of Polymers Different kinds of polymeric materials. Relationships between structure and physical properties; rubber elasticity, the glassy state, crystallinity in polymers. Lectures, laboratory. Prerequisite: 201 or equivalent and 314 or CHEM 342-1.

MAT SCI 332-0 (750-C32-0) Mechanical Behavior of Solids Plastic deformation and fracture of metals, ceramics, and polymeric materials; structure/property relations. Role of imperfections, state of stress, temperatures, strain-rate. Lectures, laboratory. Prerequisites: 316-1,2; 316-2 may be taken concurrently.

MAT SCI 333-0 (750-C33-0) Composite Materials Introduction to ceramic-, metal-, polymer-matrix composites for structural applications. Emphasis on structure (reinforcements, architecture), properties, processing, role of interface. Prerequisites: 316-1,2, and 332.

MAT SCI 340-0 (750-C40-0) Ceramic Processing Steps in production of fired ceramic articles. Powder preparation and characterization, compact formation, slip casting, extrusion and injection molding; firing, liquid phase and solid-state sintering. Lectures, laboratory. Prerequisite: 316-1 or equivalent.

MAT SCI 341-0 (750-C41-0) Introduction to Modern Ceramics Applications of ceramic materials, with emphasis on structure (bond, crystal, glass, defect, micro-); properties (thermal, electrical, optical, magnetic, mechanical); and processing (powders, forming, densification). Prerequisites: 316-1,2 or consent of instructor.

MAT SCI 351-1,2 (750-C51-1,2) Introductory Physics of Materials Quantum mechanics; applications to materials and engineering. Band structures and cohesive energy; thermal behavior; electrical conduction; semiconductors; amorphous semiconductors; magnetic behavior of materials; liquid crystals. Lectures, laboratory, problem solving. Prerequisites: GEN ENG 205-4 and PHYSICS 135-2,3.


MAT SCI 360-0 (750-C60-0) Introduction to Electron Microscopy Theories and practice involved in application of scanning electron microscopy and transmission electron microscopy. Lectures, laboratory. Primarily for undergraduates and for graduate students in other departments. Prerequisites: 201 and PHYSICS 135-2,3 or equivalent.

MAT SCI 361-0 (750-C61-0) Crystallography and Diffraction Elementary crystallography. Basic diffraction theory; reciprocal space. Applications to structure analysis, preferred orientation. Film and counter techniques. Lectures, laboratory. Prerequisites: GEN ENG 205-4 and PHYSICS 135-2,3.

MAT SCI 362-0 (750-C62-0) Point, Line, and Planar Imperfections Introduction to point defects, dislocations, and internal interfaces in crystalline solids. Interactions among point, line, and planar imperfections. Metals, ionic solids, semiconductors. Prerequisite: 315.

MAT SCI 380-0 (750-C80-0) Introduction to Surface Science and Spectroscopy Surface spectroscopy, including Auger spectroscopy, photoemission, and LEED. Surface dynamics and thermodynamics. Electronic properties of surfaces and interfaces. Gas-surface interactions. Prerequisite: 351-1 or equivalent.

MAT SCI 385-0 (750-C85-0) Image Analysis Quantitative analysis of microstructures in materials, from measurements on two-dimensional sections, transmission micrographs, and scanning electron micrographs.

MAT SCI 390-0 (750-C90-0) Materials Design Analysis and control of microstructures. Quantitative process/structure/property/performance relations with case studies. Computer lab for modeling multicomponent thermodynamics and transformation kinetics. Prerequisites: 315 and 316-1,2 or consent of instructor.

MAT SCI 391-0 (750-C91-0) Process Design Processing of materials. Design and analysis of experiments to identify and optimize key parameters to control properties and performance. Resolving conflicting requirements. Statistical process control.
The Department of Mechanical Engineering offers a broad range of programs leading to the bachelor of science degree in mechanical engineering.

Mechanical engineering has always meant engines and machinery, but the character of modern engines and machinery has changed enormously because of the ever-increasing demands of performance, compactness, reliability, and productivity. The early devices were built by ingenious mechanics, individuals who possessed the know-how to reduce these ideas to practice. Today, traditional know-how and creative ability are as necessary as ever but no longer sufficient in an increasingly competitive world. It has become necessary also to know why things occur and, thus, to be able to exert the proper guidance at the earliest stages of planning. Furthermore, in a world of finite resources and a society increasingly aware of its environment, mechanical engineers must cope with not only the traditional concerns of efficiency and safety but also the undesirable effects of pollution. Clearly, the tools that future mechanical engineers need to possess must be more sophisticated to allow the important but ever-subtle effects to be recognized and controlled.

Mechanical engineering plays a dominant role in a wide spectrum of industries, among them the transportation industry (automotive, rail, air, and marine), heavy machinery (machines producing other machines), the power industry, the environmental industry (heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning), robotics, the light precision-machine enterprises (optical, prosthetic devices, mechanical instruments, and the like), and numerous commercial product industries. Preparation for a career in mechanical engineering requires a basic understanding of the mathematical, physical, and engineering principles essential to planning, designing, and manufacturing new equipment.

The curriculum in mechanical engineering provides a broad fundamental education preparing students for direct entry into industry as well as further professional study. The first part of the curriculum is devoted to mathematics, physics, and chemistry. With this background, fundamental mechanical engineering subjects are studied. These include dynamics, solid mechanics, fluid mechanics, and thermodynamics followed by specialized subjects such as manufacturing, heat transfer, and automatic control. During the final two years, design courses, laboratory courses, and project courses allow students to acquire a taste for the complex task of designing, analyzing, and building a piece of “hardware.” In particular, students become aware of the coupling between conceptual design, subsequent analysis (mathematical modeling), manufacturing, systematic experimentation, and final testing. Supporting courses in allied fields of science and engineering broaden the technical proficiency of mechanical engineering, while the elective courses in social sciences, fine arts, history, and philosophy enlarge their background in the problems of humanity.

Areas of Specialization
The program in mechanical engineering is designed to appeal to students with a wide variety of interests and professional goals. By an appropriate choice of elective courses, students can develop a highly personalized curriculum.

Some areas of specialization are computer-aided design/computer-aided manufacturing, systems and control, robotics, tribology, and fluid mechanics. In addition, there are special options — energy, intelligent mechanical systems, biomedical engineering, solid mechanics, design, and manufacturing. The energy option emphasizes the mechanical aspects of energy conversion and management. The intelligent mechanical systems option focuses on the design of devices featuring mechanical hardware interfaces to electronic hardware and software. The biomedical engineering option is open to students interested in the biological and medical applications of mechanical engineering procedures. Students in this option can also satisfy the entrance requirements of medical schools. The solid mechanics option focuses on the study of stress and strain in solid bodies along with the application of computational methods for stress analysis. The design option concentrates on product design with related conceptual and manufacturing processes. The manufacturing option is directed toward planning and selecting manufacturing methods, design for manufacture, computer-aided flexible automation and robotics, and increasing the efficiency and productivity of current and emerging manufacturing technologies.
Facilities
A detailed description of facilities in the reconstructed mechanical engineering laboratories is available at the department office.

Courses Primarily for Undergraduates
MECH ENG 201-0 (740-B01-0) Mechanics I Equivalent force systems. Equilibrium of rigid bodies. Distributed forces and centers of gravity. Kinematics of rigid bodies in planar motion. Prerequisites: PHYSICS 135-1 and concurrent registration in MATH 215.


MECH ENG 220-0 (740-B20-0) Thermodynamics I Basic definitions; Zeroth Law and the meaning of temperature; the First Law applied to flow and nonflow processes; the Second Law and its applications; properties of pure substances; equations of state, the Third Law of Thermodynamics, and introduction to cycles. Prerequisites: GEN ENG 205-3 and concurrent registration in MATH 215.

MECH ENG 224-0 (740-B24-0) Experimental Engineering I Modern electronics; analog and digital circuit construction and conversion. Modern data acquisition involving temperature measurements, control of stepper motors, transient heat transfer, fluid mechanics, deformation of beams. Prerequisites: 220, 241, ECE 270, and MECH ENG 262 or CIV ENG 216.

MECH ENG 240-0 (740-B40-0) Introduction to Mechanical Design and Manufacturing Introduction to strategy and methods of designing, manufacturing, and testing of mechanical products. Material properties and selection methodology, engineering drawing and CAD, and simple manufacturing processes. Prerequisite: concurrent registration in 262 or CIV ENG 216.


MECH ENG 262-0 (740-B62-0) Stress Analysis and Finite Elements I Analytical and numerical methods for study of strains, stresses, and deformations in solids with applications to design of mechanical components subjected to static and repeated loads. Prerequisite: GEN ENG 205-3.

MECH ENG 314-0 (740-C14-0) Theory of Machines — Dynamics Three-dimensional kinematics: rotation axes and mechanism analysis, rotation matrices and Euler's angles for rigid bodies. Three-dimensional kinetics: dynamics of particles, central force problems, dynamics of rigid bodies, rotational inertia matrices and principal axes, dynamics of mechanisms, the gyroscope and other torque-free problems. Prerequisite: 202.

CIV ENG 314-0 (720-C14-0) Mechanics of Crustal Processes See Civil Engineering.

MECH ENG 315-0 (740-C15-0) Theory of Machines — Design of Elements Factors influencing the proportioning of machine elements — stresses, deformations, and failure criteria as applied to shafts, springs, belts, bearings, gears. Lectures, laboratory. Prerequisite: 262 or CIV ENG 216.

CIV ENG 327-0 (720-C27-0) Finite Element Methods in Mechanics See Civil Engineering.

MECH ENG 340-1,2,3 (740-C40-1,2,3) Computer-Integrated Manufacturing Use of computers to improve productivity and reduce costs in the manufacture of discrete parts and assemblies. 1. Manufacturing processes: Analysis and evaluation of process usage in the contemporary manufacturing environment. Prerequisite: 240 or consent of instructor. 2. CAD/CAM: Geometric modeling, dimensioning systems, tolerances, design for manufacture, programming of machine tools. Prerequisites: 262 or CIV ENG 216 and 340-1, or consent of instructor. 3. Manufacturing automation: Metrology, machine tool control, forming processes, parts feeding, assembly, robotics, factory control, communications. Prerequisite: 340-2 or consent of instructor.

MECH ENG 342-0 (740-C42-0) Mechanics of Cutting and Forming Introduction to plasticity theory applications to simple cutting and forming processes. Process analysis and design: force estimation, friction and redundant work effects, temperature-generated defects, and process and equipment limitations. Prerequisites: 262 or CIV ENG 216 and senior standing.


MECH ENG 358-0 (740-C58-0) Experimental Engineering II Optical metrology. Stress analysis, fluid flows, combustion, dynamics, and control. Use of optical interferometry, anemometers and pitot tubes, accelerometers, and other advanced measurement devices.


MECH ENG 365-0 (740-C65-0) **Finite Elements for Stress Analysis**
Introduction to the finite-element method for stress analysis, with emphasis on linear elasticity. Computer implementation of finite-element techniques: finite-element code development and modification; use of commercial codes. Prerequisites: 262, MATH 215, or CIV ENG 216.

MECH ENG 366-0 (740-C66-0) **Finite Elements for Design and Optimization**
Numerical methods for interaction and optimal CAD. Fully stressed design; design sensitivity analysis and descent methods; optimality criteria to automated design. Prerequisites: senior standing and 365 or consent of instructor.

MECH ENG 370-0 (740-C70-0) **Thermodynamics II**
Elementary classical thermodynamics, application of first and second laws of thermodynamics to power and refrigeration cycles, mixtures and solution, thermodynamic relations, chemical reactions, phase and chemical equilibrium. Prerequisite: 220.

MECH ENG 373-0 (740-C73-0) **Engineering Fluid Mechanics**

MECH ENG 377-0 (740-C77-0) **Heat Transfer**

MECH ENG 379-0 (740-C79-0) **Elements of Combustion Engineering**
Introduction to combustion processes, providing an understanding of flame processes as they relate to efficiency and pollution due to propulsion and power generating systems. Diffusion and premixed flames, problems of ignition, quenching, flammability limits, and detonation. Prerequisite: senior standing in mechanical engineering or consent of instructor.

MECH ENG 390-0 (740-C90-0) **Introduction to Dynamic Systems**

MECH ENG 391-0 (740-C91-0) **Fundamentals of Control Systems I**
Mathematical modeling of automatic control systems. Open loop and closed loop control. Laplace transform techniques and transfer functions. Stability. Root locus technique, Bode plots, Nyquist criterion. Approaches to control system design, including PID and lead-lag compensation. Prerequisite: 390 or consent of instructor.

MECH ENG 395-0 (740-C95-0) **Special Topics in Mechanical Engineering**
Topics suggested by students or faculty and approved by the department.

MECH ENG 398-0 (740-C98-0) **Engineering Design**
Product or system design projects carried out by small student groups. Project definition, conceptual and detailed design, evaluation, and documentation. Prerequisite: senior standing.

MECH ENG 399-0 (740-C99-0) **Projects**
Special studies to be done under faculty direction. Credit to be arranged.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
Medill School of Journalism

Journalists perform a vital function in a democracy whose existence depends on an informed electorate and in a world that depends on effective communication. The Medill School of Journalism seeks to develop professional writers and editors who are broadly educated in the liberal arts and sciences; who are technically skilled; who understand the historical underpinnings of a free press in America; and who appreciate the social, legal, and ethical issues of the news media in modern-day society.

The core journalism courses — which make up 25 percent of the undergraduate curriculum — are designed to prepare students for careers in the news media, with emphases on writing, reporting, editing, and graphics.

During the junior year, students participate in Teaching Media (the Teaching Newspaper, Teaching Magazine, or Teaching Television program), receiving course credit for an academic internship at 1 of about 50 newspapers located in 25 states or at various magazines or television stations. These programs offer a professional laboratory in which students study under the supervision and guidance of editor-instructors monitored and supervised by Medill faculty. Students who encounter financial hardship while on these programs may apply to the school's Benjamin H. Baldwin Fund for some support.

The nonjournalism courses — about 75 percent of the undergraduate curriculum over four years — include a wide selection of social and natural sciences, arts, and humanities classes, so that students will have the background to understand and communicate the world's events.

Many undergraduates find media jobs in print, broadcast, or online journalism; public relations; or allied fields directly after graduation. Others pursue a Medill master's degree. The graduate program in editorial journalism offers concentrated study in reporting and writing, newspaper management, broadcast journalism, new media, and magazine publishing. The school's other graduate program, integrated marketing communications, has specialized concentrations in advertising, corporate public relations, direct marketing, and interdisciplinary studies. Students are admitted to a graduate program only if their undergraduate course work indicates the aptitude necessary for rigorous, specialized education.

Through the Accelerated Master's Program, Medill allows a few students each year to earn both bachelor's and master's degrees in editorial journalism in less than five years. Students apply to this program in their junior year; those accepted into the highly selective program must show academic excellence and the promise of success in journalism.

Medill has awarded nearly 14,000 degrees since its founding in 1921; the school's graduates stand among the leaders of the profession. Medill's 900 students — 600 undergraduates and 300 graduate students representing nearly every state in the union and several countries — take pride in the school's ranking as one of the nation's preeminent journalism centers.

For more information, see the school's Web site at www.medill.nwu.edu.

Academic Policies

Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Journalism

1. A minimum of 45 units must be completed on the college level.

2. Students must take the final 23 units (of 45 required for graduation) at Northwestern and complete the last three quarters of work while enrolled at Medill.

3. At least 11 but no more than 12 units in journalism may be counted toward the 45 course units required for graduation; 33 of the 45 must be in areas other than journalism. Students with more than 45 units may take additional journalism units.

4. Required journalism courses:

   Freshman year
   201 Editing and Writing the News
   202 History and Issues of Journalism
Students may take both 303 Advertising and 304 Direct Marketing only if 1 of these courses is taken as a 12th journalism unit. Of the 11 required journalism units for the bachelor of science in journalism degree, 10 must be in editorial courses.

Seniors may take courses in any area of journalism, regardless of the Teaching Media program they did in the junior year. For example, a Teaching Television student could take magazine courses, newspaper courses, a new-media course, additional television courses, or a combination of courses.

5. Three units of literature are required. They may be from any department in the University dealing with literature, either in English or in a foreign language.

6. Three units of mathematics/science/logic are required. At least 1 of the required courses must be taken from this list: ANTHRO 362-1,2,3 Quantitative Methods of Analysis; BME 220 Introduction to Biomedical Statistics; MMSS 292-1,2,3 Mathematical Methods in the Social Sciences: First Year; MATH 210-1,2 Mathematics for the Behavioral Sciences; POLI SCI 310 Elementary Statistics for Political Research, 311 Methods of Political Research, 312 Logic of Political Inquiry, and 315 Introduction to Positive Political Theory; PSYCH 201 Statistical Methods in Psychology; SOCIO 303 Analysis and Interpretation of Social Data; and any course in the Department of Statistics.

The other 2 mathematics/science/logic courses may be from the above list or from any of the following core subjects: astronomy, biochemistry, biological sciences, chemistry, computer science, geography, geological sciences, logic (philosophy), mathematics, and physics.

7. Three units of history are required. At least 1 course must be in U.S. history, and at least 1 must be in non-U.S. history.

8. Students are required to take 1 American government course in the Department of Political Science and 1 course in international relations or international studies.

9. One unit of religion, philosophy, or ethics is required, not including courses in logic.

10. One unit of art or art history is required.

11. One unit of economics is required.

12. A social science concentration is required:

- Students must take 3 units in any one of the following departments: anthropology, economics, history, political science, psychology, or sociology. If the student selects economics, history, or political science,
the 3 units taken to fulfill the social science concentration must be in addition to those required of all Medill students (see 7, 8, and 11). At least 1 of the 3 units must be at the 300 level. Students may apply no more than 1 100-level course toward the social science concentration. INTL ST 201-1, 2, 3 Introduction to the World System may be used toward the 3-unit social science concentration in political science.

• Students may not apply more than 1 unit of field study credit toward the 3-unit social science concentration. Requests for field study credit must be approved by the director of undergraduate studies.

13. Students are required to complete a 6-unit concentration in any department of the Judd A. and Marjorie Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences other than the area selected for the 3-unit social science concentration. For any 6-unit concentration except in astronomy, biological sciences, chemistry, geological sciences, mathematics, physics, or a foreign language, students may apply no more than 1 100-level course and must take at least two 300-level courses.

• Students are exempt from this requirement if they (1) complete a minor in Weinberg College, (2) complete a second major in any department of Weinberg College, or (3) complete an adjunct major offered through Weinberg College. Permission to pursue a second or adjunct major must be secured from the appropriate Weinberg College department chair.

• Students may apply not more than 2 units of field study credit toward the 6-unit concentration. Requests for field study credit must be approved by the director of undergraduate studies.

14. First-year students are encouraged to take COMM ST 272 Communication and American Democracy, normally offered once a year and cotagged by journalism faculty. This course counts as a nonjournalism elective.

15. No course may count toward more than one requirement.

16. Exceptions to any degree requirements must be approved by the Medill Academic Standards Committee. Petitions and the committee's rules for filing petitions are available in the Medill Office of Student Records and Services or from the chair of the committee.

17. In addition to and independent of the requirements set by Medill, all students must satisfy the University Enrollment Requirement (see Financial Regulations). Also, see the Medill Undergraduate Handbook for a complete list of courses that fulfill the nonjournalism course requirements.

Grade Requirements

1. Students must achieve a 2.00 minimum grade point average in all nonjournalism courses taken for a letter grade and a 2.25 minimum grade point average in journalism courses. In addition, all journalism students are subject to the following grade requirements:

• The journalism grade point average shall reflect the grades of all journalism courses attempted (including F's).

• All Y and X grades, unless made up satisfactorily by the end of the subsequent quarter, shall be counted as F's.

• A grade of F and/or N earned twice in the same required course shall be grounds for mandatory transfer out of Medill.

• To be eligible for the junior-year Teaching Media program, students must earn a grade of C or better in Newswriting and Reporting and in the 2 mediaspecific courses that immediately precede the Teaching Media program and a minimum 2.25 grade point average in those 3 courses plus Editing and Writing the News.

• A maximum of 2 units of D or below in journalism courses or 3 units of D or below overall will be permitted. Exceeding these limits shall be grounds for mandatory transfer out of Medill.

• When journalism courses are repeated, both the previous grade and the subsequent grade are computed in the journalism grade point average. One course does not substitute for the other.

• Students who do not meet the minimum grade point requirements are placed on academic probation. Continued poor performance will result in a mandatory transfer to another school within Northwestern University or dismissal from the University.

2. Medill undergraduates are required to take these courses for letter grades (A, A−, B+, B, B−, C+, C, C−, D, F):

• All journalism courses (except those offered by the faculty under the P/N option)

• All courses in the social science concentration

• All basic requirements in art/art history, economics, history, literature, mathematics/science/logic, philosophy/religion, and political science
3. Other courses may be taken on the pass/no credit (P/N) option, if that option is available. A total of no more than 6 units of credit shall be taken P/N and counted toward the 45 units required for graduation. (P/N grades from Teaching Newspaper, Teaching Magazine, or Teaching Television are included in these 6.) Only 1 course per quarter may be taken P/N.

Faculty Advisers
When students enter Medill, they are assigned to a faculty adviser who is available to help develop an individual academic program. Medill staff and student peer advisers also help advise students in such areas as degree requirements, career paths, noncredit internships (especially during the summers), and work on campus media.

Academic Options

Internships
Internship employment by newspapers, magazines, radio and television stations, online media, and advertising and public relations agencies may be available to Medill students, particularly during the summer. Many employers look to Medill for talented young people who can be introduced to their organizations through internships. The school encourages these opportunities as a means of enriching students’ education but gives academic credit only for the Teaching Newspaper, Teaching Magazine, and Teaching Television programs.

Other Undergraduate Programs
Students in the Medill School of Journalism also may enroll in courses offered by the Center for the Writing Arts, the interschool Undergraduate Leadership Program, and the international studies adjunct major, among other areas (see the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog).

Activities
Medill students, through student publications and broadcast media, professional organizations, and convocations, have many journalistically related opportunities outside of the classroom.

Students write and edit the independent student newspaper, the Daily Northwestern, published during the academic year, and the Summer Northwestern, a weekly newspaper published during Summer Session. Also published on campus are the Syllabus, the student yearbook, and a wide variety of other publications. The University gives no academic credit for work on student-run publications. The Daily Northwestern, Summer Northwestern, and Syllabus are published by the Students Publishing Company and have no formal connection with the School of Journalism.

Radio station WNUR-FM provides another outlet for student newswriters, sportscasters, editors, and commentators. Northwestern News Network is a student-produced news program aired on a local cable television channel.

Writing skills are helpful in other extracurricular activities such as student government, the Waa-Mu Show, student-planned colloquia, and various literary publications.

The Society of Professional Journalists and the National Association of Black Journalists, professional organizations that promote high standards among journalists, have chapters on campus. Other organizations for students interested in journalism include Blackboard and the Communications Residential College. Top scholars in the senior and graduate classes are initiated into Kappa Tau Alpha, the national journalism honorary society.

ROTC Course Credits
ROTC course credits may be used as a portion of the 45 units required for graduation. These units are considered elective courses.

Accelerated Master's Program
Through the Accelerated Master’s Program, the Medill School of Journalism allows a few students each year to earn both the bachelor’s and master’s degrees in editorial journalism in less than five years. Students apply to this program in their junior year; those accepted into the highly selective program must show academic excellence, the promise of success in journalism, and a demonstrated high level of professional commitment and personal maturity.

Early Graduation
Students who plan to graduate early must notify the school in writing at least three quarters before the expected date of graduation. These students also should check with the Registrar’s Office to make sure they have fulfilled the University Enrollment Requirement.
Courses

Required Courses

Note: Students select either 340, 341, 345, and 346; 350, 351, 355, and 356; or 360, 361, 365, and 366.

EDIT 201-0 (325-B01-0) Editing and Writing the News

The fundamentals of journalistic editing, writing, research, and visual presentation.

EDIT 202-0 (325-B02-0) History and Issues of Journalism

The history of print and broadcast journalism, primarily in the United States, as well as the historical development of several contemporary media and ethical issues.

EDIT 301-0 (325-C01-0) Newswriting and Reporting

Report and write several types of news stories for print and broadcast media under deadline pressure; exploring the use of graphics. Prerequisites: 201 and sophomore standing.

EDIT 340-0 (325-C40-0) Newspaper Editing and Writing

Fundamentals of newspaper editing, including headlines, page layout and design, photo editing, information graphics, and appropriate electronic tools. Prerequisite: 301.

EDIT 341-0 (325-C41-0) News and New Media

An exploration of the move of traditional publications into electronic publishing; the journalist's role in that process; and the appropriate electronic tools. Prerequisite: 340, concurrent registration in 340, 355, or 365.

EDIT 345-0 (325-C45-0) Teaching Newspaper: Reporting

(1 or 2 units) Honing reporting and newswriting skills in a newspaper through practical assignments under deadline pressure and close editorial supervision. Prerequisites: 340 and 341. Taken with 346.

EDIT 346-0 (325-C46-0) Teaching Newspaper: Editing

(1 or 2 units) Honing skills in news editing, headline writing, page layout/design, and graphics in a newsroom through practical assignments under deadline pressure and close editorial supervision. Prerequisites: 340 and 341. Taken with 345.

EDIT 350-0 (325-C50-0) Magazine Writing

Reporting, writing, and illustrating magazine articles, with emphasis on voice, style, subject matter, and organization; the development of ideas; the marketing of articles. Prerequisite: 301.

EDIT 351-0 (325-C51-0) Magazine Editing

Editing magazine copy and graphics, with emphasis on precision, style, and structure; an overview of the magazine industry and the role of magazines in society. Prerequisite: 301.

EDIT 355-0 (325-C55-0) Teaching Magazine: Writing

(2 units) An exploration of most aspects of magazine writing and reporting. Practical assignments in a magazine office with deadline pressure and close professional supervision. Prerequisites: 350 and 351. Taken with 356.

EDIT 356-0 (325-C56-0) Teaching Magazine: Editing

An exploration of most aspects of magazine editing, graphics, and publishing. Practical assignments in a magazine office with deadline pressure and close professional supervision. Prerequisites: 350 and 351. Taken with 355.

EDIT 360-0 (325-C60-0) Broadcast Writing

Writing news scripts for television on an appropriate computer system, editing videotape, and writing stories to coordinate with the video. Prerequisite: 301.

EDIT 361-0 (325-C61-0) Television News Editing

Writing and producing a television news program using the appropriate computer and editing equipment, news wires, and video feeds. Emphasis on the editorial decision-making process. Prerequisite: 360.

EDIT 365-0 (325-C65-0) Teaching Television: Broadcast News

(2 units) Gathering television news from the field; writing scripts, readers, voiceovers, vignettes, packages, and on-camera news for reporters and anchors. Taken in a television newsroom under close professional supervision. Prerequisite: 361. Taken with 366.

EDIT 366-0 (325-C66-0) Teaching Television: Editing

Gaining exposure to the television assignment process by working with the assignment desk; editing voiceovers, sound bites, and packages. Taken in a television newsroom under close professional supervision. Prerequisite: 361. Taken with 365.

EDIT 370-0 (325-C70-0) Law and Ethics of Journalism

The legal and ethical framework defining media freedoms and constraints in the United States. Historical context and focus on the evolution of constitutional, statutory, judicial, and ethical standards. Prerequisite: senior standing.

Elective Courses

Two courses are required from this list. Students may take both 303 and 304 only if one is as an optional 12th journalism unit. Students may take 340, 341, 350, 351, 360, or 361 as electives if they have not taken them as required courses.

IMC 303-0 (320-C03-0) Advertising

Orientation to advertising in the economy and society. Introduction to theory and practice of marketing, research, copywriting, media planning, direct marketing; how advertising works; advertising agencies and other organizations; role of advertising in the society and economy; legal aspects.

IMC 304-0 (320-C04-0) Direct Marketing

Fundamental principles of direct marketing, including marketing, promotion, and business considerations; survey of database media, and creative techniques used by traditional and non-traditional marketers.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
EDIT 367-0 (325-C67-0) Broadcast Reporting  Basics of reporting for broadcast and preparation of broadcast stories. Emphasis on interviewing, packaging a story, and analyzing techniques. Prerequisites: senior standing and 360.

EDIT 368-0 (325-C68-0) Television News Documentary  Formats used in documentary production, with emphasis on transforming a major research effort into a half-hour program or a multipart series. Prerequisites: senior standing and 366 or 367.

EDIT 373-0 (325-C73-0) Investigative Journalism  The news media in their adversarial role in public affairs reporting, including investigative and interpretative reporting and advocacy journalism; the impact of the news media on public opinion and policy making. Prerequisite: senior standing.

EDIT 374-0 (325-C74-0) Analytical Reporting  Development of an in-depth reporting/writing project, including researching the subject; analyzing the appropriate interviews, computer data, and/or surveys; writing and editing; and preparing information graphics. Prerequisite: senior standing.

EDIT 375-0 (325-C75-0) Literary Journalism  A survey of the work of several print and broadcast journalists to explore the intersection of journalism and literature; analysis of the relationships between form and content within the historical contexts in which pieces were produced. Prerequisite: senior standing.

EDIT 388-0 (325-C88-0) Internship (noncredit)  Student-initiated internships in journalism. Supervised by Medill faculty. Prerequisites: sophomore standing and consent of instructor.

EDIT 390-0 (325-C90-0) Special Topics  Specialized, experimental courses offered from time to time by faculty. Prerequisites: vary depending on the course.

EDIT 399-0 (325-C99-0) Independent Study  Academic work sponsored and supervised by a faculty member working one-on-one with a student. Prerequisite: consent of Medill Academic Standards Committee.
School of Music

Since its establishment in 1895, the Northwestern University School of Music has ranked among the most prestigious music schools in the nation, providing an environment in which young musicians can dedicate themselves to their art. The school offers students a variety of musical experiences, enabling them to develop into highly proficient performers and scholars. It is a professional school within the University — students accepted into the school are also accepted into the University and consequently have the advantage of academic study in a variety of courses with distinguished faculty. As part of a private institution, the School of Music has developed distinctive programs to meet the artistic and professional needs of its students, preparing them for careers as instrumentalists, singers, teachers, composers, conductors, theorists, historians, critics, managers, and others requiring a specialized knowledge of music. These programs are responsive to new directions, recognizing that a great institution of musical learning preserves the riches of past practices while it encourages its students to explore the practices that will produce the music of the future.

The faculty believe that each undergraduate should be given a comprehensive musical background, that the education should be centered on performance founded on scholarly studies in music theory and history, and that all musical training should be accompanied by a broad cultural background in the humanities. In addition to providing instruction in voice and all principal instruments, composition, and music technology, the school supports orchestras, bands, choral ensembles, opera, and a wide variety of small ensembles that give students experience in all avenues of musical expression.

The graduate division of the School of Music is open to students who are deemed capable of advanced study. Graduate courses emphasize scholarly performance and include concentrated work and research in students’ major fields of interest. The ultimate aim is to develop informed musicians, independent scholars, and inspired teachers.

Although the excellence of any school depends mainly on the quality of its faculty and students and the soundness of its curriculum, distinguished musicians are brought to the campus from time to time to enrich the regular programs and to give a special impetus to study. In recent years, guests have included Daniel Barenboim, Pierre Boulez, Grace Bumbry, Renée Fleming, James Galway, Witold Lutoslawski, Wynton Marsalis, Bobby McFerrin, and Sherrill Milnes. A performing arts series annually presents concert artists in performance and master classes for students.

In addition to outstanding instruction and significant platform experience at the University, the school offers students excellent opportunities for participating in metropolitan Chicago’s rich musical life. While working toward a degree, students can gain valuable performing experience and enhance their education as developing musicians.

For more information, see the school’s Web site at www.nwu.edu/musicschool/.

Mission Statement

We affirm that music is a universally treasured art and an essential component of culture.

The mission of the School of Music is to provide the highest order of education in all major aspects of music. We endeavor also to expand the musical experiences and understandings of students throughout the University and to enhance the quality of our community’s musical life. While continuing to animate the vital traditions of music’s past, we encourage creative and dynamic visions of its future.

The School of Music pursues this mission through professional undergraduate and graduate programs for a selective student body of highly qualified musicians who also meet competitive academic standards. We attempt to integrate the artistic and intellectual aspects of our students’ education and to provide a depth and breadth of musical study that equips them with a continuing capacity to grow in their musicianship and to adapt to changing professional demands. Our faculty
members strive to be inspiring teachers as well as musical and intellectual leaders. They are actively engaged in expanding knowledge about music through their research and scholarship; in preparing students to be performers, composers, teachers, scholars, and informed audiences; and in enriching their community’s culture through their own artistry.

**Academic Policies**

**Programs of Study**

The School of Music offers programs leading to the professional degrees of bachelor of music, master of music, graduate certificate in music, and doctor of music. While these programs are designed to prepare the individual for a professional life in music, the setting of the school within a university of Northwestern’s quality provides special benefits to students for broadening their education in related disciplines. The school also offers a nonprofessional degree, the bachelor of arts in music. The School of Music is a founding member of the National Association of Schools of Music, which fully accredits all its degree programs.

The curriculum allows flexibility for students while providing an education that is basic for all musicians. Applicants in all areas who are accepted by the School of Music enter directly into a program of specialization that begins in the freshman year. The core studies, taken by all students, require the acquisition of minimum competencies and provide fundamental and essential experiences that complement the specialized studies in the declared major. Students are also required to complete studies in a number of allied subjects throughout the University and are given significant opportunities to explore other interests with free electives.

**Bachelor of Music**

Courses of study leading to the bachelor of music degree include music composition, music education, musicology, music technology, music theory, and performance in jazz studies, piano, organ, string instruments, voice, winds, and percussion.

Through the use of electives, it is possible in the final two years of study leading to the bachelor’s degree, with the adviser’s help and the faculty’s approval, to design an ad hoc program that cuts across specializations to meet a particular student’s needs and career ambitions. Students interested in a specially designed and approved program that most fits their interests and abilities may petition for such a program. The program is designed in consultation with faculty and area professionals with expertise in the particular area of interest. Ad hoc specializations have included arts administration, music criticism, jazz studies, ethnomusicology, music theater production, and music business.

Graduates of the bachelor of music with specialization in the music education program meet all requirements for teacher certification in the state of Illinois (and most other states). In addition to the core program common to all School of Music students, music education majors take a structured sequence of courses in general education, a basic set of courses in music education, and special courses in the chosen music education specialization.

**Bachelor of Arts in Music**

In addition to the professional curricula just described, the School of Music offers a nonprofessional degree program leading to the bachelor of arts in music. Featuring an opportunity for substantially wider explorations in the liberal arts and fewer music requirements, the bachelor of arts in music is intended for students who have strong ability in music but are not necessarily interested in a musical vocation. Students who are interested in this program may petition for it at any time after they have been admitted to the School of Music.

**Five-Year BA/BMus**

Students accepted into the combined Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences–School of Music program may simultaneously earn a BA degree from Weinberg College and a BMus degree from the School of Music. They must complete all Weinberg degree requirements, including at least 30 Weinberg courses, as well as all School of Music bachelor of music degree requirements, including at least 30 music courses. Fulfilling both music and Weinberg requirements usually takes five years of full-time study, and a University Enrollment Requirement of 15 quarters is obligatory (see Financial Regulations).

Participants in this combined program must be accepted by both the School of Music and Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences. Interested students should consult with the associate dean for undergraduate studies in Weinberg College and the director of admissions in the School of Music.
Degree Requirements

Bachelor of Arts in Music (48 course units)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Music</th>
<th>Nonmusic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Core Studies</strong> (11–15 units)</td>
<td><strong>General Education Distribution</strong> (14 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Musicology (3 units)</td>
<td>One English composition course (1 unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music theory (3 units)</td>
<td>One freshman seminar or one general education elective (1 unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aural skills (1 unit)</td>
<td>Two courses from each of the six Weinberg distribution areas: natural sciences, formal studies, social and behavioral sciences, historical studies, values, literature and fine arts (12 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboard skills (1 unit; optional)</td>
<td><strong>Foreign Language</strong> (6 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensembles (1 unit)</td>
<td>May be satisfied by completing the third quarter of an intermediate (second-year college) course in a classical or modern language or by passing an examination to demonstrate equivalent proficiency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance study (3–6 units): includes private instruction and related course work on principal instrument or voice. A second year of instruction may be taken.</td>
<td><strong>Electives</strong> (10 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A maximum of three elective units may be taken as additional courses in music.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Electives**
- 300-level musicology (3 units)
- 300-level music theory (3 units)

Bachelor of Music (49.5–51 course units)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Music</th>
<th>Nonmusic</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Core Studies</strong> (12 units)</td>
<td><strong>General Education Distribution</strong> (12 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Musicology (3 units)</td>
<td>Basic or intermediate English composition (1 unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music theory (3 units)</td>
<td>One course from each of the following Weinberg distribution areas: natural sciences, social and behavioral sciences, historical studies, values, literature and fine arts (5 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aural skills (3 units)</td>
<td>General education electives (6 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboard skills (1.5 units)</td>
<td><strong>Free electives</strong> (6 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensembles (1.5 units)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Major Studies</strong> (19.5–21 units)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Studies Requirement: See specific department and program. Majors in one of the following areas: principal instrument, voice, jazz studies, music education, musicology, music theory, music composition, music technology, academic studies, or an ad hoc major.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Bachelor of Music with Major in Music Education (48–53 units)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Music</th>
<th>Nonmusic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Core Studies</strong> (12 units)</td>
<td><strong>General Education Distribution</strong> (7 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Musicology (3 units)</td>
<td>General education course requirements (see program description for specific courses)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music theory (3 units)</td>
<td><strong>General Electives</strong> (4 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aural skills (3 units)</td>
<td>One course each in biological sciences, an additional science, an additional social science, and English literature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboard skills (1.5 units)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensembles (1.5 units)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Professional Studies in Music Education</strong> (22–28 units)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>See program description for requirements.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Specialization</strong> (5–8 units)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students in the undergraduate music education program must choose one of the three specialization tracks: instrumental, choral, or general. See program description for requirements.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Five-Year Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Music (60 course units)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Music</th>
<th>Nonmusic</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Core Studies</strong> (12 units)</td>
<td><strong>Arts and Sciences</strong> (minimum of 30 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Musicology (3 units)</td>
<td>Weinberg distribution requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music theory (3 units)</td>
<td>Weinberg departmental major</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aural skills (3 units)</td>
<td>Foreign language proficiency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboard skills (1.5 units)</td>
<td>Writing proficiency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensembles (1.5 units)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Major Studies</strong> (19.5–21 units)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Studies Requirement: See specific department and program. Majors in one of the following areas: principal instrument, voice, jazz studies, music education, musicology, music theory, music composition, music technology, academic studies, or an ad hoc major.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Five-Year Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Music or Bachelor of Arts in Music (68 course units)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Music</th>
<th>Nonmusic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>BMus: Core Studies</strong> (12 units)</td>
<td><strong>Engineering and Applied Science</strong> (36 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Musicology (3 units)</td>
<td>General education (BMus: 5 units; BAMus: 17 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music theory (3 units)</td>
<td>Mathematics (6 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aural skills (3 units)</td>
<td>Basic sciences (5 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyboard skills (1.5 units)</td>
<td>Basic engineering (6 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensembles (1.5 units)</td>
<td>Computer programming (1 unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BMus: Major Studies</strong> (19.5–21 units)</td>
<td>Department program (16 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Studies Requirement: See specific department and program. Majors in one of the following areas: principal instrument, voice, jazz studies, music education, musicology, music theory, music composition, music technology, academic studies, or an ad hoc major.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BAMus:</strong> See Music requirements under Bachelor of Arts in Music above.</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Five-Year BS/BMus or BS/BAMus

Students accepted into the combined McCormick School of Engineering and Applied Science–School of Music program may simultaneously earn a BS degree from the McCormick School and a BMus or BAMus degree from the School of Music. They must complete all McCormick School degree requirements, including at least 36 McCormick courses, as well as all School of Music bachelor of music or bachelor of arts in music degree requirements, including at least 30 music courses. Fulfilling both music and engineering requirements usually takes five years of full-time study, and a University Enrollment Requirement of 15 quarters is obligatory (see Financial Regulations).

Participants in this combined program must be accepted by both the School of Music and the McCormick School. Interested students should consult with the Undergraduate Engineering Office in the McCormick School and the director of admissions in the School of Music.

### Degree Requirements

Candidates for the degree of bachelor of music in performance, music composition, music theory, musicology, music technology, or an ad hoc area must complete 49.5 course units. A bachelor of music with specialization in music education may require as many as 53 units but can usually be completed within four years.

All freshmen in the School of Music must participate in band, choir, or orchestra, as appropriate to their principal auditioned instrument. Freshmen and sophomores may not participate in more than two ensembles per quarter. All students in the Department of Music Performance Studies must enroll in MUSIC 389
Convocation for at least four quarters. For specific requirements, see the Degree Requirements chart and the professional studies requirements of each program.

For their last 24 units, all students must be registered at Northwestern; for their last 12 units, they must be registered in the School of Music. Credit toward graduation is generally not granted for summer work taken at other colleges or universities as part of the last 24 units.

The work offered to meet the requirements for a degree may not average lower than C. Not more than one-fifth of this work may be of grade D. A maximum of six quarter-courses in nonmusic subjects taken under the P/N grade option may be counted toward the degree. Music students may not take music courses under the P/N grade option, except for those courses graded solely with P/N grades.

If students interrupt their program of study for an extended period of time and degree requirements are changed during this period, they will normally be held to the new requirements.

Every candidate for a degree must file an application for the degree a year in advance of the date of graduation.

Students coming to Northwestern University for a second undergraduate degree must transfer at least 9 units of credit in music, audition for admission at the 300 level, complete the general education distribution requirement with transfer credit, and comply with the 24-unit residency requirement.

In addition to and independent of the requirements set by the School of Music, all students must satisfy the University Enrollment Requirement (see Financial Regulations).

Music Performance Study
The School of Music offers instruction in piano, organ, string instruments, winds, percussion, and voice. Students should consult their adviser or program coordinator for the assignment of an instructor. Consent of the instructor and department chair as well as concurrent registration in ensemble are required.

Elective performance study assignments are made by the appropriate department chair as space is available.

Faculty Advisers
Each student is assigned to an adviser who approves the student's program each quarter. Each student has a conference with the adviser during each quarter.

Students may not make a change of registration without the approval of their adviser and the assistant dean for undergraduate studies.

Attendance Policy
Students are expected to attend all sessions of courses and ensembles for which they are registered. It is the responsibility of students enrolled in the School of Music to acquaint themselves and comply with the attendance policy of their departments, class instructors, and ensemble conductors.

In addition, students who are absent from classes for three or more consecutive days because of illness are required to notify the Office of the Assistant Dean. Students who know they will be absent from classes or performing organizations for three or more consecutive days for such professional or personal commitments as auditions or off-campus performances or for any other nonemergency reasons are required to prepare a petition requesting permission to be absent from their academic and performance responsibilities in the School of Music. This petition must be submitted to the Office of the Assistant Dean for approval.

Failure to comply with these regulations can be cause for failure in the courses or ensembles for which a student is registered during that quarter.

Academic Options

Double Major
Students may earn a double major in four years with proper academic planning and by fulfilling the requirements of both majors.

Bachelor of music candidates may double major only within the School of Music. In certain cases the curriculum may require enrolling in more than four courses per quarter. Typically, the double major combines a specialization in a performance area with one in the academic area or composition, although double majors within the academic area are possible also. A double major in two performance areas is generally not permitted.

Bachelor of arts in music candidates may double major with any major offered in the Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences but may earn only one bachelor of arts degree.

Interdisciplinary Certificates
School of Music students may elect to complete one of the interdisciplinary certificates developed
by the School of Music faculty and representing disciplines often used in the music profession. These certificates cross the normally established disciplines to enable students to combine the study of music with another area in an interdisciplinary fashion. Each includes a minimum of six and a maximum of nine courses. Students applying for School of Music interdisciplinary certificates must present records showing a minimum of five courses not double-counted in their specializations.

Students who complete all required courses and notify the Office of Undergraduate Studies that they have done so will receive a notation on their Northwestern transcripts. Applications to receive the certificate are available from the Office of Undergraduate Studies and should be completed along with the Application for a Bachelor’s Degree.

**Commercial Music**

The Certificate in Commercial Music requires nine courses:

- CONDUCT 326 Conducting and Score Reading
- JAZZ ST 330 Writing for Jazz Ensembles
- MUSIC 398 Internship
- R/TV/F 383 Radio/Audio Production
- Two courses chosen from CONDUCT 320 Band Arranging
CONDUCT 321 Writing for Choral Ensembles
JAZZ ST 331 Advanced Jazz Writing
MUS COMP 314-2 Orchestration
MUS COMP 314-3 Advanced Orchestration
- Two courses chosen from music technology
- One elective in a related area

**Jazz Studies**

The Certificate in Jazz Studies requires six courses:

- One improvisation course chosen from JAZZ ST 162 Applied Jazz Improvisation
JAZZ ST 262 Applied Jazz Improvisation
MUSICOL 337 Improvisation and World Musicianship
- One jazz writing course chosen from JAZZ ST 330 Writing for Jazz Ensembles
JAZZ ST 331 Advanced Jazz Writing
- One jazz history, theory, or literature course chosen from AF AM ST 240 Survey of African American Music (spring quarter)
MUSICOL 334 Jazz: Its Roots and Elements
- Three electives chosen from improvisation; jazz writing; jazz history, theory, or literature; or jazz piano for the non-keyboard player courses
- Jazz performance (no credit)
- Large ensemble (University Jazz Ensemble, University Jazz Lab Band) and chamber ensemble (Chamber Jazz Ensemble) for six quarters

**Music Business**

The Certificate in Music Business requires eight courses:

- ADVERT 203 Basic Advertising (University College)
- ECON 260 Accounting and Business Finance (prerequisites: ECON 201, 202)
- MKTG 201 Marketing I: Principles of Marketing (University College)
- MUSIC 335 Selected Topics: Entrepreneurship for the Performing Artist or comparable course
- ORGBEH 309 Human Resource Management (University College)
- ORGBEH 367 Strategic Planning and Management (University College)
- Business-related elective
- MUSIC 398 Internship

**Music Criticism**

The Certificate in Music Criticism requires nine courses:

- MUSICOL 324 History and Practice of Criticism
- MUSICOL 399 Independent Study (see the assistant dean for undergraduate studies)
- Three musicology electives
- EDIT 201 Editing and Writing the News
- EDIT 301 Newswriting and Reporting (prerequisite: 201)
- EDIT 340 Newspaper Editing and Writing (prerequisite: 301) or 370 Law and Ethics of Journalism
- EDIT 341 News and New Media (prerequisite: 340, 355, or 365) or 350 Magazine Writing (prerequisite: 301)

**Interschool Programs**

For information about the interschool programs listed below, see the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog.

**Integrated Arts Program**

The interschool Integrated Arts Program offers courses leading to a minor that explore the creative
process from the perspective of the artist in the disciplines of theater, visual arts, music, dance, and media arts.

**International Studies Program**
International studies, an undergraduate interschool adjunct major that is taken in conjunction with a traditional major, is open to students in the School of Music.

**Music Theatre Program**
The Certificate in Music Theatre provides the opportunity for School of Music students majoring in voice and School of Speech students majoring in theater to create a second area of specialization.

**Undergraduate Leadership Program**
The Undergraduate Leadership Program, an inter-school certificate program open to all undergraduates, helps students understand the nature of leadership and prepares them to become leaders.

**Graduate Studies**
The Graduate Division of the School of Music offers programs of study leading to the master of music degree, the graduate certificate in performance, and the doctor of music degree. Information concerning these programs is available from the Office of the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs, School of Music. For information about the requirements for the doctor of philosophy degree in music, write to the Graduate School.

**Resources**

**Musical Organizations**
Music majors are required to participate in those musical organizations for which they are qualified as a part of their program of study. Students from all other schools of the University are encouraged to participate in any organizations for which they qualify.

**Symphony Orchestra**
This large ensemble provides experience in the concert presentation of representative symphonic repertoire as well as operas and concertos.

**Chamber Orchestra**
The Chamber Orchestra performs works of all periods. Repertoire is limited to the music of chamber and small symphony orchestras.

**Philharmonia**
This orchestra is open upon audition to interested and qualified students from any school in the University and performs a wide-ranging repertoire.

**Symphonic Wind Ensemble**
Flexibility and thorough musicianship mark the programs of the Symphonic Wind Ensemble. This is the smallest and most select of the University wind ensembles. Its objectives are to perform literature of the highest aesthetic value with emphasis on major original works for band and to attain perfection in balanced performance through rigid requirements for individual musicianship and advanced playing technique.

**Symphonic Band**
Made up of 85 outstanding wind and percussion performers, the Symphonic Band seeks to perform the finest works available for large band or wind orchestra at the highest possible level.

**Concert Band**
The 90-member Concert Band provides an excellent performing experience for interested and qualified students from any school in the University. The Concert Band performs fine literature, including both original and transcribed works.

**Wildcat Marching Band**
The Wildcat Marching Band is a 150-piece all-University organization that combines marching precision and exceptional playing ability in a finely polished and spirited unit. The band performs for all football games at home and one or more out-of-town games each season.

**University Brass Ensemble**
The University Brass Ensemble provides performance challenges and learning opportunities for serious brass players interested in literature for ensembles of various sizes and compositional styles.

**Jazz Groups**
The Jazz Ensemble, Jazz Band, Jazz Lab, and a variety of small combo groups enable students to gain experience in the jazz idiom and to improve improvisation skills. They also offer student composers and arrangers the chance to write for various jazz instrumental combinations.
Chamber Music Ensembles
Chamber ensembles include piano trio; string trio, quartet, quintet, sextet, and octet; harp ensemble; brass quintet, choir, and band; woodwind quintet; trombone quartet and ensemble; and tuba, saxophone, mixed winds, trumpet, horn, and flute ensembles.

Facilities
The School of Music occupies five buildings. The Music Administration Building houses administrative offices, classrooms, studios, and practice rooms. The faculties of the Department of Academic Studies and Composition, Voice and Opera Program, and Piano, Organ, and Church Music Program have offices in this building. Regenstein Hall houses rehearsal facilities, practice rooms, a 200-seat lecture/recital room, and the library and offices for the University bands. The Department of Music Performance Studies office and studios for faculty of the Conducting and Ensembles, String Instruments, and Wind and Percussion Instruments Programs also are located in Regenstein Hall. Practice Hall contains 35 practice rooms. Lutkin Hall, seating 400, is used for student and faculty recitals and lecture classes. Pick-Staiger Concert Hall provides a 1,000-seat concert hall, rehearsal facilities, and offices and library for the University Symphony Orchestra. The School of Music maintains two computer labs and an electronic music studio.

Music Library
The Music Library, internationally recognized for its collection of contemporary music, is one of the country’s finest academic music libraries. It has spacious, aesthetically pleasing facilities, including a multidimensional listening center. Holdings include 215,000 books, music, journals, and microforms and the Recorded Sound Collection, consisting of 57,000 disks and tapes. The library’s special collections include a manuscript collection documenting contemporary notation compiled by John Cage for use in his book, Notations; additional holograph scores, sketches, and letters of musicians; the Fritz Reiner Library; rare printed resources; and a portion of the Moldenhauer Archive. The Music Library is also a leader in library automation.

Eckstein Bequest
The School of Music is the beneficiary of an endowment from the estate of Mrs. Louis Eckstein, the Chicago arts patron whose husband founded the...
Ravinia Music Festival. The Eckstein bequest is used to support all facets of the School of Music, particularly its financial aid and scholarship programs. The Eckstein Endowment has provided the financial resources to support the school’s pursuit of excellence.

In recognition of the Eckstein bequest, the school has established the Eckstein Scholars Program for outstanding entering freshmen.

Collection of Artist Instruments
The Northwestern University special collection of string instruments provides an exposure to a concept of sound available only through instruments with special resources of beauty and sonority. It has been formed over a period of years through the generosity of many friends. Seniors and graduate students may use these instruments when they appear as recitalists or soloists with University orchestras.

Pi Kappa Lambda
Pi Kappa Lambda, national music honor society, was founded at Northwestern University in 1918 for the recognition and encouragement of the highest level of musical achievement and academic scholarship among music majors not eligible for Phi Beta Kappa. Alpha chapter elected as its first member Peter Christian Lutkin, the first dean of the School of Music, and his initials in their Greek equivalents were adopted for the name of the society. The national office has been housed in the Northwestern University School of Music since 1984. Two deans and one faculty member from Northwestern have served as national president, and the society has grown to 176 chapters in colleges, conservatories, and university schools of music.

Students applying for membership in Pi Kappa Lambda must solicit the written recommendations of two faculty members.

Music Studies for Nonmajors
Students registered in other schools of the University are encouraged to continue their development as instrumentalists or vocalists or through ensemble participation, class instruction, or private study. Ensembles and music performance instruction require an audition. Information about auditions is available in the Class Schedule and in the School of Music Office of Undergraduate Music Studies. For additional information about instruction, inquire in person at the Office of Undergraduate Music Studies.

University Ensembles
Students from all schools of the University are encouraged to audition for the following ensembles: Philharmonia, Concert Band, Wildcat Marching Band, University Chorus, and Early Music Ensemble. Nonmusic majors may occasionally be placed in other ensembles based on their audition.

Class Instruction
A limited number of students in any Northwestern school may take class instruction in beginning piano without credit.

Private Lessons for Credit
Nonmusic majors may take half-hour private music lessons once a week for .5 course credit in GEN MUS 115 Applied Piano/Organ, 120 Applied Strings, 125 Applied Winds and Percussion, and 130 Applied Voice. Students are accepted for private lessons based on an audition and the availability of an instructor; a $100 registration fee is billed to the student’s tuition and fees account.

Courses Open to Undergraduates
The following courses were designed to meet the needs of any students interested in studying music. Students with a basic music foundation are encouraged to register for Harmony, followed by Form and Analysis and/or Composition. The music literature sequence is designed to permit students with limited background to start with 170. Students may then enroll in certain 300-level musicology and music theory courses when space is available.

GEN MUS 115-0 (501-P15-0) Applied Piano/Organ (.5)
Half-hour private lessons for nonmajors; audition required.

GEN MUS 120-0 (501-P20-0) Applied Strings (.5)
Half-hour private lessons for nonmajors; audition required.

GEN MUS 125-0 (501-P25-0) Applied Winds/Percussion (.5)
Half-hour private lessons for nonmajors; audition required.

GEN MUS 130-0 (501-P30-0) Applied Voice (.5)
Half-hour private lessons for nonmajors; audition required.

GEN MUS 131-0 (501-P31-0) Nonmajor Vocal Performance Seminar (.5)
Must be concurrently registered for 130, section 21 or 22.

GEN MUS 170-0 (501-A70-0) Introduction to Music
Principles of musical organization. Score study and recognition of what is heard in all music, including classic, jazz, rock, and popular. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

GEN MUS 175-0 (501-A75-0) Selected Topics Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated.

INTG ARTS 190-0 (482-A90-0) Art Process See Integrated Arts Program in Other Undergraduate Programs. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

GEN MUS 220-0 (501-B20-0) History of the Symphony
Study of music for the symphony orchestra from the 17th century to the modern period. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

GEN MUS 230-0 (501-B30-0) Masterpieces of Opera
History of opera from its origins in Italy at the end of the
16th century to the modern period. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

**GEN MUS 241-0** (501-B41-0) **Beginning Guitar** Group lessons in guitar techniques for beginners.

**GEN MUS 252-0** (501-B52-0) **Harmony** Harmonic materials and tonal structures. Analysis of harmonic structures; harmonization of melodies. Prerequisite: 170 or consent of instructor. (II. Formal studies)

**GEN MUS 253-0** (501-B53-0) **Form and Analysis** Nature of musical forms found in musical literature from the Renaissance to the present; analysis of musical examples. Prerequisite: 252 or music-reading skills and some understanding of harmony.

**GEN MUS 270-1** (501-B70-1) **The Western Musical Tradition** Major genres and composers from 1600 to 1825. Primary emphasis on the generations of Bach and Handel, Haydn and Mozart, Beethoven and Schubert. Prerequisite: 170 or equivalent. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

**GEN MUS 270-2** (501-B70-2) **The Western Musical Tradition** Major genres and composers from 1825 to the present. Prerequisite: 170 or equivalent. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

**INTG ARTS 291-3** (482-B91-3) **Modes of Music** See Integrated Arts Program in Other Undergraduate Programs. This course will not satisfy the distribution requirement for music majors. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

**GEN MUS 300-0** (501-C30-0) **Black Sacred Music: History** Evolution of black sacred music from its roots; examination of earliest musical forms, styles, and techniques; influences of psalm singing, hymnody, work songs, Negro spirituals. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

**GEN MUS 340-1,2,3** (501-C40-1,2,3) **Performance Ensemble: Styles and Techniques of Black Sacred Music** Evolution and development of performance practices within the black sacred music tradition. Anthemic Negro spirituals, hymns, improvisations, jubilees, praise songs, and traditional and contemporary gospel music performed publicly each quarter. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

**INTG ARTS 390-1** (482-C90-1) **Performance Seminar** See Integrated Arts Program in Other Undergraduate Programs. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

**INTG ARTS 390-2** (482-C90-2) **Toward a Theory of the Arts** See Integrated Arts Program in Other Undergraduate Programs. (VI. Literature and fine arts)

**Interdepartmental Courses for Majors**

The music theory, musicology, aural skills, keyboard skills, and ensemble sequences are required for all undergraduates in the School of Music. Ensembles listed under Conducting and Ensembles are available by audition to all students in the University.

**Courses Open to Undergraduates**

**MUSIC 110-0** (510-A10-0) **Introduction to Theory** (.5)

**MUSIC 111-1,2,3** (510-A11-1,2,3) **Music Theory I** (.5) Music as sound in time. Analytical studies in forms, media, textures, and harmonic and melodic materials. Prerequisite: preceding quarters of 111.

**MUSIC 126-1,2,3** (510-A26-1,2,3) **Aural Skills I, II, III** (.5) Sight-singing and ear-training; drill in recognition of melodic, rhythmic, and harmonic patterns and aural analysis through listening and dictation. Progresses through six levels of proficiency.

**MUSIC 127-0** (510-A27-0) **Keyboard Skills** (.5) Class instruction in electronic piano classroom; six levels of proficiency. Separate sections for pianists and nonpianists.

**MUSIC 211-1,2,3** (510-B11-1,2,3) **Music Theory II** (.5) Continuation of 111. Prerequisite: 111-1,2,3 or consent of instructor.

**MUSIC 212-1,2,3** (510-B12-1,2,3) **Music History** (.5) Principles, materials, and concepts of the historical study of Western art traditions.

**MUSIC 226-1,2,3** (510-B26-1,2,3) **Aural Skills IV, V, VI** (.5) Continuation of 126.

**MUSIC 227-0** (510-B27-0) **Keyboard Skills** (.5) Continuation of 127.

**MUSIC 315-0** (510-C15-0) **Ethnomusicology** (.5) Methods and principles of ethnomusicology and study of popular music. Prerequisite: 215-1,2,3.

**MUSIC 326-0** (510-C26-0) **Advanced Aural Skills** (.5) Error detection, rhythmic skills, aural analysis of harmony and form, refinement of other listening skills. Based on Western art music.

**MUSIC 327-1** (510-C27-1) **Advanced Keyboard Skills VII** (.5) Advanced score-reading. Reading various voice parts in combination and harmonically reducing four-part textures.

**MUSIC 327-2** (510-C27-2) **Advanced Keyboard Skills VIII** (.5) Techniques of accompanying by reducing and rewriting accompaniments to make initial performances more effective.

**MUSIC 327-3** (510-C27-3) **Advanced Keyboard Skills IX** (.5) Advanced accompanying. Adding accompaniments to a given vocal line. Improvising accompaniments in various styles, including “swing.” Transposition of individual lines.

**MUSIC 335-0** (510-C35-0) **Selected Topics in Music** Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated.

**MUSIC 348-0** (510-C48-0) **Recital Preparation** (.5)

**MUSIC 350-0** (510-C50-0) **Alexander Technique** (.5) Methods of using the body efficiently to reduce unnecessary stress and tension in instrumental and vocal performance. Sections: 20, piano; 21, strings; 22 and 23, wind and percussion; 24 and 25, voice.

**MUSIC 389-0** (510-C89-0) **Convocation** (0) Periodic performances by School of Music students, faculty, and guest artists. Required of undergraduate and master’s students.

**MUSIC 398-0** (510-C98-0) **Internship** Field experience as an intern.
Academic Studies and Composition
This department consists of the Music Composition, Music Education, Musicology, Music Technology, and Music Theory Programs.

Bachelor of music specializations are available in music composition, music education, musicology, music technology, and music theory. These five specializations are described on the following pages. A sixth specialization option, involving general academic studies, requires one course from each of the five programs and seven 300-level courses selected from any of the Department of Academic Studies and Composition offerings. Most 300-level courses in this department require junior standing.

Music Composition Program
Composition students pursue a course of study that develops analytical and creative skills and enjoy many opportunities to hear their work performed. Students have access to the electronic and computer music studios, which provide the latest technology for experimentation and experience with 20th-century compositional materials. Students intending to major in composition may substitute composition for applied studies during their freshman and sophomore years.

Major Studies Requirement
For a major in composition, 19.5 course units are required:

1. 112, 212 Composition (6 units) (some credit may be given for applied instrument or voice lessons)
2. 312 Composition (6 units)
3. 314-1 Instrumentation (1 unit)
4. 314-2 Orchestration (1 unit)
5. 316 Baroque Counterpoint (1 unit)
6. 317 Renaissance Counterpoint (1 unit)
7. 322-1,2 Materials of Modern Music (1 unit)
8. Music theory courses in analysis (2 units) (1 unit must be in 20th-century analysis)
9. Keyboard skills (.5 unit)
10. 390 Composition Colloquium (0 units)

Courses Open to Undergraduates

MUS COMP 112-0, 212-0, 312-0 (537-A12-0, B12-0, C12-0) Composition Original composition; individual instruction.

MUS COMP 278-0 (537-B78-0) Contemporary Music Ensemble Performance of contemporary works: avant-garde music, new notation systems, electronic music.

MUS COMP 311-1,2,3 (537-C11-1,2,3) Class Composition
Class instruction in techniques of composition. Open to nonmusic majors. 1. Writing for solo instruments. 2. Writing for two to four instruments. 3. Writing for instruments and/or voices. Prerequisite: preceding quarters of 311 or consent of instructor.

MUS COMP 314-1 (537-C14-1) Instrumentation
Instruments of the orchestra; scoring techniques; analysis of instrumental combinations. Prerequisite: MUSIC 211-3 or consent of instructor.

MUS COMP 314-2 (537-C14-2) Orchestration Stylistic scoring projects; analysis of orchestral and chamber scores. Prerequisite: 314-1 or consent of instructor.

MUS COMP 314-3 (537-C14-3) Advanced Orchestration Contemporary scoring techniques; creative projects; analysis of orchestral and chamber scores. Prerequisite: 314-2, graduate standing, or consent of instructor.

MUS COMP 316-0 (537-C16-0) Baroque Counterpoint
Baroque dance suite, chorale prelude, invention, fugue, chiefly involving the music of J. S. Bach. Melodic, harmonic, structural characteristics; contrapuntal techniques.

MUS COMP 317-0 (537-C17-0) Renaissance Counterpoint
Contrapuntal textures from two to four voices. Cadence and form, melodic line and motive, rhythm, simple and complex imitation, and treatment of dissonance in the sacred music of Lassus, Josquin, and Palestrina.

MUS COMP 322-1,2 (537-C22-1,2) Materials of Modern Music
Writing projects; analysis of scores. 1. 20th-century stylistic techniques. 2. Performers and composers. Contemporary materials; original writing projects; in-class performances of original work. Prerequisite: preceding quarter of 322 or consent of instructor.

MUS COMP 335-0 (537-C35-0) Selected Topics in Music Composition
Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated for credit.

MUS COMP 340-0 (537-C40-0) Composing with Computers
Techniques for composing with computers through hands-on experience and analysis. Prerequisite: entry-level course or equivalent experience.

MUS COMP 341-0 (537-C41-0) Advanced Computer Composition
Advanced instruction in computer composition. Composition of études and at least one larger work. Prerequisite: MUS TECH 338.

MUS COMP 390-0 (537-C90-0) Composition Colloquium
Discussion of contemporary compositional techniques.

MUS COMP 399-0 (537-C99-0) Independent Study (.5–1)

Music Education Program
Graduates with a major in music education meet all requirements for teacher certification in the state of Illinois as well as most other states. Students take the professional program required of all music students, a structured sequence of courses in general education, a basic set of courses in music education, and special courses in the chosen music education specialization. The combination results in a program that prepares professionals with a broad understanding of music and education as well as the skills to be effective music teachers.

Students in the undergraduate music education program must take all the core studies in music and all the professional studies in music education plus the general education
courses required for teacher certification and four units of general electives. They must also choose one of the three specialization tracks — instrumental, choral, or general — and take the required courses for that track. All music education majors are required to complete 100 hours of clinical observation.

Professional Studies in Music Education (22-28 units)
- Private lessons (6–9 units)
- Additional keyboard skills (as needed by track) (0–3 units)
- Additional large ensemble (eight quarters) (4 units)
- 238 Philosophy of Music Education
- MUS TECH 239 Introduction to Music Technology
- 260 The Music Teacher as Communicator
- MUS TECH 320 Physics of Sound
- CONDUCT 326 Conducting and Score Reading
- 368 Teaching Composition in the Schools
- 369 Research and Evaluation in Music Education
- 380–387 Student Teaching (3 units)

Instrumental Track (8 units)
- 230 Flute Class (.5 unit)
- 233 Clarinet Class (.5 unit)
- 234 Woodwinds Class (.5 unit)
- 235 Trumpet Class (.5 unit)
- 236 Brass Class (.5 unit)
- 237 Violin Class (.5 unit)
- 238 Strings Class (.5 unit)
- 239 Percussion Class (.5 unit)
- CONDUCT 340-1 Advanced Conducting
- 363 Teaching High School Nonperformance Courses
- 364 Teaching Instrumental Music I
- 365 Teaching Instrumental Music II

Choral Track (5.5 units)
- 232 Voice Class (.5 unit)
- CONDUCT 340-2 Advanced Conducting
- 362 Teaching General Music II
- 363 Teaching High School Nonperformance Courses
- 366 Teaching Choral Music I
- 367 Teaching Choral Music II

General Track (5 units)
- 231-1,2 Guitar Class I, II
- 232 Voice Class (.5 unit)
- 240 Recorder Class (.5 unit)
- 361 Teaching General Music I
- 362 Teaching General Music II
- 366 Teaching Choral Music I

General Education (7 units)
- ENGLISH 105 Expository Writing or 205 Intermediate Composition

- HISTORY 210 History of the United States (may not be taken P/N)
- POL SCI 220 American Government and Politics (may not be taken P/N)
- PSYCH 110 Introduction to Psychology
- SEC TCHG 390 Health and Physical Development
- SESP 301 Human Development: Childhood and Adolescence
- SEC TCHG 327 Educating Exceptional Children or SPCH LNG 336 The Field of Special Education

General Electives (4 units)
- Biological sciences
- Additional science
- Additional social science
- English literature

Courses Open to Undergraduates
MUSIC ED 230-0 (525-B30-0) Flute Class (.5)
MUSIC ED 231-1,2 (525-B31-1,2) Guitar Class I, II (.5)
MUSIC ED 232-0 (525-B32-0) Voice Class (.5)
MUSIC ED 233-0 (525-B33-0) Clarinet and Saxophone Class (.5)
MUSIC ED 234-0 (525-B34-0) Double Reed Class (.5)
MUSIC ED 235-0 (525-B35-0) High Brass Class (.5)
MUSIC ED 236-0 (525-B36-0) Low Brass Class (.5)
MUSIC ED 237-0 (525-B37-0) String Class I (.5)
MUSIC ED 238-0 (525-B38-0) String Class II (.5)
MUSIC ED 239-0 (525-B39-0) Percussion Class (.5)
MUSIC ED 240-0 (525-B40-0) Recorder Class (.5)
MUSIC ED 241-0 (525-B41-0) Guitar Techniques (.5)
MUSIC ED 258-0 (525-B58-0) Philosophy of Music Education

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.

Philosophical issues in music education relating to the teaching and learning of music in schools.

MUSIC ED 260-0 (525-B60-0) The Music Teacher as Communicator Discussion and observation of school music programs and effective presentational skills.

MUSIC ED 335-0 (525-C35-0) Selected Topics in Music Education Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated.

MUSIC ED 361-0 (525-C61-0) Teaching General Music I For grades K–5, curriculum materials and strategies for developing musical growth. Laboratory experiences; developing creativity in the music classroom. Open only to music majors or with consent of instructor.

MUSIC ED 362-0 (525-C62-0) Teaching General Music II For grades 6–8, effective teaching of general music classes in the middle school. Available curriculum materials; innovative approaches.

MUSIC ED 363-0 (525-C63-0) Teaching High School Nonperformance Courses Planning and teaching high school music, arts, humanities courses. Present practices; development of exemplary course plans.
MUSIC ED 364-0 (525-C64-0) Teaching Instrumental Music I
Teaching and administrative principles for school instructional music programs. Rehearsal dynamics, conducting, rehearsal room management, and pedagogy for secondary school instrumentalists.

MUSIC ED 365-0 (525-C65-0) Teaching Instrumental Music II
Application of teaching concepts consistent with aesthetic education to the instrumental music program. Jazz pedagogy and pedagogy for young instrumentalists. Prerequisite: 364.

MUSIC ED 366-0 (525-C66-0) Teaching Choral Music I
Development and application of skills, knowledge, and understandings for teaching choral music in elementary and middle school.

MUSIC ED 367-0 (525-C67-0) Teaching Choral Music II
Continuation of 366. High school choral program, curriculum model, repertoire, sight-reading, rehearsal techniques, programming, administration.

MUSIC ED 368-0 (525-C68-0) Teaching Composition in the Schools
Practical and research literature in teaching composition; design of curricular materials for teaching composition. Hardware and software in classroom settings.

MUSIC ED 369-0 (525-C69-0) Research and Evaluation in Music Education
Procedures and issues in research and evaluation in music teaching. Practical application of research to decision making.

MUSIC ED 399-0 (525-C99-0) Independent Study (.5–1)

Student Teaching Courses
Students are assigned to specific classes in cooperating schools under joint University/school supervision.

MUSIC ED 380-0 (525-C80-0) Student Teaching in the Elementary School: General Music (1–4 units)

MUSIC ED 381-0 (525-C81-0) Student Teaching in the Middle School/Junior High School: General Music, Choral (1–4 units)

MUSIC ED 383-0 (525-C83-0) Student Teaching in the Senior High School: Choral and Nonperformance Courses (1–4 units)

MUSIC ED 385-0 (525-C85-0) Student Teaching in the Elementary School: Instrumental (1–4 units)

MUSIC ED 386-0 (525-C86-0) Student Teaching in the Middle School/Junior High School: Instrumental (1–4 units)

MUSIC ED 387-0 (525-C87-0) Student Teaching in the Senior High School: Instrumental and Nonperformance Courses (1–4 units)

Musicology Program
An undergraduate major in musicology is available within the bachelor of music degree or as a concentration within the bachelor of arts. The courses required for this specialization are selected from musicology, analysis, and the departmental core. As some of the courses are offered on a two-year alternating schedule, certain courses may not be available during a given academic year.

Major Studies Requirement
For a major in musicology, 19.5 course units are required:
• 350–355 History of Music (6 units)
• Music theory (3 units) selected from MUS THRY 321, 331, 352
• Keyboard skills (3 units)
• MUSIC 326 Advanced Aural Skills (.5 unit)
• German (3 units)
• Instrumental or vocal applied lessons (3 units)
• Senior project or thesis (1 unit) by fall quarter of senior year

Courses Open to Undergraduates

MUSICOL 323-0 (530-C23-0) Proseminar in Ethnomusicology
Ethnomusicology; its history, bibliographical resources, methods, and theories.

MUSICOL 324-0 (530-C24-0) History and Practice of Criticism
Concepts and practice of present-day critical and descriptive writing about music; aesthetics and technique. Open to nonmusic students with consent of instructor.

MUSICOL 326-1,2 (530-C26-1,2) Music of the World's Peoples

MUSICOL 334-0 (530-C34-0) Jazz: Its Roots and Elements
The basic elements of jazz from its roots in African and early African American music to the present. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

MUSICOL 335-0 (530-C35-0) Selected Topics in Musicology
Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated.

MUSICOL 336-0 (530-C36-0) Learning and Creativity among Improviser/Composer
Interdisciplinary and cross-cultural perspective of the American jazz community. Analysis of improvisation as a compositional process. Prerequisites: INTG ART 190 and 291-3 or consent of instructor.

MUSICOL 337-0 (530-C37-0) Improvisation and World Musicianship
Improvisation in Western art music, jazz, Indian, and African music; performance workshops in African drumming, Indian solfeggio, and rhythmic mnemonics.

MUSICOL 338-0 (530-C38-0) African Mbira Music
The mbira, one of the most popular and ancient melodic instruments in black Africa. Construction; development of basic playing skills. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

MUSICOL 350-0 (530-C50-0) History of Music — Middle Ages
Gregorian and medieval chant, secular monophony, and the development of polyphony from the earliest records through the music of Ockeghem and Busnois.
MUSC 351-0 (530-C51-0) History of Music — Renaissance Middle and late Renaissance and early manifestations of the baroque, from Josquin through the Gabriels.

MUSC 352-0 (530-C52-0) History of Music — Baroque The baroque from Monteverdi through Bach and Handel.

MUSC 353-0 (530-C53-0) History of Music — Classic Classic period from the early Italian symphonists through Beethoven.

MUSC 354-0 (530-C54-0) History of Music — Romantic Romantic period from Schubert through Wolf and other late romantics.

MUSC 355-0 (530-C55-0) History of Music — 20th Century The 20th century from its roots in late romanticism to the present.

MUSC 391-0 (530-B99-0) Early Music Ensemble Performance of choral, solo, and instrumental music of the Middle Ages through the early baroque.

MUSC 399-0 (530-C99-0) Independent Study (.5–1)

Music Technology Program
The major in music technology offers a unique professional preparation for a career combining music and technology. Students engage in creating and using technology for artistic purposes. They develop skills in applying technology to musical tasks and acquire knowledge of the technical and musical foundations of the field.

Major Studies Requirement
For a major in music technology, 19.5 course units are required:
- 259 Introduction to Music Technology (1 unit)
- 325 Introduction to MIDI Music Systems (1 unit)
- 338 Programming I (1 unit)
- MUS COMP 340 Composing with Computers (1 unit)
- 300-level courses in music technology (4 units)
- 385 Terminal Project (1 unit)
- Courses related to terminal project (3 units)
- Departmental distribution (3 units)

One 300-level course from three of the following programs: music education, musicology, music theory, music composition
- Instrumental, vocal, and/or composition lessons and/or additional ensemble (4.5 units)

Courses Open to Undergraduates
MUS TECH 259-0 (533-B59-0) Introduction to Music Technology Computers and the music experience. Computer-aided instruction; music printing; MIDI sequencing; software development; word processing and other nonmusic topics.

MUS TECH 320-0 (533-C20-0) Physics of Sound Principles of physical acoustics. Acoustics of musical instruments, the human voice, and concert halls. Fundamentals of psychoacoustics.

MUS TECH 325-0 (533-C25-0) Introduction to MIDI Music Systems Theory and practical application of MIDI synthesizer and recording systems. Creative use of MIDI music systems. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

MUS TECH 326-0 (533-C26-0) Advanced MIDI Systems and Composition I Theory and practical application of advanced MIDI synthesizers/samplers, computers, and programs. Prerequisite: entry-level course or equivalent experience.

MUS TECH 327-0 (533-C27-0) Advanced MIDI Systems and Composition II Theory and practical application of MIDI equipment used to control analog and digital devices. Individual composition instruction. Prerequisite: 326.

MUS TECH 335-0 (533-C35-0) Selected Topics in Music Technology Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated with change of topic.

MUS TECH 337-0 (533-C37-0) Multimedia Software Development Software design in scripting languages and other multimedia support systems. Integration of CD-ROM, MIDI, music printing, digitized video and sound. Prerequisite: entry-level courses or equivalent experience.

MUS TECH 338-0 (533-C38-0) Programming I Syntex of programming language, program development, user interfaces, and music-specific algorithms. May be repeated when programming language changes. Prerequisite: entry-level course or equivalent experience.

MUS TECH 339-0 (533-C39-0) Programming II Techniques for creating musical applications; music-specific algorithms and programming techniques, music and sound representation. May be repeated when programming language changes. Prerequisite: 338.

MUS COMP 340-0 (537-C40-0) Composing with Computers See Music Composition Program.

MUS COMP 341-0 (537-C41-0) Advanced Computer Composition See Music Composition Program.

MUS TECH 342-0 (533-C42-0) Computer Sound Processing Simulation of musical instruments, the voice, room acoustics; digital filtering, effects processing; digital recording, mixing, editing. Prerequisite: entry-level course or equivalent experience.

MUS TECH 344-0 (533-C44-0) Advanced Projects in Music Technology Individual instruction in projects related to music technology. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

MUS TECH 385-0 (533-C85-0) Terminal Project Independent project in music technology. Prerequisite: consent of program director.

MUS TECH 399-0 (533-C99-0) Independent Study (.5–1)
Music Theory Program
Undergraduates majoring in theory receive training in a variety of advanced analytical methods, including rhythmic analysis, tonal and atonal analysis, and Schenkerian analysis. Courses in perception and music technology are encouraged.

Major Studies Requirement
For a major in music theory, 19.5 course units are required:
- MUS COMP 316 Baroque Counterpoint (1 unit)
- MUS COMP 317 Renaissance Counterpoint (1 unit)
- 355 Atonal Analysis (1 unit)
- 432 Rhythmic Analysis (1 unit)
- MUSIC 327-1,2,3 Advanced Keyboard Skills (1.5 units)
- Instrumental, vocal, and/or composition lessons (6 units)
- Music technology (1 unit)
- Senior project (1 unit)
- Departmental distribution (2 units)
- One 300-level course from two of the following programs: music education, musicology, music technology, and music composition
- Cognate areas (3 units)
- 390 Theory Colloquium (0 units)

Courses Open to Undergraduates
MUS THRY 321-1,2 (535-C21-1,2) Analytical Techniques
Detailed analysis of all parameters of selected musical examples; compositional procedures as a means of developing an intelligent rationale for interpretation. Prerequisite: MUSIC 211 or consent of instructor.

MUS THRY 331-0 (535-C31-0) Analytical Studies
Extension and refinement of concepts and techniques acquired in MUSIC 111, 211.

MUS THRY 335-0 (535-C35-0) Selected Topics in Music Theory
Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated.

MUS THRY 351-0 (535-C51-0) Music Cognition
Survey of issues and research methods in music cognition. Music listening, memory for music, development of skills.

MUS THRY 352-0 (535-C52-0) Score Analysis Skills
Recognition of the character and succession of tonalities. Exploration of the expressive potentials residing in the conventional tonal system.

MUS THRY 355-1,2 (535-C55-1,2) Atonal Analysis
Techniques for analysis of atonal and nonfunctional tonal music, including set-theoretic, serial, and parametric approaches. Emphasis on music of Schoenberg, Webern, Berg, Stravinsky, and Debussy. Selected readings in analytic literature. Prerequisite: MUSIC 211 or equivalent.

MUS THRY 365-0 (535-C65-0) Senior Project (1)
MUS THRY 390-0 (535-C90-0) Theory Colloquium (0)
Discussion of current research in music theory.

MUS THRY 399-0 (535-C99-0) Independent Study (.5-1)
MUS THRY 432-0 (535-D32-0) Rhythmic Analysis
Designed for theory or composition majors. Recent theoretical work on rhythm; analytical methodologies dealing with music primarily as a temporal process. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

Music Performance Studies
This department consists of the Conducting and Ensembles; Piano, Organ, and Church Music; String Instruments; Voice and Opera; and Wind and Percussion Instruments Programs.

Conducting and Ensembles Program
Courses in the Conducting and Ensembles Program are available to all majors. While an ad hoc major in conducting is available to undergraduates, students are urged to consider majoring in conducting at the graduate level. Courses for the ad hoc major are selected in consultation with the department chair.

Courses Open to Undergraduates
CONDUCT 320-0 (540-C20-0) Band Arranging
Transcriptions, arrangements, and composition for concert and symphonic bands. Editing, rescoring, and arranging for performance.

CONDUCT 321-0 (540-C21-0) Writing for Choral Ensembles
Composing and arranging for choral ensembles; selected choral repertoire; techniques and resources.

CONDUCT 323-0 (540-C23-0) Marching Band Techniques
Writing for marching and pep bands; rehearsing for the marching band.

CONDUCT 326-0 (540-C26-0) Conducting and Score Reading
Fundamentals in both instrumental and choral conducting; transpositions, ranges, and podium technique. Extensive laboratory experience with videotaped evaluation.

CONDUCT 335-0 (540-C35-0) Selected Topics in Conducting
Topics relevant to the professional needs of conducting majors.

CONDUCT 340-1,2,3 (540-C40-1,2,3) Advanced Conducting
Separate quarters of band, orchestral, and choral conducting that emphasize the techniques of score preparation and analysis, repertoire, and rehearsal methods. Prerequisite: 326 or equivalent. May be repeated for credit.

CONDUCT 341-0 (540-C41-0) Advanced Choral Literature I
A comprehensive knowledge of choral music literature from the Renaissance, baroque, and classical periods.

CONDUCT 342-0 (540-C42-0) Advanced Choral Literature II
A comprehensive knowledge of choral music literature from the 19th and 20th centuries.

CONDUCT 364-0 (540-C64-0) Choral Organizations
University Chorale, University Singers, University Chorus, and Women’s Chorus. Open to all qualified students.

CONDUCT 368-0 (540-C68-0) Chapel Choir
Open to all qualified students.
Jazz Studies Program

The major in jazz studies combines courses in jazz improvisation, composition/arranging, history, and ensembles with a menu of electives. In addition to jazz lessons, students take two years of applied lessons, with further applied study available on an elective basis (as are Wind Ensemble and other nonjazz ensembles). Candidates must demonstrate by audition that they can meet the expectations of the applied studio as well as the jazz curriculum.

Major Studies Requirement

For a major in jazz studies, 19.5 to 20.5 course units are required:

- 110 Jazz Perspectives (1 unit)
- 100-level performance study (1.5 units)
- 162 Applied Jazz Improvisation (1.5 units)
- 200-level performance study (1.5 units)
- 262 Advanced Jazz Improvisation (1.5 units)
- 300-level advanced jazz studies (6 units)
- 330 Writing for Jazz Ensembles (1 unit)
- 331 Advanced Jazz Writing (1–2 units)
- 362 Applied Jazz Improvisation (3–4 units)
- 361-1,2 Jazz Piano for the Non-Keyboard Player (0–1 unit)
- 380 Senior Recital (0 units)
- Jazz Ensembles (6.5 units: 6 units of large and small, .5 units of large or small)
- CONDUCT 377 Jazz Ensembles (3–3.5 units)
- WIND PER 391 Chamber Music (3–3.5 units)
- MUSIC 389 Convocation (4 quarters) (0 units)

Courses Open to Undergraduates

JAZZ ST 110-0 (580-A10-0) Jazz Perspectives
Overview of jazz training (history, improvisation, theory) and career development (music industry). Introduction to jazz texts and recorded resources. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

JAZZ ST 162-0 (580-A62-0) Applied Jazz Improvisation (.5)
Individual study focused on the practical application of melodic, rhythmic, harmonic, formal, and textural elements applied to the aural tradition of jazz improvisation. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

JAZZ ST 262-0 (0580-862-0) Applied Jazz Improvisation (.5)
Continuation of 162 for sophomores. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

JAZZ ST 330-0 (580-C30-0) Writing for Jazz Ensembles
Composing and arranging for jazz ensemble. Score study and rehearsal techniques with jazz groups and stage bands.

JAZZ ST 331-0 (580-C31-0) Advanced Jazz Writing
Continuation of 330. Emphasis on creative scoring, composition, and commercial writing.

JAZZ ST 332-0 (580-C32-0) Jazz Improvisation for Music Educators
Individual instruction and hands-on performing. Whether learning from scratch or improving rusty skills, everyone can improve. Accompaniment will include a jazz trio. Vocalists and instrumentalists are equally welcome and may observe the jazz instruction in the concurrent National High School Music Institute.

JAZZ ST 333-0 (580-C33-0) Jazz Theory
Chord symbols, melodic and harmonic structures, and other theoretical analyses as applied to jazz improvisation, composition, and arranging. Designed for music educators. Prerequisite: classical theory background.

JAZZ ST 335-0 (580-C35-0) Selected Topics in Jazz Studies
Topics vary. May be repeated for credit as topics change.

JAZZ ST 336-0 (580-C36-0) Basic Jazz Improvisation
Basic elements of jazz improvisation, including harmony, modes, and basic progressions. For nonjazz majors. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

JAZZ ST 337-0 (580-C37-0) Advanced Jazz Improvisation
Continuation of development of jazz improvisation skills. Prerequisite: 336 or consent of instructor.

JAZZ ST 361-1,2 (580-C61-1,2) Jazz Piano for the Non-Keyboards Player (0–1)
Jazz voicing, harmonization, analysis, and technique through keyboard instruction. Prerequisite: basic keyboard proficiency, jazz performance and harmonic background.

JAZZ ST 362-0 (580-C62-0) Applied Jazz Improvisation
Advanced elements of jazz improvisation, including harmony, modes, and progressions. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

JAZZ ST 380-0 (580-C80-0) Senior Recital (0)

Piano, Organ, and Church Music Program

The Piano, Organ, and Church Music Program offers majors in piano performance and organ performance and a concentration in church music.

A major in piano performance combines a strong musical basis for a professional career with the broad humanistic interests embodied in a liberal arts education. The course of instruction focuses on the studio and includes private lessons, studio classes, a thorough course in piano repertoire, piano pedagogy, and accompanying classes. Electives are available in chamber music and other areas, allowing
students to tailor a program to their individual needs. Frequent performances as a soloist and as an assisting musician develop skills in public presentation. Solo recitals, required in both the junior and senior years, are considered an integral part of the programs.

A major in organ performance and church music studies provides students with a solid foundation for a professional career in performance and in liturgical settings. In addition to a core liberal arts curriculum, the course of instruction includes private lessons, studio class, organ literature, service playing, and organ pedagogy. The Chicago area offers numerous opportunities for service playing experience. A junior recital is optional; a senior recital is required.

For a concentration in church music, consult the coordinator of organ and church music.

**Major Studies Requirement in Piano Performance**

For a major in piano performance, 20 course units are required:
- PIANO 161 Piano Performance (3 units)
- PIANO 261 Piano Performance (3 units)
- PIANO 361 Piano Performance (6 units)
- PIANO 313 Piano Repertoire (3 units)
- PIANO 315 Piano Pedagogy (3 units)
- PIANO 391 or 392 Chamber Music (.5 unit)
- MUSIC 389 Convocation (4 quarters) (0 units)
- PIANO 328 Accompanying/Recital Preparation (1.5 units)
- Junior Recital (0 units)
- PIANO 380 Senior Recital (0 units)

Students enrolled in a five-year double-degree program may substitute three 300-level musicology and/or music theory electives for the pedagogy requirement.

**Major Studies Requirement in Organ Performance**

For a major in organ performance, 20 course units are required:
- ORGAN 161 Organ Performance (3 units)
- ORGAN 261 Organ Performance (3 units)
- ORGAN 361 Organ Performance (6 units)
- 300-level courses in musicology and/or music theory (2 units)
- Counterpoint and conducting (3 units)
- Organ literature (1 unit)
- Appropriate course work (2 units)
- ORGAN 380 Senior recital (0 units)
- MUSIC 389 Convocation (4 quarters) (0 units)

**Piano Courses Open to Undergraduates**

- PIANO 161-0, 261-0, 361-0 (555-A61-0, B61-0, C61-0) Piano Performance
- PIANO 230-0 (555-B30-0) Class Organ (0) Primarily for sophomore pianists.

**Organ Courses Open to Undergraduates**

- ORGAN 163-0, 263-0, 363-0 (539-A63-0, B63-0, C63-0) Organ Performance
- ORGAN 310-1,2,3 (539-C10-1,2,3) Keyboard Harmony/Improvisation
- ORGAN 311-0 (539-C11-0) Professional Concerns (.5)
- ORGAN 312-0 (539-C12-0) Voice
- ORGAN 313-0 (539-C13-0) Harpsichord Class Harpsichord lessons for piano or organ majors. Other students accepted with permission of instructor.
- ORGAN 315-0 (539-C15-0) Organ Maintenance
- ORGAN 316-0 (539-C16-0) Organ Pedagogy (.5)

Comparative methods, practice techniques; repertoire for various levels.
- ORGAN 335-0 (539-C35-0) Selected Topics in Organ and Church Music Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated.
- ORGAN 371-0 (539-C71-0) German Organ Literature
  The German organ school pre-J. S. Bach to present.
- ORGAN 372-0 (539-C72-0) French Organ Literature
  The French organ school from 1600 to present.
- ORGAN 380-0 (539-C80-0) Senior Recital (0)

**String Instruments Program**

Majors in string instruments prepare for professional performance and teaching as well as for advanced study. The curriculum is built around individual performance study and ensemble participation, including chamber music and orchestra, with orchestral studies and string pedagogy available to qualified juniors and seniors. A junior recital and a senior recital are required. Students in this program

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The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
may major in violin, viola, cello, string bass, harp, or classical guitar.

**Major Studies Requirement**
For a major in string performance, 19.5 to 21 course units are required:

**Violin, viola, cello, string bass performance**
- 100-level performance study (3 units)
- 200-level performance study (3 units)
- 300-level performance study (6 units)
- 391 Chamber Music (1.5 units)
- 319-1,2,3 Orchestral Studies (1.5 units)
- 300-level string pedagogy (1.5 units)
- 380 Senior Recital (0 units)
- CONDUCT 393 Orchestral Organizations (additional 4.5 units)
- MUSIC 389 Convocation (4 quarters) (0 units)

**Harp Performance**
- 100-level performance study (3 units)
- 200-level performance study (3 units)
- 300-level performance study (6 units)
- Large ensemble (additional 4.5 units)
- 318-1,2,3 Harp Pedagogy and Maintenance (1.5 units)
- 319-1,2,3 Orchestral Studies (1.5 units)
- 380 Senior Recital (0 units)
- MUSIC 389 Convocation (4 quarters) (0 units)

**Guitar Performance**
- 100-level performance study (3 units)
- 200-level performance study (3 units)
- 300-level performance study (6 units)
- 374 Guitar Ensemble (additional 4.5 units)
- 375-1,2,3 Lute and Guitar Literature (1.5 units)
- 376-1,2,3 Guitar Pedagogy (1.5 units)
- 380 Senior Recital (0 units)
- MUSIC 389 Convocation (4 quarters) (0 units)

**Courses Open to Undergraduates**

**STRINGS 141-0, 241-0, 341-0** (560-A41-0, B41-0, C41-0) Violin Performance

**STRINGS 142-0, 242-0, 342-0** (560-A42-0, B42-0, C42-0) Viola Performance

**STRINGS 143-0, 243-0, 343-0** (560-A43-0, B43-0, C43-0) Cello Performance

**STRINGS 144-0, 244-0, 344-0** (560-A44-0, B44-0, C44-0) String Bass Performance

**STRINGS 151-0, 251-0, 351-0** (560-A51-0, B51-0, C51-0) Harp Performance

**STRINGS 171-0, 271-0, 371-0** (560-A71-0, B71-0, C71-0) Classical Guitar Performance

**STRINGS 311-0** (560-C11-0) Suzuki Pedagogy
Fundamental principles of Suzuki philosophy and materials. Available to violin, viola, cello, and double bass players with emphasis on application to violin and cello.

**STRINGS 312-0** (560-C12-0) String Class Pedagogy
Group teaching strategies, program administration, materials and techniques, and pedagogy for violin, viola, cello, and double bass. For performance and pedagogy majors; secondary instruments and pedagogical applications to school settings and/or college-level techniques classes.

**STRINGS 313-0** (560-C13-0) History of String Pedagogy
Historical survey of the major violin, viola, cello, and double bass pedagogues from the early baroque through the 20th century; study of publications and contributions of contemporary schools. Lecture and seminar format.

**STRINGS 314-0** (560-C14-0) Comprehensive String Pedagogy
Comparative study and application of the principles of successful string teaching. Communication skills, observations, comparison of contemporary approaches of Suzuki, Rolland, Havas, et al. Lecture, discussion, and demonstration format. Open to all string players.

**STRINGS 315-1,2,3** (560-C15-1,2,3) Beginning Violin and Viola Pedagogy (1.5) Developmental approach to individual and group teaching of elementary-level violin and viola students. Includes Rolland and Suzuki approaches, apprentice teaching, and observations. Open to all string players.

**STRINGS 316-1,2,3** (560-C16-1,2,3) Beginning Cello and Double Bass Pedagogy (1.5) Developmental approach to individual and group teaching of elementary-level cello and double bass students. Open to all string players.

**STRINGS 317-0** (560-C17-0) Principles of Advanced/College-Level Studio Teaching (1.5) In-depth analysis of individual instrument pedagogy for violin, viola, cello, or double bass according to major instrument. Taught by artist faculty. Open to all string players.

**STRINGS 318-1,2,3** (560-C18-1,2,3) Harp Pedagogy and Maintenance (1.5) 1. Guests and master classes related to playing and teaching. 2. Instrument maintenance and repair clinic with hands-on experience in routine maintenance and common repairs. 3. Pedagogical instruction and demonstration of teaching techniques for all levels and ages.

**STRINGS 319-1,2,3** (560-C19-1,2,3) Orchestral Studies (Violin, Viola, Cello, String Bass, Harp) (1.5)

**STRINGS 327-0** (560-C27-0) Interpretation of Instrumental Chamber Music Analysis of performance practices and interpretation of selected chamber works; emphasis on string performance, but may include winds and keyboard.

**STRINGS 335-0** (560-C35-0) Selected Topics in Strings Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated.

**STRINGS 372-0** (560-C72-0) Guitar Literature and Ensemble Concurrent registration in 374 and 375-1,2,3 required for three consecutive quarters. Alternates yearly with 373.

**STRINGS 373-0** (560-C73-0) Guitar Pedagogy and Ensemble Concurrent registration in 374 and 376-1,2,3
required for three consecutive quarters. Alternates yearly with 372.

**STRINGS 374-0 (560-C74-0) Guitar Ensemble** Performance of the chamber literature for guitar: guitar duos, trios, and quartets; flute and guitar; voice and guitar; chamber works with strings; other instrumental combinations.

**STRINGS 375-1,2,3 (560-C75-1,2,3) Lute and Guitar Literature** Analytical and historical survey of the literature for plucked instruments from the 16th through the 20th centuries. The study of tablatures, instrument construction and tuning, performance practice, and style.

**STRINGS 376-1,2,3 (560-C76-1,2,3) Guitar Pedagogy** Principles of individual and group study. Survey of development of right- and left-hand technique from 16th-century lute and vihuela tutors through modern classical guitar methods. Interaction between musical texture and technical innovations; influence of fingering on stylistic inflection and ornamentation.

**STRINGS 380-0 (560-C80-0) Senior Recital (0)**

**STRINGS 391-0 (560-C91-0) Chamber Music (.5)** Performance of string quartet literature with the addition of some works for piano and strings. For freshmen and sophomores.

**STRINGS 399-0 (560-C99-0) Independent Study (.5-1)**

**Voice and Opera Program**

Students majoring in voice take a concentrated program of courses designed to prepare them for professional performance. In addition to individual instruction, students take courses in musicology, vocal science, conducting, opera workshop, repertoire, and foreign language. A senior recital is required, and students are urged to take advantage of the numerous other performance opportunities offered by the school.

The Northwestern Opera Center is supported by a generous endowment in memory of the famous American soprano Edith Mason Ragland. The internationally acclaimed Edith Mason and William E. Ragland Opera Theater presents scene recitals and full-scale productions.

**Major Studies Requirement**

For a major in voice performance, 21 course units are required:

- 110 Voice Performance (3 units)
- 210 Voice Performance (3 units)
- 310 Voice Performance (6 units)
- Major choral ensemble (additional 4.5 units)
- 323 Study of the Vocal Mechanism (.5 unit)
- CONDUCT 326 Conducting and Score Reading (1 unit)
- 351-1,2,3 Acting Techniques for the Opera Singer (.5 units)
- 352-1,2,3 Opera Laboratory (1.5 units)
- 111-1,2,3 Phonetics and Diction (0 units)
- 211-1,2,3 Sophomore Practicum (0 units)
- MUSIC 389 Convocation (4 quarters) (0 units)
- 380 Senior Recital (0 units)

It is recommended that voice performance majors take three units of one foreign language and achieve a level-five competency in Keyboard Skills. See the voice coordinator concerning the honors program in voice performance.

**Courses Open to Undergraduates**

**VOICE 102-0 (570-A02-0) Beginning Voice** Class instruction for Music Theatre Certificate students. Basic music skills required. Prerequisite: admission to the Music Theatre Program

**VOICE 110-0, 210-0, 310-0 (570-A10-0, B10-0, C10-0)** Voice Performance 1.

**VOICE 211-1,2,3 (570-B11-1,2,3) Sophomore Practicum (0)**

**VOICE 323-0 (570-C23-0) Study of the Vocal Mechanism** Lectures, readings, discussions, and demonstrations of basic vocal physiology, common vocal problems, and use of exercises and songs for vocal improvement. Prerequisite: admission to the Music Theatre Program and 102 or equivalent.

**VOICE 351-1,2,3 (570-C51-1,2,3) Acting Techniques for the Opera Singer (.5)** Advanced techniques for the performance of arias and songs; methods of text and character analysis; audition techniques; study of opera and musical theater repertoire. Juniors only. Must be taken sequentially.

**VOICE 352-1,2,3 (570-C52-1,2,3) Opera Laboratory (.5)** Performance and audition techniques of operatic repertoire; character analysis and scene study. Repertoire ranges from baroque opera through contemporary opera and musical theater. Seniors and graduate students only. Must be taken sequentially.

**VOICE 357-0 (570-C57-0) The German Lied (.5)** Schubert and Schumann song cycles and Brahms, Berg, Mahler, Strauss, and Wagner songs. Incorporation of chamber music and study of original poetry.

**VOICE 358-0 (570-C58-0) Is Technique Enough? (.5)** The relationship between repertoire choice and development of vocal technique.

**VOICE 363-0 (570-C63-0) Opera Performance** Preparation and performance of a major operatic role.
Wind and Percussion Instruments Program

Designed to prepare students for professional performance and teaching as well as for advanced study, the major in wind and percussion instruments offers a concentrated curriculum emphasizing performance studies, frequent master classes, required participation in large and small ensembles, and a required senior recital. Students anticipating graduate study in wind or percussion performance are advised to elect additional courses in 300-level theory and history.

Major Studies Requirement

For a major in wind and percussion performance, 19.5 course units are required:

- 111–31 Performance study (3 units)
- 211–31 Performance study (3 units)
- 311–31 Performance study (6 units)
- Large ensemble (additional 4.5 units)
- 391 Chamber Music (3 units)
- MUSIC 389 Convocation (4 quarters) (0 units)
- 380 Senior Recital (0)

Courses Open to Undergraduates

WIND PER 111-0, 211-0, 311-0 (565-A11-0, B11-0, C11-0) Flute Performance
WIND PER 112-0, 212-0, 312-0 (565-A12-0, B12-0, C12-0) Oboe Performance
WIND PER 113-0, 213-0, 313-0 (565-A13-0, B13-0, C13-0) Clarinet Performance
WIND PER 114-0, 214-0, 314-0 (565-A14-0, B14-0, C14-0) Saxophone Performance
WIND PER 115-0, 215-0, 315-0 (565-A15-0, B15-0, C15-0) Bassoon Performance
WIND PER 121-0, 221-0, 321-0 (565-A21-0, B21-0, C21-0) Trumpet Performance
WIND PER 122-0, 222-0, 322-0 (565-A22-0, B22-0, C22-0) French Horn Performance
WIND PER 123-0, 223-0, 323-0 (565-A23-0, B23-0, C23-0) Euphonium Performance
WIND PER 124-0, 224-0, 324-0 (565-A24-0, B24-0, C24-0) Trombone Performance
WIND PER 125-0, 225-0, 325-0 (565-A25-0, B25-0, C25-0) Tuba Performance
WIND PER 131-0, 231-0, 331-0 (565-A31-0, B31-0, C31-0) Percussion Performance
WIND PER 335-0 (565-C35-0) Selected Topics in Winds and Percussion Topics vary; announced before registration. May be repeated.

WIND PER 336-0 (565-C36-0) Woodwind Orchestral Repertoire Wind section performance practices and performance techniques in the standard orchestra literature.
WIND PER 337-0 (565-C37-0) Interpretation of Instrumental Chamber Music Coaching in the preparation and rehearsal of chamber music for strings, winds, keyboard, and voice.
WIND PER 338-0 (565-C38-0) Brass Orchestral Repertoire Study of brass section performance practice and performance techniques in the 19th- and 20th-century orchestral repertoire. Limited to junior, senior, and graduate students. May be repeated once.
WIND PER 339-0 (565-C39-0) Performance Practices and Criticism Performance and criticism of woodwind, brass, and percussion repertoire in a master class setting. Team-taught.
WIND PER 341-0 (565-C41-0) Woodwind Instrument Repertoire Survey of woodwind literature and performance practices; solos and chamber music for various performance levels.
WIND PER 342-0 (565-C42-0) Brass Instrument Repertoire Brass literature and performance practices; solos, pedagogical materials, and chamber music for various levels of performance.
WIND PER 347-0 (565-C47-0) Percussion Pedagogy and Performance Methods, materials, and writings related to percussion playing and teaching. Prerequisite: 300-level standing in percussion performance or consent of instructor.
WIND PER 352-0 (565-C52-0) Preparing for an Audition
WIND PER 353-0 (565-C53-0) Introduction to the Harp
WIND PER 354-0 (565-C54-0) Woodwind Instrument Repair
WIND PER 355-0 (565-C55-0) Freelance Musician
WIND PER 356-0 (565-C56-0) Making Musicianship Audible
WIND PER 357-0 (565-C57-0) Reedmaking for Single Reed Instruments
WIND PER 359-0 (565-C59-0) Brass Teaching Techniques
WIND PER 380-0 (565-C80-0) Senior Recital (0)
WIND PER 391-0 (565-C91-0) Chamber Music Percussion and mallet ensembles, brass ensembles, woodwind quintets, saxophone quartets, clarinet quartets, and jazz combos.
WIND PER 399-0 (565-C99-0) Independent Study (.5–1)

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
Speech is the primary mode of communication, the principal means by which people exchange ideas and feelings. It is a means of inquiry and reporting. It is a means of persuasion. And it is a means of appreciation, inspiration, and entertainment. Students of speech study the nature of such communication and the conditions, circumstances, and properties affecting it. They may concentrate on speech as a scientific phenomenon, as a fine art, or as a rhetorical art.

Speech is conversation, discussion, debate, and public address. It is the performance of prose, poetry, and dramatic literature. It is theatre — acting, directing, and exploring the many facets of the physical theatre and dramatic production. It is radio, television, and film — the media of mass communication. It is the study of language and the analysis and improvement of speech and hearing disabilities. And it is the preparation of teachers, directors, clinicians, and other professionals in these fields. It is study and research in all these areas.

Founded by Robert Cumnock in 1878, the School of Speech is now the third largest of Northwestern’s six undergraduate divisions. It annually enrolls more than 1,200 undergraduate majors and 400 graduate students.

Originally, the curriculum and its related activities were concerned with public speaking and interpretative reading as performing arts. As the field and the school grew, the faculty added instruction in theatre, speech pathology, audiology, radio, television, film, and other specialties in oral communication. The five departments of instruction indicate the scope of the modern curriculum: performance studies; communication studies; radio/television/film; communication sciences and disorders; and theatre (including dance). In addition to the specialized program presented by each department, the five departments of the School of Speech combine to offer the undergraduate degree program in interdepartmental studies. All departments offer graduate courses. The School of Speech sponsors six divisions of Northwestern’s National High School Institute: creative media writing, dance, debate, Lincoln-Douglas debate, radio/television/film, and theatre arts.

This wide range of educational activities is currently housed not only in the school’s original building, Annie May Swift Hall, but also in Harris Hall; two former residences on Chicago Avenue; the Communication Sciences and Disorders complex, which includes the Frances Searle Building and the medical and dental clinical facilities in Chicago; the Theatre and Interpretation Center; and John J. Louis Hall, a state-of-the-art studio production facility.

For more information, see the school’s Web site at www.nwu.edu/speech/.

Academic Policies

Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Speech

The School of Speech grants the degree of bachelor of science in speech upon (1) the satisfactory completion of 45 course units; (2) the fulfillment of the distribution requirement of the student’s major department; and (3) the completion of an approved program of study in speech and related fields suited to the student’s special interests and needs. If students interrupt the program of study for an extended period of time and degree requirements are changed during this period, they are normally held to the new requirements.

In addition to and independent of the requirements set by the School of Speech, students must satisfy the University Enrollment Requirement (see Financial Regulations).

General Requirements

Of the required 45 courses, the last 23 courses must be taken while the student is enrolled as an undergraduate in Northwestern University, and the student must be enrolled in the School of Speech for the last three quarters preceding the granting of the degree. Credit for summer work taken at other colleges or universities as part of the last 23 courses requires approval by petition.
Thirty-five of the required 45 units must be completed with grades of A, B, or C. A minimum of 18 courses must be taken outside the School of Speech. No more than 18 of the 45 courses offered for the degree may be taken in the major department.

A transfer student will be required to complete at least 11 courses in the School of Speech at Northwestern. A speech placement interview is required at the time of first registration for all transfer students.

**Distribution Requirements**

All major programs in speech require 18 courses outside the major department in the following areas:

- Science, mathematics, and technology
- Individual and social behavior
- Humanities and fine arts

Students should consult the department concerned for the range of disciplines within each category and the number of courses required.

**Major Programs in Speech and Related Requirements**

All students in the School of Speech must meet the requirements of one of the following major programs: interdepartmental studies, communication sciences and disorders, communication studies, performance studies, radio/television/film, or theatre (including dance). Basic speech courses are required in all programs, and provisions are made for study in other divisions of the University to complement the major program.

**Student Conduct in Speech Courses**

All undergraduate students enrolled in School of Speech courses are held accountable to the University’s standards of academic integrity (see Academic Regulations in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog). They also are responsible for compliance with the following standards:

- Attendance is required in all courses, and excessive absence is cause for failure
- Credit will not be given for two courses that meet at the same time
- All assigned work must be completed to receive course credit
- Assignments must be turned in on time, and examinations must be taken as scheduled; assignments cannot be made up or grades of incomplete given without prior approval from the instructor

**Teaching Certification**

The Department of Communication Sciences and Disorders offers a program leading to public school certification.

**Faculty Advisers**

Each new student is assigned a faculty adviser in the chosen major field within speech. This adviser is available for consultation, especially for the purpose of planning for the next registration. Freshmen have a separate advising period before the fall registration. Ultimate responsibility for meeting degree requirements rests with the student.

**Academic Options**

**Interdepartmental Studies**

This program provides an interdisciplinary opportunity within speech for students whose special interests are not satisfied by one of the established programs. Majors in interdepartmental studies may seek a general education with exposure to a broad range of disciplines or a professional preparation from two closely related areas of speech.

**Requirements for a Major in Interdepartmental Studies**

- A minimum of 3 courses distributed among at least three departments and selected from the following: GEN SPCH 101, 102, 103, 108; THEATRE 140-1, 140-2
- A minimum of 3 courses at the 200 level distributed among at least three departments
- An additional 10 courses in speech distributed among at least two departments, including at least 8 courses at the 300 or 400 level. It is the student’s responsibility to take all courses prerequisite for 300- and 400-level courses. Eligible students are urged to elect 399 during their senior year; this independent study should be arranged to correlate two of the speech areas the student has studied.
- Six courses at the 200 level or above outside speech, including at least three 300-level courses. If they apply, courses taken to meet the distribution requirement may be used to satisfy this requirement.
- Major programs for undergraduate work must be approved by the associate dean for undergraduate affairs.

**Interschool Certificates and Adjunct Major**

For information about the interschool programs listed below, see the Other Undergraduate Programs section of this catalog.
**Integrated Arts Program**
The interschool Integrated Arts Program offers courses leading to a minor that explore the creative process from the perspective of the artist in the disciplines of theatre, visual arts, music, dance, and media arts.

**International Studies Program**
International studies, an undergraduate interschool adjunct major that is taken in conjunction with a traditional major, is open to School of Speech students.

**Music Theatre Program**
The Certificate in Music Theatre provides the opportunity for School of Music students majoring in voice and School of Speech students majoring in theatre to create a second area of specialization.

**Undergraduate Leadership Program**
The Undergraduate Leadership Program, an interschool certificate program open to all undergraduates, helps students understand the nature of leadership and prepares them to become leaders.

**Graduate Study**
The School of Speech has been a national center for graduate study and research in the field of speech for many years. Programs for the master of arts, master of fine arts, and doctor of philosophy degrees with majors in speech are administered by the Graduate School of Northwestern University. All candidates for these degrees must satisfy the Graduate School requirements. The school offers a master of science in communication.

The School of Speech offers departmental and thesis sequences leading to the master's degree as well as a program leading to the degree of master of science in communication with emphasis in communication management or communication systems. Requirements for the departmental and thesis master's degrees, the master of fine arts, and the doctor of philosophy degrees in any division of the School of Speech are described in the Graduate School catalog. Requirements for the master of science in communication degree are available from the School of Speech.

All departments of the School of Speech participate in graduate studies and research. Graduate programs may be relatively specialized in the offerings of one department or arranged to represent the offerings of two or more departments.

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**Introductory and Related Courses**

**GEN SPCH 101-0 (601-A01-0) Interpersonal Communication**
Laboratory experience in human interaction. Analysis of communication within groups.

**GEN SPCH 102-0 (601-A02-0) Public Speaking**
Theory, composition, delivery, and criticism of public speeches.

**GEN SPCH 103-0 (601-A03-0) Analysis and Performance of Literature**
Critical reading, written analysis, and performance of literary texts; general introduction to performance studies. Individual conferences.

**GEN SPCH 104-0 (601-A04-0) Argumentation and Debate**
Theories of argumentation and debate, with many opportunities for practice. Analysis and evaluation of the discourse related to public controversies. Recommended for students planning to participate in intercollegiate debate.

**GEN SPCH 105-0 (601-A05-0) Improving Voice and Articulation**
Study of basic communication processes for students wishing to improve their own speaking skills. Self-evaluation of articulation and voice; directed practice based on principles of normal speech production and elementary phonetics. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

**GEN SPCH 108-0 (601-A08-0) Processes and Pathologies of Human Communication**
Basic facts and principles of human communication and its disorders. Laboratory experience provides an introduction to research in human communication science.

**GEN SPCH 110-0 (601-A10-0) Voice for Performance**
Intensive individual development and use of voice for performance.

**GEN SPCH 204-0 (601-B04-0) Paradigms and Strategies of Leadership**
Theoretical models of leadership. Group vision, change, and decision making. Weekly student-led small groups discuss case studies. Meetings videotaped, followed by feedback sessions.

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**Communication Sciences and Disorders**
The Department of Communication Sciences and Disorders is the locus at Northwestern of basic science and research in human communication and its disorders. It offers clinical training programs in audiology and hearing sciences, learning disabilities, and speech and language pathology. Undergraduate and graduate curricula emphasize the study of normal human communication and cognition, thereby providing a foundation for the study of disorders of hearing, speech, language, and learning. Classroom, clinical, and research facilities of the department are located in the Frances Searle Building on the Evanston campus, with the opportunity to do further clinical work at the Medical School on the Chicago campus.
Programs of Study for Departmental Majors

The undergraduate program in communication sciences and disorders is designed to provide a thorough background of information about human communication and its disorders. Basic science principles that underlie all human communication and cognition are emphasized. Students also are introduced to clinical issues that pertain to disorders of communication and learning.

Undergraduate majors in communication sciences and disorders may choose among four areas of concentration: human communication sciences, audiology and hearing sciences, learning disabilities, and speech and language pathology. Undergraduates may select their area of concentration any time after entering the department. However, they are encouraged to make this decision by the spring quarter of their sophomore year and are required to decide no later than the beginning of their junior year. (Students may always petition to change the area of concentration.)

Human Communication Sciences

This area of concentration is particularly well suited to students who plan to attend graduate or professional school in fields such as medicine, dentistry, psychology, biomedical engineering, or neuroscience. It also provides excellent preparation for students who plan to pursue graduate study in audiology and hearing sciences, learning disabilities, or speech and language pathology. Students may select areas of concentration any time after entering the department. However, they are encouraged to make this decision by the spring quarter of their sophomore year and are required to decide no later than the beginning of their junior year. (Students may always petition to change the area of concentration.)

Audiology and Hearing Sciences

This area of concentration encompasses the study of hearing, hearing disorders, and the treatment of hearing disorders. Undergraduate course work in this program provides the scientific undergirding necessary for clinical practice and/or auditory research. Emphasis is on basic communication science, including study of the anatomical, physiological, and physical bases of hearing. Information on normal communication processes is presented. An introduction to audiological assessment and hearing loss management is provided, with the opportunity for supervised clinical experience for advanced undergraduate students.

The master's degree program in audiology and hearing sciences is a professional program designed to prepare students for the clinical practice of audiology. Students interested in careers in auditory research may emphasize the development of research skills in the master's program to prepare for continued study at the doctoral level.

Students completing master's study in audiology and hearing sciences may qualify for clinical certification by the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (ASHA), Illinois state licensure in audiology, and registration with the Illinois Department of Public Health in the area of hearing aid dispensing. Audiology professionals may be employed in hospitals, community and university clinics, industry, schools, rehabilitation centers, and research laboratories. Advanced professionals may be self-employed in private practice.

Learning Disabilities

The undergraduate concentration in learning disabilities provides academic preparation for graduate study leading to the MA and PhD degrees in learning disabilities and related fields. The field of learning disabilities is concerned with learning processes and their dysfunctions, including disorders of perception, memory, language, and conceptualization. Such disorders lead to problems in the acquisition and use of oral language, reading, writing, and math skills that require specialized remediation. Undergraduate course work stresses theoretical, scientific, clinical, and educational issues as a foundation for advanced training. Students also may create an interdisciplinary program by combining learning disabilities with such ancillary fields as audiology, education, linguistics, neuroscience, psychology, or speech and language pathology.

The first two years of the undergraduate curriculum emphasize the psychological, linguistic, and biological bases of normal language and cognitive development. Clinical examples and observations in the program's clinics and in area schools are incorporated into these courses. Advanced undergraduate courses are focused more directly on disorders in basic processes and on clinical applications of basic theory, including some supervised clinical teaching.

Graduates of the program may enter MA or MA/PhD programs at Northwestern or elsewhere to pursue advanced work and certification as a specialist in learning disabilities or as a researcher. Learning disabilities specialists with master's or PhD degrees may work in public or private schools, universities, hospitals, or private practice.

Speech and Language Pathology

The undergraduate emphasis in speech and language pathology combines academic instruction with laboratory activities and supervised clinical experiences to give students a background for graduate study in the field. The first two years of the undergraduate curriculum emphasize the psychological, linguistic, neurological, acoustical, anatomical, and physiological bases of normal auditory and oral language behavior. As knowledge of normal speech, language, learning, and hearing processes increases,
students are introduced to the communicative disorders that result from the disruption of these processes.

Advanced undergraduate courses are concerned with the nature, recognition, and management of common communicative disorders, such as problems of speech sound production, language development, fluency, and voice. This program also offers courses of study leading to the MA and PhD degrees as well as postdoctoral study in speech and language pathology. Graduate courses are concerned with the neurophysiologic and structural disorders affecting communication and with a more detailed study of disorders of language, fluency, articulation, and voice. Students study the theory, evaluation, and management of aphasia, cerebral palsy, cleft palate, laryngeal pathologies, and other complex disorders.

Students completing graduate programs of study in speech and language pathology may qualify for teaching certification by the Illinois State Board of Education, Illinois state licensure, and certification by the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (ASHA). Professional speech and language pathologists work in schools, professional organizations, hospitals and rehabilitation centers, and private practice.

Honors Program
An honors program is available for students in their senior year who have maintained an outstanding undergraduate record through their junior year. Upon successful completion of an honors project, they will qualify for honors in communication sciences and disorders. Also see Honors and Prizes in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

Independent Study
Upperclass students in the department may register for units of independent study, in which they work closely with a faculty member on a topic of mutual interest. Students interested in independent study should select courses that may lead to more advanced library or laboratory research.

Requirements for a Major in Communication Sciences and Disorders
- Introductory courses: GEN SPCH 108 or COMM SCI 101 and at least 2 of the following: GEN SPCH 101, 102, 103
- 200-level courses: 201, 202, 203, 200-level statistics
- course in psychology or education
- 300- and 400-level courses in communicative disorders: 9 courses (excluding practicum courses), including at least 1 in audiology and hearing sciences, learning disabilities, and speech and language pathology
- Electives: 14 courses, at least 8 of which must be outside the department

(Students who plan to work at the elementary or secondary level are advised to include courses in education and other areas that apply toward the requirements for a teaching certificate in their special field.)

- Courses taken in the department: No more than 18 can be counted toward the BSSp degree
- Writing proficiency requirement: All students must meet the writing proficiency requirement
- Residence requirement: enrollment in the department for the last five quarters preceding the granting of the degree
- Also see the description of requirements for students admitted to the seven-year Honors Program in Medical Education under Programs of Study for Departmental Majors, Human Communication Sciences, earlier in this section.

Basic Science

Courses for Undergraduates and Graduates
COMM SCI 101-0 (620-A01-0) Seminar in Communication Sciences and Disorders Major topics of research interest in communicative disorders. Principles of research in communicative disorders.
GEN SPCH 105-0 (601-A05-0) Improving Voice and Articulation See Introductory and Related Courses.
GEN SPCH 108-0 (601-A08-0) Processes and Pathologies of Human Communication See Introductory and Related Courses.
COMM SCI 201-0 (620-B01-0) Phonetics Training in transcription of English speech sounds. Introduction to phonological analysis, dynamics of articulation, dialect variations.
COMM SCI 202-0 (620-B02-0) Biological Foundations of Human Communication Human anatomy, physiology, and neurology in relation to communicative behavior. Sensory, perceptual, cognitive, and motor processes.
COMM SCI 203-0 (620-B03-0) Acoustics of Speech The nature of sound. Production and analysis of speech spectra.
COMM SCI 205-0 (620-B05-0) Introduction to the Study of Learning and Learning Problems in Children Application of three theories — stimulus-response, cognitive development, and psychoanalytic — to learning and learning problems in classrooms. Field placement in a classroom; supervised observations of a child with learning problems and a normal achieving classmate.
COMM SCI 301-0 (620-C01-0) Anatomy and Physiology of the Vocal Mechanism Lectures, readings, and laboratory dissections presenting the structure and function of the neuromuscular system involved in breathing, phonation, and articulation. Prerequisite: junior standing or above.
COMM SCI 302-0 (620-C02-0) Anatomy and Physiology of the Hearing Mechanism Gross and fine structure, development, and function of the peripheral and central auditory system. Prerequisites: junior standing or above, 202 and 203, or consent of instructor.
COMM SCI 303-0 (620-C03-0) Brain and Cognition

Brain anatomy and physiology, neuropsychological techniques, sensory physiology, and neural development. The brain's role in language, attention, learning and memory, thinking, intelligence, and reading.

COMM SCI 304-0 (620-C04-0) Introduction to Research Methods

Introduction to research design and data analysis in communication sciences and disorders; statistical inference.

COMM SCI 305-1 (620-C05-1) Electronic Laboratory Instrumentation

Basic analog and digital electronic theory for the use, modification, and design of behavioral laboratory equipment. Applications in speech and hearing.

COMM SCI 305-2 (620-C05-2) Computer Laboratory Instrumentation

Computer use in the laboratory for equipment control and data acquisition. Real-time programming and networking between computers and laboratory equipment. Prerequisites: 305-1 and proficiency in any computer language.

COMM SCI 306-0 (620-C06-0) Introduction to Psychoacoustics

Introduction to principles underlying perception of pitch, loudness, auditory space, speech; psychophysical procedures for studying psychoacoustics.

COMM SCI 309-0 (620-C09-0) Culture, Language, and Learning

Language and culture; transmission of culture through language; effects of cultural variety on perception, cognition, and learning; implications of cultural and linguistic diversity in communicative disorders.

COMM SCI 311-0 (620-C11-0) Principles of Electronics and Acoustics

Parallel development of concepts in electronics and acoustics that are useful for advanced laboratory research in communicative disorders and related fields.

COMM SCI 312-0 (620-C12-0) Applied Research Methods in Human Communication Science

Survey, experimental, and clinical case-review methods pertinent to hearing, speech, language, and learning; discussion of research strategies. Laboratory.

COMM SCI 350-0 (620-C50-0) Cognitive Development in Atypical Learners

Introduction to theories of cognitive development; implications for the study of atypical learners; review of research on the impact of perceptual and language impairments on cognitive growth. Laboratory, with cognitive assessment procedures.

COMM SCI 351-0 (620-C51-0) Development and Disorders of Memory

Scientific models and evidence for the development of memory. Memory disorders in relation to developmental and life span issues.

COMM SCI 399-0 (620-C99-0) Independent Study

Prerequisite: consent of associate dean after submission of petition.

**Audiology and Hearing Sciences**

**Courses for Undergraduates and Graduates**

**AUD 318-0 (621-C18-0) Introduction to Audiology**

Introduction to the measurement of hearing in humans. Basic anatomy of the ear, measurement of hearing, potential disorders of hearing. Lecture/laboratory.

**AUD 319-0 (621-C19-0) Pediatric Audiology**

Etiological factors, assessment, and implications of hearing impairment, selection of hearing aids, remedial programs, counseling of parents. Emphasis on hard-of-hearing infants and children. Prerequisite: 323 or consent of instructor.

**AUD 320-0 (621-C20-0) Pathologies of the Auditory System**

Physiologic abnormalities of the auditory system that result in hearing impairments. Prerequisite: 323, COMM SCI 302, or equivalent.

**AUD 321-0 (621-C21-0) Evaluation and Use of Amplification Systems**

Electroacoustic characteristics of the hearing aid, clinical selection of wearable amplification and group auditory training systems, and patient management. Lecture/laboratory. Prerequisite: 323 or consent of instructor.

**AUD 323-0 (621-C23-0) Measurement of Hearing I**

Basic audiometric and immittance techniques; interpretation of test results. Introduction to amplification systems. Lectures/laboratories. Prerequisite: junior standing or above.

**AUD 324-0 (621-C24-0) Measurement of Hearing II**

Audiometric techniques used in differential evaluation of cochlear, retrocochlear, and functional hearing loss. Calibration techniques. Prerequisite: 323 or equivalent.

**AUD 325-0 (621-C25-0) Central Auditory Neurophysiology: Evoked Potentials**

Electrophysiologic evaluation of auditory, visual, and somatosensory systems, emphasizing electric response measures. Theoretical and practical considerations in clinical application; interpretation of test results. Prerequisite: 324 or equivalent.

**AUD 326-0 (621-C26-0) Vestibular Evaluation**

Electrophysiologic evaluation of the auditory system; consideration in the measurement of caloric nystagmus. Integration of electrophysiologic test findings with audiometric and immittance test results in clinical case studies of auditory and vestibular disorders. Prerequisite: 325 or consent of instructor.

**AUD 366-0 (621-C66-0) Introduction to Aural Rehabilitation**

Principles and strategies in hearing loss management in children and adults. Information about speech reading and auditory training. Prerequisite: 323 or equivalent.

**AUD 367-0 (621-C67-0) Advanced Aural Rehabilitation**

Current research and theory in aural rehabilitation.
AUD 368-0 (621-C68-0) Theory and Practice in Rehabilitation of Hearing-Impaired Children and Adults
Theories of methods of designing and implementing individual and group rehabilitation programs for the hearing-impaired. Lectures, discussions, demonstrations relating to clinical practice. Prerequisites: 366 and consent of instructor.

Learning Disabilities

Courses for Undergraduates and Graduates

LRN DIS 369-0 (623-C69-0) Special Topics in Learning Disabilities Current scientific and professional problems in learning disabilities.

LRN DIS 375-0 (623-C75-0) Diagnostic Procedures for Exceptional Children Principles and procedures for differential diagnosis. Characteristics of children with major disabling conditions.

LRN DIS 376-0 (623-C76-0) Remedial Education for Children with Learning Disabilities Remedial programs for children with learning disabilities. Teaching techniques for aphasia, dyslexia, and related disorders. Educational planning and placement. Prerequisite: junior standing or above or consent of instructor.

LRN DIS 380-0 (623-C80-0) Introduction to Clinical Procedures in Learning Disabilities Practicum experience in clinical settings. Learning processes and application of instructional approaches. Field studies, reading, and weekly seminars. Prerequisites: 375, 376.

LRN DIS 381-0 (623-C81-0) Social Development in Normal and Learning-Disabled Children Current theories of and empirical research on social-emotional development from infancy through adolescence; identification and treatment of social deficits in learning-disabled children.

Speech and Language Pathology

Courses for Undergraduates and Graduates

SPCH LNG 334-0 (624-C34-0) Delivery Systems in Speech and Language Pathology Organization and administration of speech-language pathology services in schools, health care agencies, and private practice. Prerequisite: 397.

SPCH LNG 336-0 (624-C36-0) The Field of Special Education Criteria for in-school evaluation, eligibility, and intervention for students with disabilities. Legal basis of policies and regulations. Prerequisite: junior standing or above.

SPCH LNG 369-0 (624-C69-0) Special Topics in Speech and Language Pathology Summer only.

SPCH LNG 391-0 (624-C91-0) Speech Sound Learning and the Modification of Articulation Development of speech production skills in children. Factors affecting phonological development. Assessment and modification of atypical articulatory patterns. Prerequisite: COMM SCI 201 or equivalent.

SPCH LNG 392-0 (624-C92-0) Language Development and Usage Theories and patterns of normal language development. Emphasis on cultural and individual diversity. Prerequisite: junior standing or above or consent of instructor.

SPCH LNG 393-0 (624-C93-0) Vocal Physiology and Pathology Normal and abnormal adaptations of respiration, phonation, and resonance to production of voice in speech. Techniques, materials, and instrumentation for voice diagnostics and therapy with children and adults. Prerequisites: COMM SCI 202, COMM SCI 301.

SPCH LNG 394-0 (624-C94-0) Fluency, Disfluency, and Stuttering Normal development of fluency and factors that may disrupt it. Introduction to nature, etiologies, development, and treatment of stuttering. Prerequisite: COMM SCI 201 or consent of instructor.

SPCH LNG 396-0 (624-C96-0) Diagnostic Procedures in Speech and Language Pathology Evaluation of speech and language disorders. Interviewing, report writing; use of standardized tests; examination of speech sensory and motor functions. Prerequisites: senior standing or above, 391 and 392, or consent of instructor.

SPCH LNG 397-0 (624-C97-0) Introduction to Clinical Procedures in Speech and Language Pathology Beginning practicum experience in a clinical setting. Emphasis on planning and executing a remedial program for individuals with problems of speech sound production and language usage. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

SPCH LNG 398-1,2 (624-C98-1,2) School Practicum in Speech and Language Pathology Supervised practicum of speech-language pathology services in schools. Participation in parent-teacher conferences and on IEP teams. Prerequisites: 334, 397.

Communication Studies

The Department of Communication Studies offers liberal arts–oriented course work focused on the most fundamental and pervasive of human activities. The study of human communication ranges from interpersonal processes such as persuasion and relationship formation to organizational processes such as group leadership and dispute resolution, as well as to the strategies and styles of public deliberation and debate and the political and cultural processes involving mass media and telecommunications systems. At the same time, the study of human communication encompasses the scholarly traditions of both the humanities and social sciences. The intellectual foundations for this study range from classical rhetoric to cognitive science, from the economics of computer-mediated communication networks to the ethics of public argument.
Course Concentrations for Departmental Majors

The department has organized the wealth of theory and research on human communication — as well as the real-world applications of that theory and research — into six course concentrations. These are interrelated sets of courses that can help students coordinate their choice of classes with their intellectual interests, postgraduate educational plans, and career goals. Students who major in communication studies are encouraged, though not required, to organize their course work within one or two of these concentrations as described below.

Organizational Communication

The success of all organizations — whether small neighborhood groups or giant multinational corporations — depends on effective communication. Organizations must have members who are skilled in the basic communication activities of persuasion, group leadership and decision making, bargaining and negotiation, and team problem solving. And in the contemporary world, organizations also demand the knowledge necessary to analyze and act on information gathered from surveys and other research methods, to harness the resources of communication technology, and to thrive in an environment of diverse individuals. This concentration includes courses that develop basic communication skills as well as courses that examine communication processes in such contexts as task-oriented groups and professional-client relationships. It also includes courses that focus on the organizational challenges associated with technology, information management, cultural diversity, and image building. This concentration will be of interest to students who wish to work — and who will seek to lead — in either business or not-for-profit organizations. To complete this concentration, students must take 201 and 260 and choose a minimum of four courses from the following: 205, 229, 250, 275, 329, 341, 350, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 371, 391, 392, and 393.

Communication Industries and Technologies

Mass communication and telecommunications are reshaping the culture, commerce, and politics of the United States and the world. Media firms are merging into ever-larger organizations that produce film, television, music, books, magazines, newspapers, and software for audiences worldwide. At the same time, technology is breaking down the old distinctions among computers, telephones, video, and print to create new networks that integrate video, voice, and data. These changes present new and sometimes unanticipated challenges to managers in business as well as to leaders in government, education, the arts, and the professions. This course concentration is intended for students who wish to prepare for these challenges by developing an understanding of the social, economic, legal, and technical aspects of mass communication and telecommunications. It will be of interest to students who seek careers in such communication fields as advertising and public relations, management of entertainment and information industries, and public policy making. To complete this concentration, students must select a minimum of six courses from the following: 201, 229, 275, 287, 330, 350, 370, 376, 377, 385, and 393.

Rhetoric, Media, and Public Culture

Citizens of the 21st century must understand the communication opportunities, obligations, and risks that emerge in an era of cultural diversification and conflict. This course concentration examines the relationship between communication and culture from a rhetorical and critical perspective — that is, from a point of view emphasizing the use of language and image to characterize social reality, create forums for deliberation and debate, and confront controversial issues and cultural differences. The concentration includes courses that engage the issues raised by differences of race, class, gender, nationality, and political conviction. It also includes courses that examine such cultural processes as the legitimization of social authority, the construction of personal as well as national identity, and the articulation of national purpose and international obligation. The role of the mass media in these issues and processes is of particular concern. This course concentration is intended for students interested in positions of civic leadership, such as in community-based organizations, social reform movements, and cultural, political, and educational institutions. To complete this concentration, students must take 210 and one other 200-level course from the following: 225, 271, and 275. They must also select a minimum of four courses from the following: 315, 320, 325, 327, 328, 329, 330, 370, 371, 376, 377, 378, and 392.

Relational Communication

Our lives are spent in relationships with others. Most people are born into a family, form friendships, join work groups, and begin romantic attachments that sometimes turn into new family units. Interpersonal communication is the means by which we develop, maintain, and terminate these relationships. The relational communication concentration focuses on these processes. It has four components: courses examining the psychological variables that affect how people create and interpret the communication behaviors that occur during social interaction; courses examining the contexts in which relational communication occurs, such as the family and the work group; courses focusing on strategies and processes of interpersonal influence; and courses focusing on the impact of gender, culture, and other factors on the processes of relational communication. This concentration is intended for students interested in the psychological foundations of human communication as well as students interested in the helping professions (e.g., therapy, counseling). To complete this concentration, students must take two core courses, 201 and 241, and select a minimum of four courses from the following: 205, 250, 260, 341, 343, 344, 350, and 382.
**Media and Politics**

Communication is essential to both effective leadership and citizen participation. Leaders must employ the arts and sciences of communication to negotiate policy, move public opinion, maintain relations with other nations, and of course, win votes. Citizens must understand these arts and sciences if they are to maintain self-government. This course concentration focuses on the role of communication in the political processes of modern democracies, especially on how government officials, candidates, and citizens interact with the mass media in the realm of public affairs. The concentration is intended for students interested in political organizing and consulting, opinion polling, policy analysis, and research work in public interest groups and other non-profit organizations. To complete this concentration, students must take 272 and a minimum of three courses from each of two groups: the political leadership group, focusing on the rhetoric and strategies of political persuasion, consisting of 315, 321, 325, 328, 380, and 391; and the citizen participation group, concerning Americans' beliefs and the ways they respond to political information, consisting of 201, 205, 271, 370, 371, 372, 380, and 393.

**Argumentation and Advocacy**

Lawyers, policy makers, and indeed all citizens must be able to put forward and defend their views when matters of common concern are debated. This course concentration is based on the conviction that the skills of advocacy can best be cultivated in the liberal arts tradition by uniting intensive practice in the arts of argumentation with theory-based understanding of advocacy and deliberation. In this concentration, courses emphasizing practice require students to think critically about their positions, plan their communicative strategies effectively, and argue their cases forcefully. Courses emphasizing understanding enlarge students' views of the traditions and institutions — especially the law — that shape the processes of advocacy and deliberation on vital issues. Thus prepared, students can take their places as articulate citizens in the various communities to which they belong. The perspectives and skills offered in this concentration are particularly appropriate for students interested in law careers. To complete this concentration, students must select three practice-oriented courses from 214, 220, 221, and 250 as well as three theory-oriented courses from 205, 210, 321, 325, 330-1, 363, 364, 372, 391, and 393.

**General Requirements for a Major in Communication Studies**

- Two of the following: GEN SPCH 101, 102, 103, 104
- An additional 12 courses in speech, at least 9 of which must be in the department. At least 5 courses within the department must be at the 300 level. Not more than one unit of 393 Field Study in Communication and not more than two units of 399 Independent Study may be applied toward the total of 12 courses in speech.

- A field of concentration in an area other than speech (normally one of the disciplines of the Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences), consisting of at least 6 courses with half or more of this study at the 300 or 400 level. Courses taken to satisfy the distribution requirement may be applied to the field of concentration if they fall within the discipline in which the student chooses to concentrate.

- Electives in speech and other areas

**Departmental Honors Program**

The Undergraduate Honors Program in Communication Studies offers an opportunity for highly motivated students to conduct original scholarly research. Through the senior year, each student works closely with faculty to produce an original research project in an interest area determined by the student. Seniors who complete the program graduate with departmental honors. Also see Honors and Prizes in the Undergraduate Education section of this catalog.

**Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores**

- **GEN SPCH 101-0** (601-A01-0) *Interpersonal Communication* See Introductory and Related Courses.
- **GEN SPCH 102-0** (601-A02-0) *Public Speaking* See Introductory and Related Courses.
- **GEN SPCH 104-0** (601-A04-0) *Argumentation and Debate* See Introductory and Related Courses.
- **COMM ST 201-0** (610-B01-0) *Research Methods in Communication Studies* Foundations of knowledge in many areas of the field, including the nature of interpersonal interaction and the impact of mass media. How communication researchers do their work; how to judge the quality of research products. Prerequisite for many other courses in the department.
- **COMM ST 205-0** (610-B05-0) *Theories of Persuasion* Survey of major theories that explain how to change another person’s attitudes and behaviors. Applications to persuasion within a variety of contexts, including relationships, organizations, legal campaigns, and the mass culture.
- **COMM ST 210-0** (610-B10-0) *The Arts of Controversy: An Introduction to Rhetorical Thinking* Controversy as a rhetorical practice essential to healthy political culture. Use of rhetoric to appreciate different (and frequently conflicting) approaches to issues. Examination of real-life controversies.
- **COMM ST 214-0** (610-B14-0) *Legal Argumentation* Argumentation practices in the legal forum. Nature and procedures of legal controversies about what is just; modes of reasoning about fact and law; history and ethics of legal advocacy.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
COMM ST 215-0 (610-B15-0) Principles of Rhetorical Criticism Introduction to the critical study of political, legal, and ceremonial rhetoric. Development of skills in analyzing and assessing such rhetoric and appreciating how it reflects and shapes basic social and cultural values.

PERF ST 216-0 (605-B16-0) Performance and Culture See Performance Studies.

COMM ST 220-0 (610-B20-0) Theories of Argumentation Fundamental principles and practice of critical reasoning and public argument. For students interested in legal, academic, or political realms of communication and advocacy.

COMM ST 221-0 (610-B21-0) Speech Writing Theory and practice in the principles of composition and in the preparation and delivery of manuscript speeches.

COMM ST 225-0 (610-B25-0) Forms of Public Address Selected genres of public address, including the eulogy, the censure, the inaugural, the apology, and the dedication.

COMM ST 229-0 (610-B29-0) Communication Technology, Community, and Personal Identity Philosophical, critical, and scientific analysis of how the intensification of technology in cultural, professional, and recreational domains is affecting our social relations and personal identities.

COMM ST 235-0 (610-B35-0) Philosophy of Language and Communication Relationship between language and human communication behavior. How language structures individual world views; the process of meaning formation; therapeutic communication; the experience of creativity.

COMM ST 240-0 (610-B40-0) Theories of Interpersonal Communication Introduction to the major theories about what goes on in conversations. Message interpretation, conversational management, nonverbal communication.

COMM ST 241-0 (610-B41-0) Theories of Relational Communication An overview of communication theories and research dealing with developing, sustaining, and terminating interpersonal relationships. Direct application to friendship, work, and romantic relationships.

COMM ST 250-0 (610-B50-0) Small Group Processes Theories and research relating to communication in small groups and group decision making.

COMM ST 260-0 (610-B60-0) Theories of Organizational Communication Theories and research dealing with communication in formal organizations and institutions.

COMM ST 270-0 (610-B70-0) Theories of Mass Communication Introductory survey of current issues in mass communication research. Workings and effects of media industries. Impact of media violence, effect of political news coverage and advertising, media effectiveness in public education.

COMM ST 271-0 (610-B71-0) Race, Gender, and the Mass Media How race and gender are constructed by the American mass media; how social groups use the media for their own purposes. News coverage of minorities, images of women and minorities in advertising, social effects of pornography.

COMM ST 272-0 (610-B72-0) Communication and American Democracy Central role of communication processes in democratic governance. Importance of communication in civic life (voter participation, deliberation, conflict resolution, social movements) as illustrated in survey of democracies worldwide. Multiple forms of communication, including speeches, debates, negotiation, news coverage, and computer-mediated interaction. Lecture/laboratory.

COMM ST 275-0 (610-B75-0) Persuasive Images: Rhetoric of Contemporary Culture Analysis of image-making in all forms of popular culture — in film and television but also shopping malls, supermarkets, car dealers, and doctors’ offices. Images in situations ranging from corporate crises to buying an ice cream cone.

COMM ST 287-0 (610-B87-0) Communication Technology and Society Basic introduction to communication technologies, both new and old. Societal and economic issues they raise, examined from a variety of disciplinary perspectives.

COMM ST 290-0 (610-B90-0) Forensics Independent research and analysis in conjunction with participation in intercollegiate forensics. Credit may not be earned for 290 more than once.

Courses Primarily for Juniors, Seniors, and Graduates

PERF ST 311-0 (605-C11-0) Performance in Everyday Life See Performance Studies.

COMM ST 312-0 (610-C12-0) Modern Rhetorical Theory Survey of the history and fate of late-Enlightenment rhetorical theory, ranging from the works of Campbell and Whately to 20th-century rhetoricians, such as Richards, Weaver, and Burke, and the rebirth of rhetorical studies.

COMM ST 315-0 (610-C15-0) Rhetoric of Social Movements Study of traditional theories of opposition derived from sociological and rhetorical analyses of mass movements. Examines new social movements as groups contesting abortion, animal rights, feminism, and other local and national issues.

PERF ST 316-0 (605-C16-0) Folklife and Oral Traditions See Performance Studies.

COMM ST 320-0 (610-C20-0) Advanced Argumentation Theories of argument drawn from classical and contemporary sources, with application to practice; making, judging, and appreciating forms of argument; consideration of their logical, ethical, and persuasive force. Prerequisite: 214 or 220.

COMM ST 321-0 (610-C21-0) Public Argumentation Training in the arts of public argument through examination of contemporary controversies over social policies, foreign affairs, cultural events, and trials of public character. Enables students to become more effective civic advocates. Sequel to 210.
COMM ST 322-0 (610-C22-0) Rhetoric of the American Presidency In-depth study of the rhetoric of particular U.S. presidents (one or several per quarter). Examination of important presidential speeches, how and why they were written, what strategies they used, what opposition they provoked, what support they marshaled, and what impact they achieved, both immediately and eventually.

COMM ST 325-1,2,3 (610-C25-1,2,3) Rhetorical History of the United States History of the United States, as studied through key rhetorical texts. Focus on moments of political crisis and cultural change. 1. Colonial period to the outbreak of the Civil War. 2. Civil War to World War I. 3. World War I to the present.

COMM ST 326-0 (610-C26-0) Afro-American Rhetoric Survey of selected key texts of 20th-century Afro-American public discourse. Analysis and critical reflection on these texts with attention not only to the Afro-American struggle for civil, political, social, and cultural rights but also to the impact of this struggle on how Americans think about these rights today.

COMM ST 327-0 (610-C27-0) Contemporary Rhetorical Practice Contemporary history from a rhetorical perspective. Analysis of public communications and rhetorical study of nonoratorical events; emphasis on social movements and political controversy in the United States since 1960.

COMM ST 328-0 (610-C28-0) The Rhetoric of War The genre of war rhetoric. Examination of the American experience in the 20th century using speeches, diaries, newspaper reports, government documents, films, and poetry.

COMM ST 329-0 (610-C29-0) Rhetoric, Science, and Technology Contemporary debates on the standing and production of scientific argument. Current controversies over the social constitution and consequences of science and technology.

COMM ST 330-1,2 (610-C30-1,2) Contemporary Problems in Freedom of Speech Personal freedom and public communication under the U.S. Constitution. 1. Principles, forms of reasoning, and court decisions governing conflicts between freedom of speech and public order, property rights, personal security, morality, and racial and gender equality in traditional, mass, and new electronic media. 2. Analysis of selected issues introduced in 330-1. Prerequisite: 330-1.

R/TV/F 330-0 (615-C30-0) Electronic Media Management See Radio/Television/Film.

R/TV/F 333-0 (615-C33-0) Cable Communications See Radio/Television/Film.

COMM ST 341-0 (610-C41-0) Communication and Aging Relationship between adult developmental processes and changes in communication behavior. Prerequisite: 201.

R/TV/F 341-0 (615-C41-0) Technological Innovations See Radio/Television/Film.

COMM ST 343-0 (610-C43-0) Social Cognition and Communication In-depth analysis of theories examining the cognitive processes that occur before, during, and after interactions. Issues related to person perception, self-presentation, scripts, and schemas. Prerequisite: 201.

COMM ST 344-0 (610-C44-0) Interpersonal Conflict In-depth analysis of theories and research examining conflict within relationships. Special emphasis on conflict within friendships, dating relationships, and family. Prerequisites: 201 and 241.

COMM ST 350-0 (610-C50-0) Computer-Mediated Communication and Information Systems Examination and analysis of the tools of and issues in computer-mediated communication and networked information systems; effects of new communication technologies at the interpersonal, group, organizational, and societal levels.

COMM ST 355-0 (610-C55-0) Audience Analysis Methods used to analyze electronic media audiences, with emphasis on quantitative research techniques.

COMM ST 360-0 (610-C60-0) Current Perspectives in Organizational Communication Research Selected micro- and macro-level theories of communication behavior in organizational settings. Prerequisites: 201 and 260.

COMM ST 361-0 (610-C61-0) Intergroup Communication and Urban Change The small group as an agent of social change in urban society; internal and external communication in such change. Prerequisites: any two of 250, 260, and 270.

COMM ST 362-0 (610-C62-0) Professional-Client Communication Communication between professionals and clients in medicine, law, education, psychotherapy, and social services. Alternatives to the professional-client model of problem solving. Prerequisites: 201 and 260.

COMM ST 363-0 (610-C63-0) Bargaining and Negotiation Communication in bargaining and negotiation in organizational settings. Cognitive and motivational theories emphasizing bargaining and negotiation strategies. Prerequisites: 201, 205, and 260.

COMM ST 364-0 (610-C64-0) Collective Decision Making and Communication in Organizations Research on how organizations make, communicate, and implement collective decisions. Assessing decision effectiveness, group decision making, leadership in organizations, and organizational design. Prerequisite: 260 or equivalent.

COMM ST 365-0 (610-C65-0) Solving Problems in Applied Organizational Communication Advanced concepts and techniques for defining and analyzing organizational problems. Preparation for recognizing and working with problems in business organizations. Prerequisites: 201 and 260.

COMM ST 370-0 (610-C70-0) Current Perspectives in Mass Communication Research In-depth study of theories currently applied to the study of mass communication. Prerequisites: 201 and 270.
COMM ST 371-0 (610-C71-0) Public Opinion
Nature of public opinion; history of techniques for expressing and assessing public opinion. Theories about the relationships among media, public opinion, and policy. Prerequisites: 201 and 270.

COMM ST 372-0 (610-C72-0) Mass Communication and Campaign Strategies
Communication components of political campaigns, including broadcast advertising, direct mail, candidate speeches, debates, and news coverage. Campaign professionals share their expertise; students critically examine the effectiveness and appropriateness of campaign strategies and tactics. Prerequisites: 201 and 272.

COMM ST 375-0 (610-C75-0) Rhetoric and the Arts
The impact of art forms such as theatre, music, dance, film, and television on the public. Critiquing of guest artists by students.

COMM ST 376-0 (610-C76-0) The Rhetoric of Popular Criticism
How critics communicate their ideas and values to the public. Prerequisite: 275.

COMM ST 377-0 (610-C77-0) Marketing Popular Culture
The invention and packaging of popular culture products, including film, music, television, and celebrities. Prerequisite: 275.

COMM ST 378-0 (610-C78-0) Rhetoric and Aesthetic Theory
Interpretation and critique of the impact of major movements in aesthetic theory on the theory and practice of rhetorical communication. Prerequisite: 210, 215, or an equivalent course in interpretation or criticism.

COMM ST 380-0 (610-C80-0) Political Communication
Nature and functions of communication within established political institutions; decision-making strategies, deliberative discourse, and electoral campaigns; field study of advocacy and interest groups. Prerequisite: 205, 210, or 270.

COMM ST 381-0 (610-C81-0) Classroom Communication Behavior
The classroom as a communication system; verbal and nonverbal patterns of interaction. Systematic analysis of teacher-student behavior according to interpersonal and group processes.

COMM ST 382-0 (610-C82-0) Family Communication Behavior
An overview of the family as a communication system. Intergenerational interaction patterns, intimacy and conflict patterns, decision making, environmental and cultural factors, and enrichment efforts. A wide range of family types and research methods are considered.

COMM ST 385-0 (610-C85-0) Mass Media Economics
An economic framework for analyzing factors influencing economic organization of media industries and behavior of media firms. Framework applied to policy issues such as network regulations and limits to First Amendment freedoms.

COMM ST 389-0 (610-C89-0) Practicum in Mass Communication Research
Collaboration with a faculty member on design and execution of a communication research project. Students learn how to complete a research project and write a report. Prerequisite: 201.

COMM ST 391-0 (610-C91-0) Ethical Issues in Communication
Ethical problems in public, group, and interpersonal communication; criteria for their resolution.

COMM ST 392-0 (610-C92-0) Intercultural Communication
Designed to integrate theory and practice in heightening student's awareness of the impact of culture on one's perception, beliefs, meanings, and verbal/nonverbal communication.

COMM ST 393-0 (610-C93-0) Field Study in Communication
Enrollment only by petition in advance. Arrangements for winter quarter must be made by November 1 and for spring quarter by February 1.

COMM ST 394-0 (610-C94-0) Gender and Communication
Designed to integrate theory and practice in heightening awareness of the importance of gender as a communication variable. Emphasis on the reciprocal relationship between gender and communication.

COMM ST 395-0 (610-C95-0) Topics in Communication Studies
Reading, research, and discussion in areas of significance. Topics vary.

COMM ST 398-0 (610-C98-0) Undergraduate Seminar
Student- or faculty-initiated seminars to consider special topics. Credit for 398 may be earned more than once. No more than two units of such credit may be applied toward fulfillment of the major requirements.

COMM ST 399-0 (610-C99-0) Independent Study
Enrollment only by petition in advance.

Performance Studies

The Department of Performance Studies integrates artistic and analytical approaches to a wide range of performance texts, events, and processes. The courses explore an interdisciplinary range of literary, cultural, and personal texts in performance. The department has particular strengths in the study of literature through solo performance; the ensemble adaptation and staging of poetic, narrative, and nonfictional texts; intercultural performance; performance art; cultural studies and the ethnography of performance; performance theory and criticism. Internships and field study for performance studies majors extend and deepen their classroom work with experiential learning. Extracurricular work provides students with a variety of opportunities to perform, adapt, and direct, enabling their creative work to reach an audience outside the classroom.

Performance studies majors have been successful in many professions that require intelligence and imagination as well as critical and creative skills. In addition to pursuing careers in professional theatre and arts development, many graduates teach literature, theatre, humanities, and performance studies. Majors have found performance studies an excellent preparation for law school and complementary to
their interests in creative writing, communication, media, anthropology, dance, literature, or social work. Performance studies can be thought of as a major that bridges artistic expression and conceptual analysis, theory and practice. Performance, in its manifold forms, is the subject and the method of study.

Requirements for a Major in Performance Studies

- Introductory courses: one quarter of either GEN SPCH 101 or 102; GEN SPCH 103
- 200-level courses: a minimum of 4 courses in speech, including the following courses in the department: 216, 224, and one unit of 210-1, 210-2, or 210-3
- Production courses in theatre: two courses selected from THEATRE 140-1,2, 240-1,2,3, 241-1,2,3, 249, 354-1,2,3 (one quarter only), 355, 363; or one course selected from preceding courses and one registration for 119; or two registrations for 119
- An additional 10 courses in speech, at least 6 of which must be in the department at the 300 level; not more than one unit of 399 Independent Study or 331 Field Study may apply toward the required 6 300-level performance studies courses, and not more than two units of 399 Independent Study or one unit of 331 Field Study may apply toward the required total of 10 courses in speech
- Six courses at the 200 level or above outside speech, including at least 3 300-level courses in literature; if they apply, courses taken to meet the distribution requirement may be used to satisfy this requirement
- Electives in speech and other areas

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

GEN SPCH 103 (601-A03-0) Analysis and Performance of Literature See Introductory and Related Courses.
PERF ST 210-1 (605-B10-1) Performance of Poetry Introduction to the analysis and performance of poetry. Prerequisite: GEN SPCH 103 or equivalent.
PERF ST 210-2 (605-B10-2) Performance of Narrative Fiction Introduction to the study of narrative performance. Prerequisite: GEN SPCH 103 or equivalent.
PERF ST 210-3 (605-B10-3) Performance of Drama Introduction to the analysis and performance of dramatic literature. Prerequisite: GEN SPCH 103 or equivalent.
PERF ST 216-0 (605-B16-0) Performance and Culture Performatives of culture; ritual, festival, and ceremony.
PERF ST 224-0 (605-B24-0) Adapting Narrative for Group Performance Introduction to theories and methods of adapting narrative for the stage, with special emphasis on chamber theatre. Prerequisite: GEN SPCH 103 or equivalent.

Courses Primarily for Juniors, Seniors, and Graduates

Unless otherwise indicated, one 200-level course in the department is a prerequisite.

PERF ST 307-1,2 (605-C07-1,2) Studies in Gender and Performance Exploration of recent research on the social and political background of gender, particularly women’s access to performative expressions. 1. Women in the interstices of culture: evidence of women’s performance traditions in paratheatrical cultural practices. 2. Feminist theories of performance: feminist critiques of performance and production in the contemporary context. THEATRE 307 is the third course in this series.

PERF ST 308-0 (605-C08-0) Performing Modern and Contemporary Poetry Use of performance in the analysis and criticism of modern and contemporary poetry.

PERF ST 309-1,2,3 (605-C09-1,2,3) Performance of Black Literature Exploration and performance of contemporary literature by black writers in three major genres. 1. Drama. 2. Novel. 3. Poetry.

PERF ST 311-0 (605-C11-0) Performance in Everyday Life Conceptual view of human beings as actors. Dramatism and the perspective of life as theatre.

PERF ST 315-0 (605-C15-0) Nonfiction Studies Exploration of the dramatic impulse in nonfiction texts. Emphasis on autobiographical one-person shows.

PERF ST 316-0 (605-C16-0) Folklore and Oral Traditions Genres of oral literature and an introduction to the methods and aims of folklore research. The nature of verbal art as performance and the importance of cultural context.

PERF ST 318-0 (605-C18-0) Shakespeare: Performance and Criticism Use of performance in the analysis and criticism of selected plays by Shakespeare.

PERF ST 320-0 (605-C20-0) Languages of the Body Exploration of nonverbal body movement and gestural vocabularies in theatre, dance, and performance art, with reference to television and film and productions of the body in visual and commercial media and popular cultural styles.

PERF ST 321-0 (605-C21-0) Performing the American '50s Use of performance in the analysis and criticism of selected postwar American literature.

PERF ST 322-0 (605-C22-0) Performing the Psychological Novel Use of performance in the analysis and criticism of selected 19th- and 20th-century novels.

PERF ST 324-1,2 (605-C24-1,2) Presentational Aesthetics 1. Theatrical convention, presentational mode, and conscious artifice in the performance of dramatic literature, poetry, and nonfiction. 2. Theory and practice of chamber theatre, its conventions and presentational modes; adaptation, staging, and performance of prose fiction. Choice of performer's or director's perspective. Prerequisite: 224.
The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.

PERF ST 326-1,2 (605-C26-1,2) Performance Art
1. History, development, and theories of performance art as a live-art genre from the modernist avant-garde to contemporary cross-cultural forms. Media in all forms, with emphasis on performance process and audience relationship. 2. Further theoretical and laboratory exploration of compositional processes and political strategies of performance, media, and event/audience contexts.

PERF ST 327-0 (605-C27-0) Field Methods in Performance Studies Theory and practice of fieldwork on performance; practical fieldwork experience.

PERF ST 328-0 (605-C28-0) Studies in James Joyce Primary emphasis on extensive critical study and performance of Joyce's Ulysses, resulting in either a lecture-performance, a recital, or a research paper.

PERF ST 329-0 (605-C29-0) Performing Individual Poetic Styles Content varies. Major poems of a significant writer or writers, permitting in-depth encounter with the writer, cultural context, and performance-related issues.

PERF ST 330-0 (605-C30-0) Topics in Performance Studies Readings, discussion, and creative work in performance studies research and artistic practice. Topics vary. May be repeated for credit.

PERF ST 331-0 (605-C31-0) Field Study/Internship in Performance Studies Intensive participation in off-campus production and/or field research experience. Departmental approval required.

PERF ST 332-0 (605-C32-0) Urban Festivity Ethnographic study of festivals, parades, exhibitions, civic celebrations, and other genres of urban cultural performance. Multi-ethnic expressions of Chicago identity. Field research methods.

PERF ST 399-0 (605-C99-0) Independent Study Prerequisite: consent of associate dean after submission of petition.

Radio/Television/Film
The Department of Radio/Television/Film offers education in the history, theory, and production of media. Broad-based and interdisciplinary in orientation, the department offers a range of perspectives on media forms from cinema to broadcast television to alternative media to emerging technologies. Courses emphasize that media are social and cultural practices in dialogue with the broader context of the humanities. The department is dedicated to integrating theory and practice, creating intersections with other disciplines, and fostering cutting-edge media production. Originality, critical analysis, and vision are valued in both scholarly research and creative work. The department's goal is to educate students and citizens to critically interpret contemporary media, envision alternative structures in theory and practice, and reinvent the media of the future.

Production facilities include 16mm film equipment, sound stage, and editing; field video and multiple-camera television studio facilities; linear and nonlinear video editing; advanced audio postproduction; and state-of-the-art computer graphics. Students operate the 7200-watt FM radio station WNUR, which serves the Chicago area and also broadcasts on the Internet. The School of Speech funds four active student-run cocurricular production groups and offers juniors and seniors numerous opportunities for internships at Chicago-area television and radio station and production companies. Frequent guest lectures are offered by alumni with careers in media and other well-known professionals.

Requirements for a Major in Radio/Television/Film
• Introductory courses: 112; a minimum of 3 courses at the 100 or 200 level in speech outside the department
• 200-level courses: 201, 220, 280-1,2; 280-3 is prerequisite for all 300-level production and writing courses
• An additional 8 courses in speech at the 300 and 400 levels, including at least 6 courses in the department at the 300 and 400 levels; not more than one unit of 349 Internship in Radio/Television/Film and 399 Independent Study may be applied toward the 6 courses required in the department; the remaining internship and 399 units count as elective credits
• Six courses at the 200 level or above outside speech, including at least 3 courses at the 300 level or above; courses taken to meet the distribution requirement may be used to fulfill this requirement
• Language requirement: proficiency in a modern foreign language equal to four quarters of college study; proficiency may be established by placement exam or by completion of the fourth quarter
• Electives in speech and other areas

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores
R/TV/F 112-0 (615-A12-0) Creative Processes in Sight and Sound Introduction to media production and aesthetics, examining concepts of media literacy through the analysis and production of images.
R/TV/F 201-0 (615-B01-0) Mass Media and Society Media industries as social and cultural forces; economic and political dimensions of the global media. Prerequisite for all 300-level courses in the department.
R/TV/F 202-0 (615-B02-0) Introduction to Popular Culture: The Mass Media Cultural meanings of narrative and commercial forms in radio, television, and film. Historical and contemporary theories of popular culture.
R/TV/F 215-0 (615-B15-0) Media Literacy Production/criticism for nonmajors; new radio/television/film majors may enroll. Grammar of still and moving images: photography, television, film, radio, computer graphics.
R/TV/F 220-0 (615-C20-0) Introduction to Film Film as art, entertainment, and industry; focus on the narrative fiction film but also attention to documentary and experimental traditions. Film criticism, authorship, genre, film theory. Prerequisite to all 300-level courses in the department.

COMM ST 275-0 (610-B75-0) Persuasive Images: Rhetoric of Contemporary Culture See Communication Studies.

R/TV/F 280-1,2,3 (615-B80-1,2,3) Production Arts Media production practices in audio, writing, film, television, video, and computer graphics. 280-1,2 are major requirements; 280-3 is prerequisite for all 300-level production courses.

R/TV/F 298-0 (615-B98-0) Studies in Media Topics Theoretical or practical or both; emphasis on evolving trends.

Courses Primarily for Juniors, Seniors, and Graduates

R/TV/F 301-0 (615-C01-0) Broadcast News Survey of existing research and critical analysis of the process, content, impact, and utilization of broadcast news.

R/TV/F 310-0 (615-C10-0) History of Broadcasting Global evolution of radio and television, with events in United States as a central historical factor; programming and audiences, trends, cultural influences, issues. Survey of literature and research.

R/TV/F 312-1,2 (615-C12-1,2) History of Film International survey of motion pictures as a distinctive medium of expression from its prehistory to the present.

R/TV/F 313-1 (615-C13-1) Documentary Film: History and Criticism Survey of the schools, styles, and purposes of documentary film as a unique form of artistic expression and sociopolitical persuasion.

R/TV/F 313-2 (615-C13-2) Documentary Film and Video Contemporary work and issues in documentary film and video.

R/TV/F 321-0 (615-C21-0) Radio/Television/Film Authorship Idea of authorship in the media and an examination of different uses of author theory related to the work of particular artists.

R/TV/F 322-0 (615-C22-0) Radio/Television/Film Genre Concept of genre in the media, with reference to popular American forms.

R/TV/F 323-1 (615-C23-1) Experimental Film: History and Criticism Films and theories of experimentalists since the 1920s; contemporary underground movement.

R/TV/F 323-2 (615-C23-2) Experimental Film and Video Contemporary work in experimental film and video.

R/TV/F 325-0 (615-C25-0) Feminism and Film/Video Introduction to feminist film theory, the feminist critique of mainstream cinema, and film and video work by women offering alternatives to the mainstream.

R/TV/F 326-0 (615-C26-0) Mass Media Criticism Contemporary critical methods applied to mass communication media. Critical literature supplemented by written analyses of selected films, television programs, and other appropriate material.

R/TV/F 330-0 (615-C30-0) Electronic Media Management Organization and management of the television station and other electronic media organizations and facilities; functions and interrelationships of various departments.

R/TV/F 331-0 (615-C31-0) Regulation of Broadcasting Government regulation and industry self-regulation; historical perspective and examination of current issues.

R/TV/F 333-0 (615-C33-0) Cable Communications Legal, technical, and programming aspects of cable and satellite communications. Services offered by existing systems and the complexities of developing systems.

R/TV/F 334-0 (615-C34-0) Television in Education Uses, potentialities, current developments in educational media, including noncommercial educational media stations and media in the schools.

R/TV/F 341-0 (615-C41-0) Technological Innovations How technology develops and is assimilated into mass media.

R/TV/F 342-0 (615-C42-0) Program Planning and Programming Programming the broadcast station in relation to audiences, markets, coverage, station policies, facilities.

R/TV/F 344-0 (615-C44-0) Program Distribution and Promotion Analysis of network program distribution, syndication, cable distribution, and how series are promoted; how a station programmer makes decisions.

R/TV/F 345-0 (615-C45-0) Film As Business American film industry's structure, policies, and relations with foreign governments and other segments of the entertainment business, including financing, distribution, and exhibition.

R/TV/F 349-1,2 (615-C49-1,2) Internship in Radio/Television/Film (1–3 units) Selected students work in production departments of radio and television stations and film studios. Guided research and reading.

R/TV/F 351-0 (615-C51-0) National Cinema Historical aspects of cinema in a culture outside the United States or a social/cultural/intellectual movement within the general evolution of cinema.

R/TV/F 353-0 (615-C53-0) National Mass Media The problem of creating a distinct national cultural identity through mass media; specific nations as case studies.

COMM ST 355-0 (610-C55-0) Audience Analysis See Communication Studies.

R/TV/F 360-0 (615-C60-0) Radio/Television/Film Dramatic Writing I Introduction to forms, techniques, and types of dramatic screenplay and television writing. Lecture/workshop.
Radio/Television/Film

R/TV/F 361-0 (615-C61-0) Radio/Television/Film

Dramatic Writing II Workshop in dramatic writing for the media, culminating in completion of full-length script. Prerequisite: 360.

COMM ST 377-0 (610-C77-0) Marketing Popular Culture

See Communication Studies.

R/TV/F 379-0 (615-C79-0) Topics in Film/Video/Audio Production

In-depth study and practice of one area of film, video, or television. May be taken more than once for credit, depending on changes in topic. Prerequisites: 380 and 381.

R/TV/F 380-0 (615-C80-0) Film Production

Techniques and technologies of 16mm filmmaking from initial conception to completed motion picture. Lecture/laboratory.

R/TV/F 381-0 (615-C81-0) Video Production

Techniques and technologies of professional video; single-camera shooting and multisource editing. Lecture/laboratory.

R/TV/F 383-0 (615-C83-0) Radio/Audio Production

Techniques and technologies of audio production, emphasizing location recording. Survey of techniques used for film, video, experimental audio, and radio production. Postproduction includes work with a digital audio workstation. Lecture/laboratory.

R/TV/F 385-0 (615-C85-0) Integrated Media Arts

Introduction to theory and practice of media using microcomputers. For nonmajors; an elective in the Integrated Arts Program.

COMM ST 385-0 (610-C85-0) Mass Media Economics

See Communication Studies.

R/TV/F 390-0 (615-C90-0) Dramatic Directing

Introduction to film and video single camera directing techniques. Emphasis on the technical aspects of directing. Prerequisites: 380 and 381.

R/TV/F 391-0 (615-C91-0) Television Studio Directing

Directing, crewing, and technical skills for multiple camera live-on-tape television production in narrative and non-narrative genres: preproduction, directorial communication, blocking, pacing, visualization. Prerequisite: 380 or 381.

R/TV/F 392-0 (615-C92-0) Documentary Production

Techniques for film and video, emphasizing preproduction planning, documentary techniques, and ethics. Prerequisites: 313-1 and 380 or 381.

R/TV/F 393-0 (615-C93-0) Computer Animation

Study and practice of two-dimensional computer graphics and animation.

R/TV/F 394-0 (615-C94-0) Experimental Film and Video Production

Production experience in the making of art film or video; tapes, films, or installations that work outside established genres. Prerequisites: 323-2 and 380 or 381.

R/TV/F 398-0 (615-C98-0) Symposium: Issues in Radio/Television/Film

Special issues and topics in the analysis of radio, television, film, and popular culture.

R/TV/F 399-0 (615-C99-0) Independent Study

Prerequisite: consent of associate dean after submission of petition.

Theatre

Students who major in theatre at Northwestern combine a liberal arts education with intensive training in the theories and arts of the theatre. At the heart of the theatre program lies the idea that the best theatre artist is the one who combines a broad knowledge of the literature and theory of the field with highly developed skills in its practice. With the aid of an adviser, theatre majors select courses from three general areas of theatrical training: acting/directing/dance, design/technical, and history/literature/criticism. On completion of the introductory courses, students proceed to more intensive and more highly specialized courses, continually supplementing scholarly training with the discipline and challenge of performance.

The principal laboratories for student work are the Theatre and Interpretation Center presentations during the academic year and the Summer Theatre Festival. Both offer subscription seasons to a large and demanding audience. The Theatre and Interpretation Center mounts a series of plays, usually three each quarter, during the regular term. Children’s Theatre productions are offered as well during the academic year and in the summer. Many plays, including studio theatre productions, are produced each quarter — directed, designed, and performed by students.

A major in dance is also available within the Department of Theatre. The dance major prepares students for further advanced academic work or apprentice-level positions in professional dance. The major’s comprehensive curriculum emphasizes the study of dance as well as the act of dancing. Students are prepared for lifetime involvement in dance and for continued development intellectually, artistically, and professionally within the dance world. The program provides students with opportunities to write about, research, and analyze the field and to study choreography and technique. The major presents a well-integrated view of dance while also providing sound technical training. The students are exposed to a variety of forms, with modern dance and jazz as the foundation techniques. The department supports the Dance Ensemble and DanceWorks as well as self-produced dance concerts.

Requirements for a Major in Theatre

• Introductory courses
  THEATRE 140-1,2; THEATRE 119 (three quarters, no credit); 2 courses from the following: GEN SPCH 101, 102, 103, 110
• Noncredit dance or physical education courses: three quarters from a selected list
• 200- and 300-level courses: a minimum of 5 courses at the 200 level and 5 courses at the 300 level or above in theatre, with courses from each of the following groups:
Performance (at least 2 courses)
THEATRE 210 Training the Actor's Voice
THEATRE 243-1,2,3 Acting I: Principles of Characterization
THEATRE 339 Advanced Acting (see Summer Session catalog)
THEATRE 340-1,2 Stage Directing
THEATRE 341-1,2,3 Acting II: Analysis and Performance
THEATRE 359 Directing for the Open Stage (see Summer Session catalog)

Design/Technology (at least 2 courses)
THEATRE 240-1,2,3 Stagecraft
THEATRE 241-1,2,3 Design Process
THEATRE 242 Stage Makeup
THEATRE 249 Stage Management
THEATRE 353 Topics in Stagecraft
THEATRE 354-1,2,3 History of Costume and Decor (1 unit only)
THEATRE 355 Scene Painting
THEATRE 363 Theatre Sound

History, Literature, and Criticism (at least 3 courses)
Two courses from one of the following sequences:
THEATRE 244-1,2 Development of Contemporary Theatre
THEATRE 345-1,2,3 History of Western Theatrical Practice
COMP LIT 362-1,2,3 Modern Drama
THEATRE 367 History of the Lyric Theatre
DANCE 230 History of the Dance
DANCE 330 Dance Criticism
THEATRE 365 American Theatre and Drama
PERF ST 307-1,2 Studies in Gender and Performance
THEATRE 307 Studies in Gender and Performance

• One additional course from sequences above or from the following:
THEATRE 366; COMP LIT 203, 312; SPANISH 342; GERMAN 210-1; SLAVIC 318

• Courses outside speech: 6 courses at the 200 level or above, including at least 3 courses at the 300 level or above (courses taken to meet the distribution requirement may be used)

• Electives: note the School of Speech 18-unit requirement (see General Requirements)

Requirements for a Major in Dance
• Introductory courses: DANCE 130-1,2,3; THEATRE 119 (two quarters, no credit); 1 course from the following: GEN SPCH 101, 102, 103, 110
• 200- or 300-level speech courses: 3 courses
• Noncredit technique course: at least 1 course/quarter
• At least 2 courses from the design/technology courses listed under requirements for a major in theatre
• At least 9 courses chosen from the following categories, with a minimum of 3 courses from each category:

Performance
DANCE 133 Movement for the Stage
DANCE 232 Dance Composition
DANCE 233 Choreography for the Musical Stage
DANCE 332 Improvisation for Dance, Music, and Theatre
DANCE 333 Dance and Music: Studies in Collaboration
DANCE 334 Advanced Choreographic Study

History, Theory, and Criticism
DANCE 230 History of the Dance
DANCE 231 Period Dance and Historical Movement Styles
DANCE 330 Dance Criticism
DANCE 335 Special Topics in Dance Research (methods or history topics)

Weinberg dance history/theory courses

Professional Studies
DANCE 336 Labanotation, Elementary Level
DANCE 331 Summer Dance Institute (see Summer Session catalog)
DANCE 335 Special Topics in Dance Research (dance science/medicine, design for dance)
DANCE 337 Dance and Expressive Arts Therapies
DANCE 371 Dance in Education

Theatre
Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores
THEATRE 119-0 (630-A19-0) Production Laboratory Registration for students fulfilling production requirements.

THEATRE 140-1,2 (630-A40-1,2) Theatre in Context
1. Combination of lecture, discussion, workshop, assignments, production lab, and play viewing. Text analysis taught with a view toward stage production. Opportunities for students to try different roles (acting, directing, technical). 2. Seminar in three sections emphasizing theatre history, literature, and criticism; research; and writing skills.

THEATRE 143-1,2,3 Acting I: Principles of Characterization
THEATRE 339 Advanced Acting (see Summer Session catalog)
THEATRE 340-1,2 Stage Directing
THEATRE 341-1,2,3 Acting II: Analysis and Performance
THEATRE 359 Directing for the Open Stage (see Summer Session catalog)

Design/Technology
THEATRE 240-1,2,3 Stagecraft
THEATRE 241-1,2,3 Design Process
THEATRE 242 Stage Makeup
THEATRE 249 Stage Management
THEATRE 353 Topics in Stagecraft
THEATRE 354-1,2,3 History of Costume and Decor (1 unit only)
THEATRE 355 Scene Painting
THEATRE 363 Theatre Sound

History, Literature, and Criticism (at least 3 courses)
Two courses from one of the following sequences:
THEATRE 244-1,2 Development of Contemporary Theatre
THEATRE 345-1,2,3 History of Western Theatrical Practice
COMP LIT 362-1,2,3 Modern Drama
THEATRE 367 History of the Lyric Theatre
DANCE 230 History of the Dance
DANCE 330 Dance Criticism
THEATRE 365 American Theatre and Drama
PERF ST 307-1,2 Studies in Gender and Performance
THEATRE 307 Studies in Gender and Performance

• One additional course from sequences above or from the following:
THEATRE 366; COMP LIT 203, 312; SPANISH 342; GERMAN 210-1; SLAVIC 318

• Courses outside speech: 6 courses at the 200 level or above, including at least 3 courses at the 300 level or above (courses taken to meet the distribution requirement may be used)

• Electives: note the School of Speech 18-unit requirement (see General Requirements)

Requirements for a Major in Theatre
• Introductory courses: DANCE 130-1,2,3; THEATRE 119 (two quarters, no credit); 1 course from the following: GEN SPCH 101, 102, 103, 110
• 200- or 300-level speech courses: 3 courses
• Noncredit technique course: at least 1 course/quarter
• At least 2 courses from the design/technology courses listed under requirements for a major in theatre
• At least 9 courses chosen from the following categories, with a minimum of 3 courses from each category:

Performance
DANCE 133 Movement for the Stage
DANCE 232 Dance Composition
DANCE 233 Choreography for the Musical Stage
DANCE 332 Improvisation for Dance, Music, and Theatre
DANCE 333 Dance and Music: Studies in Collaboration
DANCE 334 Advanced Choreographic Study

History, Theory, and Criticism
DANCE 230 History of the Dance
DANCE 231 Period Dance and Historical Movement Styles
DANCE 330 Dance Criticism
DANCE 335 Special Topics in Dance Research (methods or history topics)

Weinberg dance history/theory courses

Professional Studies
DANCE 336 Labanotation, Elementary Level
DANCE 331 Summer Dance Institute (see Summer Session catalog)
DANCE 335 Special Topics in Dance Research (dance science/medicine, design for dance)
DANCE 337 Dance and Expressive Arts Therapies
DANCE 371 Dance in Education
The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
THEATRE 350-1,2,3 (630-C50-1,2,3) Problems in Advanced Technical Planning Planning, organization, and materials in mounting productions based on contemporary theatrical practice. 1. Engineering drawing techniques; skill development for technicians and designers. 2. Coordination of personnel and material in production. 3. Materials, methods, and equipment employed in contemporary scenic construction. Participation in departmental productions. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

THEATRE 351-0 (630-C51-0) Staging of Contemporary Drama Production problems peculiar to directing of plays for contemporary theatre. Prerequisite: 340 or equivalent.

THEATRE 352-1,2 (630-C52-1,2) Music Theatre Techniques Various performance styles of musical theatre. 1. Early works from the turn of the century through the classical musicals of Rodgers and Hammerstein. 2. Integrated musicals through the development of concept and rock musicals. Prerequisites: junior standing; 243-1,2,3.

THEATRE 353-0 (630-C53-0) Topics in Stagecraft Seminars with guest or resident faculty on topics in stagecraft.

THEATRE 354-1,2,3 (630-C54-1,2,3) History of Costume and Decor History of costume, accessory, architecture, furniture, and ornamentation. 1. Ancient times to Renaissance. 2. Renaissance to 19th century. 3. 19th century. Participation in departmental productions. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

THEATRE 355-0 (630-C55-0) Scene Painting Advanced scenic artists’ techniques and procedures. Color use for the stage. Approaches established by professional scenic artists. Lab fee; students supply own brushes. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

THEATRE 356-1,2,3 (630-C56-1,2,3) Graphic Arts for the Stage Designer Projects in the use of calligraphy, color, and styles for the theatre artist. 1. Drawing and painting. 2. Color, calligraphy, model making; art techniques and practical application of color and material theories. 3. Scene painting; traditional and contemporary theory. Participation in departmental productions. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

THEATRE 357-1,2 (630-C57-1,2) Freehand Drawing for the Stage Designer Drawing for scenery, costume, and lighting designers; principles of drawing and composition using a variety of drawing materials. Lecture and studio. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

THEATRE 361-0 (630-C61-0) Makeup, Masks, and Wigs Design principles and construction methods used in creating visual accessories to costume design. Participation in departmental productions. Prerequisite: 241-2 or equivalent.

THEATRE 362-0 (630-C62-0) 20th-Century Stage Design Major stylistic developments in 20th-century scenography and scene, costume, and lighting design. Emphasis on the American artist in context of the major influences that have shaped the craft.

THEATRE 363-0 (630-C63-0) Theatre Sound Planning and execution of sound for the theatrical production; design of the actor's acoustical environment. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

THEATRE 364-0 (630-C64-0) Period Pattern Drafting and Draping Techniques of flat pattern drafting and advanced construction required for creating historical garment patterns for the stage. Participation in departmental productions. Prerequisite: junior standing or consent of instructor.

THEATRE 365-0 (630-C65-0) American Theatre and Drama Major movements and significant dramatists in the history, form, and practice of the American theatre.

THEATRE 366-0 (630-C66-0) Studies in Individual Dramatic Styles Intensive reading and discussion of selected works of major dramatists; the work's unique character, imparted by the dramatist's personal style. Prerequisites: two units of either 244 or 345.

THEATRE 367-0 (630-C67-0) History of the Lyric Theatre Three-part course, covering the major movements in the histories of dance, opera, and musical comedy. Examination of artists and their works.

THEATRE 368-0 (630-C68-0) African Theatre and Drama Theatrical and dramaturgic practices outside Western canon; reinterpretations of that canon by African playwrights. Major practices in African theatre and drama, with focus on Nigerian and South African artists. Festival practices, traveling and popular theatres, drama in English, development of appropriate terminology. Prerequisite: 345-1, 2, or 3 or African American Studies 259 or consent of instructor.


THEATRE 374-0 (630-C74-0) Text Analysis for Theatrical Production Seminar in analysis of dramatic and non-dramatic texts as it relates to the problems of realized theatrical production.

THEATRE 376-0 (630-C76-0) Participation Theatre for Young Audiences Participation and story theatre, incorporating improvisation into the structure of a scripted play for the child audience. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

THEATRE 380-0 (630-C80-0) Internship in Theatre Practice (3 units for undergraduates; 2 units for graduates) Full-time participation in production and/or management activities in a theatre company. Prerequisite: consent of department.

THEATRE 399-0 (630-C99-0) Independent Study Prerequisite: consent of associate dean after submission of petition.
Dance

Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

DANCE 130-1,2,3 (631-A30-1,2,3) Introduction to the Dance Experience
Technique, improvisation, lecture, and discussion on dance history and cultural studies.
1. Movement analysis and theories of dance
2. Anatomy and kinesiology
3. World dance. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

DANCE 133-0 (631-A33-0) Movement for the Stage
Movement/body awareness. Improvisational techniques using time, space, weight, and effort as the performer’s instrument of expression.

DANCE 230-0 (631-B30-0) History of the Dance
Movement concepts in the major developmental periods of Western ballet and modern dance.

DANCE 231-0 (631-B31-0) Period Dance and Historical Movement Styles
Body carriage, use of gesture, and dance of the preclassic period. Practical and theoretical understanding of movement styles of the Middle Ages and Renaissance and Baroque periods.

DANCE 232-0 (631-B32-0) Dance Composition
The choreographic process. Fundamental choreographic elements: time, space, shape, form, dynamics, and design.

DANCE 233-0 (631-B33-0) Choreography for the Musical Stage
Setting movement/dance for vocalists and actors. Teaching choreography to nondancers and working with large numbers (chorus) on stage.

DANCE 240-1,2,3 (631-B40-1,2,3) Studies in Ballet

DANCE 242-1,2,3 (631-B42-1,2,3) Studies in Modern

DANCE 244-1,2,3 (631-B44-1,2,3) Studies in Jazz

Courses Primarily for Juniors, Seniors, and Graduates

Unless otherwise noted, these courses are open only to students who have completed the departmental 200-level requirements or their equivalents.

DANCE 330-0 (631-C30-0) Dance Criticism
Critical and theoretical thought of writers on Western theatrical dance.

DANCE 331-0 (631-C31-0) Summer Dance Institute
Choreography workshop exploring various dance forms with guest artists. Summer only.

DANCE 332-0 (631-C32-0) Improvisation for Dance, Music, and Theatre
Improvisation as a source for performance and composition. Interrelationships of the performing arts. For musicians and actors to expand their knowledge of the vocabulary of dance and for dancers to investigate the musical and theatrical dimensions of their art. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

DANCE 333-0 (631-C33-0) Dance and Music: Studies in Collaboration
Music and dance collaborations from historical and theoretical perspectives. Seminar, practicum.

DANCE 334-0 (631-C34-0) Advanced Choreographic Study
Lecture-laboratory investigation of advanced choreographic concepts; abstraction, style, use of music, group work, humor in dance. Prerequisite: 232 or consent of instructor.

DANCE 335-0 (631-C35-0) Special Topics in Dance Research
Research methodologies, dance scholarship, criticism, historical reconstruction. Critical issues and contemporary problems. Content varies. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

DANCE 336-0 (631-C36-0) Labanotation, Elementary Level
Scientific system of notating movement; observation, analysis, accurate recording.

DANCE 337-0 (631-C37-0) Dance and Expressive Arts Therapies
Dance and the creative arts therapies in the treatment of the disabled and emotionally ill. Symbolic meaning, group dynamics, and the language of movement as it relates to personality, body image, and expression. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

DANCE 371-0 (631-C71-0) Dance in Education
Organizing and teaching dance for children and adolescents. Creative play, movement exploration, acquisition of basic motor skills. Lecture, laboratory, field experiences.

DANCE 399-0 (631-C99-0) Independent Study
Prerequisite: consent of associate dean after submission of petition.
Other Undergraduate Programs

Integrated Arts Program
The interschool Integrated Arts Program offers courses that explore the creative process from the perspective of the artist in the disciplines of theater, visual arts, music, dance, and media arts. Students participate in lecture/discussion and studio courses crossing the boundaries of the traditional arts and involving collaboration between different art forms. They work in this program with a faculty of artists and scholars from the Judd A. and Marjorie Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences, the School of Music, and the School of Speech.

The curriculum also features courses in different disciplines that take art as their subject, e.g., sociology and the arts, philosophy and the arts, communication studies and the arts. Many courses are team-taught to provide the double perspective of practitioner and scholar. Integrated arts courses examine the creative process in relation to the artist, media, artwork, and audience. The program's goals are to create a climate conducive to the making and understanding of art and to enhance the general liberal arts education of its students.

Additional information about the Integrated Arts Program is available from the office of the Integrated Arts Program, the Weinberg College Office of Studies, and the dean's offices in the Schools of Music and Speech.

Minor in Integrated Arts
Students who satisfactorily complete seven courses qualify for the minor in integrated arts. Five of the seven are the program's core courses; two are drawn from a list of electives. Core courses cannot be taken for P/N credit. No background in visual arts, music, theater, or dance is required. Some Integrated Arts Program courses satisfy distribution requirements of Weinberg College, the School of Music, and the School of Speech. Students applying for the minor in integrated arts must show a minimum of five courses not double-counted in any other major(s).

Core courses: 190; two chosen from 291-1, 291-2, 291-3, 291-4; and (to be taken after completing two 300-level electives) 390-1 and 390-2.

Elective courses: ART HIST 395; ART 372; COMM ST 378; COMP LIT 365; ENGLISH 312; MUSICOL 336; PERF ST 326-1,2; R/TV/F 385; SOCIOLO 350; DANCE 332, 333. A list of other approved elective courses is available in the program office.

Courses
INTG ART 190-0 (482-A90-0) Art Process Team-taught foundational introduction to common concerns in the arts (theater, art, music), using the analytic paradigm of artist/media/artwork/audience to understand the creative process. Lecture/discussion and studio format. Visits to theaters, concerts, and galleries.

INTG ART 291-1 (482-B91-1) Modes of Theater Introduces the modes of theater and tools for their analysis through studio exercises and assignments. Performance from dramatic and nondramatic texts. Lecture/studio format. Prerequisite: 190 or permission of instructor.

INTG ART 291-2 (482-B91-2) Modes of Art Team-taught. Introduces the elements of visual perception through thematic study of important examples of world art combined with related creative work in varied media. Lecture/studio format. Prerequisite: 190 or permission of instructor.

INTG ART 291-3 (482-B91-3) Modes of Music Introduces the basic vocabulary of music so that students can analyze, create, and compose music in significant musical forms. Prerequisite: 190 or permission of instructor.

INTG ART 291-4 (482-B91-4) Modes of Dance Team-taught. Introduces dance, the elements of choreography, and dance literacy; develops skills in oral and written communication about dance; and analyzes dance works in their unique contexts. Lecture/discussion and studio format with readings, videos, and films. Prerequisite: 190 or permission of instructor.

INTG ART 390-1 (482-C90-1) Performance Seminar Team-taught. Culmination of experiences and study of the previous courses in the Integrated Arts Program. Creates a final ensemble presentation integrating theater, art, and music and examines its design, direction, and production outside conventional institutional boundaries. Prerequisites: two 291 courses and two 300-level electives or permission of instructor.

INTG ART 390-2 (482-C90-2) Toward a Theory of the Arts Investigates the theoretical implication of the Integrated Arts Program paradigm of artist/media/artwork/audience. Examines fundamental texts and aesthetic issues; the arts and symbolic structures; and art and audience. Prerequisite: 390-1 or permission of instructor.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
International Studies Program

International studies is an undergraduate major with two special features: it is not situated in any one school but is open to students in all schools, and it does not replace any other major but complements it as an adjunct major that may be taken only in conjunction with a departmental major.

Through an integrated combination of area studies, comparative studies, and international relations, the international studies major describes our interconnected world system and addresses such issues as how the contemporary world is politically structured and economically organized; what social problems, policy issues, and ethical choices confront us as individual and collective participants in the world system; and how cultural diversity, conflict, diffusion, and exchange characterize the world system and shape responses to it. In addition to inquiring into larger conceptual issues, students focus on the history, art, literature, music, beliefs, and social systems of one particular geographical/cultural region.

Program of Study

Eleven quarter-courses are required for the major as well as proficiency in a language other than English at a level equivalent to two full years of instruction. Three of the courses are a yearlong core sequence; three are core electives; four are regional (area studies) electives; and one is an upper-level seminar or research project.

Core sequence: INTL ST 201-1,2,3

Core electives (one from each of the following three groups):

- Approaches to culture: ANTHRO 211, 215; PERF ST 216; LING 209, 310; RELIGION 110
- Approaches to international ethics and cooperation: INTL ST 202

Regional electives: four quarter-courses concerning either one geographical area listed below or a comparative category with designated courses. Students choose one course from each of the thematic groups, also listed below; if no course is available for a combination of area and group, students may, in consultation with a program adviser, substitute a course from another thematic group. Advisers have the lists of appropriate courses.

- Geographical areas: Africa, Asia, Europe, Latin America, Middle East, and the nongeographical comparative area
- Thematic groups: historical, political, and cultural interdependence. The first two quarters concern the historical evolution of the international system with focus on state formation, the rise of markets, and the creation of the interstate system. The third quarter highlights 20th-century problems. 1. Origins of the global system. 2. The development of the world system in the 18th and 19th centuries. 3. International system in the 20th century.

INTL ST 202-0 (495-B02-0) International Ethics Explores whether states can pursue moral ends in world politics; whether citizens can hold governments to moral standards in foreign policy. Various approaches and topics, e.g., the Holocaust and human rights.

INTL ST 399-0 (495-C99-0) Independent Research Advanced research carried out under the supervision of a professor in a department related to the area of study. Consent of the director of the undergraduate’s major required, following submission of a written proposal.

Military Studies Programs

The military studies programs are not departments of any school; they are administered by the Office of the Provost.

Naval Science

The Northwestern University Naval Reserve Officers Training Corps (NROTC) Unit was established in 1926 by congressional authorization when Northwestern became one of the original six universities to create a naval science department. The professor of naval science (PNS), who chairs Northwestern’s Department of Naval Science, and department faculty members are commissioned officers serving on active duty in the United States Navy or Marine Corps. They are selected and nominated by their respective services and screened and approved by the University. The unit is located at 617 Haven Street, Evanston, Illinois 60208-4140, phone 847/491-3324.

Naval ROTC Programs

The Naval Reserve Officers Training Corps offers young men and women the opportunity to obtain leadership and management experience as commissioned officers in the United States Navy (Navy option) or Marine Corps (Marine Corps option) after graduation from Northwestern, through either the Scholarship Program or the nonscholarship College Program.
At Northwestern, NROTC midshipmen lead essentially the same campus life as other students. They make their own arrangements for room and board and participate in campus activities of their choice. There are no prescribed academic majors for NROTC students, although scientific and technical studies are encouraged. NROTC students are required to complete the naval science curriculum, attend a weekly two-hour laboratory, and participate in four to six weeks of active duty for summer training at sea or ashore. NROTC students are required to abide by the Midshipmen Regulations issued by the unit. Under certain conditions, students may enroll in the NROTC Program at any time from the beginning of their freshman year until the end of their sophomore year.

Courses
In addition to the required courses listed below, participants in the NROTC program must satisfactorily complete a number of other courses prescribed by the Department of the Navy, which are offered by other departments of the University. Current information on those course requirements is available from the NROTC unit.

With the exception of 110 and 230, Northwestern credit is granted for the successful completion of naval science courses subject to limitations imposed by the responsible University faculty committee and by the undergraduate schools. For more information on credit availability, consult the dean of each school. Naval science courses are open to non-NROTC students with department approval. Courses with an asterisk (*) are not required for Marine Corps option students.

**NAV SCI 110-0 (937-A10-0) Introduction to Naval Science** Components of the naval organization, its use and function in the Department of the Navy and Armed Forces of the United States.

**NAV SCI 120-0 (937-A20-0) Seapower and Maritime Affairs** A survey of U.S. naval and maritime history in the context of world maritime development, including the historical evolution of sea power and the role of U.S. naval forces in an era of geopolitical change.

**NAV SCI 210-0 (937-B10-0) Marine Navigation** The theory underlying marine navigation. Basic piloting; dead reckoning, terrestrial lines of position, set and drift, extensive chart work; elements of celestial navigation; solution of the navigational triangle; use of the sun, moon, stars, and planets in position finding at sea; actual sextant observations of the sun/moon (weather permitting).

**NAV SCI 220-0 (937-B20-0) Naval Ship Systems II (Naval Weapons Systems)** Theory and concepts of naval weapons systems. Ballistics of both powered and free-flight modes in single or multiple environments; theory of target acquisition, identification and tracking; command and control systems. Development of ability to analyze, synthesize, and critically evaluate representative naval weapons systems.

*NAV SCI 230-0 (937-B30-0) Leadership and Management Seminar for Naval Officers* Addresses leadership, management, and organizational behavior issues facing naval officers in a stressful environment, including strategic planning, time management, communication, counseling, team building, and decision making. Taken concurrently with IEMS 322 Industrial Psychology.

*NAV SCI 331-0 (937-C31-0) Naval Operations* Consists of several distinct segments. Students examine or practice rules of the nautical road, use of the maneuvering board, deck seamanship, basic shiphandling theory, and weather systems.

**NAV SCI 336-0 (937-C36-0) Evolution of Warfare** (Marine option only) Evolution of warfare from the Alexandrian period to the present; broad coverage of history of warfare. Actions and decisions of opposing commanders evaluated in terms of classic theoretical principles of war.

**NAV SCI 341-0 (937-C41-0) Naval Leadership and Ethics** Examines the ethical underpinnings of leadership and its relevance to a profession that employs military force at the direction of the national command authority. Prepares prospective officers for their initial job responsibilities and considers ethical issues related to large and diverse organizations, just war theory, the military justice system, and leadership accountability in naval organizations.

*NAV SCI 345-0 (937-C45-0) Naval Ship Systems I (Naval Engineering)* Introduction to thermodynamics and basic power cycles used in naval propulsion and nonpropulsion auxiliary systems. Basics of electrical theory and shipboard electrical systems. Elements of ship design to achieve safe operations and ship stability characteristics.

**NAV SCI 346-0 (937-C46-0) History of Amphibious Warfare** (Marine option only) Evolution of amphibious warfare; development of amphibious concepts and principles. Major amphibious operations from Gallipoli to present.

**NAV SCI 350-0 (937-C50-0) Naval Science Laboratory** One two-hour lab weekly, required each quarter for all midshipmen. Emphasizes professional development and skills as well as drill and physical fitness.

**Aerospace Studies**
Northwestern students may participate in the programs of the Air Force Reserve Officers Training Corps through a cross-enrollment agreement with the Illinois Institute of Technology (IIT). Within the limits of the Northwestern school in which the student is registered, credits earned in approved aerospace studies courses at IIT may be counted toward the degree requirements at Northwestern. Further information can be obtained from Air Force ROTC Detachment 195, Illinois Institute of Technology, 10 West 31st Street, Chicago, Illinois 60616, phone 312/567-3525.
Military Science
Northwestern students may participate in the programs of the Army Reserve Officers Training Corps through a cross-enrollment agreement with the University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC). Within the limits of the Northwestern school in which the student is registered, credits earned in approved military science courses at UIC may be counted toward the degree requirements at Northwestern. Further information can be obtained from the Department of Military Science, University of Illinois at Chicago, 115 South Sangamon Street, Chicago, Illinois 60607, phone 312/996-3451.

Music Theatre Program
The Certificate in Music Theatre provides the opportunity for School of Music students majoring in voice and School of Speech students majoring in theater to create a second area of specialization that is important to their development as musical theater artists. For voice majors, the program provides training in acting and other theater courses. Theater majors have weekly voice classes and exposure to other music offerings.

The prescribed sequence of courses is only open to students accepted into the program through audition. The auditions are held annually in the spring quarter and are limited to freshman and sophomore theater and voice majors. Auditioners are required to perform a vocal selection and a monologue and to participate in a dance audition.

Certificate Requirements for Voice Majors
Voice majors must take seven units of credit and four noncredit courses:
- THEATRE 243-1,2,3 Acting I: Principles of Characterization (3 units)
- THEATRE 352-1,2 Music Theatre Techniques (2 units)
- THEATRE 367 History of the Lyric Theatre (1 unit)
- Design or dance elective (1 unit)
- THEATRE 119 Production Laboratory (one quarter, no credit)
- Dance (3 classes, no credit)

Certificate Requirements for Theatre Majors
Theatre majors must take seven units of credit and six noncredit courses:
- VOICE 102 Beginning Voice (1.5 units)
- MUSIC 127 Keyboard Skills (1 unit)
- VOICE 202 Voice Performance: Musical Theatre (1.5 units)
- THEATRE 352-1,2 Music Theatre Techniques (2 units)
- THEATRE 367 History of the Lyric Theatre (1 unit)
- Dance (minimum of 6 classes, no credit)

The Undergraduate Leadership Program
The Undergraduate Leadership Program is an interschool certificate program open to Northwestern first- and second-year undergraduates. The program helps students understand the nature of leadership and prepares them to become leaders on campus, in the community, and in their professions. Through course work, small group activities, seminar discussions, lectures, off-campus retreats, and involvement in campus and community organizations, participants learn the theories of leadership, experience the challenge of leading others, and create a sense of community with each other and members of participating organizations.

Certificate Requirements
The program combines theoretical, historical, practical, and experiential knowledge into a two-phase course of study. In the first phase, freshmen and sophomores begin the program by first attending an experiential leadership retreat and then taking two required courses on leadership. After successfully completing both courses, students enter the second phase. The activities in the second phase are primarily extracurricular and include a community connections retreat, seminars, lectures, and externships.

The Office of the Provost awards a certificate to each student who successfully completes both phases of the Undergraduate Leadership Program, usually by the end of the junior year. Beyond the formal program, certificate holders may draw on their course work and experiences to enrich community life at Northwestern and in the surrounding community, fulfilling the program's goal of engaging constructively in civic and professional leadership activities.

Courses
The following courses are required for the first phase of the Undergraduate Leadership Program. SPCH 204 offers conceptual models of leadership and experience in leading group analyses of case studies, which are videotaped and reviewed by group members. HISTORY 295 begins with the view that leaders and leadership are uniquely related to their constituency and their historical context. The course illustrates the consequences of the success or failure of leadership.

GEN SPCH 204-0 (601-B04-0) Paradigms and Strategies of Leadership See Introductory and Related Courses in the School of Speech.

HISTORY 295-0 (427-B95-0) Leaders in History See History in Weinberg College.

The course numbering system is changing in fall 1999. Please see page 35.
Writing Arts

The Center for the Writing Arts was established in 1994 to highlight Northwestern’s strengths in the teaching of writing and to provide a focal point for continuing efforts to fulfill the University’s commitment to excellence in writing. The center sponsors a number of programs, including courses for advanced creative writers taught by distinguished visiting writers-in-residence, innovative writing-intensive courses for freshmen, and a variety of colloquia for the entire campus community on topics related to writing.

Courses

Writing arts courses 301, 302, and 303 are taught by a visiting writer-in-residence. For more information about writing arts courses and admission requirements, consult a member of the Center for the Writing Arts.

WRITING 110-5,6 (486-A10-5,6) Modes of Writing: Social Order and the Right to Dissent Moral problem of dissent in society from classical to modern times; writing skills developed through discussion, analysis, and extensive writing assignments. Must take 110-2 in the quarter following 110-5; P/N not allowed. Prerequisite for 110-5: freshman standing; prerequisite for 110-6: 110-5.

WRITING 111-5,6 (486-A11-5,6) Modes of Writing: Self-Sacrifice: The Martyr in History and Fiction Moral problem of self-sacrifice, ranging from true altruism to that which is a camouflage for self-service and pride. Writing skills developed through discussion, analysis, and extensive writing assignments. Must take 111-6 in the quarter following 111-5; P/N not allowed. Prerequisite for 111-5: freshman standing; prerequisite for 111-6: 111-5.

WRITING 112-5,6 (486-A12-5,6) Modes of Writing: Language and Social Policy Role of language in the formation of personal and national identity, in decisions affecting social policy, and in the media. Writing skills developed through discussion, analysis, and extensive writing assignments. Must take 112-6 in the quarter following 112-5; P/N not allowed. Prerequisite for 112-5: freshman standing; prerequisite for 112-6: 112-5.

WRITING 113-5,6 (486-A13-5,6) Modes of Writing: Time and Chance Ethical choices and judgments in relation to time and the question of chance. Writing skills developed through discussion, analysis, and extensive writing assignments. Must take 113-6 in the quarter following 113-5; P/N not allowed. Prerequisite for 113-5: freshman standing; prerequisite for 113-6: 113-5.

WRITING 114-5,6 (486-A10-5,6) Modes of Writing: The Bible and Its Transformations Examination of five themes from biblical literature and their transformations by later writers: creation, the fall from grace, the demands of faith, innocent suffering, and sin and the return to grace. Writing skills developed through discussion, analysis, and extensive writing assignments. Must take 114-6 in the quarter following 114-5; P/N not allowed.

WRITING 301-0 (486-C01-0) The Art of Fiction Fundamental skills of narrative in the creation of fictional works. Extensive writing exercises. Prerequisites: background in writing, a writing-intensive course, and submission of a manuscript of 5–15 pages.

WRITING 302-0 (486-C02-0) The Art of Poetry Writing of poetry in the light of the poetic, linguistic, and historical tradition. Extensive writing exercises. Prerequisites: serious interest in poetry, a writing-intensive course, and submission of sample poems.

WRITING 303-0 (486-C03-0) The Art of Expository Prose Writing as a fundamental skill in a particular field such as science, law, journalism, literature, or political commentary. Extensive writing exercises. Prerequisites: background in writing, a writing-intensive course, and submission of a manuscript of 5–15 pages.
Administration and Faculty

University Administration

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George S. McClellan, MS, Director, Graduate and Off-Campus Housing
G. Garth Miller, BA, Director, Dormitories and Commons Services and Special Events
Karla Spurlock-Evans, MA, Associate Dean and Director, African American Student Affairs

Office of the Associate Provost of University Enrollment
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Alan Wolff, MSCS, Manager, Information Systems Office

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Michelle Tran, Assistant Registrar for Systems and Records
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Harry E. Samuels, MS, Assistant University Librarian for Information Technology
Roxanne J. Sellberg, MLS, Assistant University Librarian for Technical Services

Undergraduate Schools
The following faculty listing, which is current as of spring 1999, shows the highest academic or professional degree and the institution granting the degree. University and College are usually omitted; familiar abbreviations and short forms are used when appropriate. Faculty rank within the department is given; the word also indicates a joint appointment in another department, affiliation with a University center, or an administrative assignment.

Weinberg College of Arts and Sciences
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Associate Dean and Lecturer in English
Jonathan D. Casper, PhD
Associate Dean and Professor of Political Science
Robert M. Coen, PhD
Associate Dean for Undergraduate Studies and Professor of Economics
Marie Thourson Jones, PhD
Associate Dean and Lecturer in Political Science
Daniel I. Linzer, PhD
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Associate Dean and Professor of History
Devora Grynspan, PhD
Assistant Dean and Lecturer in International Studies
Marvin J. Lofquist, PhD
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Senior Lecturer
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College Lecturer
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Lecturer
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Lecturer
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Lecturer
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Professor; also Provost, Northwestern University
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Assistant Professor; also Chemistry
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